THE TRUSTEES of INDIANA UNIVERSITY (CUSIP6: 455167 and 455152) Annual Disclosure Document December 2012

Relating to the following bond issues occurring in the month and year specified:

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series O: March 2003

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series P: December 2004

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series Q: June 2006

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series R: June 2006

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series S: February 2008

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series T-1 & T-2: April 2010

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series U: July 2011

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series V-1 & V-2: October 2012

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A: February 2008

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A: April 2009

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A & B: May 2010

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A: March 2011

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A: January 2012

Indiana University Certificates of Participation, Series 2003A: April 2003

Indiana University Certificates of Participation, Series 2009A & B: December 2009

Indiana University Certificates of Participation, Series 2012A: February 2012

Indiana University Facility Revenue System Bonds, Series 2004: July 2004

Indiana University Student Residence System Bonds, Series 2004B: June 2004

Exhibit A - Audited Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit B - Certificate RE: Audited Financial Statements

Exhibit C - Certificate RE: Annual Financial Information Disclosure

Schedule I to Exhibits B and C

INDIANA UNIVERSITY

General

Indiana University (the "University" or "IU") is one of the largest universities in the nation. It was established by the Indiana General Assembly (the "General Assembly") in 1820 as Indiana Seminary and was located in Bloomington. It was designated as Indiana College by the General Assembly in 1828 and became Indiana University in 1838.

The University is composed of eight campuses, with core campuses in Bloomington and Indianapolis and regional campuses serving other areas of Indiana located in Gary ("Northwest"), Fort Wayne (Indiana University Purdue University Fort Wayne) ("Fort Wayne"), Kokomo ("Kokomo"), New Albany ("Southeast"), Richmond ("East"), and South Bend ("South Bend"). The Bloomington campus is the oldest and largest campus in the University system, occupying 1,926 acres, and is the primary residential campus. The Indiana University Purdue University at Indianapolis campus ("IUPUI") is the home of the Indiana University School of Medicine, the School of Dentistry, and the School of Nursing. The eight campuses of the University encompass a total of 3,609 acres. Indiana University and Purdue University ("Purdue") jointly offer academic programs at IUPUI and Fort Wayne. The University has fiscal responsibilities for IUPUI, and Purdue has fiscal responsibilities for Fort Wayne.

Forward Looking Statements

Certain information contained in this document, particularly that titled "Student Enrollment," "Mandatory Fees - Student Budget," "Operating Budget and Related Procedures," "State Appropriations to the University," and "Capital Program" and under the financial report accompanying this document —"Management Discussion and Analysis", contains "forward looking statements" based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about and assumptions made by the University. These forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terms such as "may," "will," "expects," "believes," "anticipates," "plans," "estimates," "projects," "targets," "forecasts," and "seeks" or the negatives of such terms or other variations on such terms or comparable terminology. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual outcomes and results to differ materially. These risks and uncertainties include demographic changes, demand for higher education services and other services of the University, competition with other higher education institutions and general domestic economic conditions including economic conditions of the state of Indiana (the "State"). The University disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Academic Colleges, Schools & Divisions of the University

The University divides the academic year into two academic semesters and additional summer terms varying in length by campus. The University offers courses in the arts, humanities, social, behavioral, physical and life sciences, and professional fields. Additional programs include military science, professional practice, IU Online, and special summer session programs. The major areas and fields of study at the University's campuses are organized into specific schools, colleges and divisions as follows:

<u>Bloomington</u> - College of Arts and Sciences; Henry Radford Hope School of Fine Arts; Hutton Honors College; Jacobs School of Music; Kelley School of Business; Maurer School of Law; School of Education; School of Global and International Studies; School of Informatics and Computing; School of Journalism; School of Library and Information Science; School of Nursing; School of Optometry; School of Public and Environmental Affairs; School of Public Health; School of Social Work; University Division; and University Graduate School.

<u>IUPUI</u> - Graduate School; Herron School of Art and Design; Honors College; IUPU-Columbus; Kelley School of Business; Richard M. Fairbanks School of Public Health; Robert H. McKinney School of Law; School of Dentistry; School of Education; School of Engineering and Technology (Purdue); School of Health and Rehabilitation Sciences; School of Informatics; School of Journalism; School of Liberal Arts; School of Library and Information Science; School of Medicine; School of Nursing; School of Physical Education and Tourism Management; School of Public and Environmental Affairs; School of Science (Purdue); School of Social Work; and University College.

<u>East</u> - School of Business and Economics; School of Education; School of Humanities and Social Sciences; School of Informatics; School of Natural Science and Mathematics; School of Nursing; School of Social Work; and College of Technology (Purdue).

<u>Kokomo</u> - Division of Allied Health Sciences; School of Business; School of Education; School of Humanities and Social Sciences; School of Nursing; School of Public and Environmental Affairs; School of Sciences; and College of Technology (Purdue).

<u>Northwest</u> - College of Arts and Sciences; College of Health and Human Services; School of Business and Economics; School of Education; School of Nursing; School of Public and Environmental Affairs; and School of Social Work.

<u>South Bend</u> – College of Health Sciences; College of Liberal Arts and Sciences; Ernestine M. Raclin School of the Arts; Judd Leighton School of Business and Economics; School of Education; School of Nursing; School of Social Work; and College of Technology (Purdue).

<u>Southeast</u> - School of Arts and Letters; School of Business; School of Education; School of Natural Sciences; School of Nursing; School of Social Sciences; and College of Technology (Purdue).

