# FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED JUNE 18, 2019 

NEW ISSUE: Book-Entry-Only

RATING: S\&P Global Ratings: AAA
In the opinion of Bond Counsel, assuming the accuracy of and compliance by the Town with its representations and covenants relating to certain requirements contained in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), under existing statutes, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code; the Bonds are not "private activity bonds" and interest on the Bonds is not treated as a preference item for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax, the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations"; interest on the Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates; and interest on the Bonds is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. (See Appendix B "Opinion of Bond Counsel and Tax Status" herein.)

Town of Simsbury, Connecticut \$8,365,000
General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2019
(Bank Qualified)

## Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: June 15, 2020 - 2029,
As shown below:

The Bonds will be general obligations of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut (the "Town") and the Town will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and the interest on the Bonds when due. See "Security and Remedies" herein.

Interest on the Bonds will be payable on December 15, 2019 and semiannually thereafter on June 15 and December 15 in each year until maturity. The Bonds are issuable only as fully-registered bonds, without coupons, and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede \& Co., as bondowner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Purchases of the Bonds will be made in book-entry form, in the denomination of $\$ 5,000$ or any integral multiple thereof. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their ownership interest in the Bonds. So long as Cede \& Co. is the Bondowner, as nominee of DTC, reference herein to the Bondowner or owners shall mean Cede \& Co., as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners (as defined herein) of the Bonds. See "Book-Entry-Only Transfer System" herein.

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as herein provided. See "Redemption Provisions" herein.
The Registrar, Transfer Agent, Paying Agent, and Certifying Agent for the Bonds will be U.S. Bank National Association, Goodwin Square, 225 Asylum Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06103.

| Year | Principal | Coupon | Yield | CUSIP $^{1}$ |  |  | Year |  | Principal | Coupon | Yield | CUSIP $^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2020 | $\$$ | 775,000 | $5.000 \%$ | $1.100 \%$ | 829200 QZ 0 |  | 2025 | $\$$ | 850,000 | $5.000 \%$ | $1.250 \%$ | 829200 RE 6 |
| 2021 |  | 815,000 | $5.000 \%$ | $1.110 \%$ | 829200 RA 4 |  | 2026 |  | 850,000 | $5.000 \%$ | $1.300 \%$ | 829200 RF 3 |
| 2022 | 825,000 | $5.000 \%$ | $1.130 \%$ | 829200 RB 2 |  | $2027 *$ |  | 850,000 | $4.000 \%$ | $1.450 \%$ | 829200 RG 1 |  |
| 2023 | 850,000 | $5.000 \%$ | $1.150 \%$ | 829200 RC 0 |  | $2028^{*}$ |  | 850,000 | $4.000 \%$ | $1.500 \%$ | 829200 RH 9 |  |
| 2024 | 850,000 | $5.000 \%$ | $1.200 \%$ | 829200 RD 8 |  | $2029 *$ |  | 850,000 | $4.000 \%$ | $1.600 \%$ | $829200 \mathrm{RJ5}$ |  |

* Priced assuming redemption on June 15, 2026; however, any such redemption is at the option of the Town.


## Raymond James \& Associates, Inc.

The Bonds are offered for delivery when, as and if issued, subject to the final approving opinion of Day Pitney LLP, Bond Counsel, of Hartford, Connecticut. It is expected that delivery of the Bonds in book-entry-only form will be made to DTC in New York, New York on or about June 27, 2019.

[^0]No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut (the "Town") to give any information or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement; and if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Town. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

This Official Statement has been prepared only in connection with the initial offering and sale of the Bonds and may not be reproduced or used in whole or in part for any other purpose. The information, estimates and expressions of opinion in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale of the Bonds shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no material change in the affairs of the Town since the date of this Official Statement.

Set forth in Appendix A - "2018 Financial Statements Excerpted from the Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report" hereto is a copy of the report of the independent auditors for the Town with respect to the financial statements of the Town included in that appendix. The report speaks only as of its date, and only to the matters expressly set forth therein. The auditors have not been engaged to review this Official Statement or to perform audit procedures regarding the post-audit period, nor have the auditors been requested to give their consent to the inclusion of their report in Appendix A. Except as stated in their report, the auditors have not been engaged to verify the financial information set out in Appendix A and are not passing upon and do not assume responsibility for the sufficiency, accuracy or completeness of the financial information presented in that appendix.

Bond Counsel is not passing on and does not assume any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the statements made in this Official Statement, (other than matters expressly set forth as its opinion in Appendix B "Opinion of Bond Counsel and Tax Status" herein), and makes no representation that it has independently verified the same.
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The information in this Bond Issue Summary and the front cover page is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. This Official Statement speaks only as of its date and the information herein is subject to change.

| Date of Sale: | Tuesday, June 18, 2019 at 11:30 am (Eastern Time). |
| :---: | :---: |
| Location of Sale: | Simsbury Town Hall, 933 Hopmeadow Street, Simsbury, Connecticut 06070. |
| Issuer: | Town of Simsbury, Connecticut (the "Town"). |
| Issue: | \$8,365,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2019 (the "Bonds"). |
| Dated Date: | Date of Delivery |
| Principal Due: | The Bonds are due serially, June 15, 2020 through June 15, 2029, as detailed in this Official Statement. |
| Interest Due: | December 15, 2019 and semiannually thereafter on June 15 and December 15, in each year until maturity or earlier redemption. |
| Purpose: | The Bond proceeds will be used to provide funds for various school and general purpose projects. (See "Use of Proceeds" herein) |
| Redemption: | The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. (See "Redemption Provisions" herein) |
| Security: | The Bonds will be general obligations of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut, and the Town will pledge its full faith and credit to the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due. |
| Credit Rating: | The Bonds have been rated "AAA" by S\&P Global Ratings ("S\&P"). (See "Ratings" herein) |
| Bond Insurance: | The Town does not expect to purchase a credit enhancement facility. |
| Basis of Award: | Lowest True Interest Cost (TIC), as of the dated date. |
| Tax Status: | See Appendix B - "Opinion of Bond Counsel and Tax Status". |
| Bank Qualification: | The Bonds SHALL be designated by the Town as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provision of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions of interest expense allocable to the Bonds. |
| Continuing Disclosure: | In accordance with the requirements of Rule $15 \mathrm{c} 2-12(\mathrm{~b})(5)$ promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Town will agree to provide, or cause to be provided, annual financial information and operating data and notices of certain events with respect to the Bonds pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed by the Town substantially in the form attached as Appendix C to this Official Statement. |
| Registrar, Transfer |  |
| Agent, Certifying Agent, and Paying Agent: | U.S. Bank National Association, Goodwin Square, 225 Asylum Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06103. |
| Municipal Advisor: | Phoenix Advisors, LLC of Milford, Connecticut. Telephone (203) 283-1110. |
| Legal Opinion: | Day Pitney LLP, of Hartford, Connecticut. |
| Delivery and Payment: | It is expected that delivery of the Bonds in book-entry-only form will be made to The Depository Trust Company on or about June 27, 2019. Delivery of the Bonds will be made against payment in Federal Funds. |
| Issuer Official: | Questions concerning the Official Statement should be addressed to Amy Meriwether, Director of Finance, Town of Simsbury, 933 Hopmeadow Street, Simsbury, Connecticut 06070. Telephone (860) 658-3282. |

## l. Bond Information

## Introduction

This Official Statement, including the cover page and appendices, is provided for the purpose of presenting certain information relating to the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut (the "Town"), in connection with the issuance and sale of $\$ 8,365,000$ General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2019 (the "Bonds") of the Town.

The Bonds are being offered for sale at public bidding. A Notice of Sale dated June 10, 2019 has been furnished to prospective bidders. Reference is made to the Notice of Sale, which is included as Appendix D for the terms and conditions of the bidding.

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the Town and the purchasers or holders of any of the Bonds. Any statements made in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates are not intended to be representations of fact, and no representation is made that any such opinion or estimate will be realized. No representation is made that past experience, as might be shown by financial or other information herein, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future. All quotations from and summaries and explanations of provisions of Statutes, Charters, or other laws and acts and proceedings of the Town contained herein do not purport to be complete, are subject to repeal or amendment, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such laws and the original official documents. All references to the Bonds and the proceedings of the Town relating thereto are qualified in their entirety by reference to the definitive form of the Bonds and such proceedings.

The presentation of information in this Official Statement is intended to show recent historical trends and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial or other positions of the Town.

The Town deems this Official Statement to be "final" for the purposes of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), but it is subject to revision or amendment.

## Municipal Advisor

Phoenix Advisors, LLC, of Milford, Connecticut serves as Municipal Advisor to the Town with respect to the issuance of the Bonds (the "Municipal Advisor"). The information in this Official Statement has been prepared by the Town of Simsbury, with the help of the Municipal Advisor. The Municipal Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken, either to make an independent verification of or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information contained in the Official Statement and the appendices hereto.

The Municipal Advisor is an independent firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal securities or other public securities.

## Description of the Bonds

The Bonds will mature on June 15 in each of the years as set forth on the cover page hereof. The Bonds will be dated the date of delivery and bear interest at the rates per annum specified on the cover page, payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15 in each year until maturity, commencing December 15, 2019. Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year, consisting of twelve 30-day months. Interest is payable to the registered owner as of the close of business on the last business day of May and November, in each year, by check mailed to the registered owner; or so long as the Bonds are registered in the name of Cede \& Co., as nominee of DTC, by such other means as DTC, the Paying Agent and the Town shall agree. See "Book-Entry-Only Transfer System". The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. (See "Redemption Provisions" herein)
U.S. Bank National Association, 225 Asylum Street, Goodwin Square, Hartford, Connecticut 06103 will act as Registrar, Transfer Agent, Paying Agent and Certifying Agent for the Bonds. The legal opinion for the Bonds will be rendered by Day Pitney LLP, Bond Counsel, of Hartford, Connecticut. See Appendix B "Opinion of Bond Counsel and Tax Status".

## Redemption Provisions

The Bonds maturing on or before June 15, 2026 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing on June 15, 2027 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the election of the Town, on or after June 15, 2026 at any time, either in whole or in part, in such amounts and in such order of maturity, (but by lot within a maturity) as the Town may determine, at the redemption price (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of the Bonds to be redeemed), set forth in the following table, plus interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date:
$\left.\frac{\text { Redemption Dates }}{\text { June 15, } 2026 \text { and thereafter................................ }} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Redemption } \\ \text { Price }\end{array}\right] 100 \% ~$

Notice of redemption shall be given by the Town or its agent by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by firstclass mail not less than thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date to the registered owner of the Bonds at the address of such registered owner as the same shall last appear on the registration books for the Bonds kept for such purpose. Failure to give such notice by mailing to any registered owner, or any defect therein, shall not affect the validity of the redemption of any other Bonds. Upon the giving of such notice, if sufficient funds available solely for redemption are on deposit with the Paying Agent, the Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption will cease to bear interest after the specified redemption date.

If less than all of the Bonds of any one maturity shall be called for redemption, the particular Bonds or portions of Bonds of such maturity to be redeemed shall be selected by lot in such manner as the Town in its discretion may determine; provided, however, that the portion of any Bond to be redeemed shall be in the principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or a multiple thereof and that, in selecting Bonds for redemption, each Bond shall be considered as representing that number of Bonds which is obtained by dividing the principal amount of such Bond by $\$ 5,000$.

The Town, so long as Cede \& Co., as nominee of the Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), is the registered owner of the Bonds, will send any notice of redemption only to DTC (or successor securities depository) or its successor nominee. Any failure of DTC to advise any Direct Participant or of any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant to notify any Indirect Participant or Beneficial Owner, of any such notice and its contents or effect will not affect the validity of the redemption of such Bonds called for redemption. Redemption of a portion of the Bonds of any maturity by the Town will reduce the outstanding principal amount of Bonds of such maturity held by DTC. In such event it is the current practice of DTC to allocate by lot, through its book-entry system, among the interests held by Direct Participants in the Bonds to be redeemed, the interest to be reduced by such redemption in accordance with its own rules or other agreements with Direct Participants. The Direct Participants and Indirect Participants may allocate reductions of the interest in the Bonds to be redeemed held by the Beneficial Owners. Any such allocations of reductions of interests in the Bonds to be redeemed will not be governed by the determination of the Town authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and will not be conducted by or the responsibility of the Town, the Registrar or Paying Agent.

## Authorization and Purpose

The Bonds are issued pursuant to the General Statues of Connecticut and the Charter of the Town of Simsbury. The Board of Selectman, the Board of Education, and, as needed, the voters at referendum have authorized borrowing and in the amounts set forth on the next page.

The Bonds are being issued to provide financing for the following projects:

| Project | Amount Authorized | This Issue The Bonds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Squadron Line School Boiler Replacement. | \$ 850,000 | \$ | 800,833 |
| Squadron Line Main Office Project | 1,050,000 |  | 101,110 |
| District Network Infrastructure | 450,000 |  | 450,000 |
| Multi-Use Connections \& Master Plan Updates. | 1,160,000 |  | 184,509 |
| Open Space Planning Improvements. | 400,000 |  | 400,000 |
| Town Hall Site \& Safety Improvements. | 385,000 |  | 385,000 |
| Portable Generator Infrastructure | 175,000 |  | 175,000 |
| SHS Tennis Court Replacement. | 740,000 |  | 740,000 |
| Simsbury Farms Rink/Pool Improvements | 950,000 |  | 950,000 |
| Park Improvements. | 235,000 |  | 235,000 |
| Street Lighting Purchase/Lighting Improvements. | 400,000 |  | 400,000 |
| Iron Horse Blvd Playground Renovation. | 298,000 |  | 298,000 |
| Finance Security Upgrades | 150,000 |  | 150,000 |
| Eno Memorial Hall Renovations | 300,000 |  | 300,000 |
| Cold Storage Facility. | 380,000 |  | 380,000 |
| Town Facilities Master Plan. | 400,000 |  | 400,000 |
| Library Interior/Parking Renovations. | 584,500 |  | 584,500 |
| Library Lower Level Improvements | 906,048 |  | 906,048 |
| Bridge Improvements. | 805,000 |  | 400,000 |
| Drainage Improvements.. | 125,000 |  | 125,000 |
| Total . | \$ 10,743,548 |  | ,365,000 |

## Book-Entry-Only Transfer System

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds (the "Bonds"). The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede \& Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fullyregistered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust \& Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard \& Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC 's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written
confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede \& Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede \& Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede \& Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede \& Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest on, and redemption premium, if any, with respect to the Bonds will be made to Cede \& Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Town or Paying Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Paying Agent, or the Town, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest on, and redemption premium, if any, with respect to Cede \& Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Town or Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Town or its Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The Town may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Town believes to be reliable, but the Town takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

## DTC Practices

The Town can make no assurances that DTC, Direct Participants, Indirect Participants or other nominees of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds will act in a manner described in this Official Statement. DTC is required to act according to rules and procedures established by DTC and its participants which are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In the event that: (a) DTC determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the Bonds, and the Town fails to identify another qualified securities depository for the Bonds to replace DTC; or (b) the Town determines to discontinue the book-entry system of evidence and transfer of ownership of the Bonds, the Town will issue fully-registered Bond certificates directly to the Beneficial Owner. A Beneficial Owner of the Bonds, upon registration of certificates held in such Beneficial Owner's name, will become the registered owner of the Bonds.

## Security and Remedies

The Bonds will be general obligations of the Town and the Town will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due. Unless paid from other sources, the Bonds are payable from general property tax revenues. The Town has the power under Connecticut General statutes to levy ad valorem taxes on all taxable property in the Town without limit as to rate or amount, except as to certain classified property such as certified forest land taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts. The Town may place a lien on the property for the amount of tax relief granted, plus interest, with respect to dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or qualified disabled persons. Under existing statutes, the State of Connecticut is obligated to pay the Town the amount of the tax revenue which the Town would have received except for the limitation under certain of the statutes upon its power to tax dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income.

Payment of the Bonds is not limited to property tax revenues or any other revenue source, but certain revenues of the Town may be restricted as to use and therefore may not be available to pay debt service on the Bonds.

There are no statutory provisions for priorities in the payment of general obligations of the Town. There are no statutory provisions for a lien on any portion of the tax levy or other revenues to secure the Bonds or judgments thereon, in priority to other claims.

The Town is subject to suit on its general obligation bonds and a court of competent jurisdiction has power in appropriate proceedings to render a judgment against the Town. Courts of competent jurisdiction also have power in appropriate proceedings to order a payment of a judgment on such debt from funds lawfully available therefor or, in the absence thereof, to order the Town to take all lawful action to obtain the same, including the raising of the required amount in the next annual tax levy. In exercising their discretion as to whether to enter such an order, the courts may take into account all relevant factors including the current operating needs of the Town and the availability and adequacy of other remedies.

Enforcement of a claim for payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds would also be subject to the applicable provisions of Federal bankruptcy laws as well as other bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights heretofore or hereafter enacted and to the exercise of judicial discretion. Section 7-566 of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended in 1993, provides that no Connecticut municipality shall file a petition in bankruptcy without the express prior written consent of the Governor. This prohibition applies to any town, city, borough, metropolitan district and any other political subdivision of the State having the power to levy taxes and issue bonds or other obligations.

## THE TOWN HAS NEVER DEFAULTED IN THE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST ON ITS BONDS OR NOTES.

## Qualification for Financial Institutions

The Bonds SHALL be designated by the Town as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Bonds.

## Availability of Continuing Disclosure Information

The Town of Simsbury prepares a comprehensive annual financial report which is independently audited in accordance with State law. The Town files such annual report with the State Office of Policy and Management within six months to the end of its fiscal year. The Town provides and will continue to provide the applicable rating agencies with ongoing disclosure in the form of annual audited financial statements, adopted budgets, and other materials relating to its management and financial condition as may be necessary or requested.

The Town will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the Bonds, substantially in the form attached as Appendix C to this Official Statement (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement"), to provide or cause to be provided, in accordance with the requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12, (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) timely notice of the occurrence of certain events with respect to the Bonds not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of such events, and (iii) timely notice of failure by the Town to provide the required annual financial information on or before the date specified in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

The Town has previously entered into Continuing Disclosure Agreements for the benefit of holders of certain of its general obligation bonds to provide certain annual financial information, operating data and event notices pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). Within the last five years, Simsbury has not defaulted on prior Continuing Disclosure agreements.

## Rating

The Bonds have been rated "AAA" by S\&P Global Ratings ("S\&P"). The Town furnished the rating agency certain information and materials, some of which may not have been included in this Official Statement. The rating reflects only the view of the rating agency and an explanation of the significance of the rating may be obtained from such rating agency. There is no assurance that the rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised or withdrawn entirely if in the judgment of such rating agency, circumstances so warrant.

## Bond Insurance

The Town does not expect to purchase a credit enhancement facility for the Bonds.
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## Description of the Town

Simsbury was incorporated as Connecticut's twenty-first Town in May 1670 and is one of the State's oldest communities. Centrally located in the heart of the New York - Boston corridor twelve miles northwest of Hartford, the Town covers an area of 34.3 square miles and has a population of approximately 24,952 . The Town is conveniently located 20 minutes southwest of Bradley International Airport and is bisected by the Farmington River. Simsbury is bound on the north by Granby, on the east by Bloomfield, on the south by Avon, and on the west by Canton.

The Town is traversed by the College Highway (State Route 10 and US Route 202), US Route 44, and State Routes $167,185,189,309$, and 315. A former rail bed has been converted to a "Rails-to-Trails" active recreation facility connecting from Plainville in the south through Granby to the Massachusetts border in the north. Freight service is available from various motor common carriers. Intrastate and local commuter buses provide passenger transportation and the Simsbury Airport caters to general private aviation. The Town is located in the Hartford labor market and many of its residents work either locally or commute to Hartford and surrounding communities where they are engaged primarily in professional, technical, managerial, sales, and similar occupations.

The Town completed an updated Plan of Development in 2007 as required by State Statute. The Plan of Development serves as a policy guide for future growth and development in the Town. For example, subdivision regulations require that paved streets, street signs, drainage, storm sewers, public water, and sanitary sewers be installed by the developer. All utilities including gas, electric, and telephone in new subdivisions are underground insuring visually attractive sites.

A wide variety of housing opportunities exist in the Town with over 90 percent of all one-family residences owner-occupied. In addition, the Town has constructed moderate-income efficiency apartments at the Meadows and at Hoskins Crossing, subsidized rental apartments at Willow Arms and housing for elderly residents at the Owens L. Murphy project. The Town's affordable housing project at Eno Farms consists of 50 units on Town-owned land.

Historic sites and structures are integral components of the Town's heritage. Thirteen buildings (many of which are still occupied as homes) have been included in the U.S. National Register of Historic Places. Twenty structures are in the State Register of Historic Places and one historic district enjoys local recognition. Along with notable residential structures, historic status has also been accorded to the Simsbury 1820 House, an inn and restaurant.

## Description of Government

In November, 2016 the town's residents voted to make changes to the charter, including a change in the form of government from a First Selectman/Board of Selectmen to a Town Manager/Board of Selectmen form of government. Other charter modifications included creation of an Economic Development Commission by ordinance with terms and objectives established by the Board of Selectmen; elimination of the Human Relations Commission from the charter; changes to the membership of the Open Space Committee; technical changes to the town budget and appropriations process; and the use of gender neutral language throughout the charter. The charter changes approved in 2016 took effect on December 4, 2017.

## Principal Municipal Officials

| Office | Name | Manner of Selection | Length Of Service | Term Expires |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Selectman | Eric Wellman | Elected | 1.5 years | 12/2/2019 |
| Town Manager | Maria Capriola | Appointed | 1 year | N/A |
| Deputy Town Manager | Melissa Appleby | Appointed | 2 years | N/A |
| Chairman, Board of Finance | Robert D. Pomeroy, Jr. | Elected | 3.5 years | 12/6/2021 |
| Chairman, Board of Education | . Tara Donohue Willerup | Elected | 3.5 years | 12/6/2021 |
| Director of Finance .......... | Amy Meriwether | Appointed | 1 year | N/A |
| Superintendent of Schools ... | Matthew Curtis | Appointed | 7 years | 6/30/2021 |

## First Selectman: Eric Wellman

Eric Wellman is Simsbury's first First Selectman in the Town's new Town Manager form of government. Eric is a former journalist and radio show host. Currently, Eric works as a Lean Six Sigma consultant in the financial services industry, helping institutions better serve their customers. He is a graduate of the S.I. Newhouse School of Public Communication at Syracuse University and holds an MBA from Case Western Reserve University.

## Town Manager: Maria Capriola

Maria Capriola currently serves as Simsbury's Town Manager. She was appointed by the six-member Board of Selectmen on December 4, 2017 and began work as Simsbury's first Town Manager on January 29, 2018. As Town Manager, Maria oversees the day-to-day operations of the municipal organization and by Charter serves as the Personnel Director. She is responsible for implementing policies and initiatives of the Board of Selectmen.

Maria began her local government career working in her hometown of Bennington, Vermont during summer breaks from college. While in graduate school, she worked as the graduate intern for the Town Manager's Office in Mansfield, Connecticut. She was selected as the City of Savannah, Georgia's Management (Intern) Fellow in 2003. She then went on to serve as a Management Analyst for the City's Research and Budget Department for two years. As an analyst, Maria was assigned to the Bureaus of Public Development and Sanitation. In addition to budget and program evaluation work she coordinated the City's ICMA Center for Performance Measurement efforts.

Maria moved back to New England and served the City of Newburyport, Massachusetts in the capacity of Assistant Chief Administrative Officer. In January 2007 she rejoined the Town of Mansfield's staff as their Assistant to the Town Manager. She was promoted to Assistant Town Manager in 2012. Her primary areas of focus in Mansfield included Municipal Management, Human Resources, Risk Management, and Community Development. Maria served the Town of Mansfield in the role of Interim Town Manager from July 2017 until January 2018 when she began work as the first ever Town Manager for the Town of Simsbury.

Maria is a 2001 graduate cum laude of the University of Connecticut with a BA in political science. She began her studies with the UCONN Master of Public Administration (M.P.A.) program through the fast track program, completing her degree in 2003

Melissa Appleby has served in administration for the Town of Simsbury since February of 2017. For the first ten months of her tenure, she served in the capacity of Deputy Director of Administrative Services. When the Town transitioned to a Town Manager/Board of Selectmen form of government on December 4, 2017, Melissa was appointed to the position of Deputy Town Manager. In this capacity, she assists the Town Manager with day-to-day operations, and has responsibility for risk management, budget development, communications, and oversight of information technology services. Melissa previously served as a senior management analyst for the Town of Greenwich, Connecticut and as a management analyst for the Town of Lexington, Massachusetts through the ICMA local government management fellowship program. She has a Master in Public Administration (MPA) degree from the University of Connecticut and a Bachelor of Arts (BA) degree in history from Vassar College.

Chairman, Board of Finance: Robert D. Pomeroy, Jr.
Robert D. Pomeroy, Jr. serves as the Chairman of the Board of Finance for the Town of Simsbury. Mr. Pomeroy has been on the Board of Finance for three and a half years and served as Chairman since December 2016. Mr. Pomeroy is the CEO of a public investment company and earned his BS and MBA from UC Berkeley.

## Director of Finance: Amy Meriwether

Amy Meriwether currently serves as Simsbury's Director of Finance. She was formally appointed by the sixmember Board of Selectmen and began working full time for the town in September 2018. As Director of Finance, Amy oversees the financial management of the town including all functions performed within the tax, assessment and accounting departments.

Amy previously served as the Accounting Manager/Treasurer for the Town of Mansfield. In this role, she provided financial management services to the town, the Mansfield Board of Education, Regional School District \#19, the Eastern Highlands Health District, and three non-profit entities. Prior to her tenure in Mansfield, she was an auditor and senior accountant with Blum Shapiro. Amy holds an associate's degree in accounting from Johnson and Wales University and a bachelor's degree in accounting from Rhode Island College.

## Superintendent of Schools: Matthew T. Curtis

Mr. Matthew Curtis serves as the Superintendent of Schools in Simsbury, Connecticut. The Simsbury school district has 4,018 students in 5 elementary schools, 1 middle school and 1 high school and is nationally recognized as a top performing school district. The 2018-19 school year marks the fourteenth year that Matt has spent in the Simsbury school district during which he served as Assistant Principal of Squadron Line School, Principal of Squadron Line School, and then Director of Human Resources. Prior to returning to Simsbury in 2012, Matt served as Assistant Superintendent of Administration in Glastonbury, CT. Mr. Curtis worked in the business community prior to moving into the field of education. He received a BA in Philosophy from the University of Hartford, an MA in Elementary Education from Central Connecticut State University and his $6^{\text {th }}$ Year in Educational Leadership from the University of Connecticut.

## Summary of Municipal Services

Police Department: The Police Department consists of 48 full-time personnel, including 38 sworn officers. The Department is a tier 3 State Accredited Law Enforcement Agency and obtained National Accreditation in 2011. All officers have graduated from the State Police Officer Standards \& Training Academy; 22 officers have college degrees, and two members of the command staff are graduates of the FBI-NA Program. The Department has 36 Medical Response Technicians and two Emergency Medical Technicians who act as EMS first responders.

Fire: The Simsbury Fire District is coterminous with the Town, but is an independent taxing authority with the power to make appropriations and issue debt. The District currently carries no debt. The Simsbury Fire District currently employs 8 full-time personnel and maintains 17 modern vehicles at six locations strategically positioned throughout the Town. Seventy-six volunteers are members of the Simsbury Volunteer Fire Company. The Simsbury Fire District has a dedicated fire dispatcher on duty 24 hours a day.

Land Use: Volunteer citizen officials serve on Planning, Zoning, Conservation, Beautification, Design Review, Zoning Board of Appeals, and Economic Development boards and commissions. In addition, the Town has organized the land use departments to include a full-time Director of Planning who is responsible for streamlining the land-use process in Simsbury.

Ambulance: The Simsbury Volunteer Association provides a 24 -hour service Basic Life Support and Advanced Life Support emergency medical services to Simsbury residents. The Association uses two transport vehicles and two paramedic "fly-cars" and is staffed by 50 Emergency Medical Technicians. The Association is funded by insurance billing with additional funding from public and private donations.

Public Works: The Department of Public Works is responsible for the maintenance of all Town-owned structures, highways, bridges, sidewalks and disposal facilities. The Town has 164 miles of roads, which are maintained through a pavement management program and a modern fleet of vehicles.

Sewers: The Simsbury Sewer system was completed in 1981. The system consists of a sewer plant, four pumping stations, and approximately 75 miles of street laterals and interceptors. The sewer system serves approximately $60 \%$ of the Town's population. In addition, the Town also receives sewerage from the nearby Towns of Avon and Granby. The cost of operating the sewer system is provided through a sewer use charge collected from residential and commercial users as well as the two participating communities.

Following a May 2002 Referendum approval, a $\$ 26,840,000$ upgrade and expansion of the Sewer Treatment Plant was completed. This project was funded by the State of Connecticut Clean Water Grants and a $2 \%$ Clean Water Loan and was necessary to meet State water quality requirements and increase capacity to meet future commercial/industrial and residential growth.

Social Services: The Social Services Department provides for the administration and coordination of social and elderly services. These services include elderly and handicapped transportation, outreach to youth and elderly, counseling, financial aid, and a senior citizen center. The Department is staffed by a full-time Social Service Director as well as a full-time Senior Center Director.

Service Contract - Solid Waste Disposal: The Town entered into a short-term service contract (the "Service Contract") with the Materials Innovation and Recycling Authority ("MIRA") for the disposal of solid waste through the MidConnecticut System (the "System"). The Service Contract became effective November 16, 2012, and ran through 2017. The Town has since been offered a long-term contract with MIRA that began in FY18 with a $\$ 68$ per ton disposal fee.

Each municipality signing a Service Contract, including the Town, has agreed to cause to be delivered to the Mid-Connecticut System all of the solid waste under the legal control of the municipality. MIRA is required to impose service payments at a uniform rate per ton for all municipalities, such that the aggregate of all such service payments received by MIRA shall be sufficient to pay for the net cost of operation of the System as defined in the Service Contract. Under the Service Contract, the Town has no obligation for a minimum tonnage commitment; however it must commit to a "flow control" provision which requires that all solid waste generated within its borders be directed to the MIRA facility. The tipping fee is paid to MIRA by private haulers contracted by residents for the removal of solid waste.

MIRA is required to accept and dispose of solid waste in accordance with the Service Contract and with acceptable business standards. Each municipality retains the responsibility for the collections, disposal and treatment of solid waste that does not meet the requirements of MIRA or that it refuses or is unable to accept under the Service Contract.

Prior to the start of each contract year MIRA estimates (i) the service payments to be paid by each municipality for such contract year and (ii) the annual budget for the System and submits such information to each municipality. Each municipality is then required to make all provisions necessary to pay the service payments on a timely basis. The service payments remain in effect for the contract year with differences between the aggregate of all such service payments and the net cost of operation for each contract year being settled in the following contract year. A municipality is obligated to make service payments only if MIRA accepts solid waste delivered by the municipality.

All municipalities, including the Town, pledge their full faith and credit for the payment of all service payments and any delayed-payment charges and costs and expenses of MIRA and its representatives in collecting overdue service payments. To the extent that a municipality does not make provisions or appropriations necessary to provide for and authorize the payment by such municipality to MIRA of the payments required to be made by it under the Service Contract, the remaining municipalities, including the Town, must levy and collect such general or special taxes or cost sharing or other assessments as may be necessary to make such payments in full when due thereunder.

The Town is a member of the Central Connecticut Solid Waste Authority ("CCSWA"). CCSWA is a regional resource recovery authority established and operated under the provisions of Chapter 103b of the Connecticut General Statutes to jointly manage solid waste and recycling services on behalf of its member municipalities. There are 15 member municipalities. Following a bidding process for solid waste disposal and recycling services undertaken by the CCSWA,
master agreements for the member municipalities, including the Service Contract, were negotiated with MIRA. The CCSWA is anticipated to continue its advocacy efforts on solid waste issues for its member municipalities.

Recreation: The Recreation Department administers a comprehensive recreational program designed for the year-round activities of all ages. Programs consist of tennis, basketball, hockey, paddle tennis, golf, soccer, dance, aerobics, and many craft classes. The Department has recently added staff to support expanded youth services and programs.

Golfers may play two different courses located in Town, one private and one public. Hopmeadow Country Club, located on 275 acres near the center of Town, opened in 1962. The municipal course is located in the 235 -acre Orkil Farms public recreation area known as Simsbury Farms, developed by the Town at a cost of $\$ 2.1$ million. In addition to the eighteen-hole golf course, Simsbury Farms also offers an artificial ice rink, four swimming pools, outdoor tennis and paddle tennis courts, amphitheater, and club house with a full-service restaurant.