Authorized Degree Programs and Degrees Conferred

For the 2010-11 academic year, 943 Indiana University degree programs and 107 Purdue University degree programs were authorized and implemented on the University's campuses. Four-year programs leading to baccalaureate degrees constitute the largest single category, accounting for 496 programs. Advanced degrees (professional, master's and master's degree equivalents and doctoral) account for 399 programs. Associate degrees account for 155 programs. As of fall 2012, for the 2011-12 and 2012-13 academic years, degree program information is not available.

The University's total headcount enrollment for the fall semester of 2012 was 110,393 students. During the academic year ended June 30, 2012, the University awarded a total of 20,761 degrees consisting of 13,716 bachelor's degrees, 4,849 master's degrees, 1,516 professional and doctoral degrees, and 680 associate degrees. As of fall 2012, the University's full time faculty totaled 5,101 for all campuses.

Accreditations and Memberships

The University is fully accredited in all of its departments and divisions by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. Each professional school holds full accreditation from its respective professional association. The University is a member of the American Council of Education and the Association of American Universities.

The Board of Trustees of the University

The University is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees, which under Indiana statutes has policy and decision-making authority to carry out the programs and missions of the University. Five of the members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the Governor for three year terms; three trustees are elected by the alumni of the University for three year terms, with one alumnus trustee being elected each year; and one trustee position must be a full-time student of the University. The student trustee is appointed by the Governor for a two year term. Certain officers of the Board of Trustees are not members.

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank -

The current members and officers of the Board of Trustees are listed below:

BOARD OF TRUSTEE MEMBERS

William R. Cast, M.D., Chair NoMoreClipboard

(Allen County) CEO

Patrick A. Shoulders, Vice Chair

(Vanderburgh County)

Ziemer, Stayman, Weitzel & Shoulders

Attorney/Partner

MaryEllen Kiley Bishop Cohen, Garelick and Glazier

(Hamilton County) Attorney/Partner

Bruce Cole The Ethics and Public Policy Center

(Fairfax County, Virginia) Senior Fellow Indiana University

Distinguished Professor Emeritus

Philip N. Eskew, Jr., M.D.

(Kosciusko County)

Thomas E. Reilly Jr.

St. Vincent Hospital

Director, Physician and Patient Relations (Retired), and Clinical Professor, Obstetrics & Gynecology, Indiana

University School of Medicine

Cora J. Griffin Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis School of

(Cass County) Public and Environmental Affairs

Student

American Chemistry Council President and CEO (Retired)

(Marion County) Reilly Industries, Inc.

President and Chairman of the Board (Retired)

Derica W. Rice Eli Lilly and Company

(Hamilton County) Executive Vice President for Global Services and Chief

Financial Officer

William H. Strong Morgan Stanley (Hong Kong) Co-CEO Asia Pacific

BOARD OF TRUSTEE OFFICERS

William R. Cast, M.D., Chair NoMoreClipboard

(Allen County) CEO

Patrick A. Shoulders, Vice Chair

(Vanderburgh County)

Ziemer, Stayman, Weitzel & Shoulders

Attorney/Partner

MaryFrances McCourt Treasurer of the Trustees

Stewart T. Cobine Assistant Treasurer of the Trustees

Robin Roy Gress Secretary of the Trustees

Jacqueline A. Simmons Assistant Secretary of the Trustees

Administrative Officers of the University

As the chief executive of the University, the President is appointed by the Board of Trustees (the "Trustees") and is responsible for the operation of the entire University within the framework of policies provided by the Trustees. The President is responsible for accomplishing the objectives of the University, for determining missions and priorities for its various units, and for the effective and efficient planning, use, and management of its resources. The following is a list of the major officers of the University.

Michael A. McRobbie, President

John S. Applegate, Executive Vice President for University Regional Affairs, Planning and Policy

Charles R. Bantz, Executive Vice President and Chancellor, Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis

D. Craig Brater, Vice President for University Clinical Affairs

G. Frederick Glass, Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics

Jorge V. José, Vice President for Research

Edwin C. Marshall, Vice President for Diversity, Equity and Multicultural Affairs

Thomas A. Morrison, Vice President for Capital Planning and Facilities

Lauren Robel, Executive Vice President and Provost, Indiana University Bloomington

Neil D. Theobald, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (through December 31, 2012)

MaryFrances McCourt, Interim Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (effective January 1, 2013)

Michael M. Sample, Vice President for Public Affairs and Government Relations

Jacqueline A. Simmons, Vice President and General Counsel

William B. Stephan, Vice President for Engagement

Bradley C. Wheeler, Vice President for Information Technology and Chief Information Officer

David Zaret, Vice President for International Affairs

Susan Sciame-Giesecke, Interim Chancellor of Indiana University Kokomo (until a permanent chancellor is appointed)

William J. Lowe, Chancellor of Indiana University Northwest

Sandra R. Patterson-Randles, Chancellor of Indiana University Southeast

Laurence Richards, Interim Chancellor of Indiana University East (through June 30, 2013)

Una Mae Reck, Chancellor of Indiana University South Bend (through June 30, 2013)

Vicky L. Carwein, Chancellor of Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne

Adam W. Herbert, President Emeritus of the University

Thomas Ehrlich, President Emeritus of the University

These are brief biographical sketches of certain officers:

MICHAEL A. MCROBBIE - President. Michael A. McRobbie took office as the 18th president of the University on July 1, 2007. From the beginning of his tenure as president, McRobbie has focused on the University's fundamental missions of excellence in research and teaching to be achieved through a great faculty, responsive and relevant education, an enhanced global presence, expanded infrastructure, a rededication to the arts and humanities, and new economic development and engagement initiatives. McRobbie joined the University in 1997 as Vice President for Information Technology and Chief Information Officer. In 2003, he assumed the additional position of Vice President for Research, and three years later the Trustees appointed him Interim Provost and Vice President for Academic Affairs. McRobbie holds professorships in computer science, informatics, and philosophy, and adjunct professorships in cognitive science and information science at the Bloomington campus. He is also a professor of computer technology at the School of Engineering and Technology (Purdue) at the IUPUI campus. A member of many national and international industrial, governmental, and scientific boards and committees, McRobbie was a co-founder of the high-performance broadband Asia Pacific Advanced Network, which supports the research and education community all across the Asia-Pacific region. A native of Australia who became a U.S. citizen in 2010, he earned a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of Oueensland and a Doctoral degree at the Australian National University. He has also received honorary degrees from the Australian National University, the University of Queensland, and Sungkyunkwan University in Seoul, South Korea. Additionally, he has been elected an honorary member of the Australian Academy of Humanities and appointed as an Officer in the General Division of the Order of Australia, one of that nation's highest honors.

NEIL THEOBALD —Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Through December 31, 2012. On January 1, 2013, Theobald will become President of Temple University. Prior to his appointment as Vice President & Chief Financial Officer and subsequently Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Theobald was the University's Bloomington campus Vice Chancellor for Budgetary Administration and Planning from 2002-06 and Senior Vice Provost, with continued responsibility for finance and administration, in 2006-07. Theobald received his B.A. in Economics from Trinity College (CT) in 1978 and worked as a corporate executive for two Fortune 500 companies before completing his Ph.D. at the University of Washington in 1988. He was awarded the Flanigan Prize for the outstanding dissertation in the field by the American Educational Finance Association. In addition to serving as President of the American Education Finance Association in 2000-01, Theobald has been a tenured faculty member at the University of Washington and a visiting professor at the University of Edinburgh (Scotland). He continues to be a Professor of Educational Finance on the Bloomington campus.

MARYFRANCES MCCOURT – Treasurer and effective January 1, 2013 Interim Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. McCourt will oversee Financial Management Services, Procurement, Treasury, University Budget Office, and University Human Resources. McCourt began as Treasurer of the University and Treasurer of the Trustees in October 2005 and is responsible for the management of operating funds, debt, the University's banking and treasury operations, risk management, auxiliary accounting, accounts receivable, student loan administration, capital assets and the Bloomington Bursar functions. Before joining the staff of Indiana University, McCourt was Assistant Treasurer for a multi-billion dollar distributor and premier reseller of enterprise computer technology solutions headquartered in Cleveland, Ohio. She has held various positions in strategic planning; financial analysis and treasury management with particular focus on operational efficiency; business planning (including acquisitions, divestitures and new business modeling); customer, vendor and product line profitability analyses; and balance sheet management. McCourt graduated with a B.A. in Economics from Duke University and an M.B.A. from Case Western University.

Facilities

Square Footage There are 859 buildings on all campuses of the University encompassing 34.5 million gross square feet, of which approximately 21.3 million square feet is assignable to operating units.

Libraries The University's Library System serves all campuses with separate collections as well as interlibrary loan programs. As of June 30, 2012, the library system holdings include 12.3 million volumes. The University's libraries are open to residents of the State as well as University faculty and staff.

The Lilly Library on the Bloomington campus houses the University's collections of rare books and manuscripts. Its holdings number more than 400,000 books, over 7,500,000 manuscripts and 140,000 pieces of sheet music.

Information Technology Services University Information Technology Services ("UITS") is responsible for the continued development of a high-performance computing and communications infrastructure and the information technology environment that contains tools and services that support the University's academic, research, and administrative work, including a high-speed campus network with wireless access; central web hosting; tools and support for instruction and research; supercomputers for data analysis and visualization; more than 1,300 virtual servers in the state-of-the-art, disaster-resistant Data Center; and hundreds of public-access, Internet-connected workstations. Interconnecting these resources is a high-speed statewide fiber optic network connecting all University campuses. The network is connected to national and international research and education networks, such as the Internet2. UITS has offices at IU Bloomington, IUPUI, IUPU Columbus, IU East, IU Kokomo, IU South Bend, and IU Southeast, and employs more than 800 highly trained professionals to support and expand the University's information technology capabilities. UITS is composed of six divisions: Research Technologies; Learning Technologies; Client Services and Support; Enterprise Software; Networks; and Enterprise Infrastructure; all working together to support the University community in its use of information technology. UITS reports to the Office of the Vice President for Information Technology and Chief Information Officer, which provides leadership for the continued development of information technology at IU.

Research As of fall 2011, the University, excluding the Fort Wayne Campus, has approximately 1,190,902 assignable square feet of laboratories and service areas used for research purposes, primarily on the Bloomington and IUPUI campuses. The nature and function of this research space ranges from highly specialized to broad multi-disciplinary uses, with an emphasis on life and medical sciences.

Housing Facilities All undergraduate first-year students on the Bloomington campus are required to live in on-campus housing facilities, which include residence halls, on-campus apartments, and fraternity and sorority houses. As of fall 2012, the Bloomington campus provided residence hall/dormitory housing for 10,876 students and apartment housing for 1,492 students. Occupancy in Bloomington campus residence halls was 98% and in apartment housing was 96%. Living quarters for 439 additional students on the Bloomington campus are currently being constructed and anticipated to be available in the 2013-14 academic year. On the Bloomington campus, as of spring 2012, approximately 6,206 students participated in fraternity/sorority life in 40 fraternities and 31 sororities, with 19 fraternities and 19 sororities providing on-campus housing. As of fall 2012, the residence facilities on the IUPUI campus provided living quarters for 1,136 students, through a combination of apartment style housing, traditional co-ed residence halls, and townhouse units. Occupancy in IUPUI campus housing was 100%. Living quarters for 560 additional students on the IUPUI campus are anticipated to be available in the 2013-14 academic year by converting the on-campus hotel and conference center into student housing, residential and campus dining, and additional classroom space. In the summer of 2008, construction was completed on new housing facilities on the South Bend and the Southeast campuses. These facilities can provide living quarters for approximately 400 students on each campus. Housing occupancy on the South Bend and Southeast campuses for the fall of 2012 were 82% and 97%, respectively. Living quarters for 87 additional students on the Southeast campus are currently being constructed and anticipated to be available in the 2013-14 academic year. The housing facilities on the South Bend and Southeast campuses and a portion of the living quarters provided on the Bloomington campus are not included as facilities under the student residence system indenture because they were financed under the Consolidated Revenue Bonds ("CRB") Indenture. Other regional campuses for which the University has fiscal responsibilities have no student residence facilities currently.