Other recreational facilities in Town include the Simsbury Performing Arts Center, the War Memorial Pool area with two swimming pools and the International Skating Center of Connecticut. Elsewhere, two large indoor tennis houses, a basketball court, and a gymnastics center are available for residents. Over the years, the Town has acquired numerous tracts of land to protect its wetlands, streams, and environmental properties as open spaces. Open space and vacant land make up over $47 \%$ of all property in Simsbury.

## Educational System

The Town has five elementary schools serving grades K-6, a middle school serving grades 7-8, and a senior high school. St. Mary's Parochial School provides a private education for grades 1 through 8. The Ethel Walker School for girls (646 acres), the coeducational Westminster School (182 acres), and the coeducational Master's School (151 acres) are private preparatory schools located in Simsbury. The former Belden Elementary School has been converted to a combined Town Office Building to house Town offices, the Police Department, and the Board of Education. The Town's residents are well educated with a total of $94.5 \%$ of the adult population having a high school degree or higher.

## School Enrollments

|  | Historical |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Year | K-6 | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ | Total |
| $2009-2010$ | 2,435 | 827 | 1,576 | 4,838 |
| $2010-2011$ | 2,348 | 805 | 1,578 | 4,731 |
| $2011-2012$ | 2,235 | 792 | 1,620 | 4,647 |
| $2012-2013$ | 2,188 | 748 | 1,565 | 4,501 |
| $2013-2014$ | 2,075 | 727 | 1,528 | 4,330 |
| $2014-2015$ | 2,048 | 739 | 1,467 | 4,254 |
| $2015-2016$ | 1,983 | 710 | 1,440 | 4,133 |
| $2016-2017$ | 1,976 | 690 | 1,444 | 4,110 |
| $2017-2018$ | 1,976 | 658 | 1,405 | 4,039 |
| $2018-2019$ | 1,989 | 610 | 1,419 | 4,018 |
|  |  | Projected |  |  |
| School Year | $\mathbf{K - 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ | Total |
| $2019-2020$ | 2,009 | 630 | 1,362 | 4,001 |
| $2020-2021$ | 2,048 | 620 | 1,296 | 3,964 |
| $2021-2022$ | 2,081 | 603 | 1,280 | 3,964 |
| $2022-2023$ | 2,164 | 574 | 1,220 | 3,958 |
| $2023-2024$ | 2,201 | 593 | 1,223 | 4,017 |
| Source: Town ofSimsbury, Superintendent's Office |  |  |  |  |

Source: Town of Simsbury, Superintendent's Office

## School Facilities

| School | Grades | Date of Construction (Additions, Remodeling) | Type of Construction | Number of Classrooms | 10/1/2018 Enrollment | Rated Capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Central. | K-6 | 1911 (49, 90, 97) | Stone/Masonry | 20 | 378 | 590 |
| Latimer Lane. | K-6 | 1963 (89, 92, 94) | Masonry/Frame | 27 | 408 | 650 |
| Squadron Lane | K-6 | 1970 (91) | Masonry | 38 | 582 | 890 |
| Tariffville. | K-6 | 1925 (57, 84, 90, 09) | Masonry/Frame | 15 | 248 | 370 |
| Tootin Hills. | K-6 | 1953 (58, 91, 94, 97, 99) | Masonry/Frame | 29 | 373 | 595 |
| Henry James Memorial... | 7-8 | 1957 (60, 99) | Masonry | 32 | 610 | 920 |
| Simsbury High. | 9-12 | 1967 (84, 99, 05) | Masonry | 119 | 1,419 | 1,650 |
| Total. |  |  |  | 280 | 4,018 | 5,665 |

Source: Town of Simsbury, Superintendent's Office

| Municipal Employees $^{\mathbf{1}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2019 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ |
| General Government.... | 167.8 | 157.9 | 155.9 | 161.3 | 156.5 |
| Board of Education....... | 641.9 | 641.4 | 653.8 | 649.7 | 643.1 |
| Total.................. | 809.7 | 799.3 | 809.7 | 811.0 | 799.6 |

Source: Town of Simsbury

## Municipal Employees Bargaining Organizations

| General Government | Positions Covered | Current Contract Expiration Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Police Department - International Brotherhood of Police Officers. | 37.00 | 6/30/2021 |
| Civilian Dispatchers - Connecticut Independent Labor Union. | 7.00 | 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Simsbury Secretarial, Clerical, and Library Town Employees Association................. | 38.00 | 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Simsbury Administrative and Professional Supervisors Town Employee Association....... | 8.00 | 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Simsbury Administrative and Professional Town Employee Association.................... | 26.00 | 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Simsbury Public Works and Parks Employees Association. | 45.00 | 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Organized. | 161.00 |  |
| Non-Union. | 12.00 |  |
| Sub-Total | 173.00 |  |
| Board of Education |  |  |
| Simsbury Education Association ........................................................... | 370.35 | 6/30/2020 |
| Simsbury Federation of Educational Personnel | 147.33 | 6/30/2020 |
| National Association of Municipal Employees, Local R1-260 | 38.00 | 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Simsbury School Nurses Association | 10.67 | 6/30/2021 |
| Simsbury School Administrators and Supervisors Association | 17.00 | 6/30/2020 |
| Organized. | 583.35 |  |
| Non-Union. | 58.59 |  |
| Sub-Total | 641.94 |  |
| Total. | 814.94 |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ In negotiations. |  |  |
| Source: Town of Simsbury |  |  |

General Statutes Sections 7-473c, 7-474 and 10-153a to 10-153n provide a procedure for binding arbitration of collective bargaining agreements between municipal employers and organizations representing municipal employees, including certified teachers and certain other employees. The legislative body of a municipal entity may reject an arbitration panel's decision by a two-thirds majority vote. The State of Connecticut and the employee organization must be advised in writing of the reasons for rejection. The State then appoints a new panel of either one or three arbitrators to review the decisions on each of the rejected issues. The panel must accept the last best offer of either party. In reaching its determination, the arbitration panel gives priority to the public interest and the financial capability of the municipal employer, including consideration of other demands on the financial capability of the municipal employer. For binding arbitration of teachers' contracts, in assessing the financial capability of a municipal entity, there is an irrefutable presumption that a budget reserve of $5 \%$ or less is not available for payment of the cost of any item subject to arbitration. In the light of the employer's financial capability, the panel considers prior negotiations between the parties, the interests and welfare of the employee group, changes in the cost of living, existing employment conditions, and the wages, salaries, fringe benefits, and other conditions of employment prevailing in the labor market, including developments in private sector wages and benefits.

## SECTION III - DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC DATA SECTION

Early in 1994, the Town hired a full-time professional Economic Development Coordinator who formulated a Strategic Plan to guide the Town's economic development efforts to help stimulate the growth of high quality development. A fiscal impact study was completed in January 1995 to formulate a development strategy for the future. The Town encourages economic development through financial participation in the construction of roads and infrastructure. Economic development efforts have focused on outreach programs, growing home-based businesses, and marketing various commercial and industrial properties to international corporations. An indicator of the Town's success in carrying out its economic development plan was the move of the International Skating Center of Connecticut to town. The Center features a twin ice rink Olympic training facility, a professional dance studio, a fully-equipped weight and fitness center, a state-of-the-art sound system, a pro shop and lounge, and spectator seating for roughly 1,700 people. More recently, an outdoor Performing Arts Center, able to host a full symphony orchestra, with seating area for 10,000 was completed.

The Town supported economic development by constructing the Iron Horse Boulevard, a central downtown street that allows residents and shoppers to move quickly north and south through the Town behind the majority of the Town's retail establishments without cutting off access to those stores.

On the commercial level, the Town's retail centers include the completely rebuilt Simsbury Commons (formally the Farmington Valley Mall), the recently renovated Drake Hill Mall, and the Simsbury Town Shoppes.

Dyno Nobel/Ensign-Bickford Industries, with its related companies, is one of the Town's top five largest taxpayers. The company owns substantial real estate in the Town on which it has developed high quality residential structures and over 235,000 square feet of Class A office and research space. The company's Powder Forest Business Park has approximately 550 acres for development and its strict design and construction standards ensure a high level of aesthetics in harmony with the surrounding land.

The former Hartford Special Machine, Inc. building and its site were purchased by a partnership of developers and is now known as Tower Business Park. The building, originally 68,000 square feet on one floor, was completely renovated and a 51,000 square foot second floor was added for a total of 119,000 square feet of rental office space. A second threestory office building containing 45,000 square feet was added. Currently, both Chubb Executive Risk, Inc., a national insurance company employing about 550 people, and Blue Ridge Insurance, employing about 140, occupy the site.
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## Population Trends and Densities

| Year | Population ${ }^{1}$ | \% Increase <br> (Decrease) | Density ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2017{ }^{3}$ | 24,307 | 3.4\% | 708.7 |
| 2010 | 23,511 | 1.2\% | 685.5 |
| 2000 | 23,234 | 5.5\% | 677.4 |
| 1990 | 22,023 | 4.1\% | 642.1 |
| 1980 | 21,161 | 19.8\% | 616.9 |
| 1970 | 17,658 | -- | 514.8 |
| ${ }^{1}$ 1970-2010, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ America | mmunity Survey 20 |  |  |

## Age Distribution of the Population

| Age | Town of Simsbury |  | State of Connecticut |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Under 5 years ............... | 1,046 | 4.3\% | 186,188 | 5.2\% |
| 5 to 9 years | 1,594 | 6.6 | 206,536 | 5.7 |
| 10 to 14 years ............... | 2,003 | 8.2 | 225,831 | 6.3 |
| 15 to 19 years | 1,645 | 6.8 | 249,777 | 6.9 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,088 | 4.5 | 245,849 | 6.8 |
| 25 to 34 years | 1,956 | 8.0 | 439,239 | 12.2 |
| 35 to 44 years | 2,907 | 12.0 | 433,401 | 12.1 |
| 45 to 54 years | 4,191 | 17.2 | 535,611 | 14.9 |
| 55 to 59 years | 2,133 | 8.8 | 266,501 | 7.4 |
| 60 to 64 years | 1,732 | 7.1 | 229,788 | 6.4 |
| 65 to 74 years | 2,395 | 9.9 | 318,515 | 8.9 |
| 75 to 84 years | 1,064 | 4.4 | 167,133 | 4.6 |
| 85 years and over | 553 | 2.3 | 90,109 | 2.5 |
| Total.. | 24,307 | 100.0\% | 3,594,478 | 100.0\% |

Median Age (Years) 2017...
44.7
40.8

Source: American Community Survey 2013-2017

## Income Levels

|  | Town of Simsbury | State of Connecticut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per Capita Income, 2017. | \$56,622 | \$41,365 |
| Median Family Income, 2017. | \$141,201 | \$93,800 |
| Median Household Income, 2017 | \$116,444 | \$73,781 |

Source: American Community Survey 2013-2017

## Income Distribution

|  | Town of Simsbury |  | State of Connecticut |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Families | Percent | Families | Percent |
| Less than \$10,000. | 46 | 0.7\% | 27,787 | 3.1\% |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999..... | 40 | 0.6 | 16,143 | 1.8 |
| \$15,000 to \$24,999..... | 125 | 1.8 | 41,072 | 4.6 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999..... | 202 | 2.9 | 52,218 | 5.8 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999..... | 265 | 3.8 | 82,371 | 9.2 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999..... | 674 | 9.7 | 134,356 | 15.0 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999.... | 806 | 11.6 | 122,244 | 13.6 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999.. | 1,627 | 23.5 | 186,352 | 20.8 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999.. | 1,080 | 15.6 | 100,359 | 11.2 |
| \$200,000 or more....... | 2,073 | 29.9 | 132,765 | 14.8 |
| Total...................... | 6,938 | 100.0\% | 895,667 | 100.0\% |

Source: American Community Survey 2013-2017

## Educational Attainment

Years of School Completed - Age 25 and Over

|  | Town of Simsbury |  | State of Connecticut |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Less than 9th grade. | 227 | 4.2\% | 104,623 | 4.4\% |
| 9th to 12th grade, no diploma. | 301 | 5.8 | 137,877 | 6.1 |
| High School graduate (inc. equivalency)...... | 1,784 | 26.7 | 673,582 | 27.5 |
| Some college, no degree. | 2,192 | 18.1 | 422,535 | 17.8 |
| Associate degree. | 1,099 | 8.7 | 188,481 | 7.4 |
| Bachelor's degree. | 6,066 | 20.3 | 532,055 | 20.5 |
| Graduate or professional degree. | 5,262 | 16.3 | 421,144 | 16.4 |
| Total................................................ | 16,931 | 100.0\% | 2,480,297 | 100.0\% |
| Percent high school graduate or higher....... |  | 96.9\% |  | 90.2\% |
| Percent bachelor's degree or higher.......... |  | 66.9\% |  | 38.4\% |
| Source: American Community Survey 2013-2017 |  |  |  |  |


| Employer | Type of Business | Approximate <br> Number of Employees |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ensign-Bickford Companies............ | Manufacturer | 500-999 |
| Wings Media Group..................... | Advertising - Direct Mail | 500-999 |
| Everest Gloval Svc........................ | Insurance | 500-999 |
| McLean Home Care. | Home Health Service | 500-999 |
| Simsbury Board of Education. | Education | 641 |
| Hoffman Auto Group. | Auto Sales | 250-499 |
| Chubb. | Insurance | 250-499 |
| Keller Williams | Real Estate | 250-499 |
| General Cable | Cable | 100-249 |
| Robbins Hardwood Flooring. | Flooring Materials | 100-249 |
| Hop Meadow. | Golf Course | 100-249 |
| Beckman Coulter Inc | Lab Equipment \& Supplies | 100-249 |
| Simsbury Veteran's Memorial. | Veterans' \& Military Organization | 100-249 |
| Adelbrook Community Service....... | Community Service Organization | 100-249 |
| Super Stop \& Shop. | Grocer | 100-249 |
| QBE........................................ | Insurance | 100-249 |
| Fitzergald's Foods | Grocer | 100-249 |
| Veeder-Root Company. | Manufacturer | 100-249 |
| JTL Towers. | Employee Benefit Consultant | 100-249 |
| Governors House Care \& Rehab. | Convelescent Home | 100-249 |
| Simscroft Sweeping. | Sweeping Service | 100-249 |
| Best Buy. | Electronic Equipment \& Supplies | 100-249 |
| Simsbury Inn........................ | Hotels \& Motels | 100-249 |
| Source: Town of Simsbury, Economic Develo |  |  |

## Labor Force Data

| Period | Town of Simsbury |  | Percentage Unemployed |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Town of Simsbury | Hartford Labor Market | State of Connecticut |
|  | Employed | Unemployed |  |  |  |
| March 2019 | 13,399 | 365 | 2.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| Annual Average |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2018........... | 13,356 | 389 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| 2017. | 12,871 | 436 | 3.3 | 4.8 | 4.7 |
| 2016. | 12,517 | 463 | 3.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| 2015. | 12,414 | 471 | 3.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| 2014. | 11,368 | 572 | 4.9 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| 2013. | 11,103 | 658 | 5.6 | 7.9 | 7.9 |
| 2012. | 11,316 | 715 | 5.9 | 8.4 | 8.3 |
| 2011. | 11,424 | 771 | 6.3 | 8.9 | 8.8 |
| 2010. | 11,870 | 783 | 6.2 | 9.1 | 9.0 |
| 2009. | 11,540 | 698 | 5.7 | 8.3 | 8.2 |

[^1]| Sector | Town of Simsbury |  | State of Connecticut |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining. | 38 | 0.3\% | 7,166 | 0.4\% |
| Construction. | 492 | 3.9 | 104,122 | 5.8 |
| Manufacturing. | 1,103 | 8.8 | 191,519 | 10.6 |
| Wholesale trade | 240 | 1.9 | 44,741 | 2.5 |
| Retail trade. | 998 | 7.9 | 193,016 | 10.7 |
| Transportation warehousing, and utilities.... | 340 | 2.7 | 68,926 | 3.8 |
| Information. | 390 | 3.1 | 42,200 | 2.3 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and leasing.. | 2,536 | 20.1 | 163,810 | 9.1 |
| Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management.... | 1,542 | 12.2 | 208,130 | 11.5 |
| Education, health and social services........ | 3,383 | 26.9 | 478,083 | 26.5 |
| Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation and food services. | 752 | 6.0 | 153,679 | 8.5 |
| Other services (except public admin.). | 471 | 3.7 | 82,538 | 4.6 |
| Public Administration. | 313 | 2.5 | 67,156 | 3.7 |
| Total Labor Force, Employed................ | 12,598 | 100.0\% | 1,805,086 | 100.0\% |

Source: American Community Survey 2013-2017

## Building Permits

| Fiscal | Commercial |  | Residential |  | Total |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Year | No. | Value | No. | Value | No. | Value |
| $2019^{1}$ | 63 | $\$ 23,978,148$ | 540 | $\$ 13,899,349$ | 603 | $\$ 37,877,497$ |
| 2018 | 82 | $48,090,147$ | 704 | $16,083,129$ | 786 | $64,173,276$ |
| 2017 | 69 | $11,071,465$ | 650 | $12,983,772$ | 719 | $24,055,237$ |
| 2016 | 101 | $46,258,074$ | 776 | $18,190,088$ | 877 | $64,448,162$ |
| 2015 | 80 | $20,703,587$ | 781 | $13,633,464$ | 861 | $34,337,051$ |
| 2014 | 87 | $25,038,272$ | 589 | $10,599,504$ | 676 | $35,637,776$ |
| 2013 | 95 | $17,859,218$ | 583 | $13,988,886$ | 678 | $31,848,104$ |
| 2012 | 106 | $22,856,273$ | 672 | $12,305,412$ | 778 | $35,161,685$ |
| 2011 | 61 | $3,306,380$ | 512 | $11,886,231$ | 573 | $15,192,611$ |
| 2010 | 47 | $6,255,097$ | 435 | $8,071,278$ | 482 | $14,326,375$ |
| ${ }^{1}$ As ofApril 30, 2019. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Source: Town ofSimsbury, Building Official |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Age Distribution of Housing

| Year Built | Town of Simsbury |  | State of Connecticut |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Units | Percent | Units | Percent |
| 1939 or earlier. | 788 | 8.3\% | 338,011 | 22.4\% |
| 1940 to 1969. | 3,940 | 41.5 | 535,477 | 35.5 |
| 1970 to 1979. | 2,160 | 22.8 | 200,217 | 13.3 |
| 1980 to 1989 | 1,399 | 14.7 | 191,939 | 12.7 |
| 1990 to 1999..................... | 504 | 5.3 | 114,261 | 7.6 |
| 2000 or 2009. | 434 | 4.6 | 105,131 | 7.0 |
| 2010 or later.. | 265 | 2.8 | 22,675 | 1.5 |
| Total Housing Units .......... | 9,490 | 100.0\% | 1,507,711 | 100.0\% |

[^2]| Housing Units | Town of Simsbury |  | State of Connecticut |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Units | Percent | Units | Percent |
| 1-unit, detached.. | 7,499 | 79.0\% | 892,621 | 59.2\% |
| 1-unit, attached. | 503 | 5.3 | 81,393 | 5.4 |
| 2 units. | 219 | 2.3 | 123,040 | 8.2 |
| 3 or 4 units. | 349 | 3.7 | 130,914 | 8.7 |
| 5 to 9 units. | 315 | 3.3 | 82,787 | 5.5 |
| 10 to 19 units | 328 | 3.5 | 56,540 | 3.8 |
| 20 or more units. | 277 | 2.9 | 128,477 | 8.5 |
| Mobile home. | - | - | 11,564 | 0.8 |
| Boat, RV, van, etc | - | - | 375 | 0.0 |
| Total Inventory | 9,490 | 100.0\% | 1,507,711 | 100.0\% |

Source: American Community Survey 2013-2017

## Owner Occupied Housing Units

| Specified Owner-Occupied Units | Town of Simsbury |  | State of Connecticut |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Less than \$50,000. | 119 | 1.6\% | 24,038 | 2.7\% |
| \$50,000 to \$99,999. | 71 | 0.9 | 29,789 | 3.3 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999. | 305 | 4.1 | 83,320 | 9.2 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999. | 503 | 6.7 | 141,024 | 15.6 |
| \$200,000 to \$299,999. | 2,066 | 27.5 | 244,356 | 26.9 |
| \$300,000 to \$499,999. | 3,333 | 44.4 | 236,671 | 26.1 |
| \$500,000 to \$999,999. | 1042 | 13.9 | 106,192 | 11.7 |
| \$1,000,000 or more. | 71 | 0.9 | 41,408 | 4.6 |
| Total. | 7,510 | 100.0\% | 906,798 | 100.0\% |
| Median Value...... |  |  |  |  |

Source: American Community Survey 2013-2017

## Land Use Summary

| Land | Acres | \% of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Residential. | 8,483.20 | 38.7\% |
| Business. | 700.63 | 3.2\% |
| Open Space. | 7,489.40 | 34.1\% |
| Institutional | 880.6 | 4.0\% |
| Transportation / Water | 1,530.50 | 7.0\% |
| Total Developed Land. | 19,084.33 | 87.0\% |
| Vacant Land. | 2,856.70 | 13.0\% |
| Total Town Acreage... | 21,941.03 | 100.0\% |

Source: New England Geo-System based on Town of Simsbury GIS data (2009), updated by Simsbury Engineering Deptartment 12/12.

## Assessments

The Town of Simsbury had a general property revaluation for the October 1, 2017 Grand List effective for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2018. Under Section 12-62 of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Town must do a revaluation every five years based on generally accepted mass appraisal methods and a revaluation by physical inspection no later than ten years from the preceding physical inspection. Prior to the completion of each revaluation, the Assessor shall conduct a field review. The maintenance of an equitable tax base, and the location and appraisal of all real and personal property within the Town for inclusion onto the Grand List are the responsibilities of the Town's Assessor's Office. The Grand List represents the total of assessed values for all taxable real and personal property and motor vehicles located with the Town on October 1. A Board of Assessment Appeals determines whether adjustments to the Assessor's list on assessments under appeal are warranted. Assessments for real property are computed at 70 percent of the estimated market value at the time of the last general revaluation.

The statutory requirements for real property assessments have been revised a number of times over the years. Generally, reassessments are required every five years, and at least every ten years the reassessments must include physical inspections. A 2006 statute permits a municipality, upon approval of its legislative body, to phase-in a real property assessment increase resulting from a revaluation over a period of up to five years.

When a new structure or modification to an existing structure is undertaken, the Assessor's Office receives a copy of the permit issued by the Building Inspector. A physical appraisal is then completed and the structure is classified and priced from a schedule developed as of the revaluation. Property depreciation and obsolescence factors are also considered when arriving at an equitable value.

Motor vehicle lists are furnished to the Town by the State of Connecticut and appraisals of motor vehicles are accomplished in accordance with an automobile price schedule as recommended by the State Office of Policy and Management and the Assessor of the Town. Section 12-71b of the Connecticut General Statutes provides that motor vehicles which are registered with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles after the October 1 assessment date but before the next August 1 are subject to a property tax as if the motor vehicle had been included on the October 1 Grand List. The tax is prorated, and the proration is based on the number of months of ownership between October 1 and the following September 30. Cars purchased in August and September are not taxed until the next October 1 Grand List. If the motor vehicle replaces a motor vehicle that was taxed on the October Grand List, the taxpayer is entitled to certain credits.

Motor Vehicle Property Tax Cap: Connecticut General Statutes Section 12-71e creates a cap on the local property tax mill rate for motor vehicles. The State of Connecticut's 2017-2019 biennium budget legislation amended that statute to provide that (1) for the assessment year October 1, 2016 (the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018), the mill rate for motor vehicles shall not exceed 39 mills, and (2) for the assessment year October 1, 2017 (the fiscal year ending June 30,2019 ), and each assessment year thereafter, the mill rate for motor vehicles shall not exceed 45 mills. No district or borough may set a motor vehicle mill rate that if combined with the motor vehicle mill rate of the town or city in which such district or borough is located would result in a combined motor vehicle mill rate in excess of these mill rate caps.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, motor vehicle property tax grants to municipalities that impose mill rates on real property and personal property other than motor vehicles greater than 39 mills or that, when combined with the mill rate of any district located within the municipality, impose mill rates greater than 39 mills, shall be made in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of property taxes levied by the municipality and any district located within the municipality on motor vehicles for the assessment year October 1, 2013 (the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015), and the amount such levy would have been if the mill rate on motor vehicles for that assessment year was 39 mills. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, and each fiscal year thereafter, motor vehicle property tax grants to municipalities that impose mill rates on real property and personal property other than motor vehicles greater than 45 mills or that, when combined with the mill rate of any district located within the municipality, impose mill rates greater than 45 mills, shall be made in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of property taxes levied by the municipality and any district located within the municipality on motor vehicles for the assessment year October 1, 2013, and the amount such levy would have been if the mill rate on motor vehicles for that assessment year was 45 mills.

All business personal property (furniture, fixtures, equipment, machinery and leased equipment) is assessed annually. An assessor's check and audit is completed periodically. Assessments for both personal property and motor vehicles are computed at seventy percent $(70 \%)$ of present market value.

Various State statutes provide for or authorize exemptions, abatements and other adjustments to assessments.

## Tax Levy

Property taxes are levied on all assessed property on the Grand List of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Real estate tax bills are payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1. Motor vehicle taxes and real estate and personal property taxes of less than $\$ 100$ are due in July. Supplemental motor vehicle taxes (those vehicles registered between October 2 and July 31) are payable in one installment on January 1. A margin against delinquencies, legal reductions, and Grand List adjustments, such as Assessor errors, is provided by adjusting the Grand List downward when computing anticipated property tax revenue from the current levy. An estimate for delinquent taxes and outstanding interest and lien fees anticipated to be collected during the fiscal year is normally included as a revenue item in the budget. Delinquent taxes are billed at least three times a year, with interest charged at the rate of one and one-half percent per month with a minimum charge of $\$ 2$. In accordance with State law, the oldest outstanding tax is collected first. Outstanding real estate tax accounts are automatically liened each year prior to June 30 with legal demands and alias tax warrants used in the collection of personal property and motor vehicle tax bills. Delinquent motor vehicle and personal property accounts are transferred to suspense accounts after two years at which time they cease to be carried as receivables. Real estate accounts are transferred to suspense accounts fifteen years after the due date in accordance with state statutes.

The Town adopted a new tax sale policy on July 9, 2018 regarding parameters for conducting tax sales for properties seriously delinquent in their property tax payments, sewer use fees or sewer assessments. Tax sales will only be conducted on seriously delinquent accounts. Accounts will be considered seriously delinquent if:

1. A real estate delinquency on a single parcel is at least three Grand Lists late or $\$ 25,000$, whichever is first; or
2. A real estate delinquency on a single parcel which is abandoned or any vacant land and one year delinquent regardless of tax amount due; or
3. A sewer use fee or sewer assessment that is five years delinquent regardless of the amount due.


Connecticut General Statutes Sections 12-81 (72) and 12-81 (74), provide, respectively for the total exemption of certain newly-acquired manufacturing machinery and equipment and for trucks for hire or exceeding 55,000 gross carrying weight, in each case for a period of five years. The State of Connecticut reimburses the town for $64 \%$ of the foregone taxes.

Beginning with the list of October 1, 2006, Connecticut General Statutes Section 12-94f provides for the phasedin exemption of manufacturing machinery and equipment as defined under Connecticut General Statutes Section 12-81 (72), and which was acquired more than five years before the applicable assessment date, as follows: $20 \%$ exemption on the list of October 1, 2006; $40 \%$ exemption on the list of October 1, 2007; $60 \%$ exemption on the list of October 1, 2008; $80 \%$ exemption on the list of October 1, 2009; and $100 \%$ exemption on the list of October 1, 2010. The State of Connecticut will reimburse the town for $100 \%$ of the foregone taxes. Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, the State of Connecticut will reimburse the town at its then mill rate for $100 \%$ of the tax that would have been paid on the list of October 1, 2011 but for the provisions of this section, and that grant shall continue at that amount indefinitely, and no qualifying manufacturing equipment shall be liable to property tax thereafter.

## Major Taxpayers

| Name of Taxpayer | Nature of Business | Taxable <br> Valuation |  | Percent of Net Taxable Grand List |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eversource (Connecticut Light \& Power). | Public Utility | \$ | 35,679,280 | 1.46\% |
| E and A/I and G Simsbury Commons LP...... | Shopping Center |  | 25,952,630 | 1.06\% |
| Simsbury Developers LLC. | Apartment Property |  | 21,774,600 | 0.89\% |
| Dorset Crossing Apartments LLC. | Apartment Property |  | 19,524,220 | 0.80\% |
| Executive Risk Indemnity Inc. | Real Estate Holdings |  | 16,473,460 | 0.67\% |
| Highcroft Simsbury LLC. | Apartment Property |  | 15,265,680 | 0.63\% |
| BW Mill Commons LLC. | Apartment Property |  | 12,270,910 | 0.50\% |
| Hoffman Enterprises Limited Partnership.... | Real Estate Holdings |  | 11,075,400 | 0.45\% |
| SL Simsbury LLC. | Real Estate Holdings |  | 10,143,920 | 0.42\% |
| Simsbury Commons North E A LLC. | Shopping Center |  | 8,995,000 | 0.37\% |
| Total. |  | \$ | 177,155,100 | 7.25\% |
| ${ }^{1}$ Based on the Net Taxable Grand List of October 1, 20 | of \$2,442,435,959. |  |  |  |
| Source: Town of Simsbury, Assessor's Office. |  |  |  |  |

## Exempt Property

| Public | Assessed Value ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Municipal....................................... \$ | 217,213,230 |
| Federal / State | 15,017,870 |
| Sub-Total Public..................................... \$ | 232,231,100 |
| Private |  |
| Volunteer Fire Companies..................... \$ | 7,094,840 |
| Scientific, Educational, Historical, Charitable. | 81,065,940 |
| Agricultural \& Horticultural | 124,260 |
| Cemeteries | 1,936,400 |
| House of Religious Worship. | 30,332,740 |
| Non Profit Organization. |  |
| Hospital/Sanatorium. | - |
| Recreation. | 234,660 |
| Sub-Total Private. | 120,788,840 |
| Total Exempt Property.......................... \$ | 353,019,940 |
| Percent Compared to Net Taxable Grand List.... | 14.5\% |
| ${ }^{1}$ Based on the Net Taxable Grand List of October 1, 2018 of \$2,442,435,959. |  |
| Source: Town of Simsbury, Assessor's Office |  |

Property Tax Levies and Collections

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Grand } \\ \text { List of } \\ 10 / 1 \end{gathered}$ | Fiscal Year Ending 6/30 | Net Taxable Grand List | Mill Rate |  | Adjusted Annual Levy | Percent of Annual Levy Collected at End of Fiscal Year | Percent of Annual Levy Uncollected at End of Fiscal Year | Percent of <br> Annual Levy <br> Uncollected as of 6/30/2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2017{ }^{1,2}$ | 2019 | \$2,416,001,289 | 36.42 | \$ | 87,148,651 | In Collection |  |  |
| 2016 | 2018 | 2,260,641,586 | 38.76 |  | 87,222,801 | 99.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.6\% |
| 2015 | 2017 | 2,272,169,983 | 37.10 |  | 85,586,343 | 99.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.2\% |
| 2014 | 2016 | 2,247,948,507 | 37.10 |  | 84,224,215 | 99.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.1\% |
| 2013 | 2015 | 2,230,274,439 | 37.10 |  | 83,625,363 | 99.6\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% |
| $2012{ }^{1}$ | 2014 | 2,211,097,066 | 37.30 |  | 83,330,743 | 99.6\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% |
| 2011 | 2013 | 2,574,581,485 | 31.40 |  | 80,418,210 | 99.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% |
| 2010 | 2012 | 2,579,290,063 | 30.90 |  | 79,323,653 | 99.9\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% |
| 2009 | 2011 | 2,581,867,117 | 30.60 |  | 79,380,893 | 97.8\% | 2.2\% | 0.0\% |
| 2008 | 2010 | 2,581,459,147 | 30.10 |  | 78,411,603 | 99.3\% | 0.7\% | 0.0\% |
| ${ }^{1}$ Revaluation. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Budgeted. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Source: Town | of Simsbu | Tax Collector |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# SECTION V - DEBT SECTION 

Outstanding Bonded Debt
Pro Forma
As of June 27, 2019

| Long-Term <br> Date <br> D/31/20 | Pbt: Purpose | Interest Rate \% |  | Original Issue |  | Amount Outstanding | Fiscal <br> Year of Maturity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3/31/2008 | Sewer ${ }^{1}$ | 2.00 | \$ | 21,037,216 | \$ | 9,704,192 | 2028 |
| 3/19/2013 | General Purpose | 1.50 |  | 4,665,000 |  | 1,847,520 | 2023 |
| 3/19/2013 | Schools. | 1.50 |  | 890,000 |  | 352,480 | 2023 |
| 6/30/2015 | General Purpose. | 2.00-4.00 |  | 5,715,000 |  | 3,810,000 | 2025 |
| 6/30/2015 | General Purpose - Refunding........ | 2.00-4.00 |  | 2,249,691 |  | 1,161,300 | 2021 |
| 6/30/2015 | Schools - Refunding.................. | 2.00-4.00 |  | 1,095,309 |  | 288,700 | 2021 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 29 / 2017 \\ & 6 / 29 / 2017 \end{aligned}$ | General Purpose...................... | 2.00-5.00 |  | 7,840,000 |  | 6,971,000 | 2027 |
|  | Schools.............................. | 2.00-5.00 |  | 3,100,000 |  | 2,754,000 | 2027 |
| Total Outstanding Bonded Debt.. |  |  | \$ | 46,592,216 | \$ | 26,889,192 |  |
| This Issue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2019 | General Purpose....................... | 4.00-5.00 | \$ | 6,273,057 | \$ | 6,273,057 | 2029 |
| 2019 | Schools............................... | 4.00-5.00 |  | 2,091,943 |  | 2,091,943 | 2029 |
|  | Total This Issue. |  | \$ | 8,365,000 | \$ | 8,365,000 |  |
|  | Grand Total. |  | \$ | 54,957,216 | \$ | 35,254,192 |  |

${ }^{1}$ Debt service on the Clean Water Fund loan will be paid by user fees.

## Outstanding Short-term Debt <br> Pro Forma <br> As of June 27, 2019

The Town does not any outstanding short-term debt as of June 27, 2019.

## Overlapping/Underlying Debt <br> Pro Forma <br> As of June 27, 2019

The Town has no overlapping debt. The Simsbury Fire District is the only district coterminous with or completely within the borders of the Town and may issue its own debt. Any such indebtedness would represent underlying debt to, but would not be an obligation of the Town of Simsbury. Currently the Simsbury Fire District has no debt.

## State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund Program

The Town of Simsbury is a participant in the State of Connecticut's Clean Water Fund Program (General Statutes Sections 22a-475 et seq., as amended), which provides financial assistance through a combination of grants and loans bearing interest at a rate of $2 \%$ per annum. All participating municipalities receive a grant of $20 \%$ and a loan of $80 \%$ of total eligible costs (with the exception of combined sewer overflow correction projects which are financed with a $50 \%$ grant and a $50 \%$ loan).

## School Projects

Pursuant to Section 10-287i of the Connecticut General Statutes, the State of Connecticut will provide proportional progress payments for eligible school construction expenses on projects approved after July 1, 1996.

Debt service reimbursement will continue under the prior reimbursement program for all projects approved prior to July 1, 1996. Under the old program, a municipality issues bonds for the entire amount of the school construction project and the State of Connecticut reimburses the Town for principal and interest costs for eligible school construction projects over the life of outstanding school bonds and subsequent bond issues necessary to completely fund the approved school project.

Under the new program, the State of Connecticut will make proportional progress payments for eligible construction costs during project construction. The State grant will be paid directly to the municipality after it submits its request for progress payments, and accordingly, the municipality will issue its bonds only for its share of project costs.

## Bonded Debt Maturity Schedule Pro Forma <br> As of June 27, 2019

| Fiscal Year Ended 6/30 | Principal Payments | Interest Payments | Total <br> Debt Service | This Issue <br> The Bonds | Total Principal | Cumulative <br> Principal <br> Retired \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2019{ }^{1}$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | 0.0\% |
| 2020 | 3,360,000 | 581,175 | 3,941,175 | 775,000 | 4,135,000 | 16.2\% |
| 2021 | 2,890,000 | 471,375 | 3,361,375 | 815,000 | 3,705,000 | 30.7\% |
| 2022 | 2,400,000 | 372,800 | 2,772,800 | 825,000 | 3,225,000 | 43.3\% |
| 2023 | 2,400,000 | 278,400 | 2,678,400 | 850,000 | 3,250,000 | 56.0\% |
| 2024 | 1,850,000 | 184,000 | 2,034,000 | 850,000 | 2,700,000 | 66.6\% |
| 2025 | 1,850,000 | 97,850 | 1,947,850 | 850,000 | 2,700,000 | 77.2\% |
| 2026 | 1,220,000 | 48,700 | 1,268,700 | 850,000 | 2,070,000 | 85.3\% |
| 2027 | 1,215,000 | 24,300 | 1,239,300 | 850,000 | 2,065,000 | 93.3\% |
| 2028 | - | - | - | 850,000 | 850,000 | 96.7\% |
| 2029 | - | - | - | 850,000 | 850,000 | 100.0\% |
| Total.. | \$ 17,185,000 | \$ 2,058,600 | \$ 19,243,600 | \$ 8,365,000 | \$ 25,550,000 |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Excludes principal payments of \$3,365,000 and interest payments of \$698,100 made between July 1, 2018 and June 27, 2019. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note: Does | ude \$9,704,1 | ean Water Fur | er loan outsta | m the State | ecticu |  |

## THE TOWN OF SIMSBURY HAS NEVER DEFAULTED IN THE PAYMENT OF ITS DEBT OBLIGATIONS EITHER AS TO PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST

(The remainder of this page intentionally left blank)

# Current Debt Statement <br> Pro Forma <br> As of June 27, 2019 

Long-Term Debt Outstanding:

| General Purpose (Includes this issue). | \$ 20,062,877 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Schools (Includes this issue). | 5,487,123 |
| Sewers.1. | - |
| Total Long-Term Debt. | 25,550,000 |
| Short-Term Debt. | - |
| Direct Debt. | 25,550,000 |
| Overlapping/Underlying Debt.. | - |
| Total Overall Debt. | 25,550,000 |

Less: School Construction Grants Receivable (As of June 30, 2018)
Total Overall Net Debt.
\$ 25,550,000
${ }^{1}$ Does not include $\$ 9,704,192$ Clean Water Fund sewer loan outstanding from the State of Connecticut.

## Current Debt Ratios <br> Pro Forma <br> As of June 27, 2019

Population (2017) ${ }^{1}$
24,307
Net Taxable Grand List (10/1/18) ............................ \$ 2,442,435,959
Estimated Full Value (70\%) ...................................... \$ 3,489,194,227
Equalized Grand List $(10 / 1 / 16)^{2} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$
Money Income per Capita (2017) $\qquad$ \$ 56,622

|  | Total Long-Term/ Overall Debt |  | Total Overall Net Debt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per Capita. | \$ | 1,051.14 | \$ 1,051.14 |
| Ratio to Net Taxable Grand List. |  | 1.05\% | 1.05\% |
| Ratio to Estimated Full Value. |  | 0.73\% | 0.73\% |
| Ratio to Equalized Grand List. |  | 0.70\% | 0.70\% |
| Debt per Capita to Money Income per Capita (2017)... |  | 1.86\% | 1.86\% |
| ${ }^{1}$ American Community Survey 2013-2017 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut. |  |  |  |

## Temporary Financing

When general obligation bonds have been authorized, bond anticipation notes may be issued maturing in not more than two years (CGS Sec. 7-378). Temporary notes may be renewed up to ten years from their original date of issue as long as all project grant payments are applied toward payment of temporary notes when they become due and payable, and the legislative body schedules principal reductions by the end of the third year and for each subsequent year during which such temporary notes remain outstanding in an amount equal to a minimum of $1 / 20^{\text {th }}\left(1 / 30^{\text {th }}\right.$ for sewer projects and certain school projects) of the estimated net project cost (CGS Sec. 7-378a). The term of the bond issue is reduced by the amount of time temporary financing exceeds two years.

Temporary notes must be permanently funded no later than ten years from their initial borrowing date, except for sewer notes issued in anticipation of State and/or Federal grants. If a written commitment exists, the municipality may renew the sewer notes from time to time in terms not to exceed six months until such time that the final grant payments are received (CGS Sec. 7-378b).

Temporary notes may also be issued for up to 15 years for certain capital projects associated with the operation of a waterworks system (CGS Sec. 7-244a) or a sewage system (CGS Sec. 7-264a). In the first year following the completion of the project(s), or in the sixth year following the original date of issue (whichever is sooner), and in each year thereafter, the notes must be reduced by $1 / 15^{\text {th }}$ of the total amount of the notes issued by funds derived from certain sources of payment specified by statute. Temporary notes may be issued in one-year maturities for up to 15 years in anticipation of sewer assessments receivable, such notes to be reduced annually by the amount of assessments received during the preceding year (CGS Sec. 7-269a).

Under the current Charter, bonds and notes, except tax anticipation notes, may be authorized by the Board of Selectmen and the Board of Finance. However, any amounts in excess of $1 \%$ of the current annual budget are subject to approval at referendum. Effective December 4, 2017, any amounts in excess of $2 \%$ of the current annual budget will be subject to approval at referendum, provided the total of supplemental appropriations not approved at referendum in any one year do not exceed $3 \%$.

## Maturities

General obligation bonds are required to be payable in maturities wherein a succeeding maturity may not exceed any prior maturity by more than $50 \%$ or aggregate annual principal and interest payments much be substantially equal. The term of the issue may not exceed twenty years except in the case of sewer bonds and certain school bonds which may mature in up to thirty years.

## Limitation of Indebtedness

Municipalities shall not incur indebtedness through the issuance of bonds which will cause aggregate indebtedness by class to exceed the following:

| General Purposes: | 2.25 times annual receipts from taxation |
| :--- | :--- |
| School Purposes: | 4.50 times annual receipts from taxation |
| Sewer Purposes: | 3.75 times annual receipts from taxation |
| Urban Renewal Purposes: | 3.25 times annual receipts from taxation |
| Unfunded Past Pension Purposes: | 3.00 times annual receipts from taxation |

"Annual receipts from taxation" (the "base") are defined as total tax collections including interest and penalties, late payment of taxes and state payments for revenue losses under Connecticut General Statutes Section 12-129d and 7528. In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times the base.

The Connecticut General Statutes also provide for exclusion from the debt limit calculation debt (i) issued in anticipation of taxes; (ii) issued for the supply of water, gas, electricity, electric demand response, conservation and load management, distributed generation and renewable energy projects; for the construction of subways for cables, wires and pipes; for the construction of underground conduits for cables, wires and pipes; for the construction and operation of a municipal community antenna television system and for two or more of such purposes; (iii) issued in anticipation of the receipt of proceeds from assessments levied upon property benefited by any public improvement; (iv) issued in anticipation of the receipt of proceeds from State or Federal grants evidenced by a written commitment or for which allocation has been approved by the State Bond Commission or from a contract with the state, state agencies or another municipality providing for the reimbursement of costs but only to the extent such indebtedness can be paid from such proceeds; (v) issued for certain water pollution control projects; and (vi) upon placement in an escrow of the proceeds of refunding bonds, notes or other obligations or other funds of the municipality in an amount sufficient to provide for the payment when due of principal of and interest on such bond, note or other evidence of indebtedness.
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## Statement of Statutory Debt Limitation <br> Pro Forma <br> As of June 27, 2019

| (including interest and lien fees) received by the Treasurer for the year ended June 30, 2018.... |  |  |  |  | \$ 85,598,982 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base for Debt Limitation Computation. |  |  |  |  |  | 85,598,982 |
|  | General Purpose | Schools | Sewers | Urban Renewal |  | Unfunded Pension |
| Debt Limitation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2^{1 / 4}$ times base. | \$192,597,710 | - | - | - |  | - |
| $4^{1 / 2}$ times base. | - | \$385,195,419 | - | - |  | - |
| $3^{3 / 4}$ times base | - | - | \$320,996,183 | - |  | - |
| $3^{1 / 4}$ times base. | - | - | - | \$278,196,692 |  | - |
| 3 times base. | - | - | - | - | \$ | 256,796,946 |
| Total Debt Limitation. | \$192,597,710 | \$385,195,419 | \$320,996,183 | \$278,196,692 | \$ | 256,796,946 |
| Indebtedness: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds Outstanding | 13,789,820 | 3,395,180 | 9,704,192 ${ }^{1}$ | - |  | - |
| Bonds - This Issue. | 6,273,057 | 2,091,943 | - | - |  | - |
| Debt Authorized But Unissued. | 1,075,491 | 27,596,877 | - | - |  | - |
| Total Indebtedness.. | 21,138,368 | 33,084,000 | 9,704,192 | - |  | - |
| Less: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State School Grants Receivable. | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| Total Net Indebtedness.......................... | 21,138,368 | 33,084,000 | 9,704,192 | - |  | - |
| DEBT LIMITATION IN EXCESS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OF OUTSTANDING INDEBTEDNESS..... | \$171,459,342 | \$352,111,419 | \$311,291,991 | \$278,196,692 | \$ | 256,796,946 |

${ }^{1}$ Clean Water Fund Project Loan Obligation
Note: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation or $\$ 599,192,874$

## Authorized but Unissued Debt <br> Pro Forma <br> As of June 27, 2019


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Principal Amount Outstanding

|  | 2018 | 2017 |  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  | 2014 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G.O. Bonds | \$ 20,550,000 | \$ | 24,675,000 | \$ | 18,885,000 | \$ | 23,920,000 | \$ | 23,810,000 |
| Short-Term Debt | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Grand Total. | \$ 20,550,000 | \$ | 24,675,000 | \$ | 18,885,000 | \$ | 23,920,000 | \$ | 23,810,000 |

Ratio of Net Debt to Valuation, Population and Income

| Fiscal | Net |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

[^3]
## Ratio of Annual General Fund Debt Service Expenditures to Total General Fund Expenditures

| Fiscal Year |  |  | Total Debt |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ended $6 / 30$ | Principal | Interest | Total <br> Service | Ratio of General Fund Fund <br> Expenditures ${ }^{1}$ | Debt Service To General <br> Fund Expenditures |
| $2019^{2}$ | $\$ 4,135,000$ | $\$ 1,669,600$ | $\$ 5,804,600$ | $\$ 96,518,369$ | $6.01 \%$ |
| 2018 | $4,125,000$ | $1,040,376$ | $5,165,376$ | $107,918,202$ | $4.79 \%$ |
| 2017 | $5,150,000$ | $1,019,792$ | $6,169,792$ | $107,185,069$ | $5.76 \%$ |
| 2016 | $5,035,000$ | 501,272 | $5,536,272$ | $100,249,426$ | $5.52 \%$ |
| 2015 | $5,545,000$ | 621,818 | $6,166,818$ | $97,603,561$ | $6.32 \%$ |
| 2014 | $5,485,000$ | 799,178 | $6,284,178$ | $100,415,775$ | $6.26 \%$ |
| ${ }^{1}$ Includes transfers out. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Subject to audit. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Source: Town of Simsbury Finance Department. |  |  |  |  |  |

## Six-year Capital Improvement Program

| Project | Fiscal 2019-20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal } \\ & 2020-21 \end{aligned}$ | Fiscal <br> 2021-22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal } \\ & \text { 2022-23 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fiscal } \\ 2023-24 \end{gathered}$ | Fiscal <br> 2024-25 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muti-Use Connections \& Master Plan Updates. | \$ | \$ 600,000 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 600,000 |
| Greenway Improvements.. | 100,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | 1,600,000 |
| Golf Course Irrigation System Replacement | - | - | 1,800,000 | - | - | - | 1,800,000 |
| Accounting System. | 350,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 350,000 |
| Senior/Community Center Construction. | - | - | - | - | - | 8,800,000 | 8,800,000 |
| Bridge Improvements. | - | - | 950,000 | - | - | - | 950,000 |
| Highway Pavement Management. | 1,185,000 | 1,185,000 | 1,185,000 | 1,210,000 | 1,210,000 | 1,210,000 | 7,185,000 |
| Town Hall Renovations. | - | - | - | - | 3,100,000 | - | 3,100,000 |
| Dam Evaluations and Repairs. | - | - | - | 3,150,000 | - | - | 3,150,000 |
| Sidewalk Reconstruction. | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 1,200,000 |
| Town Facililties Master Plan Implementation. | - | - | 500,000 | - | 500,000 | - | 1,000,000 |
| Townwide Bridge / Culvert Inventory and Evauation. | - | 200,000 | - | - | - | - | 200,000 |
| Townwide Drainage Master Plan Update. | - | - | 300,000 | - | - | - | 300,000 |
| Eno Entrance Improvements. | - | 340,000 | - | - | - | - | 340,000 |
| Document Management/Scanning Services. | - | - | - | - | - | 340,000 | 340,000 |
| Radio System Upgrade/Replacement. | - | 2,500,000 | - | - | - | - | 2,500,000 |
| Highway Sweeper. | - | - | - | - | 280,000 | - | 280,000 |
| Public Works Facility Paving \& Storm Drainage . | - | 330,000 | - | - | - | - | 330,000 |
| Flower Bridge Repairs. | - | - | - | - | 750,000 | - | 750,000 |
| Replace Water Pollution Plant Programmable Logic Controllers. | 250,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 250,000 |
| Sub-Total. | \$ 2,085,000 | \$ 5,655,000 | \$ 5,235,000 | \$ 4,860,000 | \$ 6,340,000 | \$ 10,850,000 | \$ 35,025,000 |
| Board of Education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| District Network Infrastructure. | \$ | \$ 400,000 | \$ | \$ 400,000 | \$ | \$ | \$ 800,000 |
| Underground Storage Tank Replacement at TV and SHS. | 325,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 325,000 |
| District Security Improvements. | 750,000 | - | 250,000 | - | - | - | 1,000,000 |
| SHS Stadium Facility Renovations Phase I. | - | 980,000 | - | - | - | - | 980,000 |
| SHS Stadium Facility Renovations Phase II. | - | - | - | 400,000 | - | - | 400,000 |
| SHS Stadium Bleachers and Press Box Replacement. | - | 725,000 | - | - | - | - | 725,000 |
| SHS Visitor's Bleachers Replacement. | - | - | - | - | 225,000 | - | 225,000 |
| SHS Turf Field \#2 Construction. | - | 1,550,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,550,000 |
| SHS Partial Roof Replacement. | 2,600,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,600,000 |
| Latimer Lane Renovation. | - | - | 6,800,000 | - | - | - | 6,800,000 |
| HJMS Tennis Court Replacement | - | 500,000 | - | - | - | - | 500,000 |
| Sub-Total. | \$ 3,675,000 | \$ 4,155,000 | \$ 7,050,000 | \$ 800,000 | \$ 225,000 | \$ | \$ 15,905,000 |
| Total ...................................... | \$ 5,760,000 | \$ 9,810,000 | \$ 12,285,000 | \$ 5,660,000 | \$ 6,565,000 | \$ 10,850,000 | \$ 50,930,000 |
|  | Fiscal <br> 2019-20 | Fiscal 2020-21 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal } \\ & 2021-22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal } \\ & 2022-23 \end{aligned}$ | Fiscal 2023-24 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal } \\ & 2024-25 \end{aligned}$ | Total |
| Debt. | \$ 3,500,000 | \$ 6,960,000 | \$ 8,396,720 | \$ 3,780,000 | \$ 4,980,000 | \$ 9,430,000 | \$ 37,046,720 |
| State of CT-School Construction. | 780,000 | - | 2,258,280 | - | - | - | 3,038,280 |
| Other Grants.. | 398,500 | 155,000 | 155,000 | 155,000 | 435,000 | 155,000 | 1,453,500 |
| Other Funding Sources-General Fund/Special Revenue. | 1,081,500 | 2,695,000 | 1,475,000 | 1,725,000 | 1,150,000 | 1,265,000 | 9,391,500 |
| Total Funding Sources........................................... | \$ 5,760,000 | \$ 9,810,000 | \$ 12,285,000 | \$ 5,660,000 | \$ 6,565,000 | \$ 10,850,000 | \$ 50,930,000 |

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## Fiscal Year

The Town's fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30.

## Annual Audit

The Town of Simsbury, pursuant to local ordinance and provisions of Chapter 111 of the Connecticut General Statutes (Sec. 7-391 through 397), is required to undergo an annual audit by an independent public accountant. The auditor is required to conduct the audit under the guidelines outlined by the Office of Policy and Management, which also receives a copy of the audit report. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the general purpose financial statements of the various funds of the Town were audited by Blum, Shapiro \& Company, P.C., CPA's. The auditor's opinion is included in the Town's financial statements in Appendix A. The Town did not seek the consent of the auditor to include the opinion and no subsequent review of the Town's financial condition was undertaken by the auditors.

## Accounting System and Reports

The Town's accounting records for all government funds and expendable trust funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis with revenues recorded when measurable and available and expenditures, other than accrued interest on long-term debt, being recorded when liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the Town's nonexpendable trust funds and pension trust funds are maintained on a full accrual basis. Budgetary control is maintained on an encumbrance system by reserving account balances with purchase orders prior to their release to vendors. Purchase orders which exceed account balances are not released until appropriations are made available. The system provides department heads with up-to-date monthly information on the status of appropriated funds by reporting funds expended and encumbered by account and department code.

## Budget Procedure

The annual budget making process is outlined in Chapter IV of the Simsbury Town Charter, "The Board of Selectmen" and in Chapter VIII, "Finance and Taxation", according to the following schedule:

By January 31 The head of each department, office, or agency of the Town except the Board of Education files with the Director of Finance a detailed estimate of the expenditures to be made by such department, office, or agency and the revenues, other than tax revenue, to be collected thereby in the ensuing fiscal year.

By March 1 The Director of Finance compiles department estimates for the annual budget and under the direction of the Town Manager presents to the Board of Selectmen the completed budget of all boards, offices, and agencies.

By March 15 The Board of Education presents its budget to the Director of Finance, the Board of Finance and the Board of Selectmen.

By March 31 The Board of Selectmen presents to the Board of Finance a budget for all departments, offices, and agencies of the Town, except the Board of Education, consisting of: (a) a budget message; (b) estimates of revenue; and (c) itemized estimates of expenditures. As part of the budget the Town Manager presents a program approved by the Board of Selectmen of proposed capital projects for the ensuing fiscal year and the five (5) fiscal years thereafter.

The Board of Finance holds one or more public hearings the first of which must be held not later than the tenth day of April at which time any Elector or taxpayer has an opportunity to be heard. The Board of Finance, by resolution adopted by an affirmative vote of at least four (4) members after holding the final public hearing, and no more than ten (10) days after the final public hearing, approve a budget and file the same with the Town Clerk for submission to the Automatic Referendum for its adoption. Should the Board of Finance fail to approve a budget no more than ten (10) days after such final public hearing, the budget as transmitted by the Board of Selectmen and by the Board of Education is deemed to have been finally approved by the Board of Finance.

The annual budget becomes effective only after it has been approved by resolution of the Board of Finance and the Board of Selectmen and adopted at an automatic referendum held following the final public hearing by a majority vote at such referendum. The Board of Finance, within five (5) days following the adoption of the budget by referendum,
fixes the tax rate in mills which is levied on all taxable property in the Town for the ensuing fiscal year. Should the budget not be approved at referendum, the Board of Finance, in cooperation with the Town Manager, revises the budget for presentation at a subsequent public hearing and referendum. If the Budget remains unaccepted at the second referendum, the adopted budget for the then current fiscal year becomes the temporary budget on a month-to-month basis until a new budget is adopted.

## Pensions

The Town maintains three single-employer defined benefit pension plans for full-time employees: General Government Plan, Police Plan and Board of Education Plan. The plans are considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and are included in the Town's financial reports as Pension Trust Funds. The plans do not issue standalone financial reports.

Oversight of the Town's retirement plans previously rested with the Retirement Plan Sub-Committee, which is comprised of two members of the Board of Selectmen, two members of the Board of Education, two members of the Board of Finance and two members at large. The Sub-Committee is staffed by the Town Treasurer, the Board of Education's Business Manager and the Town's Director of Administrative Services. The Town and the Board of Education have appointed a third party to serve as fiduciary investment advisor. Effective 2013, the Town of Simsbury's Charter was amended to place fiduciary responsibility for the investment of pension funds to the Board of Finance. The Retirement Plan Sub-Committee now serves as an advisory committee to the Board of Finance.

At July 1, 2017, plan membership consisted of the following:

|  | General Government Plan | Police Plan | Board of Education Plan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently |  |  |  |
| Vested Terminated Employees ...... | 50 | 2 | 88 |
| Active Employees.. | 99 | 36 | 150 |
| Total Participants | 244 | 70 | 354 |

## Contributions

## General Government Plan

This plan provides for union employee contributions of $2 \%$ and for unaffiliated $5 \%$ of regular earnings for employees, hired prior to August 12, 2013, and $7 \%$ for unaffiliated hired after that date. The Town is required by its Charter to contribute amounts necessary to fund the plan. Employer contributions to the plan of $\$ 950,965$ were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements. The contribution represents $100 \%$ of the actuarially determined contribution and $13.37 \%$ of covered payroll. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the contribution provisions of the plan to the Town.

Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

## Police Plan

Plan provisions require employee contributions of $6 \%$ of regular earnings for Division 000 and employee contributions of $3 \%$ of regular earnings for Division 001. The Town is required by Charter to contribute amounts necessary to fund the plan. Employer contributions to the plan of $\$ 586,956$ were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements. The contribution represents $100 \%$ of the actuarially determined contribution and $17.26 \%$ of covered payroll. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the contribution provisions of the plan to the Town.

Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

## Board of Education Plan

This plan provides for employee contributions of $2.5 \%$ to $3 \%$ of regular earnings, based on the current individual collective bargaining contract. The Town is required by its Charter to contribute amounts necessary to fund the plan. Employer contributions to the plan of $\$ 1,086,598$ were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements. The contribution represents $100 \%$ of the actuarially determined contribution and $15.02 \%$ of covered payroll. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the contribution provisions of the plan to the Town of Simsbury Board of Education.

## Net Pension Liability of the Town

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, the components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

|  |  | General vernement Plan |  | Police Plan | Board of Education Plan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Pension Liability: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service Cost. | \$ | 673,731 | \$ | 530,370 | \$ | 742,875 |
| Interest |  | 2,070,339 |  | 1,370,121 |  | 1,980,261 |
| Changes of Benefit Terms |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience.. |  | 269,122 |  | $(186,985)$ |  | $(161,126)$ |
| Benefits Payments, Including Refunds <br> Member Contributions. |  | $(1,557,045)$ |  | $(1,010,103)$ |  | $(1,324,428)$ |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability. |  | 1,456,147 |  | 703,403 |  | 1,237,582 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning. |  | 29,667,902 |  | 19,539,296 |  | 28,197,586 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending |  | 31,124,049 |  | 20,242,699 |  | 29,435,168 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions - Employer. | \$ | 920,889 | \$ | 600,240 | \$ | 1,084,561 |
| Contributions - Member |  | 302,656 |  | 244,113 |  | 304,208 |
| Net Investment Income |  | 1,491,838 |  | 1,039,142 |  | 1,364,568 |
| Benefit Payments............................................ |  | $(1,557,045)$ |  | $(1,010,103)$ |  | $(1,324,428)$ |
| Refunds of Member Contributions |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Administrative Expens |  | $(22,443)$ |  | $(12,953)$ |  | $(25,392)$ |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Positi |  | 1,135,895 |  | 860,439 |  | 1,403,517 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning. |  | 23,295,414 |  | 16,266,199 |  | 21,132,815 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending. | \$ | 24,431,309 | \$ | 17,126,638 | \$ | 22,536,332 |
| Town's Net Pension Liability - Ending. | \$ | 6,692,740 | \$ | 3,116,061 | \$ | 6,898,836 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a \% of the Total Pension Liability. |  | 78.50\% |  | 84.61\% |  | 76.56\% |
| Covered Payroll. | \$ | 7,124,309 | \$ | 3,400,310 | \$ | 7,614,963 |
| Town's Net Pension Liability as a \% of Covered Payroll... |  | 93.94\% |  | 91.64\% |  | 90.60\% |

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of $7.00 \%$, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower $(6.00 \%)$ or 1 percentage point higher $(8.00 \%)$ than the current rate:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1\% Decrease } \\ 6.00 \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Current |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1\% Increase } \\ 8.00 \% \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Government | \$ | 9,910,730 | \$ | 6,692,740 | \$ | 3,802,496 |
| Police. |  | 5,629,499 |  | 3,116,061 |  | 1,378,811 |
| Board of Education. |  | 10,129,040 |  | 6,898,836 |  | 4,466,228 |
| Total. | \$ | 25,669,269 | \$ | 16,707,637 | \$ | 9,647,535 |


| Fiscal Year Ending | Annual Pension Cost (APC) | Actual Contribution | Percentage of APC Contributed | Net Pension Obligation (Asset) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Government |  |  |  |  |
| 6/30/2015 | \$ 1,013,590 | \$ 1,013,590 | 100.00\% | \$ $(65,193)$ |
| 6/30/2016 | 888,277 | 1,023,393 | $115.21 \%$ | $(200,309)$ |
| 6/30/2017 | 877,663 | 877,664 | 100.00\% | $(200,310)$ |
| 6/30/2018 | 920,889 | 920,889 | 100.00\% | $(200,310)$ |
| 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ | 950,965 | 950,965 | 100.00\% | $(200,310)$ |
| Police |  |  |  |  |
| 6/30/2015 | \$ 632,679 | \$ 633,000 | 100.05\% | \$ (42,791) |
| 6/30/2016 | 631,023 | 727,009 | $115.21 \%$ | $(138,777)$ |
| 6/30/2017 | 677,434 | 677,434 | 100.00\% | $(138,777)$ |
| 6/30/2018 | 600,240 | 600,240 | 100.00\% | $(138,777)$ |
| 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ | 586,956 | 586,956 | 100.00\% | $(138,777)$ |
| Board of Education |  |  |  |  |
| 6/30/2015 | \$ 1,236,631 | \$ 1,236,631 | 100.00\% | \$ (212,337) |
| 6/30/2016 | 1,110,353 | 1,288,982 | 116.09\% | $(390,966)$ |
| 6/30/2017 | 1,112,035 | 1,112,035 | 100.00\% | $(390,966)$ |
| 6/30/2018 | 1,084,561 | 1,084,561 | 100.00\% | $(390,966)$ |
| 6/30/2019 ${ }^{1}$ | 1,086,598 | 1,086,598 | 100.00\% | $(390,966)$ |

For more information, see Note 4 "Employee Retirement Plan" of "Notes to Financial Statements", June 30, 2018 and "Required Supplementary Information" following the notes in Appendix A.

## Other Post-Employment Benefits

In June 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB). OPEB includes postemployment healthcare, as well as other forms of postemployment benefits such as life insurance. Simsbury implemented the provisions of Statement No. 45 beginning with fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, making annual required contributions and additional voluntary contributions since that time. As of July 1, 2017, the total accrued liability was estimated to be approximately $\$ 19.4$ million. In fiscal years 2007 through 2019 Simsbury budgeted for and funded its annual required contribution (ARC), the town also funded an additional $\$ 3.0$ million dollars which was moved from the Health Insurance Internal Service Fund in 2015 , leaving a fund balance of approximately $\$ 1.6$ million dollars between the two health insurance funds. At present the OPEB trust fund has an asset value of approximately $\$ 14.0$ million, and is approximately $72 \%$ funded. The proposed fiscal year 2019 budget reflects the Town funding its annual required contribution (ARC).

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of $7.00 \%$, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower $(6.00 \%)$ or 1 percentage point higher $(8.00 \%)$ than the current rate:


The chart below shows the schedule of OPEB employer contributions:


## Investment Policy

The Town Charter and Sections 7-400 and 7-402 of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended, govern the investments the Town is permitted to acquire. Generally, the Town may invest in certificates of deposit, money market mutual funds, municipal notes and bonds, obligations of the United States of America, including joint and several obligations of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, obligations of the United States Postal Service, all the Federal Home Loan Banks and Federal Land banks, the Tennessee Valley Authority, or any other agency of the United States government.

The Town's investment policies and investments related to the Town's retirement and deferred compensation funds are available upon request from the Town's Treasurer. Also see Note 3, "Deposits and Investments" of "Notes to Financial Statements".