Parking Facilities Parking space is provided for faculty, staff, students and visitors on all University campuses. Use of all parking areas and parking facilities is generally limited to paid permit holders, except for those garages and surface lots provided for visitors that are controlled by daily parking rates. Parking is available at sixteen garages on four campuses and at various surface lots on all University campuses.

Other Facilities Some of the University's other facilities include observatories; television, radio and journalism facilities; theatre and performance facilities; fine art studios; extensive science and medical teaching laboratories; museums of art and archaeology; printmaking facilities; and Bradford Woods – a 2,500 acre outdoor educational facility and nature preserve.

Faculty and Staff

The University's full-time academic administrators, faculty and lecturers consisted of 5,101 persons (academic staff who are tenure/tenure track faculty, and non-tenure track faculty and executive/administrators with faculty status), as of the fall semester of 2012. The percentage of faculty at the University's Bloomington and IUPUI campuses that have tenure are 75% and 68%, respectively. Percent of tenured faculty is calculated by dividing the number of full-time faculty and administrators who are tenured by the total number of full-time faculty and administrators who are eligible for tenure. As of the fall semester of 2012, 88% of Bloomington campus faculty (including visiting faculty) and academic administrators with professional rank hold a doctoral or professional degree. This percentage is 90% at IUPUI and 85% at the other campuses.

The number of full-time administrators and staff employed by the University totaled 11,951 as of fall 2012. The University has recognized four employee unions: (1) American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) Service Staff, for certain custodian, craft, maintenance and food service personnel; (2) AFSCME Police for certain police officers; (3) Communications Workers of America (CWA) for certain clerical, technical, and support personnel; and (4) International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees (IATSE) Stagehands for certain staff and hourly personnel. University administration meets and confers with each union about specific working conditions under the framework of "Conditions for Cooperation," a policy statement adopted by the Board of Trustees, but does not negotiate collective bargaining agreements. As an instrumentality of the state of Indiana, the University and its employees are not subject to the provisions of the National Labor Relations Act, as amended, but are governed by state law, which prohibits strikes by public employees. Each union's status as exclusive representative of certain University employees is conditioned upon their disavowal of the right to strike in accordance with such law and Board of Trustees policy.

Student Admissions

The University attracts students from a variety of backgrounds and geographic locations, with representation from 49 states, Washington D.C., and 166 foreign countries, as of fall 2012. Indiana residents represented 75% of the total enrollment, while 25% were from other states, Washington D.C., or foreign countries.

The table below sets forth the total number of beginning student applications received, applications accepted, percent accepted, and the percent of acceptances for beginning students who enrolled. These numbers are aggregate numbers, combined for all campuses, except for Fort Wayne, which is administered by Purdue University.

Applications	and	Enrollmen	ts ¹
Applications	anu	THE CHILLEN	เอ

Academic <u>Year</u>	Applications Received	Applicants Accepted	Percent Accepted	Percent of Accepted Enrolled
2008-09	46,816	33,864	72.3	42.2
2009-10	50,243	36,493	72.6	39.6
2010-11	57,438	39,438	68.7	35.0
2011-12	53,772	38,576	71.7	36.8
2012-13	55,091	39,855	72.3	36.3

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting

In the 2012-13 academic year, for the Bloomington campus, the percentage of beginning students ranking in the upper 50% of their high school class was 95%. During the same period the percentage of beginning students ranking in the upper 25% of their high school class was 70%, and the percentage of beginning students ranking in the upper 10% was 34%.

Figures reflect all beginning students new to the University, regardless of class, excluding transfers. Beginning students are defined by their matriculation in the fall, or either of the preceding summer sessions, as degree-seeking students. Students who began taking college level coursework while in high school and enrolled as a traditional beginning student during the fall or one of the preceding summer sessions, are also included. This methodology is consistent with external reporting requirements.

The following table shows the average composite score on the Scholastic Aptitude Test ("SAT") over the past five years for all beginning students new to the University, regardless of class, and excluding transfer students to the University, as compared to the national average:

Average SAT Scores

Academic Year	Indiana University	<u>National</u>
2008-09	1064	1017
2009-10	1068	1016
2010-11	1067	1017
2011-12	1068	1011
2012-13	1071	1010

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting

Student Enrollment

The headcount enrollments for Bloomington, IUPUI and regional campuses of the University, including Fort Wayne, for the fall semester 2008 through 2012 are shown in the following table. The Fort Wayne enrollment numbers indicate the students in Indiana University academic programs on that campus.