## Liability Insurance

The Town carries liability insurance in the amounts and for the coverages listed below:

## Commercial General Liability

| General aggregate | $\$ 3,000,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Products/completed operations aggregate | $3,000,000$ |
| Per occurrence | $1,000,000$ |
| Personal and advertising injury | $1,000,000$ |
| Fire Damage Limit | 100,000 |
| Medical payments | 10,000 |
| EMT First- Aid liability | Included |
| Teachers' liability | Included |
| School board liability (E\&O) | Included |
| Employee benefit liability | Included |

## Automobile Insurance

Limit of liability $\quad 1,000,000$
Hire and no-owned autos 1,000,000
Uninsured motorist 1,000,000
Comprehensive deductible \$500
Collision deductible \$500
Personal injury protection 5,000
Public Official's Liability
Wrongful Act $\quad 1,000,000$
Aggregate 1,000,000
Deductible 10,000
Law Enforcement Liability
Wrongful act 1,000,000
Aggregate 1,000,000
Deductible 5,000
Educators Legal Liability
Wrongful act 1,000,000
Aggregate 1,000,000
Deductible 2,500
Umbrella Liability 10,000,000
(covers commercial general liability, public utility, law enforcement liability)

| Revenues: | Adopted <br> Budget 2019-20 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Projected }{ }^{1} \\ 2018-19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Actual } \\ 2017-18 \end{gathered}$ | Actual 2016-17 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Actual } \\ \text { 2015-16 } \end{gathered}$ | Actual 2014-15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property Taxes | \$91,108,561 | \$88,263,104 | \$87,613,101 | \$85,638,921 | \$84,535,118 | \$83,958,850 |
| Intergovernmental | 6,528,317 | 6,620,350 | 20,111,696 | 20,134,283 | 13,844,108 | 12,761,784 |
| Income on Investments. | 400,000 | 620,121 | 323,153 | 45,381 | 335,773 | $(22,531)$ |
| Local and Other | 3,176,471 | 2,117,992 | 2,340,441 | 1,418,335 | 2,202,732 | 1,518,454 |
| Total Revenues | 101,213,349 | 97,621,567 | 110,388,391 | 107,236,920 | 100,917,731 | 98,216,557 |
| Expenditures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government | 2,481,902 | 2,169,110 | 2,236,411 | 2,177,334 | 2,209,779 | 2,128,481 |
| Planning and Development | 653,487 | 574,851 | 547,117 | 541,257 | 512,953 | 491,362 |
| Public Safety | 5,274,762 | 4,784,298 | 4,659,219 | 4,507,777 | 4,401,081 | 4,213,975 |
| Facility Management | 4,390,602 | 3,977,068 | 3,842,045 | 3,919,551 | 3,776,791 | 3,911,678 |
| Culture \& Recreation | 2,568,434 | 2,316,574 | 2,332,080 | 2,320,523 | 2,233,904 | 2,146,966 |
| Health and Welfare | 768,426 | 677,496 | 628,647 | 607,609 | 605,050 | 587,222 |
| Fringe Benefits and Insurance | 6,081,460 | 5,425,929 | 5,101,590 | 4,871,466 | 4,602,175 | 5,080,534 |
| Education | 71,427,410 | 69,693,042 | 81,917,402 | 80,381,153 | 74,054,959 | 71,510,265 |
| Special Projects | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Debt Service | 5,937,284 | 6,174,600 | 4,880,219 | 5,638,175 | 5,536,272 | 6,166,818 |
| Capital Outlays | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Expenditures | 99,583,767 | 95,792,969 | 106,144,730 | 104,964,845 | 97,932,964 | 96,237,301 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | 1,629,582 | 1,828,598 | 4,243,661 | 2,272,075 | 2,984,767 | 1,979,256 |


| Other Financing Sources Uses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refunding Bonds Issued......................... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent........ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Premium on Bonds. | - | - | - | 461,686 | - | - |
| Issuance of Capital Leases. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Operating Transfers In | 121,483 | 110,917 | 108,989 | 239,095 | 101,446 | 444,358 |
| Operating Transfers (Out) | $(1,751,065)$ | $(1,501,300)$ | $(1,773,472)$ | $(2,220,224)$ | $(2,316,462)$ | $(1,366,260)$ |
| Total other Financing Sources (uses) ... | (1,629,582) | $(1,390,383)$ | $(1,664,483)$ | $(1,519,443)$ | $(2,215,016)$ | $(921,902)$ |


${ }^{1}$ Budgetary basis, subject to audit.

## 2018-2019 Budget

On May 1, 2018, the Town's Board of Finance adopted the FY19 operating budget in the amount of $\$ 96,518,369$ reflecting a $0.09 \%$ decrease over the prior year. Although operating expenditures were mostly held flat, there was an expected decrease in revenue projections resulting from a loss in State Aid. The resulting tax levy increase to offset the loss in revenues was proposed to be $1.68 \%$.

## 2019-2020 Budget

On May 14, 2019, the Town's Board of Finance adopted the FY20 operating budget in the amount of $\$ 101,334,832$ reflecting a $4.99 \%$ increase over the prior year. Major expenditure drivers included an increase in health insurance expenditures, a decrease in the interest rate assumption for all pension plans (including OPEB), true up of previously under budgeted expenditures, and accounting changes to reflect the full cost of services. Although the accounting changes show an increase to expenditures, there are offsetting revenues to fund the expenditure increases. The net increase to the Town of Simsbury budget is $3.58 \%$. The resulting tax levy increase was proposed to be $2.47 \%$.

Municipal Budget Expenditures Cap: Connecticut General Statutes Section 4-661 creates a cap on adopted general budget expenditures for municipalities in Connecticut in order for municipalities to be eligible to receive the full amount of the State's municipal revenue sharing grant. Beginning in fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Office of Policy and Management ("OPM") must reduce the municipal revenue sharing grant amount for those municipalities whose adopted general budget expenditures (with certain exceptions including but not limited to debt service, special education, implementation of court orders or arbitration awards, budgeting for an audited deficit, nonrecurring grants, capital expenditures of $\$ 100,000$ or more, or payments on unfunded pension liabilities, and certain major disaster or emergency expenditures) exceeds the spending limits specified in the statute. For each applicable fiscal year, OPM must determine the municipality's percentage growth in general budget expenditures over the prior fiscal year and reduce the grant if the growth rate is equal to or greater than $2.5 \%$ or the inflation rate, whichever is greater, each of those amounts adjusted by an amount proportionate to any increase in the municipality's population from the previous fiscal year. The reduction is generally equal to 50 cents for every dollar the municipality spends over this cap. Each municipality must annually certify to the Secretary of the OPM whether such municipality has exceeded the cap set forth in the statute and if so the amount by which the cap was exceeded. The 2017-2019 biennium budget legislation did not provide funding for the municipal revenue sharing grant in fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019. The 2019-2021 biennium budget legislation does not provide funding for the municipal revenue sharing grant in fiscal years ending June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, but provides that such funding will resume following July 1, 2021.

## Comparative Balance Sheets - General Fund

| Assets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & \text { 6/30/2018 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & \text { 6/30/2017 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & \text { 6/30/2016 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & \text { 6/30/2015 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & \text { 6/30/2014 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents.. | \$ | 9,514,209 | \$ | 6,890,049 | \$ | 6,685,090 | \$ | 6,193,992 | \$ | 12,748,377 |
| Investments. |  | 6,147,266 |  | 8,232,129 |  | 8,361,156 |  | 8,185,895 |  | - |
| Receivables. |  | 1,372,956 |  | 1,652,310 |  | 1,439,747 |  | 1,240,917 |  | 1,062,791 |
| Due From Other Funds. |  | 2,410,249 |  | 468,037 |  | 252,174 |  | 115,870 |  | 159,000 |
| Other Assets. |  | 61,835 |  | 14,663 |  | 19,325 |  | 2,950 |  | 135,250 |
| Total Assets.. |  | 19,506,515 |  | 17,257,188 |  | 16,757,492 |  | 15,739,624 |  | 14,105,418 |

## Liabilities and Fund Balance

Liabilities

| Accounts Payable. | 1,564,290 | 1,622,045 | 1,945,434 | 1,946,000 | 1,375,464 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unearned Revenue. | 22,949 | - | - | - | - |
| Total Liabilities.. | 1,587,239 | 1,622,045 | 1,945,434 | 1,946,000 | 1,375,464 |

## Deferred Inflows of Resources

| Unavailable Revenue | 1,125,150 | 1,301,791 | 1,172,886 | 1,012,755 | 941,892 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advance Property Tax Collections. | 13 | 118,417 | 176,869 | 88,317 | 152,864 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources. | 1,125,163 | 1,420,208 | 1,349,755 | 1,101,072 | 1,094,756 |

## Liabilities

| Nonspendable. |  | 61,835 |  | 14,663 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Restricted. |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,368 |
| Committed. |  | 385,000 |  | 385,000 |  | 427,598 |  | 639,000 |  | - |
| Assigned. |  | 1,967,056 |  | 1,542,894 |  | 1,787,133 |  | 183,461 |  | 21,309 |
| Unassigned. |  | 14,380,222 |  | 12,272,378 |  | 11,247,572 |  | 11,870,091 |  | 11,611,521 |
| General Fund balance |  | 16,794,113 |  | 14,214,935 |  | 13,462,303 |  | 12,692,552 |  | 11,635,198 |
| Total Liabilities \& Fund Balance............ | \$ | 19,506,515 | \$ | 17,257,188 | \$ | 16,757,492 | \$ | 15,739,624 | \$ | 14,105,418 |
| Operating revenues.................................... | \$ | 110,388,391 | \$ | 107,236,920 | \$ | 100,917,731 | \$ | 98,216,557 | \$ | 99,794,245 |
| Fund balance as percent of operating revenues. |  | 15.2\% |  | 13.3\% |  | 13.3\% |  | 12.9\% |  | 11.7\% |
| Unreserved/unassigned fund balance as percent of operating revenues. $\qquad$ |  | 13.0\% |  | 11.4\% |  | 11.1\% |  | 12.1\% |  | 11.6\% |

## Litigation

The Town, its officers and its employees are defendants in a number of lawsuits. The ultimate disposition and fiscal consequences of these lawsuits are not presently determinable. The Town Attorney has reviewed the status of the pending litigation. It is the opinion of the Town Attorney that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town or settlement which would materially adversely affect its financial position.

## Documents Furnished at Delivery

The original purchaser will be furnished the following documents when the Bonds are delivered:

1. A Signature and No Litigation Certificate stating that at the time of delivery no litigation is pending or threatened affecting the validity of the Bonds or the levy or collection of taxes to pay them.
2. A certificate on behalf of the Town, signed by the First Selectman and the Director of Finance/Treasurer which will be dated the date of delivery and attached to a signed copy of the Official Statement, and which will certify, to the best of said officials' knowledge and belief, that at the time the bids were awarded for the Bonds, the descriptions and statements in the Official Statement relating to the Town and its finances were true and correct in all material respects and did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, and that there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the Town from that set forth in or contemplated by the Official Statement.
3. A receipt for the purchase price of the Bonds.
4. The approving opinion of Day Pitney LLP, Bond Counsel, of Hartford, Connecticut.
5. An executed Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the Bonds in substantially the form attached hereto as Appendix C to this Official Statement.
6. The Town of Simsbury has prepared an Official Statement for the Bonds which is dated June 18, 2019. The Town deems such Official Statement final as of its date for purposes of SEC Rule 15c2-12 (b)(1), but it is subject to revision or amendment. The Town will make available to the winning bidder fifty (50) copies of the final Official Statement at the Town's expense. The copies of the Official Statement will be made available to the winning bidder at the office of the Town's Municipal Advisor no later than seven business days of the bid opening. If the Town's Municipal Advisor is provided with the necessary information from the winning purchaser by noon of the day following the day bids on the Bonds are received, the copies of the final Official Statement will include an additional cover page and other pages indicating the interest rates, yields or reoffering prices, the name of the managing underwriter, the name of the insurer, if any, and any changes on the Bonds. The purchaser shall arrange with the Municipal Advisor the method of delivery of the copies of the Official Statement to the purchaser.

A record of the proceedings taken by the Town in authorizing the Bonds will be kept on file at offices of U.S. Bank National Association, and may be examined upon reasonable request.

## Concluding Statement

This Official Statement is submitted only in connection with the sale of the Bonds by the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut and may not be reproduced or used in whole or in part for any other purpose.

The following officials, in their capacity as officers of the Town, and in the name and on behalf of the Town, do hereby certify in connection with this issue that they have examined this Official Statement, and to the best of their knowledge and belief, the description and statements relating to the Town and its finances were true and correct in all material respects and do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

# By/s/ Eríc Wellman 

Eric Wellman
First Selectman

By/s/ María Capríola
Maria Capriola
Town Manager

By/s/ Amy Meriwether
Amy Meriwether
Director of Finance/Treasurer

Dated as of June 18, 2019

## Appendix A

## 2018 Financial Statements Excerpted from the Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

The following includes the General Purpose Financial Statements of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The supplemental data that was a part of that report has not been reproduced herein. A copy of the complete report is available upon request from Barry J. Bernabe, Managing Director, Phoenix Advisors, 53 River Street, Suite 1, Milford, Connecticut 06460. Telephone (203) 283-1110.
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## Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance<br>Town of Simsbury, Connecticut

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Change in Accounting Principle and Restatements

As discussed in Note 6 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut, adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The net position of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut, has been restated to recognize the net Other Postemployment Benefit liability in accordance with GASB No. 75. In addition, the Town adopted GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements. The net position was restated to classify the trust fund properly. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The accompanying General Fund budget schedules for the year ended June 30, 2017 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 financial statements. The accompanying General Fund budget schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2017 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund budget schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2017.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2018 on our consideration of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.


West Hartford, Connecticut
December 27, 2018

## TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

The management of the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut (the Town) offers readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

## Financial Highlights

> At the end of the fiscal year the town's unassigned general fund balance was $\$ 14,380,222$ or $13.55 \%$ of General Fund expenditures.
> On a government-wide basis, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by $\$ 110,826,358$ for Governmental Activities.
> As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of $\$ 26,852,985$, a decrease of $\$ 3,273,335$ in comparison with the prior year.

## Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

## Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in a future fiscal period (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, planning and development, public safety, facility management, culture and recreation, health, insurances, education, special projects and long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

## Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as Governmental Activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of Governmental Funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for Governmental Funds with similar information presented for Governmental Activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between Governmental Funds and Governmental Activities.

The Town maintains 38 individual funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Sewer Use Fund, BOE Programs Fund and the Capital Project Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Data from the other 34 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 to 19 of this report.
Proprietary Funds - The Town maintains a Self-Insurance Fund to account for the self-insurance program for health insurance coverage for the Town and Board of Education employees.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 to 22 of this report.
Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for Fiduciary Funds is much like that used for Proprietary Funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 to 24 of this report.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25 to 70 of this report.

## Required Supplementary Information

This report contains certain supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post-employment benefits to its employees.

## Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 88 to 110 of this report.

## Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by $\$ 110,826,358$ at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the Town's net position is its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment). It is presented in the statement of net position less any related debt used to acquire those assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

## NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2018 |  | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { (as Restated) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Current assets | \$ | 35,661,299 | \$ | 38,133,305 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation |  | 136,365,558 |  | 133,259,314 |
| Noncurrent assets |  | 3,115,238 |  | 4,237,310 |
| Total Assets |  | 175,142,095 |  | 175,629,929 |
| Deferred Outflow of Resources |  | 1,263,803 |  | 1,749,797 |
| Current liabilities |  | 11,261,112 |  | 10,844,856 |
| Noncurrent liabilities |  | 51,453,186 |  | 57,071,839 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 62,714,298 |  | 67,916,695 |
| Deferred Inflow of Resources |  | 2,865,242 |  | 1,953,671 |
| Net Position: |  |  |  |  |
| Net investment in capital assets |  | 104,065,426 |  | 98,938,703 |
| Unrestricted |  | 6,760,932 |  | 8,570,657 |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 110,826,358 | \$ | 107,509,360 |

The government's net position increased by $\$ 3,316,998$ or $3.08 \%$ during the current fiscal year from $\$ 107,509,360$ at June 30, 2017 to $\$ 110,826,358$ at June 30, 2018. Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements, is $\$ 6,760,932$ at the end of this year compared to $\$ 8,570,657$ at the end of the prior year for a decrease of $\$ 1,809,725$.

## CHANGES IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |
| Program revenues: |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 8,274,100 | \$ | 7,389,905 |
| Operating grants and contributions |  | 26,413,295 |  | 25,395,832 |
| Capital grants and contributions |  | 781,726 |  | 806,506 |
| General revenues: |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes |  | 87,415,877 |  | 85,768,365 |
| Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purpose |  | 187,541 |  | 195,890 |
| Unrestricted investment earnings |  | 387,674 |  | 120,444 |
| Other general revenues, net |  | 1,033,041 |  | 852,587 |
| Total revenues |  | 124,493,254 |  | 120,529,529 |
| Program expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | 2,634,618 |  | 2,851,855 |
| Planning and development |  | 1,660,834 |  | 1,363,689 |
| Public safety |  | 5,559,388 |  | 5,458,475 |
| Facility management |  | 8,530,110 |  | 13,455,187 |
| Culture and recreation |  | 5,862,399 |  | 5,696,882 |
| Health and welfare |  | 909,646 |  | 899,974 |
| Education |  | 95,466,144 |  | 92,918,242 |
| Interest on long-term debt |  | 553,117 |  | 854,362 |
| Total expenses |  | 121,176,256 |  | 123,498,666 |
| Change in net position |  | 3,316,998 |  | $(2,969,137)$ |
| Net Position - July 1 |  | 107,509,360 |  | 122,829,233 |
| Restatement |  |  |  | (12,350,736) |
| Net Position - June 30 | \$ | 110,826,358 | \$ | 107,509,360 |

Total revenues were \$124,493,254 and \$120,529,529 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Total cost of all programs and services were $\$ 121,176,256$, and $\$ 123,498,666$, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Net position increased by $\$ 3,316,998$ for the year ended June 30, 2018, while net position decreased by $\$ 2,969,137$ for the year ended June 30, 2017.


## Governmental Activities

Major revenue factors during the year include:

- Property taxes collected increased by $\$ 1,647,512$ or $1.92 \%$.
- Charges for goods and services increased by $\$ 884,195$ or (12\%). Illustrated below is a comparison between 2018 and 2017:

|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General government | \$ | 861,158 | \$ | 904,172 | \$ | $(43,014)$ |
| Planning and development |  | 20 |  | 2,202 |  | $(2,182)$ |
| Public safety |  | 287,766 |  | 312,583 |  | $(24,817)$ |
| Facility management |  | 4,450,358 |  | 3,557,914 |  | 892,444 |
| Culture and recreation |  | 1,694,672 |  | 1,733,275 |  | $(38,603)$ |
| Health and welfare |  | 365 |  | 1,464 |  | $(1,099)$ |
| Education |  | 979,761 |  | 878,295 |  | 101,466 |
|  | \$ | 8,274,100 | \$ | 7,389,905 | \$ | 884,195 |

- Operating Grants and contributions increased by $\$ 1,017,463$ :

|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General government | \$ | 586,655 | \$ | 1,023,774 | \$ | $(437,119)$ |
| Planning and development |  | 1,083,664 |  | 898,406 |  | 185,258 |
| Public safety |  | 5,593 |  | 54,129 |  | $(48,536)$ |
| Facility management |  | 176,232 |  | 250,021 |  | $(73,789)$ |
| Culture and recreation |  | 138,070 |  | 178,219 |  | $(40,149)$ |
| Health and welfare |  | 192,154 |  | 204,394 |  | $(12,240)$ |
| Education |  | 24,230,927 |  | 22,786,889 |  | 1,444,038 |
|  | \$ | 26,413,295 | \$ | 25,395,832 | \$ | 1,017,463 |

- Capital grants and contributions decreased by $\$ 24,780$. Illustrated below is a breakdown comparison between 2018 and 2017:

|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General government | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - |
| Planning and development |  | 30,495 |  | 350,000 |  | $(319,505)$ |
| Public safety |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Facility management |  | 751,231 |  | 383,902 |  | 367,329 |
| Culture and recreation |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Health and welfare |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Education |  |  |  | 72,604 |  | $(72,604)$ |
|  | \$ | 781,726 | \$ | 806,506 | \$ | $(24,780)$ |

The following table presents the cost of each of the Town's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

## GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

|  | Total Cost of Services |  |  | Net Cost of Services |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\$$ | $2,634,618$ | $\$$ | $(1,186,805)$ |
| General government | $\$$ | $1,660,834$ |  | $(5,266,055)$ |
| Planning and development | $5,559,388$ |  | $(3,152,289)$ |  |
| Public safety | $8,530,110$ |  | $(4,029,657)$ |  |
| Facility management | $5,862,399$ |  | $(717,127)$ |  |
| Culture and recreation | 909,646 |  | $(70,255,456)$ |  |
| Health and welfare | $95,466,144$ |  | $(85,154,018)$ |  |
| Education |  | $120,623,139$ | $\$$ |  |

Expenses and Program Revenue - Governmental Activities


## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

## Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of $\$ 26,852,985$ representing a decrease of $\$ 3,273,335$ or $10.9 \%$ in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, $\$ 90,689$ is non-spendable, $\$ 1,181,529$ is restricted by governmental grants, $\$ 9,890,284$ is committed by the Simsbury Board of Finance (Budget-Making Authority), $\$ 1,967,056$ is assigned and $\$ 13,723,427$ is unassigned. The $\$ 13,723,427$ unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the Town's discretion. The total unassigned fund balance is based on a positive general fund balance in that amount.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was $\$ 14,380,222$, while total fund balance was $\$ 16,794,113$. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Of this total fund balance $\$ 61,835$ is non-spendable, $\$ 1,967,056$ is assigned, and $\$ 385,000$ is committed, with the balance being unassigned in the amount the $\$ 14,380,222$.

The total fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by $\$ 2,579,178$ during the current fiscal year and the unassigned fund balance increased by $\$ 2,107,844$. The assigned fund balance includes funds designated by the Board of Finance as part of an approved strategy to help mitigate the temporary loss of tax revenue during the redevelopment of the former Hartford Insurance property located at 200 Hopmeadow Street. Consistent with the Town's Reserve Policy, the Board of Finance assigned $\$ 1,500,000$ of reserves to offset the net property tax loss anticipated in fiscal years 20182020. It is anticipated that other developments and the redevelopment of the Hartford Site will more than make up for the tax loss by fiscal year 2020.

The Sewer Use Fund has a fund balance of $\$ 4,937,857$ at the end of the year, an increase of $\$ 375,613$ from the prior year. A portion of the fund balance is to be used to help pay the debt service on the Waste Water Treatment Plant $\$ 26.8$ million renovation and expansion capital project. This project was funded $100 \%$ by the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund $2 \%$ Loan and Grant program. This project is completed and payments began on the 20-year, $2 \%$ loan program in September 2008. The loan will be repaid by future sewer user charges.

The Capital Project Fund has a negative fund balance of $(\$ 656,295)$ at the end of the year, representing a decrease of $\$ 6,117,020$ over the prior year positive fund balance of $\$ 5,460,725$. Fund balance is expected to develop into a positive balance in fiscal year 2018/19 as a result of borrowing for capital projects during the 2018/19 fiscal year.

Other nonmajor governmental funds have a total fund balance of $\$ 5,037,954$, representing a decrease of $\$ 133,718$ from the prior year as illustrated.

| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 2018 |  | 2017 |  | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Residential Rental Properties | \$ | 303,322 | \$ | 259,871 | \$ | 43,451 |
| Simsbury Farms Fund |  | 31,826 |  | 30,679 |  | 1,147 |
| General Government Program Fund |  | 109,832 |  | 107,186 |  | 2,646 |
| Public Safety Program Fund |  | 357,799 |  | 401,109 |  | $(43,310)$ |
| Planning \& Development Program Fund |  | 366,022 |  | 342,222 |  | 23,800 |
| Facilities Management Program Fund |  | 1,114,151 |  | 1,073,993 |  | 40,158 |
| Health \& Welfare Program Fund |  | 267,309 |  | 270,984 |  | $(3,675)$ |
| Culture \& Recreation Program Fund |  | 90,409 |  | 77,003 |  | 13,406 |
| Sewer Assessment Fund |  | 1,501,878 |  | 1,715,721 |  | $(213,843)$ |
| Cafeteria |  | 145,144 |  | 156,951 |  | $(11,807)$ |
| State and Federal Education Grants |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditures Fund |  | 750,262 |  | 735,953 |  | 14,309 |
| Total | \$ | 5,037,954 | \$ | 5,171,672 | \$ | $(133,718)$ |

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original general fund budget including other financing sources and uses of \$96,604,171 was increased by $\$ 9,776$ to the final budget of $\$ 96,613,947$ due to year end supplemental appropriations.

Actual revenues were less than budgetary estimates by $\$ 334,221$, and expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by $\$ 2,492,054$.

Overall revenues exceeded expenditures on a budgetary basis by $\$ 2,157,833$.

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The Town's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2018 amounted to $\$ 136,365,558$. This investment in capital assets included land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total net change in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was an increase of \$3,106,244.

## CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)

June 30, 2018

| Land | $\$$ | $10,175,191$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Development rights | $11,725,000$ |  |
| Construction in progress | $6,546,189$ |  |
| Buildings and improvements | $88,074,234$ |  |
| Land improvements | $1,308,529$ |  |
| Equipment | $5,065,156$ |  |
| Infrastructure | $13,471,259$ |  |

$\$ \underline{\underline{136,365,558}}$
Additional information on the Town's Capital Assets can be found in Note 3C on page 39 of this report.
Long-term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of $\$ 31,278,482$, of which $\$ 4,434,405$ is due within one year. All of the debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

## OUTSTANDING DEBT

June 30, 2018

General obligation bonds
Loan payable - Clean Water Fund
Loan payable - State of Connecticut
\$ 20,550,000
10,676,307
52,175
\$ 31,278,482

The Town's total debt decreased during the current fiscal year by $\$ 5,173,327$. This decrease was the result of paying down current debt. The Town did not issue any new debt in the current fiscal year.

The Town has an "Aaa" rating from Standard and Poor's and Moody's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7.0 times its total prior years' tax collections. The current debt limitation for the Town is $\$ 599,644,318$ which is significantly more than the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E on pages 43 to 45 of this report.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town's elected Board of Finance considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2018/19 budget spending guideline and mill rate. Factors included the economy, consumer price index, comparative town data, and the State budget situation. The current unemployment rate for the Town of Simsbury as of November 2018 was $2.1 \%$, which is a slight decrease from the prior year of $2.7 \%$. This compares to the State's average unemployment rate of $4.1 \%$ and the national average rate of $3.7 \%$.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance/Treasurer for the Town of Simsbury.
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## Basic <br> Financial Statements

TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

|  | Governmental Activities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets: |  |  |
| Current assets: |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 24,026,213 |
| Investments |  | 7,029,580 |
| Accounts receivable |  | 3,788,675 |
| Due from fiduciary funds |  | 12,673 |
| Loans receivable |  | 343,886 |
| Inventories |  | 25,340 |
| Other assets |  | 434,932 |
| Total current assets |  | 35,661,299 |
| Noncurrent assets: |  |  |
| Capital assets: |  |  |
| Nondepreciable |  | 28,446,380 |
| Depreciable, net |  | 107,919,178 |
| Loans receivable |  | 3,115,238 |
| Total noncurrent assets |  | 139,480,796 |
| Total assets |  | 175,142,095 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: |  |  |
| Deferred outflows related to pension |  | 1,210,446 |
| Deferred charge on refunding |  | 53,357 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources |  | 1,263,803 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 2,956,174 |
| Accrued interest payable |  | 143,911 |
| Unearned revenues |  | 893,416 |
| Bonds and loans payable |  | 4,434,405 |
| Compensated absences |  | 944,209 |
| Claims liability |  | 1,883,997 |
| Landfill closure |  | 5,000 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 11,261,112 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: |  |  |
| Bonds and loans payable |  | 28,432,639 |
| Net pension liability |  | 16,707,637 |
| Net OPEB liability |  | 5,960,826 |
| Compensated absences |  | 307,084 |
| Landfill closure |  | 45,000 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities |  | 51,453,186 |
| Total liabilities |  | 62,714,298 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: |  |  |
| Advance property tax collections |  | 13 |
| Advance sewer use collections |  | 72,760 |
| Deferred inflows related to scholarships |  | 380,264 |
| Deferred inflows related to pension |  | 1,356,118 |
| Deferred inflows related to OPEB |  | 1,056,087 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources |  | 2,865,242 |
| Net Position: |  |  |
| Net investment in capital assets |  | 104,065,426 |
| Unrestricted |  | 6,760,932 |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 110,826,358 |



The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## JUNE 30, 2018

|  | General Fund |  |  | Sewer Use <br> Fund |  | BOE <br> Programs Fund |  | Capital Project Fund |  | Nonmajor Governmental Funds |  | Total Governmental Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 9,514,209 | \$ | 5,126,665 | \$ | 2,208,256 | \$ |  | \$ | 5,400,211 | \$ | 22,249,341 |
| Investments |  | 6,147,266 |  |  |  | 882,314 |  |  |  |  |  | 7,029,580 |
| Receivables |  | 1,372,956 |  | 24,784 |  | 352,089 |  | 213,049 |  | 1,819,057 |  | 3,781,935 |
| Due from other funds |  | 2,410,249 |  |  |  | 12,673 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,422,922 |
| Inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25,340 |  | 25,340 |
| Other assets |  | 61,835 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,514 |  | 65,349 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 19,506,515 | \$ | 5,151,449 | \$ | 3,455,332 | \$ | 213,049 | \$ | 7,248,122 | \$ | 35,574,467 |

## LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES

Liabilities:
Accounts payable
Due to other funds
Due to other governments
Unearned revenue
Total liabilities

Deferred Inflows of Resources:
Unavailable revenue - property taxes
Unavailable revenue - property tax interest
Unavailable revenue - sewer assessments
Unavailable revenue - scholarship
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable
Advance sewer use collections
Advance property tax collections
Total deferred inflows of resources
Fund Balances:
Nonspendable
Restricted
Committed
Assigned
Unassigned
Total fund balances
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances
(Continued on next page)

## TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT <br> BALANCE SHEET <br> GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) <br> JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

| Governmental capital assets | $\$ 246,597,468$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less accumulated depreciation | $\boldsymbol{( 1 1 0 , 2 3 1 , 9 1 0 )}$ |

Net capital assets

Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:

Loans receivable

3,480,863

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days $\quad 1,125,150$
Sewer assessments receivable
867,965
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Interest receivable on sewer use receivable } & 6,697\end{array}$
Deferred outflows related to pension
1,210,446

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Long-term liabilities, including deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

## Bonds payable

$(20,550,000)$
Unamortized bond premium
$(1,588,562)$
Deferred charge on refunding
53,357
Clean Water Fund 2\% Ioan
$(10,676,307)$
$(52,175)$
Notes payable
$(143,911)$
Interest payable on bonds
$(1,251,293)$
Compensated absences
$(16,707,637)$
Net pension liability
Deferred inflows related to pension
$(1,356,118)$
Deferred inflows related to OPEB
$(1,056,087)$
Landfill liability
$(50,000)$

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)
\$ 110,826,358

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

## TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Revenues:
Property taxes
Intergovernmental
Investment income (loss)
Charges for goods and services
Licenses and permits
Rental of town-owned property
Local revenues
Assessments
Other
Total revenues
Expenditures:
Current:
General government
Planning and development
Public safety
Facility management
Culture and recreation
Health and welfare
Fringe benefits and insurances
Education
Capital outlay
Debt service:
Principal payments
Interest and other
Total expenditures
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over
Expenditures
Other Financing Sources (Uses):
Transfers in
Transfers out
Total other financing sources (uses)