Total Actual Headcount Enrollment by Campus Including Fort Wayne ¹

Fall Semester	Bloomington	<u>IUPUI</u>	Regional	Total Enrollment
2008	40,354	30,300	31,073	101,727
2009	42,347	30,383	34,430	107,160
2010	42,464	30,566	36,415	109,445
2011	42,731	30,530	37,175	110,436
2012	42,133	30,451	37,809	110,393

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting

Purdue University administers and is fiscally responsible for the Fort Wayne campus. Projected headcount enrollments for Bloomington, IUPUI and the regional campuses of the University, excluding Fort Wayne, for the fall semester 2013 through 2015 are shown in the following table.

Projected Headcount Enrollment by Campus Excluding Fort Wayne ¹

Fall Semester	Bloomington	<u>IUPUI</u>	Regional	Total Enrollment
2013	42,614	30,428	28,993	102,035
2014	42,984	30,238	28,670	101,892
2015	43,100	30,420	28,921	102,441

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting from the preliminary Fall 2011 Enrollment Study

The following table sets forth the total actual and projected headcount enrollment of undergraduate and graduate students, including professional programs, combined for all campuses, excluding Fort Wayne, for the fall semester of the years indicated. The table also includes full-time equivalent enrollment and total annual credit hours taken. These numbers are reported on an academic year basis, which includes the fall semester noted, the Summer II session that precedes it, and the spring semester and Summer I session of the subsequent year.

The University ceased projecting enrollments for the Fort Wayne campus which is administered by Purdue University. However, actual Fort Wayne data is still collected and is included in the above chart. Actual headcount enrollment for the Fort Wayne campus that is included in the Regional and Total Enrollment numbers above is as follows: fall 2008 – 6,948; fall 2009 – 7,720; fall 2010 – 8,204; fall 2011 – 8,456; and fall 2012 – 8,326.

¹ The projections presented above were prepared in the fall of 2011. Enrollment projections based on fall of 2012 will not be available until January of 2013. No representation can be made as to the ability of the University to achieve these projections.

Undergraduate and Graduate Enrollment, Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment and Total Annual Credit Hours Taken Excluding Fort Wayne

Fall Semester	<u>Undergraduate</u>	Graduate & Professional	<u>Total</u>	Full-Time <u>Equivalent</u>	Total Annual Credit <u>Hours Taken</u>
Actual					
2008	74,486	20,293	94,779	76,239	2,393,959
2009	78,602	20,838	99,440	80,293	2,512,858
2010	80,356	20,885	101,241	81,842	2,558,999
2011	81,187	20,793	101,980	82,230	2,548,801
2012	81,974	20,093	102,067	81,728	$2,560,000^{-1}$
Projected ²					
2013	81,017	21,018	102,035	82,104	2,560,000
2014	80,967	20,925	101,892	82,091	2,560,000
2015	81,449	20,992	102,441	82,514	2,560,000

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting from the preliminary Fall 2011 Enrollment Study

Fees

The University operates its programs on a two-semester and summer-session basis. Tuition, fees and other costs of attending the University vary by campus and curriculum. Educational costs charged by the University include instructional fees (which include other fees allocated to debt retirement), fees associated with specific courses and/or academic programs, and room and board (if the student lives on campus). In addition, individual campuses may charge other mandatory fees to support certain campus-based services, e.g. bus service, computing clusters, etc.

Fee Payment Policy Payment may be made in full by a specified date prior to the first day of classes for a particular term, or the student may pay a partial payment with from one to three subsequent installments over a one-to three-month period depending on the plan offered.

Regular Instructional Fee Rates The Trustees establish fees and charges relating to credit enrollment. On the Bloomington campus, undergraduate students taking between 12 and 17 hours are assessed a flat instructional fee. Graduate students are assessed fees on a credit-hour basis, except for students in the MBA, Law (J.D.) and Optometry (O.D.) programs. On campuses other than Bloomington, fee rates are assessed on a credit-hour basis except for professional students in Medicine and Dentistry.

The tables on the following pages set forth the regular instructional fees for graduate and undergraduate students attending the University for the academic years indicated. Figures are on a per-credit-hour basis unless otherwise indicated.

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank -

¹ Estimated.

² The projections presented above were prepared in the fall of 2011. Enrollment projections based on fall of 2012 will not be available until January of 2013. No representation can be made as to the ability of the University to achieve these projections.

Instructional Fees

Academic Year	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	<u>2012-13</u>
Bloomington Campus					
Undergraduate: per semester					
(12-17 credit hours)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		.	* . • . • • •	*
Resident	\$ 3,684.15	\$ 3,861.00	\$ 4,062.00	\$ 4,216.30	\$ 4,375.00
Non-Resident	11,952.95	12,634.50	13,392.50	14,224.55	15,100.00
Undergraduate: per semester (<12 or >17 credit hours)					
Resident	230.05	241.10	253.70	263.45	273.40
Non-Resident	747.15	789.80	837.20	889.03	943.75
Graduate and Professional: per credit Resident	201.07	201.07	201.07	200.50	221.00
	291.97	291.97	291.97	309.50	321.90
Non-Resident	850.33	850.33	850.33	902.00	938.00
IUPUI Campus Undergraduate: per credit hour					
Resident	217.70	230.76	241.84	247.90	254.10
Non-Resident	663.95	727.33	793.25	860.00	936.00
Graduate and Professional: per credit					
Resident	259.35	272.30	283.20	303.00	318.20
Non-Resident	776.90	819.60	852.40	912.10	957.70
Regional Campus: East Undergraduate: per credit hour					
Resident	172.60	180.54	189.21	193.94	198.79
Non-Resident	444.80	485.72	530.41	546.76	563.12
Graduate: per credit hour ¹ Resident	209.60	216.73	225.18	238.06	250.94
Non-Resident	479.50	523.61	571.78	581.49	591.20
Non-Resident	479.30	323.01	3/1./6	361.49	391.20
Regional Campus: Fort Wayne Undergraduate: per credit hour					
Resident	219.85	230.85	242.40	248.45	254.65
Non-Resident	518.15	549.25	582.20	596.75	611.65
Graduate: per credit hour ¹	271.05	204.60	200.05	206.20	212.05
Resident	271.05	284.60	298.85	306.30	313.95
Non-Resident	602.25	638.40	676.70	693.60	710.95
Regional Campus: Kokomo Undergraduate: per credit hour					
Resident	172.45	180.25	188.75	193.47	198.31
Non-Resident	444.55	469.89	497.61	530.36	563.12
Graduate: per credit hour ¹		22.22	7.1.2		
Resident	209.45	216.36	224.58	237.76	250.94
Non-Resident	479.10	497.31	518.69	554.95	591.20

Instructional Fees

Academic Year	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
Regional Campus: Northwest					
Undergraduate: per credit hour					
Resident	\$174.25	\$182.61	\$191.74	\$196.53	\$201.44
Non-Resident	444.75	486.11	531.32	547.22	563.12
Graduate: per credit hour ¹					
Resident	206.65	221.10	236.60	243.77	250.94
Non-Resident	480.90	514.55	550.55	570.88	591.20
Regional Campus: South Bend					
Undergraduate: per credit hour					
Resident	177.45	185.75	194.75	199.62	204.61
Non-Resident	481.35	509.00	539.00	551.06	563.12
Graduate: per credit hour ¹					
Resident	212.30	220.58	230.29	240.62	250.94
Non-Resident	522.55	542.93	566.82	579.01	591.20
Regional Campus: Southeast					
Undergraduate: per credit hour					
Resident	172.80	180.58	189.07	193.80	198.65
Non-Resident	444.80	470.15	497.89	530.50	563.12
Graduate and Professional: per credit					
Resident	214.00	223.00	232.00	241.47	250.94
Non-Resident	486.40	506.00	526.00	558.60	591.20

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting

Annual Instructional Fee The following table sets forth the annual instructional fees for full-time Bloomington campus students, for the academic years indicated. Undergraduate fee rates assume a load of 30 credit hours per year.

Annual Instructional Fees for Full-Time Bloomington Campus Students

Academic Year	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
Undergraduate, Resident	\$ 7,368	\$ 7,722	\$ 8,124	\$ 8,433	\$ 8,750
Undergraduate, Non-resident	23,906	25,269	26,785	28,449	30,200

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting

Mandatory Fees

During the 2012-13 academic year, new and returning undergraduate students at the Bloomington campus who enrolled in more than 6.0 credit hours will pay mandatory fees per year as follows: Student Activity Fee of \$185.48, Student Health Fee of \$220.44, Technology Fee of \$394.56, Transportation Fee of \$122.72, and a temporary fee for repair and rehabilitation of facilities ("Temporary R&R Fee") of \$360.00. During the 2012-13 academic year, fulltime students at IUPUI will pay a mandatory General Fee of \$662.20 and a Temporary R&R Fee of \$319.92. Rates for part-time students are based on the number of credit hours taken. Full-time students at regional campuses will pay a Temporary R&R Fee of \$120.00, and a Student Activity Fee and Technology Fee that vary based on the campus and the number of credit hours taken.

¹ This reflects the majority of graduate students not in professional programs. The professional programs have their own rates, which are higher.

Student Budget The following student budget is being used by the University's Bloomington Office of Student Financial Assistance and represents an estimate of standard per-student costs for undergraduate first-year students at the Bloomington campus for the academic year shown.

Estimated Student Budget for the 2012-13 Academic Year for an Undergraduate First-Year Student

Cost of Attendance	Resident	Non-Resident
Instructional Fees	\$8,750	\$30,200
Mandatory Fees	1,283	1,283
Tuition and Fees Subtotal	\$10,033	\$31,483
Room/Board 1	\$ 8,853	\$ 8,853
Books/Supplies	848	848
Miscellaneous	2,522	2,522
Transportation	860	860
Other Costs Subtotal	\$13,083	\$13,083
Estimated Budget Total	<u>\$23,116</u>	<u>\$44,566</u>

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting

Student Fee Revenues The total amount and composition of student fee revenues of the University, including instructional fees and other fees charged, for each of the fiscal years shown are as follows:

Student Fee Revenues

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
Student Fees Per Indenture					
Gross Student Fees	\$878,229	\$985,888	\$1,088,373	\$1,145,260	\$1,210,085
Less Certain Dedicated Fees ¹	(452)	(441)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Student Fees Per Indenture ²	<u>\$877,777</u>	\$985,447	\$1,088,373	\$1,145,26	\$1,210,085
G 1 - F - P - F - 1 - 1 - 3					
Student Fees Per Financial Report ³					
Gross Student Fees	\$878,229	\$985,888	\$1,088,373	\$1,145,26	\$1,210,085
Less Scholarship Allowance	(114,154)	(133,054)	(170,091)	(189,079)	(198,207)
Student Fees Net of Scholarship Allowance ²	<u>\$764,075</u>	<u>\$852,834</u>	<u>\$ 918,282</u>	<u>\$ 956,181</u>	<u>\$1,011,878</u>

Source: Financial Management Services (student fees and scholarship allowances are from the financial reports of the University for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012; University Budget Office (dedicated fees)

Student Financial Aid

Excluding the Fort Wayne Campus, approximately 67% of the students at the University receive financial aid that is processed through the University. The following table summarizes the financial aid, including parent loans, provided to the University's students for the five fiscal years ending June 30, 2012. A substantial portion of the funds provided are derived from sources outside the University, including federal, State, and private sources. Historically, federal loans, grants and other programs have provided a large portion of student financial assistance. All programs furnished by the federal and State governments are subject to appropriation and funding by the respective legislatures. There can be no assurance that the current amounts of federal and State financial aid for

¹ All undergraduate first-year students on the Bloomington campus are required to live on campus, currently defined as residence halls, on-campus apartments, and fraternity and sorority houses.