Net Change in Fund Balances

Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated
Fund Balances at End of Year

| General Fund | Sewer <br> Use <br> Fund | BOE <br> Programs <br> Fund | Capital <br> Project <br> Fund | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Fund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 87,613,101 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 87,613,101 |
| 20,111,696 | 422,367 | 375,649 | 131,782 | 6,176,602 | 27,218,096 |
| 323,153 | 2,581 | 57,541 |  | 4,163 | 387,438 |
| 782,703 |  |  |  | 2,858,748 | 3,641,451 |
| 1,233,813 |  |  |  |  | 1,233,813 |
| 144,562 |  |  |  |  | 144,562 |
| 179,363 |  |  | 106,495 |  | 285,858 |
|  | 3,049,278 |  |  | 145,265 | 3,194,543 |
|  | 609,387 | 248,126 | 81,024 | 370,152 | 1,308,689 |
| 110,388,391 | 4,083,613 | 681,316 | 319,301 | 9,554,930 | 125,027,551 |


| 2,236,411 |  |  |  | 48,620 | 2,285,031 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 547,117 |  |  |  | 256,668 | 803,785 |
| 4,659,219 |  |  |  | 213,134 | 4,872,353 |
| 3,842,045 | 2,055,812 |  |  | 226,607 | 6,124,464 |
| 2,332,080 |  |  |  | 2,051,683 | 4,383,763 |
| 628,647 |  |  |  | 200,393 | 829,040 |
| 5,101,590 |  |  |  |  | 5,101,590 |
| 81,917,402 |  | 658,704 |  | 5,887,002 | 88,463,108 |
|  |  |  | 7,659,895 | 1,623,905 | 9,283,800 |
| 4,125,000 | 1,040,376 |  |  | 8,527 | 5,173,903 |
| 755,219 | 224,830 |  |  |  | 980,049 |
| 106,144,730 | 3,321,018 | 658,704 | 7,659,895 | 10,516,539 | 128,300,886 |


| 4,243,661 | 762,595 | 22,612 | $(7,340,594)$ | $(961,609)$ | $(3,273,335)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 108,989 | 192,007 |  | 1,415,581 | 1,275,637 | 2,992,214 |
| $(1,773,472)$ | $(578,989)$ |  | $(192,007)$ | $(447,746)$ | $(2,992,214)$ |
| $(1,664,483)$ | $(386,982)$ | - | 1,223,574 | 827,891 | - |
| 2,579,178 | 375,613 | 22,612 | $(6,117,020)$ | $(133,718)$ | $(3,273,335)$ |
| 14,214,935 | 4,562,244 | 716,744 | 5,460,725 | 5,171,672 | 30,126,320 |
| \$ 16,794,113 | 4,937,857 | 739,356 | $(656,295)$ | 5,037,954 | 26,852,985 |

TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

## Capital outlay

Depreciation expense
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property taxes collected after 60 days
Sewer assessment revenue
Loans receivable
Sewer use interest receivable
Deferred outflows related to pension
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

| Premium amortization | 241,692 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Accrued interest | 235,160 |
| Principal payments | $5,173,327$ |
| Pension liability | 2,719 |

OPEB liabilty

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of deferred charge on refunding
Deferred inflows related to pension
Deferred inflows related to OPEB
Change in long-term compensated absences
Other - landfill
The net profit (loss) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

910,515
$(49,336)$

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

| Governmental <br> Activities |
| :---: |
| Health |
| Insurance Fund |

## Assets:

Current assets:

| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,776,872 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accounts receivable, net | 40 |
| Prepaid items | 369,583 |
| Total current assets | $2,146,495$ |

## Liabilities:

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued items
Claims incurred but not reported
Total noncurrent liabilities
6,245
1,883,997

Net Position:
Unrestricted
\$ 256,253

TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES
IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

|  |  | Governmental Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Health Insurance Fund |
| Operating Revenues: |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 13,350,360 |
| Other operating revenue |  | 384,892 |
| Total operating revenues |  | 13,735,252 |
| Operating Expenses: |  |  |
| Claims incurred |  | 13,659,834 |
| Administration and stop loss insurance fees |  | 858,686 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 14,518,520 |
| Change in Net Position |  | $(783,268)$ |
| Net Position at Beginning of Year |  | 1,039,521 |
| Net Position at End of Year | \$ | 256,253 |

[^4]|  | Governmental <br> Activities <br> Health <br> Insurance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: |  |  |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ | 13,735,252 |
| Payments to employees |  | $(13,704,048)$ |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities |  | 31,204 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: |  |  |
| Payments from (to) other funds |  | $(6,351)$ |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents |  | 24,853 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year |  | 1,752,019 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | \$ | 1,776,872 |
| Reconciliation of Operating (Income) Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: |  |  |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | $(783,268)$ |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: |  |  |
| Change in assets and liabilities: |  |  |
| Decrease in accounts receivable |  | 327 |
| (Increase) decrease in prepaid items |  | $(40,583)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable |  | 6,245 |
| Increase (decrease) in claims payable |  | 848,483 |
| Total adjustments |  | 814,472 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | \$ | 31,204 |

[^5]TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

|  |  | Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds |  | Agency Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 1,044,372 |  | 1,179,829 |
| Investments, at fair value: |  |  |  |  |
| Mutual funds |  | 74,871,768 |  |  |
| Private equity funds |  | 3,521,362 |  |  |
| Accounts receivable |  | 78,523 |  |  |
| Total assets |  | 79,516,025 | \$ | 1,179,829 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 7,471 |  |  |
| Due to student groups and others |  |  |  | 1,167,156 |
| Due to other funds |  |  |  | 12,673 |
| Total liabilities |  | 7,471 | \$ | 1,179,829 |
| Net Position Restricted for Pension and Other 79.508554 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

[^6]TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

|  |  | Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Additions: |  |  |
| Contributions: |  |  |
| Employer | \$ | 3,802,690 |
| Plan members |  | 1,024,509 |
| Total contributions |  | 4,827,199 |
| Investment earnings: |  |  |
| Change in fair value of investments |  | 3,192,771 |
| Interest |  | 1,749,746 |
| Total investment gain (loss) |  | 4,942,517 |
| Less investment expenses: |  |  |
| Investment management fees |  | 115,119 |
| Net investment gain (loss) |  | 4,827,398 |
| Total additions |  | 9,654,597 |
| Deductions: |  |  |
| Benefits |  | 4,952,576 |
| Administrative expense |  | 70,016 |
| Total deductions |  | 5,022,592 |
| Net Change in Net Position |  | 4,632,005 |
| Net Position at Beginning of Year |  | 74,876,549 |
| Net Position at End of Year | \$ | 79,508,554 |

[^7]
## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Simsbury, Connecticut (the Town) operates under a charter as revised November 8, 2016, effective December 4, 2017. The Town is governed by an elected Board of Selectmen consisting of a first selectman and five other members, an elected eight-member Board of Education, and an elected six-member Board of Finance.

The Board of Selectmen appoints a Town Manager who shall be the chief executive and the administrative official of the Town and shall serve at the pleasure of the Board of Selectmen. The Town Manager is appointed on the basis of executive and administrative qualifications, character, education, training and experience. The Town Manager devotes full working time to the duties of the office.

The Town Manager is responsible to the Board of Selectmen for carrying out all acts and policies of the Board of Selectmen, and all resolutions and ordinances adopted by the Town. The Town Manager is responsible for the administration of the Town consistent with the policies established by the Board of Selectmen and for carrying out such other duties and responsibilities as set forth in the Charter.

The financial statements include all of the funds of the Town that meet the criteria for inclusion as set forth in Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 61 issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that the reporting entity include the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable, all organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations which by the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units requiring inclusion in these financial statements.

## B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to government units. The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

## Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are allocated as part of the program expense reported for individual functions and activities and are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting but have no measurement focus since they report only assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:
The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Sewer Use Fund is the sewer treatment plant primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources associated with the operations of the sewer treatment plant. The major sources of revenue for this fund is sewer assessments and use charges.

The Board of Education Program Fund accounts for Board of Education programs including district activity for the Kathleen Magowan Revocable Trust, the Farmington Valley Transitional Academy, and other scholarship donations, gifts and distributions of trust income.

The Capital Project Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment. Capital projects of greater than one year's duration have been accounted for in the Capital Project Fund. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds. Other sources include capital grants, current tax revenues and low-interest state loans.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:
The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the Town's self-insurance program for accident and health insurance coverage of Town and Board of Education employees.

The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds are used to account for the activities of the Town's defined benefit plans and the Town and Board of Education for other post employment benefits (e.g., health insurance, life insurance) which accumulate resources for pension benefit and other post employment benefit payments to qualified employees.

The Agency Funds account for monies held by the Town on behalf of students.
Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's proprietary funds are charges to the Town and its employees for medical insurance premiums. Operating expenses for the fund include the cost of claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

## C. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

## D. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

## E. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

## F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

## G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Assets | Years |
| :--- | :---: |
| Infrastructure: |  |
| Roadways |  |
| Roadways - resurfacing |  |
| Bridge culvert | 20 |
| Sanitary sewer interceptors | $30-50$ |
| Walkway and path | $40-50$ |
| Dams and storm water control | $15-30$ |
| Structure | $40-60$ |
| Site lighting | $40-60$ |
| Land and Buildings: | 20 |
| Land |  |
| Buildings | - |
| Improvements | 50 |
| Construction in progress | $10-25$ |
| Vehicles and Equipment: | - |
| Computer equipment |  |
| Contractor's equipment | 5 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 10 |
| Miscellaneous equipment | 20 |
| Vehicles | $5-10$ |

## H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the governmentwide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. The Town also reports advance property tax collections, advance sewer use collections, and deferred inflows for scholarships in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). Advance property tax collections and advance sewer use collections represent taxes and fees inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Scholarship funds are held at a third party for the irrevocable benefit of students. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, property tax interest, sewer assessment and loans receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

## I. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

## J. Net Other Post Employment (OPEB) Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

## K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## L. Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits

Employees are paid by prescribed formula for absence due to vacation or sickness. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

## M. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

## Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

## Restricted Net Position

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town currently has no assets under restriction.

## Unrestricted Net Position

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

## Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

## Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

## Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Simsbury Board of Finance). The Board of Finance is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or reverse the limitation.

## Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the finance director or the Board of Finance which have been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

## Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

## N. Property Taxes

The Town's property tax is levied each June on the assessed value listed on the prior October 1 Grand List for all taxable property located in the Town. Although taxes are levied in June, the legal right to attach property does not exist until July 1. Real and personal property tax bills in excess of $\$ 100$ are due and payable in two installments, on July 1 following the date of the Grand List and on January 1 of the subsequent year. Motor vehicle taxes are payable in one installment on July 1.

Additional property taxes are assessed for motor vehicles registered subsequent to the Grand List date through July 31 and are payable in one installment due January 1.

Taxes not paid within 30 days of the due date are subject to an interest charge of $1.5 \%$ per month. The Town files liens against property if taxes that are due July 1 remain unpaid on the following June 30.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town defines the current period to mean within 60 days after year end. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected in deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The entire receivable is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes collected prior to June 30 that are applicable to the subsequent year's assessment are reflected as advance tax collections in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

## O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Budgetary Information

Budgets for the General Fund, Sewer Use Fund, Residential Rental Properties Fund and Simsbury Farms Fund are authorized annually by the Board of Finance. Annual budgets are not adopted for Special Revenue Funds other than the Sewer Use Fund, Residential Rental Properties Fund and Simsbury Farms Fund.

In accordance with the Town Charter, Chapter 9, Sections 901 through 911, the Town uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the general-purpose financial statements:

No later than the 15th day of March, the Board of Education shall present its budget for the General Fund to the Board of Finance.

No later than the 30th day of March, the Board of Selectmen shall present to the Board of Finance a budget for all departments, offices or agencies of the Town except the Board of Education for the General Fund.

After various public hearings, the Board of Finance recommends the budget, as revised, for adoption at the Annual Town Meeting held on the first Tuesday in May. The Annual Town Meeting may reduce the annual budget or any portion thereof by two-thirds (2/3) vote of the voters in attendance, but shall not increase the annual budget or any portion thereof, as approved, or deemed to have been approved by the Board of Finance.

The Annual Town Meeting is then subject to an automatic referendum by all qualified voters of the Town. This referendum shall be held from 14 to 21 days following the conclusion of the Town Meeting. Any motion at a Town Meeting dealing with a referendum matter which reduces the amount of such referendum matter shall require a two-thirds $(2 / 3)$ vote of those voters in attendance for passage. The Board of Finance, in cooperation with the First Selectman, shall revise the annual budget, or that portion thereof, which has been rejected at the referendum, as the case may be, and present it at a subsequent Town Meeting for discussion and an additional referendum for acceptance. If the budget remains unaccepted after such subsequent meeting and referendum, the budget adopted for the then current fiscal year shall be deemed to be the temporary budget for the forthcoming fiscal year and expenditures may be made on a month-to-month basis in accordance therewith, until such time as the referendum finally adopts a new budget.

Upon request of the Board of Selectmen, during the last six months of the fiscal year, the Board of Finance may, by resolution, transfer any unencumbered appropriation, balance or portion thereof from one department, commission, board or office to another, except for the Board of Education. No transfer shall be made from any appropriation for debt service and other statutory charges.

For management purposes, the Board of Finance is authorized to transfer the legally budgeted amounts between department accounts. In this function, departmental budget accounts serve as the legal level of control for the General Fund. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for the Sewer Use, Residential Rental Properties and Simsbury Farms funds.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except those for capital projects and special revenue funds. Appropriations for these expenditures are continued until completion of applicable projects, which often last more than one fiscal year.

Subject to certain restrictions, additional appropriations may be approved by the Board of Finance upon recommendation of the Board of Selectmen. Summarizations of the amended General Fund budgets approved by the Board of Finance for the "budgetary" general and certain special revenue funds are presented in the required supplementary information. During the year, supplemental budgetary appropriations of $\$ 9,776$, of which $\$ 2,500$ were made from additional revenue and $\$ 7,226$ were made from General Fund unappropriated and unencumbered surplus.

## B. Deficit Fund Equity

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

| Capital Project Fund | \$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Internal Service Fund: |  |
| PPO/HDHP/HMO | 122,695 |

These amounts will be funded through future bonding, intergovernmental grants and general fund transfers.

## 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

## A. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

## Deposits

## Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures, $\$ 16,206,361$ of the Town's bank balance of $\$ 21,210,699$ was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the Town's name

Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk
\$ 14,552,224
1,654,137
\$ 16,206,361

## Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2018, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to $\$ 10,317,140$. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

|  | Standard <br> \& Poor's |
| :--- | :---: |
| State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) | AAAm |
| Morgan Stanley - Money Market |  |

* Not rated


## Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the Town had the following investments:

| Investment Type | Credit Rating | Fair Value |  | Investment Maturities |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less } \\ & \text { Than } 1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1-10 |  | More <br> Than 10 |
| U.S. Government Securities | Aa1 | \$ | 1,495,321 | \$ |  | \$ | 1,495,321 | \$ |  |
| Certificates of deposit* | N/A |  | 4,651,945 |  | 1,741,879 |  | 2,910,066 |  |  |
| Other investments: |  |  |  | \$ | 1,741,879 | \$ | 4,405,387 | \$ | - |
| Mutual funds | N/A |  | 75,754,082 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private Equity Funds | N/A |  | 3,521,362 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total investments |  | \$ | 85,422,710 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Included in FDIC insurance.

## Investment Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value if its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The State of Connecticut STIF Investments are 2a-7 like pools.

## Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy limits its investments to those in conformance with State Statutes governing qualified public depositories.

## Concentration of Credit Risk

Maturities shall be staggered to avoid undue concentration of funds in a specific maturity. At least 10\% of the portfolio shall be invested in overnight instruments or in marketable securities, which can be sold to raise cash in one day's notice.

## Fair Value

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } 30, \\ 2018 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Fair Value Measurements Using |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Level 1 |  | Level 2 |  | Level 3 |  |
| Investments by fair value level: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government Securities | \$ | 1,495,321 | \$ | 1,495,321 | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| Mutual Funds |  | 75,754,082 |  | 75,613,482 |  | 140,600 |  |  |
| Total investments measured at fair value |  | 77,249,403 | \$ | 77,108,803 | \$ | 140,600 | \$ |  |
| Investments measured at net asset value (NAV): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cornerstone Patriot Fund LP |  | 3,521,362 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investments not included above: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certificates of deposit |  | 4,651,945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Investments |  | 85,422,710 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Private equity funds - international are valued as described in the following schedule.
The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table.

|  | Fair Value |  | Unfunded Commitments |  | Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible) | Redemption Notice Period |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cornerstone Patriot Fund LP | \$ | 3,521,362 | \$ | - | Quarterly | 30 days |

## Interest Rate Risk

The Town's investment policy limits its investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Except for CNR and Risk Management Funds, funds of the Town shall be invested in instruments whose maturities do not exceed 270 days at the time of purchase, unless a temporary extension of maturities is approved by the Board of Finance.

The Pension Trust Funds are also authorized to invest in corporate bonds, domestic common stocks and domestic equity real estate. The investments of this fund are held in Trust by a Trustee Bank, which executes investment transactions under the direction of the Pension Plans' investment manager.

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## B. Receivables

Receivables at year end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

|  | General |  | Sewer Use <br> Fund |  | BOE <br> Programs Fund |  | Capital Projects Fund |  | Other <br> Funds |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receivables: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts | \$ | 81,713 | \$ | 9,288 | \$ | 1,351 | \$ | 96,407 | \$ | 420,308 | \$ | 609,067 |
| Property taxes |  | 964,341 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 964,341 |
| Interest receivable |  | 326,902 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 326,902 |
| Special assessments |  |  |  | 15,496 |  |  |  |  |  | 867,964 |  | 883,460 |
| Due from other governments |  |  |  |  |  | 350,738 |  | 116,642 |  | 609,348 |  | 1,076,728 |
| Total Receivables* | \$ | 1,372,956 | \$ | 24,784 | \$ | 352,089 | \$ | 213,049 | \$ | 1,897,620 |  | 3,860,498 |

*Does not include $\$ 6,700$ of sewer interest receivable shown on the government wide financial statements.

## C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

|  |  | Beginning Balance |  | Increases |  | Decreases |  | Ending Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land | \$ | 10,175,191 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 10,175,191 |
| Development rights |  | 11,725,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 11,725,000 |
| Construction in progress |  | 4,345,403 |  | 5,280,849 |  | 3,080,063 |  | 6,546,189 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated |  | 26,245,594 |  | 5,280,849 |  | 3,080,063 |  | 28,446,380 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings and improvements |  | 140,191,544 |  | 4,513,595 |  |  |  | 144,705,139 |
| Land improvements |  | 7,569,637 |  | 14,250 |  |  |  | 7,583,887 |
| Equipment |  | 20,201,838 |  | 1,091,026 |  | 359,421 |  | 20,933,443 |
| Infrastructure |  | 43,960,992 |  | 967,627 |  |  |  | 44,928,619 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated |  | 211,924,011 |  | 6,586,498 |  | 359,421 |  | 218,151,088 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings and improvements |  | 53,127,095 |  | 3,503,810 |  |  |  | 56,630,905 |
| Land improvements |  | 6,104,403 |  | 170,955 |  |  |  | 6,275,358 |
| Equipment |  | 15,187,463 |  | 1,040,245 |  | 359,421 |  | 15,868,287 |
| Infrastructure |  | 30,491,330 |  | 966,030 |  |  |  | 31,457,360 |
| Total accumulated depreciation |  | 104,910,291 |  | 5,681,040 |  | 359,421 |  | 110,231,910 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net |  | 107,013,720 |  | 905,458 |  | - |  | 107,919,178 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$ | 133,259,314 | \$ | 6,186,307 | \$ | 3,080,063 | \$ | 136,365,558 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:
Governmental activities:

| General government | \$ | 306,504 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Education | $2,481,623$ |  |
| Public safety | 124,073 |  |
| Facility management | $2,014,449$ |  |
| Culture and recreation | 703,872 |  |
| Health and welfare | 50,519 |  |

## Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities

## Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2018. The following is a summary of capital projects as of June 30, 2018:

| Project | Project Authorization |  | Spent to Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sewer Extension Projects: |  |  |  |
| Project 2010 \$ | 260,000 | \$ | 162,221 |
| Project 2013 | 272,320 |  | 266,377 |
| Wolcott Pump Station | 1,378,500 |  | 1,008,080 |
| Sewer Main Extensions | 156,000 |  | 56,880 |
| Sewer Main Extensions | 371,000 |  | - |
| Hopmeadow/Center Area Sewer repairs | 135,000 |  | - |
| Sewer Main Extensions/Repairs - Massaco St. | 104,000 |  | 83,593 |
| Hopmeadow/Center Area Sewer Repairs | 100,000 |  | - |
| Oxidation Ditch Dissolved Oxygen Control | 27,000 |  | 16,120 |
| 36 Drake Hill Rd Dike Analysis | 75,000 |  | - |
| Phosphorus Removal Analysis | 150,000 |  | - |
| Hayes Road Pump | 45,000 |  | 20,004 |
| Tariffville Area Sewer | 100,000 |  | - |
| WPC Plan update | 100,000 |  | - |
| Town Projects: |  |  |  |
| Town Security Measures | 77,600 |  | 46,384 |
| Open Space - Betty Hudson Property | 275,000 |  | 243,101 |
| Center Area Charrette Infrastructure | 540,000 |  | 279,884 |
| Senior/Community Center Design | 321,699 |  | 155,489 |
| Town Teledata | 125,000 |  | 122,627 |
| Multi Use Trail Connections/Master Plan Updates | 212,000 |  | 82,118 |
| Bridge Improvements (Design-FY15) | 115,000 |  | 48,319 |
| Technology Infrastructure | 635,395 |  | 495,359 |
| Park Improvements | 508,000 |  | 456,086 |
| Weatogue Planning Route 10 and Code Prep | 57,000 |  | ${ }_{-}^{-}$ |
| Municipal Building Renovations | 50,000 |  | 35,787 |
| Town Hall Site and Safety Improvements | 45,000 |  | 11,120 |
| Portable Generator / Generator Infrastructure | 80,000 |  | 48,317 |
| Project Planning Fund | 28,000 |  | 9,800 |
| Veterans Memorial (STEAP Grant) | 680,495 |  | 412,978 |
| Multi-Use Connections \& Master Plan Updates | 1,160,000 |  | 40,246 |
| SF Golf Course Improvements | 125,000 |  | 92,642 |
| Greenway Improvements | 240,000 |  | 237,475 |
| Open Space Planning Improvements | 540,000 |  | 49,567 |
| Street Lighting Purchase / Lighting Improvements | 937,322 |  | 872,936 |
| Highway Pavement Management | 2,500,000 |  | 2,395,571 |
| Dam Evaluations and Repairs | 220,000 |  | 78,220 |
| Public Works Complex Infrastructure Improvements | 450,000 |  | 184,093 |
| Town Hall Site and Safety Improvements | 385,000 |  | - |
| Plan of Conservation \& Development | 165,000 |  | 86,830 |
| Portable Generator Infrastructure | 175,000 |  | 20,477 |
| Land Use Studies | 92,500 |  | - |
| Storage Building | 65,000 |  | - |

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| SF Rink/Pool Improvements | 950,000 | 897,517 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Park Improvements | 311,000 | 277,153 |
| Street Lighting Purchase / Lighting Improvements | 400,000 |  |
| Iron Horse Blvd Playgournd Renovation | 298,000 | 234,510 |
| Finance Security Upgrades | 150,000 | 74,823 |
| Eno Memorial Hall Renovations | 300,000 | 2,577 |
| Cold Storage Facility | 380,000 | - |
| Town Facilities Master Plan | 400,000 | 8,640 |
| Library Interior/Parking Renovations | 584,500 | 13,040 |
| Library Lower Level Improvements | 906,048 | 83 |
| Zoning Regulation Update | 65,000 |  |
| Bridge Improvements | 805,000 |  |
| Drainage Improvements | 125,000 | 81,904 |
| Education Projects: |  |  |
| Boiler Replacement Squadron Line | 850,000 | 740,125 |
| HJMS Phase 1A | 1,255,000 | 1,168,300 |
| SHS Turf Field/Synthetic Track Maintenance | 910,000 | 862,911 |
| Squadron Line Main Office Project | 1,050,000 | 867,602 |
| District Network Infrastructure | 200,000 | 186,257 |
| Climate Control Phases 1 (FY16) \& 2 (FY17) | 3,100,000 | 2,171,928 |
| Central School Roof Replacement | 770,000 | 620,602 |
| District Network Infrastructure | 450,000 | 409,418 |
| HJMS Renovation - Phase 2 | 1,950,000 | 1,751,859 |
| SHS Tennis Court Replacement | 740,000 | 523,786 |
| Capital Nonrecurring Projects: |  |  |
| Ceiling/Floor Replacement | 195,000 | 144,092 |
| Communications Equipment | 20,000 | 17,848 |
| Computer Software | 34,000 | 34,000 |
| HVAC Modifications | 35,000 | 1,322 |
| Machinery \& Equipment | 121,000 | 105,864 |
| Plumbing Modifications | 66,000 | 49,645 |
| Mowers | 33,000 | 9,900 |
| Police Vehicles | 269,000 | 280,273 |
| Renovations - Exterior | 194,000 | 122,993 |
| Renovations - Interior | 267,000 | 115,047 |
| Road Improvements | 600,974 | 479,038 |
| School Buses | 1,017,000 | 951,293 |
| School Equipment | 36,000 | 36,000 |
| Street Signs | 30,000 | 30,338 |
| Tech \& Program Equipment | 33,000 | 7,227 |
| Trucks | 658,050 | 657,795 |
| Total | \$ 34,637,403 | 22,054,413 |

The commitments are being financed with general obligation bonds, state and federal grants, and general fund transfers.

## D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund |  | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| General Fund |  | BOE Programs Fund |  |
| General Fund | Capital Projects |  | 87,371 |
| BOE Programs Fund | Agency Funds |  |  |

erfund balances are a result of temporary loans to various funds.
Interfund transfers:

|  | General Fund |  | Sewer Use <br> Fund |  | Capital <br> Project <br> Fund |  | Nonmajor Governmental Funds |  | Total Transfers Out |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transfer out: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Fund | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 497,835 | \$ | 1,275,637 | \$ | 1,773,472 |
| Sewer Use Fund |  | 108,989 |  |  |  | 470,000 |  |  |  | 578,989 |
| Capital Project Fund |  |  |  | 192,007 |  |  |  |  |  | 192,007 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds |  |  |  |  |  | 447,746 |  |  |  | 447,746 |
| Total Transfers In | \$ | 108,989 | \$ | 192,007 | \$ | 1,415,581 | \$ | 1,275,637 | \$ | 2,992,214 |

[^8]
## E. Long-Term Debt

## Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

|  |  | Beginning Balance |  | Additions |  | Reductions |  | Ending <br> Balance |  | Due Within One Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds and loans payable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 24,675,000 | \$ |  | \$ | 4,125,000 | \$ | 20,550,000 | \$ | 3,365,000 |
| Premium on bonds issued |  | 1,830,254 |  |  |  | 241,692 |  | 1,588,562 |  |  |
| Loans payable - Clean |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Fund |  | 11,716,683 |  |  |  | 1,040,376 |  | 10,676,307 |  | 1,061,375 |
| Loan payable - State of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut |  | 60,126 |  |  |  | 7,951 |  | 52,175 |  | 8,030 |
| Total bonds and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pension liability |  | 16,710,356 |  |  |  | 2,719 |  | 16,707,637 |  |  |
| OPEB liability |  | 6,871,341 |  |  |  | 910,515 |  | 5,960,826 |  |  |
| Compensated absences |  | 1,309,637 |  | 919,887 |  | 978,231 |  | 1,251,293 |  | 944,209 |
| Landfill closure |  | 55,000 |  |  |  | 5,000 |  | 50,000 |  | 5,000 |
| Total Governmental Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Liabilities | \$ | 63,228,397 | \$ | 919,887 | \$ | 7,311,484 | \$ | 56,836,800 | \$ | 5,383,614 |

Compensated absences and other long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

## General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

|  | Date of Issue | Original Issue | Interest Rate | Maturity <br> Date | Annual Principal |  | Principal utstanding ne 30, 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bonds payable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Bonds | 3/19/2013 | 5,555,000 | 1.50\% | 3/1/2023 | 550,000-560,000 | \$ | 2,755,000 |
| General Bonds | 6/30/2015 | 9,060,000 | 2.00-4.00\% | 7/15/2025 | 635,000-1,595,000 |  | 6,855,000 |
| General Bonds | 6/29/2017 | 10,940,000 | 2.00-5.00\% | 6/15/2027 | 1,215,000-1,220,000 |  | 10,940,000 |
| Total Bonds Payable |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 20,550,000 |

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | \$ | 3,365,000 | \$ | 698,100 | \$ | 4,063,100 |
| 2020 |  | 3,360,000 |  | 581,175 |  | 3,941,175 |
| 2021 |  | 2,890,000 |  | 471,375 |  | 3,361,375 |
| 2022 |  | 2,400,000 |  | 372,800 |  | 2,772,800 |
| 2023 |  | 2,400,000 |  | 278,400 |  | 2,678,400 |
| 2024-2027 |  | 6,135,000 |  | 354,850 |  | 6,489,850 |
|  | \$ | 20,550,000 | \$ | 2,756,700 | \$ | 23,306,700 |

## Clean Water Fund Loan

The Town's Waste Water Treatment Plant \$26,840,083 renovation and expansion capital project was funded by the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund 2\% Loan and Grant program. The loan will be repaid by future sewer user charges.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Clean Water Fund loan are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | \$ | 1,061,375 | \$ | 203,832 | \$ | 1,265,207 |
| 2020 |  | 1,082,798 |  | 182,409 |  | 1,265,207 |
| 2021 |  | 1,104,654 |  | 160,553 |  | 1,265,207 |
| 2022 |  | 1,126,951 |  | 138,256 |  | 1,265,207 |
| 2023 |  | 1,149,698 |  | 115,509 |  | 1,265,207 |
| 2024-2028 |  | 5,150,831 |  | 226,300 |  | 5,377,131 |
|  | \$ | 10,676,307 | \$ | 1,026,859 |  | 11,703,166 |

The Town has a corresponding receivable from participating municipalities for their portion of the Waste Water Treatment Plant renovation and expansion capital project. The total loan receivable at June 30, 2017 was $\$ 3,459,124$. Current year principal payments received by the Town totaled $\$ 337,081$.

## Project Loan

The project loan obligation was issued by the State of Connecticut Department of Housing. The loan proceeds financed the Eno Farmhouse Renovation Project. The original loan balance was $\$ 220,638$ on June 10, 1994, with an interest rate of $1 \%$. The obligation will be paid from future taxation.

Project loan obligations payable to the State of Connecticut mature as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | \$ | 8,030 | \$ | 492 | \$ | 8,522 |
| 2020 |  | 8,111 |  | 411 |  | 8,522 |
| 2021 |  | 8,192 |  | 330 |  | 8,522 |
| 2022 |  | 8,275 |  | 247 |  | 8,522 |
| 2023 |  | 8,358 |  | 164 |  | 8,522 |
| 2024-2028 |  | 11,209 |  | 89 |  | 11,298 |
|  | \$ | 52,175 | \$ | 1,733 | \$ | 53,908 |

## Authorized But Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds (net of projected grants) at June 30, 2018 is $\$ 12,906,597$.

## F. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

|  |  | General Fund |  | Major Special Revenue Funds |  |  |  | Capital <br> Projects <br> Fund | NonmajorGovernmental Funds |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sewer } \\ & \text { Use } \\ & \text { Fund } \end{aligned}$ |  | BOE Programs Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fund balances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonspendable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 25,340 | \$ | 25,340 |
| Prepaid expenditures |  | 61,835 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,514 |  | 65,349 |
| Restricted for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Education trusts |  |  |  |  |  | 33,760 |  |  |  |  |  | 33,760 |
| Facilities management trusts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,101,714 |  | 1,101,714 |
| Health and welfare trusts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46,055 |  | 46,055 |
| Committed to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sewer use |  |  |  | 4,937,857 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,937,857 |
| Sewer assessment |  |  |  |  |  | 705,596 |  |  |  | 1,501,878 |  | 2,207,474 |
| Education |  | 385,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 119,804 |  | 504,804 |
| General government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 413,154 |  | 413,154 |
| Public safety |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 357,799 |  | 357,799 |
| Recreation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 119,221 |  | 119,221 |
| Planning and development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 366,022 |  | 366,022 |
| Health and welfare |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 221,254 |  | 221,254 |
| Facilities management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,437 |  | 12,437 |
| Capital projects |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 750,262 |  | 750,262 |
| Assigned to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property purchases |  | 1,500,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,500,000 |
| Education |  | 389,117 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 389,117 |
| Facilities management |  | 77,939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77,939 |
| Unassigned |  | 14,380,222 |  |  |  |  |  | $(656,295)$ |  | (500) |  | 13,723,427 |
| Total Fund Balances | \$ | 16,794,113 | \$ | 4,937,857 | \$ | 739,356 | \$ | $(656,295)$ | \$ | 5,037,954 | \$ | 26,852,985 |

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2018 contained in the above table in the assigned and committed categories are as follows:

|  | Assigned |  | Committed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Fund | \$ | 467,056 | \$ |  |
| Capital Projects Fund |  |  |  | 18,433 |
| Capital Nonrecurring Fund |  |  |  | 56,039 |
|  | \$ | 467,056 | \$ | 74,472 |

## 4. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

## A. Pension Trust Fund

The Town maintains three single-employer defined benefit pension plans for full-time employees: General Government Plan, Police Plan and Board of Education Plan. The plans are considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and are included in the Town's financial reports as Pension Trust Funds. The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports.