The University issued bonds prior to 1985 to finance the construction of certain facilities, which bonds are secured by certain dedicated fees. Such dedicated fees are excluded from the definition of "Student Fees" under the applicable indenture.

² The presentation of information in this table has been expanded to reflect the distinction between the calculation of student fees that are subject to the lien of the indenture securing the University's Student Fee Bonds and the required financial reporting presentation of student fees net of scholarship allowances.

See "Financial Operations of the University - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets".

students will be available in the future at the same levels and under the same terms and conditions as currently apply.

Student Financial Aid ¹ (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Gifts and Grants	\$322,515	\$371,747	\$ 442,993	\$ 487,494	\$ 498,748
Loans	497,311	559,674	624,888	650,105	652,010
Work Study	4,857	4,976	5,516	5,764	4,929
Total Financial Assistance	\$824,683	\$936,397	\$1,073,397	\$1,143,363	\$1,155,687

Source: University Institutional Research and Reporting

Financial Operations of the University

As a component unit of the State, the University presents its financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for Public Colleges and Universities, within the financial reporting guidelines established by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by GASB. The University reports on a consolidated basis, with a comprehensive, entitywide presentation of the University's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, changes in net assets, and cash flows.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by the University operating as a special-purpose government entity engaged in business-type activities. Accordingly, these financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Eliminations have been made to minimize the "double-counting" of internal activities.

The University applies all applicable GASB pronouncements. In addition, the University has elected to apply only those Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins ("ARB") issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets of the University, in table format for the fiscal years shown, is on the following page.

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank --

¹ Excludes Fort Wayne Campus.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Operating revenues					
Student fees	\$ 878,229	\$ 985,888	\$1,088,373	\$1,145,260	\$1,210,085
Less scholarship allowance	(114,154)	(133,054)	(170,091)	(189,079)	(198,207)
Federal grants and contracts	290,929	295,737	318,646	344,642	325,208
State and local grants and contracts	21,100	28,860	23,830	17,074	21,881
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	107,146	127,049	102,839	103,439	101,957
Sales and services of educational units	48,929	61,498	64,475	60,869	62,975
Other revenue	171,284	175,506	181,640	190,661	227,540
Auxiliary enterprises ¹	319,153	332,586	323,571	330,550	314,479
Total operating revenues	1,722,616	1,874,070	1,933,283	2,003,416	2,065,918
Operating expenses					
Compensation and benefits	1,535,335	1,632,926	1,684,964	1,731,042	1,744,609
Student financial aid	109,566	125,830	150,779	165,299	163,565
Energy and utilities	57,773	65,447	64,031	68,534	71,561
Travel	39,481	40,397	36,930	40,219	47,449
Supplies and general expense	428,521	449,435	430,712	443,499	478,461
Depreciation and amortization expense	116,683	120,819	125,715	130,538	133,482
Total operating expenses	2,287,359	2,434,854	2,493,131	2,579,131	2,639,127
Total operating loss	(564,743)	(560,784)	(559,848)	(575,715)	(573,209)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
State appropriations	558,022	572,578	549,755	549,917	515,421
Grants, contracts, and other	51,317	63,304	99,613	120,035	116,257
Investment income	30,721	(17,607)	103,265	89,644	74,637
Gifts	77,272	76,181	78,049	104,814	105,235
Interest expense	$(29,112)^2$	(31,829)	(32,401)	(33,155)	(31,100)
Net nonoperating revenues	688,220	662,627	798,281	831,255	780,450
Income before other revenues,					
expenses, gains, or losses	123,477	101,843	238,433	255,540	207,241
Capital appropriations	12,601	10,248	3,005	11,984	14,157
Capital gifts and grants	10,217	19,980	17,323	14,565	19,775
Additions to permanent endowments	264	0	545	45	500
Total other revenues	23,082	30,228	20,873	26,594	34,432
Increase in net assets	146,559	132,071	259,306	282,134	241,673
Net assets, beginning of year	2,138,931 ²	2,285,490	2,417,561	2,676,867	2,959,001
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$2,285,490</u>	<u>\$2,417,561</u>	<u>\$2,676,867</u>	<u>\$2,959,001</u>	<u>\$3,200,674</u>

Source: Financial Management Services from financial reports of the University for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012; See accompanying financial statements.

Net of scholarship allowance of \$13,796; \$15,850; \$18,750; \$21,151 and \$22,411 (in thousands) for 2008 through 2012

² As restated

⁻⁻ Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank -

Operating Budget and Related Procedures

The University adopts an operating budget for each fiscal year based on detailed budgets submitted by each of the University's departments. These budgets are reviewed by the President and senior administrative officers before final approval by the Trustees. In conjunction with its budgeting process, the University submits a biennial appropriation request to the State Budget Agency, the Indiana Commission for Higher Education and the General Assembly. The State appropriation includes various components for operations, fee replacement (a form of reimbursement of debt service from the State for debt associated with certain educational facilities), maintenance, research, public service and other special functions. For more information, see "State Appropriations to the University" below. The Trustees takes into consideration the specific amounts of State appropriations authorized by the General Assembly, along with the University's budget requirements and other revenue sources when establishing student fees and other fees for each academic year.

The University has adopted a balanced operating budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. Total budgeted revenues and expenditures for campuses for which the University has fiscal responsibility are shown in the table below.