Oversight of the Town's retirement plans rests with the Retirement Plan Sub-Committee, which is comprised of two members of the Board of Selectmen, two members of the Board of Education, two members of the Board of Finance and two members at large. The Sub-Committee is staffed by the Town Treasurer, the Board of Education's Business Manager and the Town Manager. The Town and the Board of Education have appointed a third party to serve as fiduciary investment advisor. Effective 2013, the Town of Simsbury's Charter was amended to place fiduciary responsibility for the investment of pension funds to the Board of Finance.

## Plan Description and Benefits Provided

## General Government Pension Plan

All full-time employees, except police and Board of Education employees, are eligible to participate in the General Government Pension Plan. The Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Annual retirement benefits for normal retirement for plan participants are based on the average monthly compensation during the highest five consecutive years of service out of the last ten years of the participants' active employment. The plan permits early retirement for participants at age 55 with 5 years of credited service. Benefits for early retirement are based on credited service and final average earnings to date of actual retirement reduced by $1 / 3$ of $1 \%$ for each month by which the participant's retirement date precedes his normal retirement date. The participants' annual benefit is $2 \%$ of final average earnings times credited service for union employees, and $21 / 2 \%$ of final average earnings times credited service for unaffiliated employees. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan to the Town.

## Police Pension Plan

All regular full-time employees of the Simsbury Police Department are eligible to participate in the Police Retirement Fund. The Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death benefits under two separate divisions. Division 000 participants are defined as those individuals who entered the plan on or after January 18, 1990, whereas Division 001 participants entered the plan prior to January 18, 1990. Pension benefits for normal retirement under the plan are based on average monthly compensation during the highest five consecutive years out of the last ten years. The participants' annual benefit is $21 / 2 \%$ of final average earnings times credited service for Division 000, and $2 \%$ of final average earnings times credited service for Division 001. The Plan permits early retirement for participants at the earlier of 5 years early with 10 years of service or 20 years of credited service for Division 000, and at five years early with 10 years of credited service for Division 001. Benefits are based on credited service and final average earnings to date of actual retirement actuarially reduced for each month by which the participant's retirement date precedes his normal retirement date. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan to the Town.

## Board of Education Pension Plan

All regular full-time employees of the Board of Education, other than individuals covered by the State Teachers Retirement System or those who participate in the defined contribution plan, are eligible to participate in the Plan. The Plan provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits. Pension benefits for normal retirement under the Plan are based on the average earnings received in the last three July 1's before retirement for the National Association of Government Employees (NAGE); the average earnings received the last three completed years of employment for the Simsbury Federation of Educational Personnel (SFEP), and the highest average earnings received in any three consecutive July 1's during the last ten years before retirement for unaffiliated employees and the Simsbury School Nurses Association (SSNA). The participants' annual benefit shall be equal to $1 \frac{1}{2} \%$ of final average earnings times credited service through July 1, 1996, plus $2 \%$ of final average earnings times credited service after July 1, 1996. The plan permits early retirement for participants eligible five years early with ten years of credited service. Benefits are based on credited service and final average earnings to date and actual retirement reduced by $4 \%$ for each year by which the participant's retirement date precedes his normal retirement date. There is no reduction for NAGE employees after age 62 and 29 years of service or for unaffiliated employees after age 62 and 25 years of service. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan to the Town of Simsbury Board of Education.

At July 1, 2017, plan membership consisted of the following:

|  | General Government Plan | Police Plan | Board of Education Plan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 95 | 32 | 116 |
| Vested terminated employees | 50 | 2 | 88 |
| Active employees | 99 | 36 | 150 |
| Total Participants | 244 | 70 | 354 |

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of Accounting

Pension plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

## Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

## Contributions

## General Government Plan

This plan provides for union employee contributions of $2 \%$ and for unaffiliated $5 \%$ of regular earnings for employees, hired prior to August 12, 2013, and $7 \%$ for unaffiliated hired after that date. The Town is required by its Charter to contribute amounts necessary to fund the plan. Employer contributions to the plan of $\$ 920,889$ were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements. The contribution represents $100 \%$ of the actuarially determined contribution and $12.93 \%$ of covered payroll. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the contribution provisions of the plan to the Town.

Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

## Police Plan

Plan provisions require employee contributions of $6 \%$ of regular earnings for Division 000 and employee contributions of $3 \%$ of regular earnings for Division 001. The Town is required by Charter to contribute amounts necessary to fund the plan. Employer contributions to the plan of $\$ 600,240$ were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements. The contribution represents $100 \%$ of the actuarially determined contribution and $17.65 \%$ of covered payroll. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the contribution provisions of the plan to the Town.

Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

## Board of Education Plan

This plan provides for employee contributions of $4 \%$ to $4.5 \%$ of regular earnings, based on the current individual collective bargaining contract. The Town is required by its Charter to contribute amounts necessary to fund the plan. Employer contributions to the plan of $\$ 1,084,561$ were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements. The contribution represents $100 \%$ of the actuarially determined contribution and $14.24 \%$ of covered payroll. State of Connecticut Statutes assign the authority to establish and amend the contribution provisions of the plan to the Town of Simsbury Board of Education.

Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

## Investments

## Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement Plan Subcommittee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Retirement Plan Subcommittee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2018:

| Asset Class |  | Target |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| U.S. Core Fixed Income |  | $28.00 \%$ |
| U.S. Equity Market |  | 29.50 |
| Foreign Developed Equity |  | 22.50 |
| Hedge FOF Diversified |  | 10.00 |
| Private Real Estate Property |  | 5.00 |
| Commodities | 5.00 |  |
| Total |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was as follows:

| General Government | $6.36 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Police | $6.34 \%$ |
| Board of Education | $6.32 \%$ |

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## Net Pension Liability of the Town

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

|  |  | General Government |  | Police |  | Board of Education |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total pension liability | \$ | 31,124,049 | \$ | 20,242,699 | \$ | 29,435,168 | \$ | 80,801,916 |
| Plan fiduciary net position |  | 24,431,309 |  | 17,126,638 |  | 22,536,332 |  | 64,094,279 |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ | 6,692,740 | \$ | 3,116,061 | \$ | 6,898,836 | \$ | 16,707,637 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total liability |  | 78.50 |  | 84.61 | \% | 76.56 |  | 79.32 \% |

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

|  | General Government | Police | Board of Education |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inflation | 2.75\% | 2.75\% | 2.75\% |
| Salary increases | 3.5\% | 8.25\%, for first 7 years and 3.00\% thereafter | 3.5\% |
| Investment rate of return | 7.0\%, net of pension plan investment expense | 7.0\%, net of pension plan investment expense | 7.0\%, net of pension plan investment expense |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants, and Disabled Annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 - July 1, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class |  | Real Rate <br> of Return |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| U.S. Core Fixed Income |  | $2.65 \%$ |
| U.S. Equity Market |  | 4.86 |
| Foreign Developed Equity |  | 5.79 |
| Hedge FOF Diversified |  | 1.97 |
| Private Real Estate Property |  | 3.85 |
| Commodities | 3.07 |  |

## TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $7.00 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Changes in the Net Pension Liability

## General Government

Balances as of July 1, 2017
Changes for the year:
Service cost
Interest on total pension liability
Effect of plan changes
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses
Benefit payments
Employer contributions
Member contributions
Net investment income
Administrative expenses

Balances as of June 30, 2018
Police
Balances as of July 1, 2017
Changes for the year:
Service cost
Interest on total pension liability
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses
Benefit payments
Employer contributions
Member contributions
Net investment income
Administrative expenses

Balances as of June 30, 2018

| Total Pension Liability <br> (a) $\qquad$ | Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) |  |  | Net Pension Liability <br> (a) - (b) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 29,667,902 | \$ | 23,295,414 | \$ | 6,372,488 |
| 673,731 |  |  |  | 673,731 |
| 2,070,339 |  |  |  | 2,070,339 |
|  |  |  |  | - |
| 269,122 |  |  |  | 269,122 |
| $(1,557,045)$ |  | $(1,557,045)$ |  | - |
|  |  | 920,889 |  | $(920,889)$ |
|  |  | 302,656 |  | $(302,656)$ |
|  |  | 1,491,838 |  | $(1,491,838)$ |
|  |  | $(22,443)$ |  | 22,443 |
| \$ 31,124,049 | \$ | 24,431,309 | \$ | 6,692,740 |


| Total Pension Liability <br> (a) |  | rease (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position <br> (b) |  | Net Pension Liability <br> (a) - (b) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 19,539,296 | \$ | 16,266,199 | \$ | 3,273,097 |
| 530,370 |  |  |  | 530,370 |
| 1,370,121 |  |  |  | 1,370,121 |
| $(186,985)$ |  |  |  | $(186,985)$ |
| $(1,010,103)$ |  | $(1,010,103)$ |  | - |
|  |  | 600,240 |  | $(600,240)$ |
|  |  | 244,113 |  | $(244,113)$ |
|  |  | 1,039,142 |  | $(1,039,142)$ |
|  |  | $(12,953)$ |  | 12,953 |
| \$ 20,242,699 | \$ | 17,126,638 |  | 3,116,061 |

Balances as of July 1, 2017
Changes for the year:
Service cost
Interest on total pension liability
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses
Benefit payments
Employer contributions
Member contributions
Net investment income
Administrative expenses
Balances as of June 30, 2018

|  | Total Pension Liability <br> (a) |  | crease (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position <br> (b) |  | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 28,197,586 | \$ | 21,132,815 | \$ | 7,064,771 |
|  | 742,875 |  |  |  | 742,875 |
|  | 1,980,261 |  |  |  | 1,980,261 |
|  | $(161,126)$ |  |  |  | $(161,126)$ |
|  | $(1,324,428)$ |  | $(1,324,428)$ |  | - |
|  |  |  | 1,084,561 |  | $(1,084,561)$ |
|  |  |  | 304,208 |  | $(304,208)$ |
|  |  |  | 1,364,568 |  | $(1,364,568)$ |
|  |  |  | $(25,392)$ |  | 25,392 |

$\$ \underline{\underline{29,435,168}} \$ \underline{\underline{22,536,332}} \$$

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of $7.00 \%$, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower ( $6.00 \%$ ) or 1 percentage point higher ( $8.00 \%$ ) than the current rate:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1\% Decrease } \\ \text { (6.00\%) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & (7.00 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1\% Increase } \\ \text { (8.00\%) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Government | \$ | 9,910,730 | \$ | 6,692,740 | \$ | 3,802,496 |
| Police |  | 5,629,499 |  | 3,116,061 |  | 1,378,811 |
| Board of Education |  | 10,129,040 |  | 6,898,836 |  | 4,466,228 |
| Total | \$ | 25,669,269 | \$ | 16,707,637 | \$ | 9,647,535 |

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of $\$ 2,942,010$. At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

## General Government

|  | General Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | Deferred Inflows of Resources |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions | \$ | 539,556 | \$ | 103,754 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments |  | 227,780 |  |  |
| Total | \$ | 767,336 | \$ | 103,754 |

Police

|  | Police |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | Deferred Inflows of Resources |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 82,258 | \$ | 916,835 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments |  | 178,139 |  |  |
| Total | \$ | 260,397 | \$ | 916,835 |

## Board of Education

|  | Board of Education |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | Deferred Inflows of Resources |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 15,205 | \$ | 335,529 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments |  | 167,508 |  |  |
| Total | \$ | 182,713 | \$ | 335,529 |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows for each year ending June 30:

|  | General Government |  | Police |  | Board of Education |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | \$ | 423,637 | \$ | 82,472 | \$ | 37,664 |
| 2019 |  | 199,168 |  | $(63,609)$ |  | $(23,557)$ |
| 2020 |  | $(38,492)$ |  | $(268,450)$ |  | $(189,737)$ |
| 2021 |  | 79,269 |  | $(111,453)$ |  | 22,814 |
| 2022 |  |  |  | $(125,814)$ |  |  |
| Thereafter |  |  |  | $(169,584)$ |  |  |
|  | \$ | 663,582 | \$ | $(656,438)$ | \$ | $(152,816)$ |

## B. Teachers Retirement

## Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

## Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

## Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as $2 \%$ of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is $75 \%$ of average annual salary during the three years of highest salary).

## Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

## Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as $2 \%$ of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than $15 \%$ of average annual salary, nor more than $50 \%$ of average annual salary.

## Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

## Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.
The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100\% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

## Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute $6 \%$ of salary for the pension benefit.
Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to $7 \%$ of pensionable salary.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay $100 \%$ of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town

Total

## \$

$$
111,434,579
$$

\$ 111,434,579

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2018, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of $\$ 12,889,726$ in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation
Salary increase
Investment rate of return
2.75\%
3.25-6.50\%, including inflation
$8.00 \%$, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80 , projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increased rates ( $5 \%$ for females and $8 \%$ for males) over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 with Scale BB is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of $3 \%$ and a maximum of $5 \%$ per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of $6 \%$ per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than $8.5 \%$, the maximum increase is $1.5 \%$.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of $5 \%$ per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than $11.5 \%$, the maximum increase is $3 \%$, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than $8.5 \%$, the maximum increase is $1.0 \%$.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Large Cap U.S. equities | 21.0\% | 7.3\% |
| Developed non-U.S. equities | 18.0\% | 7.5\% |
| Emerging markets (non-U.S.) | 9.0\% | 8.6\% |
| Core fixed income | 7.0\% | 1.7\% |
| Inflation linked bond fund | 3.0\% | 1.3\% |
| Emerging market bond | 5.0\% | 4.8\% |
| High yield bonds | 5.0\% | 3.7\% |
| Real estate | 7.0\% | 5.9\% |
| Private equity | 11.0\% | 10.9\% |
| Alternative investments | 8.0\% | 0.7\% |
| Liquidity fund | 6.0\% | 0.4\% |
| Total | 100.0\% |  |

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $8.00 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0-and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

## Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

## C. Post Employment Healthcare Plan - Retiree Health Plan

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Retiree Health Plan (RHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

## Plan Description

The RHP is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town of Simsbury. The RHP provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. All employees of the Town are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees.

The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

Management of the post employment benefits plan is vested with the Town Manager and Director of Finance/Treasurer. Policy oversight is provided by the Board of Finance through active delegated involvement of the Retirement Plan Subcommittee, which consists of eight members. The Board of Finance has engaged the services of an investment consultant to assist in the development and periodic review of the Investment Policy Statement for the Other Post Employment Benefits Trust.

At July 1, 2017, plan membership consisted of the following:

|  | Retiree <br> Health <br> Plan |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 218 |
| Retired members | 27 |
| Spouses of retired members | 717 |
| Active plan members | 962 |
| Total Participants |  |

## Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

## Town Employees

Retired town employees under the age of 65 receiving coverage under CIGNA contribute between $\$ 139$ and $\$ 558$ per month for retiree only coverage and between $\$ 697$ and $\$ 1,116$ per month for retiree and spouse coverage to age 65. Retired town employees under the age of 65 receiving coverage under CIGNA contribute between $\$ 204$ and $\$ 816$ per month for retiree only coverage and between $\$ 1,020$ and $\$ 1,632$ per month for retiree and spouse coverage to age 65 . Eligible Town employees over age 65 have the option of joining the Town's fully-insured Anthem Medicare Supplement Plan. Retirees typically contribute $25 \%$ of the premium (\$124) per month for individual coverage and $100 \%$ of the premium (\$497) for spouse coverage.

## Board of Education Employees

Retired Board of Education employees under 65 or not eligible for Medicare, can receive coverage through the same CIGNA plans available to active employees. Retiree monthly contributions for retiree only plans and retiree and spouse plans are between $\$ 508$ and $\$ 794$ and $\$ 1,017$ and $\$ 1,584$, respectively. Retired BOE employees over 65 and eligible for Medicare Part A and B may participate in the Board's fully insured Anthem Medicare Supplement Plan with a monthly contribution of $\$ 470$.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, plan members contributed $\$ 173,532$ for their share of premium payments. The Town is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the Town in order to prefund benefits.

Employer contributions to the plan of $\$ 1,197,000$ were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements.

## Investments

## Investment Policy

The Investment Policy Statement of the Other Post Employment Benefits Trust outlines the goals and investment objectives for the Trust and is intended to provide guidelines for managing the Trust and to outline specific investment policies that will govern how these goals will be achieved. The Investment Policy Statement is established and may be amended by a majority vote of the members of the Retirement Plan Subcommittee. It is the policy of the Retirement Plan Subcommittee to pursue and investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of asset classes. The Investment Policy Statement discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The current recommended asset allocation outlined in the Investment Policy Statement is weighted toward domestic equities and fixed income, with a slightly lower weight placed on international equities and real estate funds. The Investment Policy Statement was last updated in May 2017.

## Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was $7.52 \%$. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

## Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2018, were as follows:
Total OPEB liability
\$ 21,375,101
Plan fiduciary net position
15,414,275
Net OPEB Liability
$\$ \quad 5,960,826$
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
72.11\%

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Salary increases | $8.25 \%$ for first 7 years and $3.00 \%$ thereafter for |
|  | Police, 3.50\% for all others |
| Investment rate of return | $7.00 \%$, net of OPEB plan investment |
|  | expense, including inflation <br> Healthcare cost trend rates |
|  | $5.28 \%$ for 2017, decreasing $4.40 \%$ per year to <br> over 71 years |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008-July 1, 2012.

## TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.S. Core Fixed income | 22.50 \% | 2.65 |
| U.S. Inflation-Indexed Bonds | 22.50 | 1.81 |
| U.S. Large Caps | 22.50 | 4.57 |
| U.S. Small Caps | 2.50 | 5.81 |
| U.S. Mid Caps | 5.00 | 5.10 |
| Foreign Developed Equity | 15.00 | 5.79 |
| Emerging Markets Equity | 5.00 | 8.12 |
| U.S. REITs | 2.50 | 5.07 |
| Non-U.S. REITS | 2.50 | 6.44 |

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was $7.0 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

## Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

|  |  | Total OPEB Liability (a) |  | crease (Decrease) <br> Plan Fiduciary Net Position <br> (b) |  | Net OPEB Liability <br> (a) - (b) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balances as of July 1, 2017 | \$ | 21,053,462 | \$ | 14,182,121 | \$ | 6,871,341 |
| Changes for the year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost |  | 823,820 |  |  |  | 823,820 |
| Interest on total OPEB liability |  | 1,509,026 |  |  |  | 1,509,026 |
| Effect of plan changes |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses |  | $(949,698)$ |  |  |  | $(949,698)$ |
| Effect of assumptions changes or inputs |  | (509) |  |  |  | (509) |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,061,000)$ |  | $(1,061,000)$ |  |  |
| Employer contributions |  |  |  | 1,197,000 |  | $(1,197,000)$ |
| Member contributions |  |  |  | 173,532 |  | $(173,532)$ |
| Net investment income |  |  |  | 931,850 |  | $(931,850)$ |
| Administrative expenses |  |  |  | $(9,228)$ |  | 9,228 |
| Balances as of June 30, 2018 | \$ | 21,375,101 | \$ | 15,414,275 | \$ | 5,960,826 |

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower ( $6.0 \%$ ) or 1 percentage point higher ( $8.0 \%$ ) than the current discount rate:


## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower ( $4.28 \%$ decreasing to $3.40 \%$ ) or 1 percentage point higher ( $6.28 \%$ decreasing to $5.40 \%$ ) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

\$
\$
3,370,995 \$
Healthcare Cost
Trend Rates
(5.28\% decreasing to $4.40 \%$ )

1\% Increase
(6.28\% decreasing to $5.40 \%$ )

| to $4.40 \%)$ |  | to $5.40 \%$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| $5,960,826 \$$ | $9,128,549$ |  |

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense of $\$ 1,342,573$. At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience
Changes of assumptions
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments

Total

\$ $\quad-\quad \$$

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,


The combining Statement of Net Position and the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds are as follows:

## Combining Statement of Net Position

|  |  | General Government Pension Fund |  | Police Pension Fund |  | Board of Education Pension Fund |  | Other Post <br> Employment <br> Benefit Trust <br> Fund |  | Trust <br> Funds <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 192,032 | \$ | 178,045 | \$ | 196,223 | \$ | 478,072 | \$ | 1,044,372 |
| Investments |  | 24,154,452 |  | 16,979,570 |  | 22,315,434 |  | 14,943,674 |  | 78,393,130 |
| Due from other funds |  | 55,091 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55,091 |
| Accounts receivable |  | 29,734 |  | 24,114 |  | 24,675 |  |  |  | 78,523 |
| Total assets |  | 24,431,309 |  | 17,181,729 |  | 22,536,332 |  | 15,421,746 |  | 79,571,116 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,471 |  | 7,471 |
| Due to other funds |  |  |  | 55,091 |  |  |  |  |  | 55,091 |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | 55,091 |  |  |  | 7,471 |  | 62,562 |
| Net Position of Pension and Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Post Employment Benefits | \$ | 24,431,309 | \$ | 17,126,638 | \$ | 22,536,332 | \$ | 15,414,275 | \$ | 79,508,554 |

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

|  | General <br> Government <br> Pension <br> Fund |  | Police <br> Pension <br> Fund |  | Board of <br> Education <br> Pension <br> Fund | Other Post <br> Employment <br> Benefit Trust <br> Fund | Trust <br> Funds <br> Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## D. Other Post Employment Benefit - Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

## Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

## Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A \& B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to $\$ 110$ per month for a retired member plus an additional $\$ 110$ per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of $\$ 220$ per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least $\$ 220$ per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A \& B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A \& B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits). There are three choices for coverage under the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. The choices and 2017 calendar year premiums charged for each choice are shown in the table below:

- Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions \$92
- Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions and Dental 136
- Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions, Dental, Vision \& Hearing 141

Those participants electing vision, hearing and/or dental are required by the System's funding policy to pay the full cost of coverage for these benefits, and no liability is assumed by the plan for these benefits.

## Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the $\$ 110$ monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

## Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

## Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

## Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

## Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

## Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of credited service

## Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

## Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

## Contributions

## State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

## Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

## Employees

Each member is required to contribute $1.25 \%$ of their annual salary up to $\$ 500,000$. Contributions in excess of $\$ 500,000$ will be credited to the Retiree Health Insurance Plan.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay $100 \%$ of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town

Total


The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2018, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of $\$ 1,329,268$ in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Health care costs trend rate | $7.25 \%$ decreasing to $5.00 \%$ by 2022 |
| Salary increases | $3.25-6.50 \%$, including inflation |
| Investment rate of return | $3.56 \%$, net of OPEB plan investment <br> expense, including inflation |
| Year fund net position will | 2018 |
| be depleted |  |

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increases ( $5 \%$ for females and $8 \%$ for males) over age 80. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 74 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is $100 \%$ invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected $10-$ Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is ( $0.04 \%$ ).

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was $3.56 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to be made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2018 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0-and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

## Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

## 5. OTHER INFORMATION

## A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2018.

The Town's self-insurance program is used to account for health insurance coverage for Town and Board of Education employees. The Town retains the risk of up to a maximum of $\$ 250,000$ per claim. Commercial insurance covers any individual claim in excess of $\$ 10,000$. During 2018, total claims expense of $\$ 13,659,834$ was incurred, which represent claims processed and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported as of June 30, 2018.

The Fund establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported; accordingly, the Fund recorded an additional liability at June 30, 2018 of $\$ 1,883,997$.

Premium payments are reported as interfund services provided and used for the General Fund, and, accordingly, they are treated as operating revenues of the Self-Insurance Fund and operating expenditures of the General Fund.

A schedule of changes in the claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 is presented below:

|  |  | Liability July 1, |  | Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates |  | Claim Payments |  | Liability June 30, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2016-17 | \$ | 935,773 | \$ | 12,472,676 | \$ | 12,372,935 | \$ | 1,035,514 |
| 2017-18 |  | 1,035,514 |  | 13,659,834 |  | 12,811,351 |  | 1,883,997 |

## B. Contingent Liabilities

There are various suits and claims pending against the Town, none of which, individually or in the aggregate, is believed by counsel to be likely to result in judgment or judgments that could materially affect the Town's financial position.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## C. Landfill Postclosure Care Costs

The Simsbury landfill stopped accepting solid waste in 1988. The landfill has been capped and tested by the Department of Environmental Protection prior to October 1, 1993 and, as such, the U.S. EPA adopted regulations 40 CFR, Part 258 (Subtitle D), do not apply. However, the Simsbury landfill is still required to monitor its postclosure functions under an approved plan with the State of Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection.

The landfill closing costs of $\$ 50,000$ reported as a liability in the government-wide financial statements represent an estimate of the postclosure costs to be incurred by the Town over the next 10 fiscal years for mandatory ground water testing based on a study conducted by an independent consultant. It is estimated that the Town will incur a $\$ 5,000$ annual cost over the next 10 fiscal years. This estimate is subject to changes that may result from inflation, technological changes or regulatory changes.

## 6. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS AND RESTATEMENTS

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning net position of the governmental activities as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions and the restatement of the BOE Programs fund as are result of managements adoption of GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, in the current year:

## Government-Wide Financial Statements

|  | Net Position |  | Net OPEB Asset (Liability) |  | Deferred Inflows |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as previously reported June 30, 2017 | \$ | 119,860,096 | \$ | 5,099,131 | \$ | 1,573,406 |
| Restatement of BOE Programs Fund |  | $(380,264)$ |  |  |  | 380,264 |
| Eliminate Net OPEB Asset reported per GASB No. 45 |  | $(5,099,131)$ |  | $(5,099,131)$ |  |  |
| Record Net OPEB Liability per GASB No. 75 |  | $(6,871,341)$ |  | $(6,871,341)$ |  |  |
| Net Position - Balance July 1, 2017, as Restated | \$ | 107,509,360 | \$ | (6,871,341) | \$ | 1,953,670 |

Governmental Funds - BOE Programs Fund

|  |  | Net Position |  | Deferred Inflows |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as previously reported June 30, 2017 | \$ | 1,097,008 | \$ |  |
| Restatement of BOE Programs Fund |  | $(380,264)$ |  | 380,264 |
| Balance July 1, 2017, as Restated | \$ | 716,744 | \$ | 380,264 |

## Required Supplementary Information

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|  | 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) |  | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |  | Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) |  |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property Taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current year taxes | \$ | 85,704,819 | \$ | 86,747,432 | \$ | 86,747,432 | \$ | - | \$ | 85,043,868 |
| Prior year's taxes |  | 401,547 |  | 479,313 |  | 479,313 |  | - |  | 336,406 |
| Interest and lien fees |  | 300,000 |  | 386,356 |  | 386,356 |  | - |  | 258,647 |
| Total property taxes |  | 86,406,366 |  | 87,613,101 |  | 87,613,101 |  | - |  | 85,638,921 |
| Intergovernmental Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State of Connecticut: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office of Policy and Management: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property tax relief: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Car tax reimbursement |  | 1,237,000 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Disabled |  | 1,400 |  | 1,386 |  | 1,386 |  | - |  | 1,266 |
| Property tax relief - elderly |  | 70,248 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 64,492 |
| Additional veterans |  | 5,000 |  | 5,785 |  | 5,785 |  | - |  | 5,884 |
| Department of Education: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Education equalization grant |  | 5,119,367 |  | 5,290,146 |  | 5,290,146 |  | - |  | 6,040,455 |
| Adult education |  | 12,604 |  | 13,154 |  | 13,154 |  | - |  | 13,928 |
| Nonpublic schools - transportation |  |  |  | 15,213 |  | 15,213 |  | - |  | 15,465 |
| Miscellaneous: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State-owned property |  | 83,170 |  | 2,339 |  | 2,339 |  | - |  | 2,555 |
| Telephone access line grant |  | 55,000 |  | 44,656 |  | 44,656 |  | - |  | 55,458 |
| Solid waste |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 2,206 |
| Pequot casino revenue |  | 29,418 |  | 28,478 |  | 28,478 |  | - |  | 28,478 |
| Municipal revenue sharing |  |  |  | 202,098 |  | 202,098 |  | - |  | 887,375 |
| Municipal grant in aid |  |  |  | 77,648 |  | 77,648 |  | - |  |  |
| Library grant |  |  |  | 4,000 |  | 4,000 |  | - |  |  |
| Elderly/Handicapped transportation |  | 6,000 |  | 4,740 |  | 4,740 |  | - |  | 6,686 |
| Other |  | 2,000 |  |  |  | 8,990 |  | 8,990 |  |  |
| Housing Authority in lieu of taxes |  | 20,640 |  | 23,555 |  | 23,555 |  | - |  | 20,640 |
| Board of Education tuition regular |  | 30,000 |  | 50,514 |  | 50,514 |  | - |  | 48,582 |
| PILOT - Westminster School |  | 120,000 |  | 120,000 |  | 120,000 |  | - |  | 120,000 |
| Total intergovernmental revenues |  | 6,791,847 |  | 5,883,712 |  | 5,892,702 |  | 8,990 |  | 7,313,470 |
| Investment income |  | 175,000 |  | 323,153 |  | 323,153 |  | - |  | 45,381 |
| Charges for Goods and Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Central administration miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 11,235 |
| Conveyance tax receipts |  | 360,000 |  | 445,166 |  | 445,166 |  | - |  | 476,026 |
| Town clerk recording fees |  | 140,000 |  | 109,553 |  | 109,553 |  | - |  | 128,535 |
| Town clerk farmland preservation fees |  | 5,500 |  | 2,598 |  | 2,598 |  | - |  | 2,819 |
| Town clerk miscellaneous |  | 60,000 |  | 57,365 |  | 57,365 |  | - |  | 54,377 |
| Tax collector - fire district supplies, etc. |  | 6,500 |  | 6,500 |  | 6,500 |  | - |  | 6,500 |
| Police department - emergency reporting |  | 36,563 |  | 37,318 |  | 37,318 |  | - |  | 36,241 |
| Police department miscellaneous |  | 4,000 |  | 8,142 |  | 8,142 |  | - |  | 4,253 |
| Animal control |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 1,281 |
| Engineering department fees |  | 350 |  | 375 |  | 375 |  | - |  | 328 |
| Facilities management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 1,510 |
| Library fines and fees |  | 44,000 |  | 39,803 |  | 39,803 |  | - |  | 3,419 |
| Library miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |  | 45 |  |  |
| War Memorial pool |  | 2,800 |  | 1,560 |  | 1,560 |  | - |  | 1,464 |
| Board of Education miscellaneous |  | 7,500 |  | 70,906 |  | 70,906 |  | - |  | 37,158 |
| Community gardens |  | 2,500 |  | 2,675 |  | 2,675 |  | - |  | 2,691 |
| Total charges for goods and services |  | 669,713 |  | 781,961 |  | 782,006 |  | 45 |  | 767,837 |

[^9]SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

|  | 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) |  | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |  | Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) |  |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Library fines and fees | \$ | 2,000 | \$ | 2,036 | \$ | 2,037 | \$ | 1 | \$ | 41,510 |
| Land use court fines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 1,750 |
| Court fees |  | 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| False alarms fines |  | 10,000 |  | 6,295 |  | 6,295 |  | - |  | 5,100 |
| Traffic tickets |  | 4,000 |  | 4,035 |  | 4,036 |  | 1 |  | 2,724 |
| Animal control fines |  | 500 |  | 760 |  | 760 |  | - |  | 1,241 |
| Total fines and forfeitures |  | 17,500 |  | 13,126 |  | 13,128 |  | 2 |  | 52,325 |
| Rental of Town-Owned Property: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eno Memorial Hall |  | 1,000 |  | 11,310 |  | 11,310 |  | - |  | 3,610 |
| Education - school rentals |  | 45,000 |  | 48,401 |  | 48,402 |  | 1 |  | 46,242 |
| Simsbury performing arts center |  |  |  | 2,500 |  | 2,500 |  | - |  | 46,242 |
| Library administration |  | 3,000 |  | 2,350 |  | 2,350 |  | - |  | 2,450 |
| World skate |  | 80,000 |  | 80,000 |  | 80,000 |  | - |  | 80,000 |
| Total rental of town-owned property |  | 129,000 |  | 144,561 |  | 144,562 |  | 1 |  | 178,544 |
| Licenses and Permits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sporting licenses |  | 200 |  | 142 |  | 142 |  | - |  | 596 |
| Dog licenses |  | 13,000 |  | 15,436 |  | 15,436 |  | - |  | 14,793 |
| Land use commission |  | 30,000 |  | 24,225 |  | 24,225 |  | - |  | 73,888 |
| Police department fees |  | 8,000 |  | 6,715 |  | 6,715 |  | - |  | 9,985 |
| Building department fees |  | 755,000 |  | 1,187,295 |  | 1,187,295 |  | - |  | 360,457 |
| Total licenses and permits |  | 806,200 |  | 1,233,813 |  | 1,233,813 |  | - |  | 459,719 |
| Other Local Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tax department insufficient funds |  |  |  | 260 |  | 260 |  | - |  |  |
| Sale of property |  |  |  | 28,500 |  | 28,500 |  | - |  |  |
| Town clerk insufficient funds |  |  |  | 100 |  | 100 |  | - |  |  |
| Other revenues |  |  |  | 23 |  |  |  | (23) |  | 320 |
| Central administration miscellaneous |  |  |  | 8,989 |  |  |  | $(8,989)$ |  |  |
| Highway department miscellaneous |  |  |  | 4,424 |  | 4,425 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Building department miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  | 20 |  | 20 |  |  |
| Eno Hall miscellaneous |  |  |  | 225 |  | 225 |  | - |  |  |
| Prior year encumbrances |  |  |  | 45 |  |  |  | (45) |  | 23,168 |
| Insurance refunds |  |  |  | 67,190 |  | 67,190 |  | - |  | 28,832 |
| Board of Education insufficient funds |  |  |  | 40 |  | 40 |  | - |  |  |
| Scrap metal recycling |  |  |  | 67,512 |  | 67,512 |  | - |  |  |
| Total other local revenues |  | - |  | 177,308 |  | 168,272 |  | $(9,036)$ |  | 52,320 |
| Total Revenues |  | 94,995,626 |  | 96,170,735 |  | 96,170,737 |  | 2 |  | 94,508,517 |
| Other Financing Sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Appropriations from fund balance |  | 1,500,000 |  | 334,223 |  |  |  | $(334,223)$ |  |  |
| Transfers from other funds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital projects |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 160,001 |
| Sewer use fund |  | 108,545 |  | 108,989 |  | 108,989 |  | - |  | 104,094 |
| Total other financing sources |  | 1,608,545 |  | 443,212 |  | 108,989 |  | $(334,223)$ |  | 264,095 |
| Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources | \$ | 96,604,171 | \$ | 96,613,947 |  | 96,279,726 | \$ | $(334,221)$ | \$ | 94,772,612 |

Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because:
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers'
Retirement Pension System for Town teachers are not budgeted
12,889,726
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement OPEB System for Town teachers are not budgeted

1,329,268
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2017, cancelled during
the year ended June 30, 2018
$\ldots(1,340)$

Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Exhibit IV

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  |  | Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) |  | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |  | Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) |  |
|  |  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and Recreation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recreation-Administration | \$ | 50,688 | \$ | 58,042 | \$ | 58,042 | \$ | - | \$ | 56,467 |
| Recreation - Memorial Pool |  | 28,692 |  | 28,470 |  | 28,470 |  |  |  | 27,923 |
| Parks \& Open Space - Maintenance |  | 646,019 |  | 670,472 |  | 668,712 |  | 1,760 |  | 648,073 |
| Parks \& Open Space - Memorial Field |  | 28,190 |  | 23,232 |  | 23,232 |  | - |  | 26,403 |
| Parks \& Open Space - Memorial Pool |  | 23,966 |  | 25,036 |  | 25,036 |  | - |  | 30,887 |
| Library - Administration |  | 563,498 |  | 563,742 |  | 563,742 |  | - |  | 556,735 |
| Library - Adult \& Young Adult |  | 526,110 |  | 532,219 |  | 532,219 |  | - |  | 540,078 |
| Library - Building \& Grounds |  | 127,500 |  | 127,359 |  | 127,359 |  | - |  | 145,047 |
| Library - Children Services |  | 331,507 |  | 303,508 |  | 303,508 |  |  |  | 290,670 |
| Total culture and recreation |  | 2,326,170 |  | 2,332,080 |  | 2,330,320 |  | 1,760 |  | 2,322,283 |
| Health and Welfare: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health department |  | 130,262 |  | 130,262 |  | 130,262 |  | - |  | 125,869 |
| Social services administration |  | 206,826 |  | 205,787 |  | 205,787 |  | - |  | 204,478 |
| Elderly services outreach |  | 24,408 |  | 24,187 |  | 24,187 |  | - |  | 24,288 |
| Senior center |  | 145,444 |  | 144,879 |  | 144,879 |  | - |  | 137,612 |
| Transportation |  | 121,217 |  | 123,532 |  | 123,532 |  | - |  | 115,362 |
| Total health and welfare |  | 628,157 |  | 628,647 |  | 628,647 |  | - |  | 607,609 |
| Fringe Benefits and Insurance: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Security |  | 834,000 |  | 855,951 |  | 855,951 |  | - |  | 835,662 |
| Town general liability insurance |  | 497,442 |  | 513,080 |  | 513,080 |  | - |  | 475,422 |
| Employee group insurance |  | 2,505,631 |  | 2,382,756 |  | 2,382,756 |  | - |  | 2,190,155 |
| Unemployment reserve |  | 5,000 |  | 5,924 |  | 5,924 |  | - |  | 6,375 |
| Pensions |  | 1,327,625 |  | 1,343,879 |  | 1,343,879 |  | - |  | 1,363,852 |
| Total fringe benefits and insurance |  | 5,169,698 |  | 5,101,590 |  | 5,101,590 |  | - |  | 4,871,466 |
| Board of Education |  | 67,574,870 |  | 67,546,746 |  | 67,546,746 |  | - |  | 66,865,285 |
| Non-Public Schools Budget: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-public schools |  | 544,266 |  | 534,381 |  | 534,381 |  | - |  | 537,651 |
| Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | 4,125,000 |  | 4,125,000 |  | 4,125,000 |  | - |  | 5,150,000 |
| Interest |  | 786,990 |  | 755,219 |  | 755,219 |  | - |  | 488,175 |
| Operating Transfer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 962,653 |
| Total debt service |  | 4,911,990 |  | 4,880,219 |  | 4,880,219 |  | - |  | 6,600,828 |
| Other Financing Uses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contingency reserve |  | 2,584,501 |  | 2,458,870 |  |  |  | 2,458,870 |  |  |
| Transfer to capital fund |  | 1,369,435 |  | 1,474,435 |  | 1,474,435 |  | - |  |  |
| Transfers to other funds |  | 70,000 |  | 299,037 |  | 299,037 |  | - |  | 1,262,707 |
| Total other financing uses |  | 4,023,936 |  | 4,232,342 |  | 1,773,472 |  | 2,458,870 |  | 1,262,707 |
| Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | \$ | 96,604,171 | \$ | 96,613,947 |  | 94,121,893 | \$ | 2,492,054 | \$ | 94,115,041 |

Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures because:
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers
Retirement Pension System for Town teachers are not budgeted
12,889,726
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement OPEB System for Town teachers are not budgeted

1,329,268
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2017, liquidated
during the year ended June 30, 2018
39,583
$(462,268)$
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV

TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT
SEWER USE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

|  | Sewer Use Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Budget |  |  |  | Actual |  | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |  |
|  | Original |  | Final |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intergovernmental revenues | \$ | 409,927 | \$ | 409,927 | \$ | 409,927 | \$ | - |
| Investment income |  |  |  |  |  | 2,581 |  | 2,581 |
| Charges for goods and services |  | 400,000 |  | 400,000 |  | 580,208 |  | 180,208 |
| Miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  | 1,702 |  | 1,702 |
| Grants |  |  |  |  |  | 12,441 |  | 12,441 |
| Assessment interest and liens |  |  |  |  |  | 27,803 |  | 27,803 |
| Assessments |  | 2,744,045 |  | 2,744,045 |  | 3,049,278 |  | 305,233 |
| Total revenues |  | 3,553,972 |  | 3,553,972 |  | 4,083,940 |  | 529,968 |
| Expenditures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Facility management |  | 2,179,776 |  | 2,179,776 |  | 2,047,145 |  | $(132,631)$ |
| Debt service |  | 1,265,207 |  | 1,265,207 |  | 1,265,207 |  | - |
| Total expenditures |  | 3,444,983 |  | 3,444,983 |  | 3,312,352 |  | $(132,631)$ |
| Excess of Revenues over Expenditures |  | 108,989 |  | 108,989 |  | 771,588 |  | 662,599 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Appropriation of fund balance |  |  |  | 30,794 |  |  |  | $(30,794)$ |
| Transfers from other funds |  |  |  |  |  | 192,008 |  | 192,008 |
| Transfers to other funds |  | $(108,989)$ |  | $(108,989)$ |  | $(578,989)$ |  | $(470,000)$ |
| Net other financing uses |  | $(108,989)$ |  | $(78,195)$ |  | $(386,981)$ |  | $(308,786)$ |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | \$ | - | \$ | 30,794 |  | 384,607 | \$ | 353,813 |
| Fund Balances at Beginning of Year |  |  |  |  |  | 4,553,250 |  |  |
| Fund Balances at End of Year |  |  |  |  | \$ | 4,937,857 |  |  |

TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
GENERAL GOVERNMENT

## LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  | 2014 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total pension liability: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 673,731 | \$ | 668,192 | \$ | 651,746 | \$ | 607,101 | \$ | 605,889 |
| Interest |  | 2,070,339 |  | 1,939,574 |  | 1,864,604 |  | 1,793,949 |  | 1,718,093 |
| Changes of benefit terms |  |  |  | 291,643 |  |  |  | $(16,733)$ |  |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience |  | 269,122 |  | 509,974 |  | $(259,385)$ |  | 99,498 |  | $(1,191)$ |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions |  | (1,557,045) |  | $(1,536,992)$ |  | $(1,296,608)$ |  | $(1,321,430)$ |  | $(1,157,072)$ |
| Net change in total pension liability |  | 1,456,147 |  | 1,872,391 |  | 960,357 |  | 1,162,385 |  | 1,165,719 |
| Total pension liability - beginning |  | 29,667,902 |  | 27,795,511 |  | 26,835,154 |  | 25,672,769 |  | 24,507,050 |
| Total pension liability - ending |  | 31,124,049 |  | 29,667,902 |  | 27,795,511 |  | 26,835,154 |  | 25,672,769 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions - employer |  | 920,889 |  | 877,664 |  | 1,023,393 |  | 1,013,590 |  | 985,741 |
| Contributions - member |  | 302,656 |  | 295,408 |  | 445,994 |  | 223,536 |  | 175,834 |
| Net investment income |  | 1,491,838 |  | 2,563,793 |  | $(20,390)$ |  | 417,241 |  | 2,628,574 |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,557,045)$ |  | $(1,536,992)$ |  | $(1,296,608)$ |  | $(1,321,430)$ |  | $(1,105,875)$ |
| Refunds of member contributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(51,197)$ |
| Administrative expense |  | $(22,443)$ |  | $(34,812)$ |  | $(37,476)$ |  | $(35,251)$ |  | $(32,427)$ |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position |  | 1,135,895 |  | 2,165,061 |  | 114,913 |  | 297,686 |  | 2,600,650 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning |  | 23,295,414 |  | 21,130,353 |  | 21,015,440 |  | 20,717,754 |  | 18,117,104 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending |  | 24,431,309 |  | 23,295,414 |  | 21,130,353 |  | 21,015,440 |  | 20,717,754 |
| Town's Net Pension Liability - Ending | \$ | 6,692,740 | \$ | 6,372,488 | \$ | 6,665,158 | \$ | 5,819,714 | \$ | 4,955,015 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 80.70\% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 7,124,309 | \$ | 6,870,896 | \$ | 6,476,467 | \$ | 6,477,000 | \$ | 6,491,000 |
| Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll |  | 93.94\% |  | 92.75\% |  | 102.91\% |  | 89.85\% |  | 76.34\% |

*Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional years will be added as they become available.

|  |  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  | 2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total pension liability: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 530,370 | \$ | 530,838 | \$ | 484,804 | \$ | 449,735 | \$ | 434,196 |
| Interest |  | 1,370,121 |  | 1,374,437 |  | 1,327,012 |  | 1,261,868 |  | 1,169,501 |
| Changes of benefit terms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 266,580 |  |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience |  | $(186,985)$ |  | $(944,755)$ |  | 132,622 |  | $(91,391)$ |  | 1,025,203 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions |  | $(1,010,103)$ |  | $(1,032,945)$ |  | $(1,054,896)$ |  | $(1,092,847)$ |  | $(1,914,868)$ |
| Net change in total pension liability |  | 703,403 |  | $(72,425)$ |  | 889,542 |  | 793,945 |  | 714,032 |
| Total pension liability - beginning |  | 19,539,296 |  | 19,611,721 |  | 18,722,179 |  | 17,928,234 |  | 17,214,202 |
| Total pension liability - ending |  | 20,242,699 |  | 19,539,296 |  | 19,611,721 |  | 18,722,179 |  | 17,928,234 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions - employer |  | 600,240 |  | 677,434 |  | 727,009 |  | 633,000 |  | 562,763 |
| Contributions - member |  | 244,113 |  | 239,130 |  | 196,550 |  | 190,966 |  | 152,656 |
| Net investment income (loss) |  | 1,039,142 |  | 1,774,219 |  | $(11,573)$ |  | 295,997 |  | 1,966,976 |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,010,103)$ |  | $(1,032,945)$ |  | $(1,054,896)$ |  | $(1,092,847)$ |  | $(946,618)$ |
| Refunds of member contributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(968,250)$ |
| Administrative expense |  | $(12,953)$ |  | $(24,396)$ |  | $(24,051)$ |  | $(33,374)$ |  | $(32,865)$ |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position |  | 860,439 |  | 1,633,442 |  | $(166,961)$ |  | $(6,258)$ |  | 734,662 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning |  | 16,266,199 |  | 14,632,757 |  | 14,799,718 |  | 14,805,976 |  | 14,071,314 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending |  | 17,126,638 |  | 16,266,199 |  | 14,632,757 |  | 14,799,718 |  | 14,805,976 |
| Town's Net Pension Liability - Ending | \$ | 3,116,061 | \$ | 3,273,097 | \$ | 4,978,964 | \$ | 3,922,461 | \$ | 3,122,258 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 3,400,310 | \$ | 3,143,684 | \$ | 2,918,053 | \$ | 2,866,000 | \$ | 2,772,281 |
| Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll |  | 91.64\% |  | 104.12\% |  | 170.63\% |  | 136.86\% |  | 112.24\% |

[^10]TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
BOARD OF EDUCATION
LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

*Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional years will be added as they become available.

|  |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2015 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ | 544,651 | \$ | 586,140 | \$ | 759,126 | \$ | 722,519 | \$ | 714,779 | \$ | 985,089 | \$ | 1,013,590 | \$ | 888,277 | \$ | 877,663 | \$ | 920,889 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution |  | 544,651 |  | 586,140 |  | 759,126 |  | 722,519 |  | 779,972 |  | 985,089 |  | 1,013,590 |  | 1,023,393 |  | 877,664 |  | 920,889 |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | $(65,193)$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | $(135,116)$ | \$ | (1) | \$ | - |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 5,656,359 | \$ | 6,277,067 | \$ | 6,279,542 | \$ | 6,131,794 | \$ | 5,797,979 | \$ | 6,490,784 | \$ | 6,477,448 | \$ | 6,476,467 | \$ | 6,870,896 | \$ | 7,124,309 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll |  | 9.63\% |  | 9.34\% |  | 12.09\% |  | 11.78\% |  | 13.45\% |  | 15.18\% |  | 15.65\% |  | 15.80\% |  | 12.77\% |  | 12.93\% |

## Notes to Schedule:

| Valuation date | July 1,2017 <br> June 30,2018 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Measurement date |  |
| Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported |  |
|  |  |
| Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: |  |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Amortization method | Level percentage of payroll, closed |
| Remaining amortization period | 16 years |
| Amortization growth rate | $3.50 \%$ |
| Asset valuation method | 5 -year non-asymptotic |
| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ |
| Salary increases | $3.50 \%$ |
| Investment rate of return | $7.00 \%$ |
| Retirement age | Rates based on age |
| Turnover | Rates based on service |

RP-2000 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants and Disabled Annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

## PENSION - POLICE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

|  |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ | 381,438 | \$ | 393,136 | \$ | 505,605 | \$ | 497,614 | \$ | 465,641 | \$ | 562,233 | \$ | 632,679 | \$ | 631,023 | \$ | 677,434 | \$ | 600,240 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution |  | 381,438 |  | 393,136 |  | 505,605 |  | 497,614 |  | 508,111 |  | 562,233 |  | 633,000 |  | 727,009 |  | 677,434 |  | 600,240 |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | $(42,470)$ | \$ | - | \$ | (321) | \$ | $(95,986)$ | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 2,533,739 | \$ | 2,598,719 | \$ | 2,643,805 | \$ | 2,615,838 | \$ | 2,362,484 | \$ | 2,772,281 | \$ | 2,866,183 | \$ | 2,918,053 | \$ | 3,143,684 | \$ | 3,400,310 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll |  | 15.05\% |  | 15.13\% |  | 19.12\% |  | 19.02\% |  | 21.51\% |  | 20.28\% |  | 22.09\% |  | 24.91\% |  | 21.55\% |  | 17.65\% |

## Notes to Schedule

| Valuation date | July 1, 2017 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measurement date | June 30, 2018 |

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates.
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Amortization growth rat Asset valuation method Inflation

Level percentage of payroll, closed
16 yea
3.50\%

5 -year non-asymptotic
2.75\%
8.25\% for the first 7 years and $3.00 \%$ thereafter
7.00\%
$20 \%$ per year starting at Normal Retirement Date; 100\% at age 62
RP-2000 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants and Disabled Annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA

## PENSION - BOARD OF EDUCATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Actuarially determined contribution
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
Covered payroll
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

| 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 705,973 | \$ | 706,849 | \$ | 876,860 | \$ | 910,571 | \$ | 1,012,381 | \$ | 1,231,124 | \$ | 1,236,631 | \$ | 1,110,353 | \$ | 1,112,035 | \$ | 1,084,561 |
|  | 706,020 |  | 706,849 |  | 876,860 |  | 1,030,571 |  | 1,104,718 |  | 1,231,124 |  | 1,236,631 |  | 1,288,982 |  | 1,112,035 |  | 1,084,561 |
| \$ | (47) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | $(120,000)$ | \$ | $(92,337)$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | $(178,629)$ | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| \$ | 6,362,430 | \$ | 6,984,577 | \$ | 7,421,437 | \$ | 7,686,831 | \$ | 7,740,314 | \$ | 7,911,823 | \$ | 7,916,465 | \$ | 7,864,597 | \$ | 7,766,728 | \$ | 7,614,963 |
|  | 11.10\% |  | 10.12\% |  | 11.82\% |  | 13.41\% |  | 14.27\% |  | 15.56\% |  | 15.62\% |  | 16.39\% |  | 14.32\% |  | 14.24\% |

## Notes to Schedule:

| Valuation date | July 1, 2017 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Measurement date | June 30, 2018 |

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 , two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Amortization growth rate
Asset valuation method Inflation
Salary increases
Investment rate of return
Retirement age
Turnover
Mortality
Entry age normal
Level percentage of payroll, closed
6 year
3.50\%

5 -year non-asymptotic
2.75\%
3.50\%
7.00\%

Rates based on age
Rates based on service
RP-2000 Mortality for Employees, Healthy Annuitants and Disabled Annuitants with generational projection per Scale AA

|  | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Government Pension Plan | 6.36\% | 12.09\% | (0.10\%) | 1.97\% | 14.35\% |
| Police Pension Plan | 6.34\% | 12.00\% | (0.08\%) | 1.98\% | 14.30\% |
| Board of Education Pension Plan | 6.32\% | 12.07\% | 0.12\% | 1.86\% | 14.02\% |

*Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional years will be added as they become available.

TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT
SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM
LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

|  |  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  | 2016 |  | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Town's proportion of the net pension liability |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town |  | 111,434,579 |  | 117,564,334 |  | 92,706,902 |  | 85,688,952 |
| Total | \$ | 111,434,579 | \$ | 117,564,334 | \$ | 92,706,902 | \$ | 85,688,952 |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ | 34,259,016 | \$ | 33,773,614 | \$ | 32,597,004 | \$ | 32,231,978 |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |  | 55.93\% |  | 52.26\% |  | 59.50\% |  | 61.51\% |

*Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional years will be added as they become available.

## Notes to Schedule:

Changes in benefit terms
Changes of assumptions


#### Abstract

None During 2016, rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.


During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

Entry age
Level percent of salary, closed
20.4 years

4-year smoothed market
$8.50 \%$, net of investment related expense

|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total OPEB liability: |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 823,820 | \$ | 797,888 |
| Interest |  | 1,509,026 |  | 1,424,684 |
| Changes of benefit terms |  |  |  |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience |  | $(949,698)$ |  |  |
| Changes of assumptions |  | (509) |  |  |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,061,000)$ |  | $(1,228,579)$ |
| Net change in total OPEB liability |  | 321,639 |  | 993,993 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning |  | 21,053,462 |  | 20,059,469 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending |  | 21,375,101 |  | 21,053,462 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions - employer |  | 1,197,000 |  | 1,310,930 |
| Contributions - member |  | 173,532 |  | 174,237 |
| Net investment income |  | 931,850 |  | 1,180,640 |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,061,000)$ |  | $(1,228,579)$ |
| Administrative expense |  | $(9,228)$ |  |  |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position |  | 1,232,154 |  | 1,437,228 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning |  | 14,182,121 |  | 12,744,893 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending |  | 15,414,275 |  | 14,182,121 |
| Net OPEB Liability - Ending | \$ | 5,960,826 | \$ | 6,871,341 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability |  | 72.11\% |  | 67.36\% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 45,238,019 | \$ | 45,238,019 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll |  | 13.18\% |  | 15.19\% |

*Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Actuarially determined contribution (1)
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution

Contribution Deficiency (Excess)
Covered payroll \$
Contributions as a percentage of
covered payroll

|  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 1,670,800 | \$ | 1,766,300 | \$ | 1,611,000 | \$ | 1,705,000 | \$ | 1,613,000 | \$ | 1,825,000 | \$ | 1,880,000 | \$ | 1,047,953 | \$ | 1,073,307 | \$ | 1,182,000 |
|  | 1,726,500 |  | 1,894,900 |  | 1,895,100 |  | 1,705,000 |  | 2,393,362 |  | 1,980,158 |  | 4,880,000 |  | 1,195,883 |  | 1,310,930 |  | 1,197,000 |
| \$ | $(55,700)$ |  | $(128,600)$ | \$ | $(284,100)$ | \$ | - | \$ | $(780,362)$ | \$ | $(155,158)$ | \$ | $(3,000,000)$ | \$ | $(147,930)$ | \$ | $(237,623)$ | \$ | $(15,000)$ |
| \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 44,132,000 | \$ | 44,132,000 | \$ | 44,570,517 | \$ | 45,238,019 | \$ | 45,238,019 |
|  | NA |  | NA |  | NA |  | NA |  | NA |  | 4.49\% |  | 11.06\% |  | 2.68\% |  | 2.90\% |  | 2.65\% |

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

## Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: July 1, 2017
Measurement date: June 30, 2018
Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Amortization period
Asset valuation method
Inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates
Salary increases
Investment rate of return
Mortality
Projected Unit Credit
Level percent
18 years
Closed
2.75\%
.75\%
.28-4.40\% over 71 years
$8.25 \%$ for first 7 years and $3.00 \%$ thereafter for Police, $3.5 \%$ for all others
$7.00 \%$, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
RP-2000 Combined Healthy and Disabled Mortality, Male and Female, with generational projection per Scale AA

# TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT <br> SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS <br> OPEB <br> LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS* 

|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Annual money-weighted rate of return, <br> net of investment expense | $7.52 \%$ |  |  |

*Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional years will be added as they become

|  |  |  | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability |  |  | 0.00\% |
| Town's proportionate sha | of the net OPEB liability | \$ |  |
| State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town |  |  | 28,681,978 |
| Total |  | \$ | 28,681,978 |
| Town's covered payroll |  | \$ | 34,259,016 |
| Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll |  |  | 0.00\% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability |  |  | 1.79\% |
| Notes to Schedule |  |  |  |
| Changes in benefit terms Changes of assumptions | None <br> The discount rate was increased from $3.01 \%$ to $3.56 \%$ to reflect the change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate. |  |  |
|  | As a result of the experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015, the payroll growth rate assumption was decreased from $3.75 \%$ to $3.25 \%$ to reflect the decrease in the rate of inflation and the decrease in the rate of real wage increase. Last, the salary growth assumption, the payroll growth rate, the rates of withdrawal, the rates of retirement, the rates of mortality, and the rates of disability incidence were adjusted based upon the experience study's findings and their adoption by the Board. |  |  |
| Actuarial cost method <br> Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Investment rate of return | Entry age |  |  |
|  | Level percent of payroll |  |  |
|  | 30 years, open |  |  |
|  | Market value of assets |  |  |
|  | $4.25 \%$, net of investment related expense includin |  |  |

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
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## Appendix B

## Opinion of Bond Counsel and Tax Status

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## APPENDIX B - OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL AND TAX STATUS

The following information has been prepared by Bond Counsel in connection with this bond issue. Bond Counsel are not passing upon and do not assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the statements made in the Official Statement (other than matters in this Appendix), and they make no representation that they have independently verified the same.

## BOND COUNSEL OPINION

The legal opinion of the firm of Day Pitney LLP of Hartford, Connecticut, Bond Counsel, will be furnished to the successful bidder when the Bonds are delivered, and a copy of the legal opinion will be included in the record of proceedings of the Town authorizing the Bonds. The opinion will be dated and given on and will speak only as of the date of original delivery of the Bonds to the successful bidder.

The opinion of Day Pitney LLP with respect to the Bonds will be substantially in the following form:

## [FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION]

(date of closing)

Town of Simsbury
Simsbury, Connecticut
We have represented the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut as Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance by the Town of $\$ 8,365,000$ General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2019, dated as of June 27, 2019.

We have examined a record of proceedings authorizing the Bonds, and based on our examination, we are of the opinion that the Town of Simsbury is authorized to issue the Bonds; the Town is duly and legally organized; all proper proceedings for the issuance and delivery of the Bonds have been taken; no limitation of indebtedness under the laws of the State of Connecticut has been exceeded in the issuance of the Bonds; the Bonds will be valid and binding general obligations of the Town when certified as provided thereon by a duly authorized official of U.S. Bank National Association; and the Town has the power to levy ad valorem taxes to pay the Bonds against all the taxable property in the Town without limit as to rate or amount except certified forest land taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly people of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts.

It is to be understood that the rights of the holders of the Bonds and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights heretofore or hereafter enacted and to the exercise of judicial discretion.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), establishes certain requirements that must be met in order that interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. The Town officials authorized to issue the Bonds have executed written representations and agreements on behalf of the Town relating to compliance with such provisions of the Code to ensure that the interest on the Bonds will be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. The representations and agreements also provide that the Bonds are designated or deemed designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of the deduction for Federal income tax purposes by financial institutions of a portion of interest expense allocable to tax-exempt obligations.

Based on such representations and agreements and on the record of proceedings authorizing the Bonds, and assuming the accuracy of such representations and compliance with such agreements, it is our opinion that, under existing statutes: (1) interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code; (2) the Bonds are not "private activity bonds" and interest on the Bonds is not treated as a preference item for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax; and (3) the Bonds are "qualified
tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of the deduction for Federal income tax purposes by financial institutions of a portion of interest expense allocable to tax-exempt obligations.

Based on the record of proceedings authorizing the Bonds, it is our opinion that, under existing statutes: (1) interest on the Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates; and (2) interest on the Bonds is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax.

> Very truly yours,

## Day Pitney LLP

## FEDERAL INCOME TAX.

Interest Excluded From Gross Income. The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") establishes certain requirements that must be met in order that interest on the Bonds is excluded from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. Some of these requirements must be continuously met subsequent to delivery of the Bonds. Failure to comply with any of these requirements may cause the interest on the Bonds to be includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of their issuance irrespective of the date on which such noncompliance occurs.

The Town officials authorized to issue the Bonds will enter into a Tax Compliance Agreement in connection with the delivery of the Bonds, which will contain certain representations and covenants on behalf of the Town relating to compliance with such requirements of the Code to ensure that the interest on the Bonds will be excluded from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes.

Alternative Minimum Tax. The Code imposes an alternative minimum tax on individuals. The alternative minimum tax is imposed on alternative minimum taxable income, which includes preference items. The interest on certain tax-exempt "private activity bonds" is treated as a preference item. The Town's Tax Compliance Agreement will contain certain representations and covenants to ensure that the Bonds are not "private activity bonds" so that interest on the Bonds will not be treated as a preference item for individuals.

Financial Institutions. The Code provides that commercial banks, thrift institutions and certain other financial institutions may not deduct the portion of their interest expense allocable to tax-exempt obligations acquired after August 7, 1986, other than "qualified tax-exempt obligations". The Town's Tax Compliance Agreement will contain certain representations and covenants to ensure that the Bonds will be "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of the deduction for federal income tax purposes by financial institutions of a portion of interest expense allocable to tax-exempt obligations.

Additional Federal Income Tax Matters. In addition to the matters addressed above, prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including without limitation, taxpayers otherwise eligible for the earned income credit, recipients of Social Security and certain Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers that may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations, financial institutions, certain insurance companies, certain $S$ corporations and foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds may also wish to consult with their tax advisors with respect to the need to furnish certain taxpayer information in order to avoid backup withholding.

## STATE OF CONNECTICUT TAX ON INTEREST.

The opinion of Bond Counsel will state in substance that, based on the record of proceedings authorizing the Bonds, under existing statutes: (1) interest on the Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts, and estates; and (2) interest on the Bonds is excluded from
amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax.

Interest on the Bonds is included in gross income for purposes of the Connecticut corporation business tax.
Owners of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors with respect to other applicable state and local tax consequences of ownership of the Bonds and the disposition thereof, including the extent to which gains and losses from the sale or exchange of the Bonds held as capital assets reduce and increase, respectively, amounts taken into account in computing the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and may affect the net Connecticut minimum tax on such taxpayers who are also required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax.

## ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT.

The initial public offering price of certain of the Bonds may be less than the amount payable on the Bonds at maturity. The excess of the amount payable at maturity over the initial public offering price at which a substantial amount of such Bonds are sold constitutes original issue discount. Any prices set forth on the cover page of the Official Statement may or may not reflect the prices at which a substantial amount of the Bonds were ultimately sold to the public.

The discussion in this paragraph applies to those Bonds having original issue discount. Under Section 1288 of the Code, the amount of original issue discount treated as having accrued with respect to any such bond during each day it is owned by a taxpayer is added to the cost basis of such owner for purposes of determining gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition of such bond by such owner. Accrued original issue discount on a bond is excluded from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. Accrued original issue discount on a bond is also excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax. Original issue discount on any bond is treated as accruing on the basis of economic accrual for such purposes, computed by a constant semiannual compounding method using the yield to maturity on such bond. The original issue discount attributable to any bond for any particular semiannual period is equal to the excess of the product of (i) one-half of the yield to maturity of such bond and (ii) the amount which would be the adjusted basis of the bond at the beginning of such semiannual period if held by the original owner and purchased by such owner at the initial public offering price, over the interest payable on such bond during such period. The amount so treated as accruing during each semiannual period is apportioned in equal amounts among the days in that period to determine the amount of original issue discount accruing for such purposes during each such day. Owners of Bonds having original issue discount, and especially any owner who is not an original owner of a bond who bought the bond at its initial public offering price, should consult their tax advisors with respect to the federal and state income tax consequences of the disposition of such bonds.

## ORIGINAL ISSUE PREMIUM.

The initial public offering price of certain of the Bonds may be greater than the amount payable on the Bonds at maturity. The excess of the initial public offering price at which a substantial amount of such Bonds are sold over the amount payable thereon at maturity constitutes original issue premium. Any prices set forth on the cover page of the Official Statement may or may not reflect the prices at which a substantial amount of the Bonds were ultimately sold to the public.

The discussion in this paragraph applies to those Bonds having original issue premium. Under Sections 1016 and 171 of the Code, the amount of original issue premium treated as having amortized with respect to any bond during each day it is owned by a taxpayer is subtracted from the cost basis of such owner for purposes of determining gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition of such bond by such owner. Original issue premium on any bond is treated as amortizing on the basis of the taxpayer's yield to maturity on such bond using the taxpayer's cost basis and a constant semiannual compounding method. As a consequence of the resulting cost basis reduction, under certain circumstances an owner of a bond acquired with original issue premium may realize a taxable gain upon disposition thereof even though it is sold or redeemed for an amount equal to or less than such owner's original cost of acquiring the bond. Amortized original issue premium on a bond is not allowed as a deduction from gross income for federal
income tax purposes. Amortized original issue premium on a bond also does not reduce Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and does not reduce amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax. Owners of the Bonds having original issue premium, and especially any owner who is not an original owner of a bond who bought the bond at its initial public offering price, should consult their tax advisors with respect to the federal and state income tax consequences of the disposition of such bonds.

## GENERAL.

The opinion of Bond Counsel is rendered as of its date and Bond Counsel assumes no obligation to update or supplement its opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may come to its attention, or any changes in law or the interpretation thereof that may occur after the date of its opinion. Legislation affecting municipal bonds is regularly under consideration by the United States Congress. No assurance can be given that pending federal legislation, if any, or federal legislation enacted or proposed after the date of issuance of the Bonds will not have an effect on the federal tax status or the market price of the Bonds or will not change the effect of other federal tax law consequences, including those discussed above, of owning and disposing of the Bonds, and Bond Counsel expresses no opinion thereon. No assurance can be given that future legislation or amendments to the income tax law of the State of Connecticut, if enacted into law, will not contain provisions that could, directly or indirectly, reduce the benefit of the exclusion of the interest on the Bonds or any gain made on the sale or exchange thereof from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and Bond Counsel expresses no opinion thereon. Prospective owners of the Bonds are advised to consult their tax advisors regarding the potential tax consequences of proposed federal or State of Connecticut tax legislation, if any, affecting municipal bonds.

The discussion above does not purport to address all aspects of federal, state, or local taxation that may be relevant to a particular owner of the Bonds. Prospective owners of the Bonds, particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their tax advisors regarding the federal, state, and local tax consequences of owning and disposing of the Bonds, including any tax consequences arising under the laws of any other state or other taxing jurisdiction.

## [Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

## Appendix C

## Form of Continuing Disclosure Agreement

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## APPENDIX C - FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT FOR BONDS

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Town will agree, pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement for Bonds to be executed by the Town substantially in the following form, to provide, or cause to be provided, (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, notice of the occurrence of certain events with respect to the Bonds and (iii) timely notice of a failure by the Town to provide the required annual financial information on or before the date specified in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for Bonds.

## Continuing Disclosure Agreement for Bonds

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement for Bonds ("Agreement") is made as of June 27, 2019 by the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut (the "Issuer") acting by its undersigned officers, duly authorized, in connection with the issuance of $\$ 8,365,000$ General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2019, dated as of June 27, 2019 (the "Bonds"), for the benefit of the beneficial owners from time to time of the Bonds.

Section 1. Definitions. For purposes of this Agreement, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:
"Final Official Statement" means the official statement of the Issuer dated June 18, 2019 prepared in connection with the Bonds.
"MSRB" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board established under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor thereto.
"Repository" means the MSRB or any other information repository established pursuant to the Rule as amended from time to time.
"Rule" means Rule 15c2-12 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the date of this Agreement.
"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States, or any successor thereto.

## Section 2. Annual Financial Information.

(a) The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided to each Repository, in accordance with the provisions of the Rule and of this Agreement, annual financial information and operating data (commencing with information and data for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019) as follows:
(i) Financial statements of the Issuer's general fund and, any special revenue, capital projects, permanent enterprise, internal service and trust or agency funds, for the prior fiscal year which statements shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or mandated state statutory principles as in effect from time to time. As of the date of this Agreement, the Issuer prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The financial statements will be audited.
(ii) The following financial information and operating data to the extent not included in the financial statements described in (i) above:
(B) listing of the ten largest taxpayers on the applicable grand list, together with each such taxpayer's taxable valuation thereon,
(C) percentage of the annual property tax levy uncollected as of the close of the fiscal year,
(D) schedule of annual debt service on outstanding long-term bonded indebtedness as of the close of the fiscal year,
(E) calculation of total direct debt, and total net debt as of the close of the fiscal year,
(F) total net direct debt and total net debt of the Issuer per capita,
(G) ratios of the total direct debt and total net debt of the Issuer to the Issuer's net taxable grand list,
(H) statement of statutory debt limitation as of the close of the fiscal year, and
funding status of the pension benefit obligation.
(b) The financial information and operating data described above will be provided on or before the date eight months after the close of the fiscal year for which such information is being provided (the "Filing Due Date"). The Issuer's fiscal year currently ends on June 30. The Issuer reserves the right to provide unaudited financial statements if audited financial statements are not available as of the Filing Due Date, provided that the Issuer shall promptly provide audited financial statements when available.
(c) Annual financial information and operating data may be provided in whole or in part by crossreference to other documents available to the public on the MSRB's Internet Web site referenced in the Rule as amended from time to time or filed with the SEC. All or a portion of the financial information and operating data may be provided in the form of a comprehensive annual financial report.
(d) The Issuer reserves the right (i) to provide financial statements which are not audited if no longer required by law, (ii) to modify from time to time the format of the presentation of such information or data, and (iii) to modify the accounting principles it follows to the extent required by law, by changes in generally accepted accounting principles, or by changes in accounting principles adopted by the Issuer; provided that the Issuer agrees that any such modification will be done in a manner consistent with the Rule.

## Section 3. Notice of Certain Events.

The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided, in a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, to each Repository notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds:
(a) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
(b) non-payment related defaults, if material;
(c) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
(d) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
(e) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
(f) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
(g) modifications to rights of holders of the Bonds, if material;
(h) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
(i) Bond defeasances;
(j) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material;
(k) rating changes;
(1) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Issuer;
(m) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Issuer or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
(n) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
(o) incurrence of a financial obligation of the Issuer, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation, any of which affect security holders, if material; and
(p) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the Issuer, any of which reflect financial difficulties. Events (d) and (e). The Issuer does not undertake to provide any notice with respect to credit enhancement added after the primary offering of the Bonds, unless the Issuer applies for or participates in obtaining the enhancement.

Events (d) and (e). The Issuer does not undertake to provide any notice with respect to credit enhancement added after the primary offering of the Bonds, unless the Issuer applies for or participates in obtaining the enhancement.

Event $(f)$. Event (f) is relevant only to the extent interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Event (h). The Issuer does not undertake to provide the above-described event notice of a mandatory scheduled redemption, not otherwise contingent upon the occurrence of an event, if (A) the terms, dates and amounts of redemption are set forth in detail in the Final Official Statement, (B) the sole matter to be determined is which of the Bonds will be redeemed in the case of a partial redemption, (C) notice of redemption is given to the holders of the Bonds to be redeemed as required under the terms of the Bonds, and (D) public notice of redemption is given pursuant to Exchange Act Release No. 23856 of the SEC, even if the originally scheduled amounts are reduced due to prior optional redemptions or Bond purchases.

Events ( $o$ ) and ( $p$ ). The term "financial obligation" is defined as a (i) debt obligation, (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with or pledged as security or a source of payment for an existing or planned debt obligation, or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term financial obligation does not include municipal securities for which a final official statement has been filed with MSRB pursuant to the Rule.

## Section 4. Notice of Failure to Provide Annual Financial Information.

The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided, in a timely manner, to each Repository notice of any failure by the Issuer to provide annual financial information as set forth in Section 2(a) hereof on or before the date set forth in Section 2(b) hereof.

## Section 5. Use of Agents.

Annual financial information and operating data and notices to be provided pursuant to this Agreement may be provided by the Issuer or by any agents which may be employed by the Issuer for such purpose from time to time.

## Section 6. Termination.

The obligations of the Issuer under this Agreement shall terminate upon the earlier of (i) payment or legal defeasance, at maturity or otherwise, of all of the Bonds, or (ii) such time as the Issuer ceases to be an obligated person with respect to the Bonds within the meaning of the Rule.

## Section 7. Enforcement.

The Issuer acknowledges that the undertakings set forth in this Agreement are intended to be for the benefit of, and enforceable by, the beneficial owners from time to time of the Bonds. In the event the Issuer shall fail to perform its duties hereunder, the Issuer shall have the option to cure such failure within a reasonable time (but not exceeding 30 days with respect to the undertakings set forth in Section 2 of this Agreement or five business days with respect to the undertakings set forth in Sections 3 and 4 of this Agreement) from the time the Issuer's Finance Director/Treasurer, or a successor, receives written notice from any beneficial owner of the Bonds of such failure. The present address of the Finance Director/Treasurer is Town Hall, 933 Hopmeadow Street, P.O. Box 495, Simsbury, Connecticut 06070.

In the event the Issuer does not cure such failure within the time specified above, the beneficial owner of any Bonds shall be entitled only to the remedy of specific performance. The parties expressly acknowledge and agree that no monetary damages shall arise or be payable hereunder nor shall any failure to comply with this Agreement constitute an event of default with respect to the Bonds.

## Section 8. Miscellaneous.

(a) All documents provided by the Issuer to a Repository pursuant to the Issuer's undertakings set forth in Sections 2, 3 and 4 of this Agreement shall be in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time and shall be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time.
(b) The Issuer shall have no obligation to provide any information, data or notices other than as set forth in this Agreement; provided, however, nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as prohibiting the Issuer from providing such additional information, data or notices from time to time as it deems appropriate in connection with the Bonds. If the Issuer elects to provide any such additional information, data or notices, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Agreement to update or continue to provide further additional information, data or notices of the type so provided.
(c) This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Connecticut.
(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Issuer may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, if such amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change of circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature or status of the Issuer, and is supported by an opinion of counsel expert in federal securities laws, to the effect that (i) such amendment or waiver would not materially adversely affect the beneficial owners of the Bonds, and (ii) the provisions of the Agreement as so amended or waived would have complied with the requirements of the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule as well as any changes in circumstances, in each case as of the date of such amendment to the Agreement or waiver. A copy of any such amendment or waiver will be filed in a timely manner with each Repository. The annual financial information provided on the first date following adoption of any such amendment will explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating or financial information provided.
(e) This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same instrument.

## TOWN OF SIMSBURY

By
Eric Wellman
First Selectman

By
Maria E. Capriola
Town Manager

By
Amy Meriwether
Director of Finance/Treasurer
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## Appendix D

Notice of Sale
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## NOTICE OF SALE <br> \$8,365,000 <br> Town of Simsbury, Connecticut <br> General Obligation Bonds <br> (BOOK-ENTRY)

ELECTRONIC BIDS via Grant Street Group's MuniAuction website ("MuniAuction") accessible at "www.grantstreet.com" will be received by the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut between 11:15 A.M. and 11:30 A.M. Eastern Time (but not later than 11:30 A.M., unless extended as described under "Electronic Proposals Bidding Procedure" "Two Minute Rule" below)

## JUNE 18, 2019

for the purchase, when issued, at not less than par and accrued interest from the date of the Bonds to the date of delivery, of the whole of
\$8,365,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2019
Payable annually on June 15 as follows:
$\$ 775,000$ in 2020
$\$ 815,000$ in 2021
$\$ 825,000$ in 2022
\$850,000 in 2023 through 2029
The Bonds will be dated June 27, 2019, with interest payable on December 15, 2019 and thereafter semiannually on each June 15th and December 15th.

The Town will designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of the deduction for Federal income tax purposes by financial institutions of a portion of interest expense allocable to tax-exempt obligations.

The Bonds will be general obligations of the Town payable from ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property in the Town without limitation as to rate or amount except classified property such as certified forest land taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts.

DTC Book Entry. The Bonds will be issued by means of a book-entry system with no physical distribution of bond certificates made to the public. The Bonds will be issued in registered form and one bond certificate for each maturity will be issued to The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, registered in the name of its nominee, Cede \& Co., and immobilized in its custody. A book-entry system will be employed, evidencing ownership of the Bonds in principal amounts of $\$ 5,000$ or any integral multiple thereof, with transfers of ownership effected on the records of DTC and its Participants pursuant to rules and procedures adopted by DTC and its Participants. The purchaser, as a condition to delivery of the Bonds, will be required to deposit the bond certificates with DTC, registered in the name of Cede \& Co. Principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the Town or its agent to DTC or its nominee as registered owner of the Bonds. Principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest payments by DTC to Participants of DTC will be the responsibility of DTC; principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest payments to Beneficial Owners by Participants of DTC will be the responsibility of such Participants and other nominees of Beneficial Owners. The Town will not be responsible or liable for payments by DTC to its Participants or by DTC Participants or Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing the records maintained by DTC, its Participants or persons acting through such Participants.

In the event that (a) DTC determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the Bonds and the Town fails to identify another qualified securities depository to replace DTC, or (b) the Town determines to discontinue the bookentry system of evidence and transfer of ownership of the Bonds, the Town will authenticate and deliver replacement Bonds in the form of fully registered certificates. Any such replacement Bonds will provide that interest will be
payable by check mailed by the Paying Agent to the registered owner whose name appears on the registration books of the Town as of the close of business on the record date preceding each interest payment date. The record dates will be the last business day of November and May.

Redemption. The Bonds maturing on or before June 15, 2026 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing June 15, 2027 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Town, on or after June 15, 2026, at any time, either in whole or in part, in such amounts and in such order of maturity (but by lot within a maturity) as the Town may determine, following notice mailed by first class mail at least 30 days prior to the redemption date to the registered owners of the Bonds to be redeemed, at the following redemption price, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount, plus accrued interest to the date set for redemption:

Period During Which Redeemed<br>June 15, 2026 and thereafter

$$
\frac{\text { Redemption Prices }}{100 \%}
$$

Proposals. Each proposal must specify the amount bid for the Bonds (which shall be the aggregate par value of the Bonds, and, at the option of the bidder, a premium, which shall not be in excess of $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 6 3 5 , 0 0 0}$ ), and must specify in a multiple of one-twentieth or one eighth of one percent the rate or rates of interest per annum which the Bonds are to bear, but shall not specify (a) more than one interest rate for any Bonds having a like maturity, or (b) any interest rate for any Bonds which exceeds the interest rate specified in such proposal for any other Bonds by more than three (3\%) percentage points. In addition to the amount bid for the Bonds, the purchaser must pay an amount equal to the interest on the Bonds accrued to the date of delivery. For the purpose of the bidding process, the time as maintained on MuniAuction shall constitute the official time. For information purposes only, bidders are requested to state in their bids the true interest cost to the Town, as described under "Basis of Award" below, represented by the rate or rates of interest and the bid price specified in their respective bids.

## Electronic Proposals Bidding Procedure.

Registration: To bid, bidders must first visit the MuniAuction website at www.grantstreet.com where, if they have never registered with either MuniAuction or any municipal debt auction website powered by Grant Street Group, they can register and request admission to the Town's auction. Only FINRA registered broker dealers and dealer banks with DTC clearing arrangements will be eligible to bid. Bidders who have previously registered with MuniAuction may call auction support at (412) 391-5555 to confirm their ID or password. The use of MuniAuction shall be at the bidder's risk, and the Town shall have no liability with respect thereto.

Submission of Bids: All bids must be unconditional and submitted on the MuniAuction website. No other provider of electronic bidding services, and no other means of delivery (i.e., telephone, telefax, physical delivery, etc.) will be accepted. Bidders may change and submit bids as many times as they wish during the auction; provided, however, that each bid submitted subsequent to a bidder's initial bid must result in a lower true interest cost ("TIC"), when compared to the immediately preceding bid of such bidder. The last bid submitted by a bidder before the end of the auction will be compared to all other final bids submitted by others to determine the winning bidder. During the bidding, no bidder will see any other bidder's bid but each bidder will be able to see its ranking (i.e., "Leader", "Cover", "3rd", etc.).

Two Minute Rule: If any bid becomes a leading bid two (2) minutes prior to the end of the auction, then the auction will be automatically extended by two (2) minutes from the time such new leading bid was received by MuniAuction. The auction end time will continue to be extended, indefinitely, until a single leading bid remains the leading bid for at least two (2) minutes.

Rules of MuniAuction: The "Rules of MuniAuction" can be viewed on the MuniAuction website at "www.grantstreet.com" and are incorporated by reference in this Notice of Sale. Bidders must comply with the Rules of MuniAuction in addition to the requirements of this Notice of Sale. In the event the Rules of MuniAuction conflict with this Notice of Sale, this Notice of Sale shall prevail.

Once an electronic bid made through the facilities of MuniAuction is communicated to the Town, it shall constitute an irrevocable offer, in response to this Notice of Sale, and shall be binding upon the bidder. By submitting a bid for the Bonds via MuniAuction, the bidder represents and warrants to the Town that such bidder's bid for the purchase of
the Bonds is submitted for and on behalf of such prospective bidder by an officer or agent who is duly authorized to bind the prospective bidder by an irrevocable offer and that acceptance of such bid by the Town will bind the bidder by a legal, valid and enforceable contract, for the purchase of the Bonds on the terms described in this Notice of Sale. The Town shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of the facilities of MuniAuction, the use of such facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder.

## All electronic bids shall be deemed to incorporate the provisions of this Notice of Sale.

Disclaimer - Each MuniAuction prospective electronic bidder shall be solely responsible to make necessary arrangements to access MuniAuction for the purposes of submitting its bid in a timely manner and in compliance with the requirements of this Notice of Sale. Neither the Town nor MuniAuction shall have any duty or obligation to undertake such arrangements to bid for any prospective bidder or to provide or assure such access to any prospective bidder, and neither the Town nor MuniAuction shall be responsible for a bidder's failure to make a bid or for proper operation of, or have any liability for any delays or interruptions of, or any damages caused by, MuniAuction. The Town is using MuniAuction as a communication mechanism, and not as the Town's agent, to conduct the electronic bidding for the Bonds. The Town is not bound by any advice and determination of MuniAuction to the effect that any particular bid complies with the terms of this Notice of Sale and in particular the bid requirements herein set forth. All costs and expenses incurred by prospective bidders in connection with their subscription to, arrangements with and submission of bids via MuniAuction are the sole responsibility of the bidders; and the Town is not responsible, directly or indirectly, for any such costs or expenses. If a prospective bidder encounters any difficulty in arranging to bid or submitting, modifying or withdrawing a bid for the Bonds, the prospective bidder should contact Ms. Courtney Santo or Mr. John Carver, Auction Administrator at Grant Street Group, Inc. at telephone: (412) 391-5555, or e-mail address: auctionsupport@grantstreet.com. If any provision of this Notice of Sale shall conflict with information provided by MuniAuction, this Notice of Sale shall control.

Basis of Award. As between proposals which comply with this Notice of Sale, the Bonds will be sold to the responsible bidder offering to purchase the Bonds at the lowest true interest cost to the Town. For the purpose of determining the successful bidder, the true interest cost to the Town will be the annual interest rate, compounded semiannually, which, when used to discount all payments of principal and interest payable on the Bonds to June 27, 2019, the date of the Bonds, results in an amount equal to the purchase price for the Bonds, excluding interest accrued to the date of delivery. If there is more than one responsible bidder making said offer at the same lowest true interest cost, the Bonds will be sold to the responsible bidder whose proposal is selected by the Town by lot from among all such proposals. It is requested that each proposal be accompanied by a statement of the percentage of true interest cost completed to four decimal places. Such statement shall not be considered as part of the proposal.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals and to reject any proposal not complying with this Notice of Sale and to waive any irregularity or informality with respect to any proposal.

The Town further reserves the right to postpone the sale to another time and date in its sole discretion for any reason, including internet difficulties. the Town will use its best efforts to notify prospective bidders in a timely manner of any need for a postponement. If the sale is postponed, an alternative bid date will be announced through MuniAuction ${ }^{\circledR}$ at least 24 hours prior to such alternative bid date. Upon the establishment of an alternative bid date, any bidder may submit proposals for the purchase of the Bonds in accordance with the provisions of this Notice of Sale.

Certifying and Paying Agent. The Bonds will be authenticated by U.S. Bank National Association, Hartford, Connecticut. U.S. Bank National Association will act as Registrar and Paying Agent.

Delivery. At or prior to the delivery of the Bonds the successful bidder shall be furnished, without cost, with (a) the approving opinion of Day Pitney LLP of Hartford, Connecticut, Bond Counsel, substantially in the form set out in Appendix B to the Official Statement; (b) a signature and no litigation certificate, in form satisfactory to said firm, dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, and stating that there is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of the signer or signers thereof threatened, affecting the validity of the Bonds or the power of the Town to levy and collect taxes to pay them; (c) a signed copy of the Official Statement prepared for this bond issue; (d) a certificate of Town Officials relating to the accuracy and completeness of the Official Statement; (e) a Continuing Disclosure Agreement;
and (f) a receipt of payment for the Bonds. U.S. Bank National Association will keep the original opinion and certificates and copies of the supporting documents, which may be examined at its principal office in Hartford, Connecticut, upon reasonable notice.

Establishment of Issue Price. The winning bidder shall assist the Town in establishing the issue price of the Bonds and shall execute and deliver to the Town at Closing an "issue price" or similar certificate setting forth the reasonably expected initial offering price to the Public or the sales price or prices of the Bonds, together with the supporting pricing wires or equivalent communications, substantially in the applicable form set out in the Appendix hereto, with such modifications as may be appropriate or necessary, in the reasonable judgment of the winning bidder and Bond Counsel. All actions to be taken by the Town under this Notice of Sale to establish the issue price of the Bonds may be taken on behalf of the Town by the Town's Municipal Advisor identified herein and any notice or report to be provided to the Town may be provided to the Town's Municipal Advisor.

By submitting a bid for the Bonds, a bidder represents that it has an established industry reputation for underwriting new issuances of municipal obligations.

If the winning bidder has purchased the Bonds for its own account and not with a view to distribution or resale to the Public, then, whether or not the Competitive Sale Requirements, as herein defined, were met, the certificate will recite such facts and identify the price or prices at which the purchase of the Bonds was made.

The Town intends that the provisions of Treasury Regulation Section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining "competitive sale" for purposes of establishing the issue price of the Bonds) will apply to the initial sale of the Bonds (the "Competitive Sale Requirements") because:

1. the Town shall disseminate this Notice of Sale to potential Underwriters in a manner that is reasonably designed to reach potential Underwriters;
2. all bidders shall have an equal opportunity to bid;
3. the Town may receive bids from at least three Underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds; and
4. the Town anticipates awarding the sale of the Bonds to the bidder who submits a firm offer to purchase the Bonds at the highest price (or lowest interest cost), as set forth in this Notice of Sale.

Any bid submitted pursuant to this Notice of Sale shall be considered a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds, as specified in the bid.

In the event that the Competitive Sale Requirements are not satisfied, the Town shall so advise the winning bidder. The Town shall treat the first price at which $10 \%$ of a maturity of the Bonds (the " $10 \%$ Test") is sold to the Public as the issue price of that maturity, applied on a maturity-by-maturity basis (and if different interest rates apply within a maturity, to each separate CUSIP number within that maturity). The winning bidder shall advise the Town if any maturity of the Bonds satisfies the $10 \%$ Test as of the date and time of the award of the Bonds. The Town will not require bidders to comply with the "Hold-The-Offering-Price Rule", as described in Treasury Regulations Section 1.148-1(f)(2)(ii), and therefore does not intend to use the initial offering price to the Public as of the Sale Date of any maturity of the Bonds as the issue price of that maturity. Bids will not be subject to cancellation in the event that the Competitive Sale Requirements are not satisfied.

If the Competitive Sale Requirements are not satisfied, then until the $10 \%$ Test has been satisfied as to each maturity of the Bonds, the winning bidder agrees to promptly report to the Town the prices at which the unsold Bonds of that maturity have been sold to the Public. That reporting obligation shall continue, whether or not the Closing Date has occurred, until the earlier to occur of the satisfaction of the $10 \%$ Test as to the Bonds of that maturity or the sale of all Bonds of that maturity.

By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that: (i) any agreement among Underwriters, any selling group agreement and each retail distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such retail distribution agreement, as applicable, to report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the winning bidder that either the $10 \%$ Test has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that maturity or all Bonds of that maturity have been sold to the Public, if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder and as set forth in the related pricing wires, and (ii) any agreement among Underwriters relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Underwriter that is a party to a retail distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public to require each broker-dealer that is a party to such retail distribution agreement to report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the winning bidder or such Underwriter that either the $10 \%$ Test has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that maturity or all Bonds of that maturity have been sold to the Public, if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder or such Underwriter and as set forth in the related pricing wires.

Sales of any Bonds to any person that is a Related Party to an Underwriter shall not constitute sales to the Public for purposes of this Notice of Sale. Further, for purposes of this Notice of Sale:

1. "Public" means any person other than an Underwriter or a Related Party,
2. "Underwriter" means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Town (or with the lead Underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public),
3. A purchaser of any of the Bonds is a "Related Party" to an Underwriter if the Underwriter and the purchaser are subject, directly or indirectly, to (i) at least $50 \%$ common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (ii) more than $50 \%$ common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (iii) more than $50 \%$ common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other), and
4. "Sale Date" means the date that the Bonds are awarded by the Town to the winning bidder.

Bond Counsel Opinion. The opinion of Bond Counsel will cover the following matters: (1) that the Bonds will be valid general obligations of the Town when duly certified; (2) that, assuming the accuracy of and compliance by the Town with its representations and covenants relating to certain requirements contained in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, under existing statutes, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code; and the Bonds are not "private activity bonds" and interest on the Bonds is not treated as a preference item for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax; and the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations"; and (3) that, under existing statutes, interest on the Bonds is excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates; and interest on the Bonds is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax.

Municipal Advisor. The Town of Simsbury has retained Phoenix Advisors, LLC, 53 River Street, Suite 1, Milford, Connecticut 06460 (the "Municipal Advisor") to serve as its municipal advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Municipal Advisor has not independently verified any of the information contained in the Notice of Sale and its appendices and makes no guarantee as to their completeness or accuracy.

Official Statement. The Town of Simsbury has prepared a preliminary Official Statement for the Bond issue which is dated June 10, 2019. The Town deems such preliminary Official Statement final as of its date for purposes of SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), but it is subject to revision or amendment. The Town will make available to the winning purchaser a reasonable number of copies of the Official Statement as prepared by the Town at the Town's expense. The copies of the Official Statement will be made available to the winning purchaser at the office of the Town's Municipal Advisor by the delivery of the Bonds or by the seventh business day after the day bids on the Bonds are received if earlier. If the Town's Municipal Advisor is provided with the necessary information from the winning purchaser by noon of the day following the day bids on the Bonds are received, the copies of the Official Statement will include an additional or revised cover page and other pages indicating the interest rates, ratings, yields or reoffering prices, the name of the managing underwriter, the name of the insurer, if any, on the Bonds and any corrections. The purchaser shall arrange with the Municipal Advisor the method of delivery of the copies of the Official Statement to the purchaser. Additional copies of the Official Statement may be obtained by the purchaser at its own expense by arrangement with the printer.

Continuing Disclosure Agreement. The Town will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the Bonds, substantially in the form attached as Appendix C to the Official Statement (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement for Bonds"), to provide or cause to be provided, in accordance with the requirements of SEC Rule 15c2 12, (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) timely notice of the occurrence of certain events with respect to the Bonds, and (iii) timely notice of a failure by the Town to provide the required annual financial information on or before the date specified in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for Bonds. The winning bidder's obligation to purchase the Bonds shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds, an executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for Bonds.

CUSIP Numbers. The deposit of the Bonds with DTC under a book-entry system requires the assignment of CUSIP numbers prior to delivery. It shall be the responsibility of the Municipal Advisor to apply for CUSIP numbers for the Bonds. Neither the failure to print such CUSIP number on any bond, nor any error with respect thereto, shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser thereof to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds. All expenses in relation to the printing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds shall be paid for by the Town; provided, however, that the Town assumes no responsibility for any CUSIP Global Services charge or other charge that may be imposed for the assignment of such numbers, which charges shall be the responsibility of and shall be paid for by the purchaser.

Delivery Date and Payment. It is expected that the closing on the Bonds will occur on or about June 27, 2019 through the facilities of the Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, against payment in immediately available Federal funds.

More Information. For more information regarding this issue and the Town reference is made to the Official Statement. Copies of the Official Statement may be obtained from Mr. Barry J. Bernabe, Phoenix Advisors, LLC, 53 River Street, Suite 1, Milford, Connecticut 06460 (telephone: (203) 283-1110) or from Ms. Amy Meriwether, Director of Finance/Treasurer, Town of Simsbury, Town Hall, P.O. Box 495, 933 Hopmeadow Street, Simsbury, Connecticut 06070 (telephone: (860) 658-3282).

Eric Wellman,<br>First Selectman<br>Maria E. Capriola,<br>Town Manager<br>\section*{Amy Meriwether,<br><br>Director of Finance/Treasurer}

June 10, 2019

# APPENDIX TO NOTICE OF SALE FORM OF ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE 

## Competitive Sale Requirements Satisfied <br> TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT \$8,365,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, ISSUE OF 2019

## ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, on behalf of Name of the Underwriter ("Underwriter Short Name"), hereby certifies as set forth below with respect to the sale of the above-captioned obligations (the "Bonds").

## 1. Reasonably Expected Initial Offering Price.

(a) As of the Sale Date, the reasonably expected initial offering prices of the Bonds to the Public by Underwriter Short Name are the prices listed in Schedule A (the "Expected Offering Prices"). The Expected Offering Prices are the prices for the Maturities of the Bonds used by Underwriter Short Name in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds. Attached as Schedule B is a true and correct copy of the bid provided by Underwriter Short Name to purchase the Bonds.
(b) Underwriter Short Name was not given the opportunity to review other bids prior to submitting its bid.
(c) The bid submitted by Underwriter Short Name constituted a firm offer to purchase the Bonds.

## 2. Defined Terms.

(a) Maturity means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.
(b) Public means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50 percent common ownership, directly or indirectly.
(c) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is June 18, 2019.
(d) Underwriter means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).
(e) Issuer means the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut.

The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents Underwriter Short Name's interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder. The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the Tax Compliance Agreement and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by Day Pitney LLP, as bond counsel, in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service

Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer from time to time relating to the Bonds.

Name of the Underwriter
By:
Name: $\qquad$
Dated: __/__/ 2019

## Attachments:

SCHEDULE A
EXPECTED OFFERING PRICES

## SCHEDULE B

 COPY OF UNDERWRITER'S BID[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

## Competitive Sale Requirements Not Satisfied - 10\% Test Applied <br> TOWN OF SIMSBURY, CONNECTICUT <br> \$8,365,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, ISSUE OF 2019

## ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, on behalf of Name of the Underwriter ("Underwriter Short Name"), hereby certifies as set forth below with respect to the sale and issuance of the above-captioned obligations (the "Bonds").

1. Sale of the Bonds. As of the date of this certificate, for each Maturity of the Bonds, the first price at which at least $10 \%$ of such Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public is the respective price listed in Schedule A.

## 2. Defined Terms.

(a) "Issuer" means the Town of Simsbury, Connecticut.
(b) "Maturity" means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.
(c) "Public" means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50 percent common ownership, directly or indirectly.
(d) "Underwriter" means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents Underwriter Short Name's interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder. The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the Tax Compliance Agreement and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by Day Pitney LLP, as bond counsel, in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer from time to time relating to the Bonds.

## Name of the Underwriter

Dated: $\qquad$ /__/2019

## Attachment:

## SCHEDULE A

## SALE PRICES

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Copyright, American Bankers Association. CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Town and are included solely for the convenience of the holders of the Bonds. The Town is not responsible for the selection or use of these CUSIP numbers, does not undertake any responsibility for their accuracy, and makes no representation as to their correctness on the Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds.

[^1]:    Source: Department of Labor, State of Connecticut

[^2]:    Source: American Community Survey 2013-2017

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Long-Term debt does not include Water debt, compensated absences, or capital lease obligations.
    ${ }^{2}$ Bureau of Census.
    ${ }^{3}$ American Community Survey (2013-2017), Money Income Per Capita \$56,622.
    Source: Town of Simsbury Audited Financial Reports.

[^4]:    The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

[^5]:    The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

[^6]:    The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

[^7]:    The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

[^8]:    Interfund transfers arose from transferring monies to fund operating activities.

[^9]:    (Continued on next page)

[^10]:    *Note: This schedule is intended to be for ten years. Additional years will be added as they become available.