Operating Budget for Unrestricted, Restricted and Auxiliary Enterprise Funds ^{1,2} (dollars in thousands)

,	<u> </u>
Revenues by Category	<u>2013</u>
Student Fees	\$1,169,019
State Appropriation	499,907
Grants and Contracts	441,600
Sales and Services	91,945
Auxiliary Enterprises	386,893
Designated and Other Restricted	222,375
Investment	12,357
Gifts	4,041
Other	<u>183,458</u>
Total	<u>\$3,011,595</u>
Expenditures by Fund Group ³	
General	\$1,960,727
Designated and Other Restricted	<u>222,375</u>
Subtotal	\$2,183,102
Grants and Contracts	441,600 4
Auxiliary Enterprises	<u>386,893</u>
Total	<u>\$3,011,595</u>
General and Other Restricted	
Expenditures by Function	
Instruction	\$998,337
Research and Public Service	50,235
Academic and Student Support	428,864
Physical Plant	180,750
Student Financial Aid	297,645
Institutional Support	<u>227,271</u>
Total	<u>\$2,183,102</u>

Source: University Budget Office

Excludes Fort Wayne campus.

² Excludes capital projects, some sources of investment income and most gifts, and scholarship allowance.

Net of internal transfers.

⁴ Includes research, service and instruction expenditures.

State Appropriations to the University

The University has historically received, and continues to expect to receive, appropriations from the General Assembly. Annual operating appropriations are disbursed on a monthly basis. Other types of appropriations are generally disbursed on a quarterly or semi-annual basis. These appropriations are applied to the educational and general expenditures of the University, as well as for certain capital construction activities of the University.

The General Assembly has historically appropriated to the University an amount equal to the annual debt service requirements due on previously approved and outstanding Student Fee Bonds (the "Fee Replacement" appropriations). This appropriation is renewed on a biennial basis because the Constitution of the State prohibits a sitting General Assembly from binding subsequent General Assemblies to the continuation of any funds, including Fee Replacement appropriations. Even so, in over 39 years of making Fee Replacement appropriations, the State has never failed to fully fund a Fee Replacement obligation established by a prior General Assembly. The University expects that the policy of Fee Replacement appropriations will be continued in future years.

Total State operating appropriations for the University were cut by two percent for the 2011-13 biennium. The University has taken measures designed to result in an operating budget for 2011-12 that is balanced to the reduced levels of support. In addition, general maintenance, repair and rehabilitation appropriations for the 2011-13 biennium were eliminated. The Trustees approved a temporary repair and rehabilitation fee to help cover the cost of necessary repair work and ongoing maintenance costs for buildings and associated infrastructure, beginning academic year 2011-12 and continuing in academic year 2012-13. See "Mandatory Fees".

The table below presents the various State appropriations as appropriated to the University for each of the fiscal years shown below, including the unrestricted general operating appropriation, Fee Replacement appropriations, special restricted appropriations for specific purposes, and general maintenance, repair and rehabilitation and capital appropriations.

State Appropriations as Appropriated

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2009	2010	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>
Unrestricted General Operating &	\$507,211	\$504,332	\$504,332	\$463,932 ³	\$463,932
Restricted Special					
Fee Replacement	$73,526^{-1}$	69,702	$70,852^{\ 2}$	51,638 4	48,296 4
General Maintenance, R&R and Capital	12,601	12,601	12,601	0 5	0
Total Appropriated	\$593,338	\$586,635	\$587,785	\$515,570	\$512,228

Source: University Budget Office

See combined footnotes under the "State Appropriations as Received" table directly below.

State Appropriations as Received

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2009	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u> ⁶
Unrestricted General Operating &	\$502,822	\$481,145	\$473,858	\$464,423 ³	\$463,932
Restricted Special					
Fee Replacement	$69,802^{-1}$	69,702	$72,553^{2}$	51,441 ⁴	47,126 4
General Maintenance, R&R and Capital	12,172	1,092	6,062	24,356 ⁵	0
Total Received	\$584,796	\$551,939	\$552,473	\$540,220	\$511,058

Source: Office of the Treasurer

¹ The variance in "As appropriated" and "As received" Fee Replacement for fiscal year 2009 resulted from (i) some projects eligible for fee replacement beginning in fiscal year 2009 not yet having been financed and (ii) some projects financed in 2008 having been financed at a lower interest rate than the Indiana Commission for Higher Education budget guideline.

² The "As Appropriated" Fee Replacement for fiscal year 2011 reflects the appropriation per the budget bill. Subsequent to the bill, the University issued Student Fee Bonds Series T for projects which received General Assembly authorizations within

- 2007-2009 and 2009-2011 and had all the requisite approvals. The "As Received" Fee Replacement which exceeds the "As Appropriated" came from the State Budget Agency Fee Replacement Appropriation Allocation for fiscal year 2011.
- ³ The "As Received" Unrestricted General Operating & Restricted Special for fiscal year 2012 reflects a claim for The Indiana Higher Education Telecommunications System (IHETS) that was not appropriated to the University, but for which it acts as fiscal agent.
- ⁴ The variances in "As Appropriated" and "As Received" Fee Replacement for fiscal years 2012 and 2013 reflect the fiscal year debt service savings from Student Fee Bonds Series U.
- ⁵ For fiscal year 2012, the "As Received" Repair & Rehabilitation (R&R) funds were American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) appropriations which previously had been cancelled by the state.
- ⁶ FY 2013 "As Received" is based on the budget bill, and assumes all FY2013 appropriations will be received.

Indiana University Foundation

The Indiana University Foundation (the "Foundation") was incorporated in 1936 as a non-profit corporation, separate and distinct from the University, and is empowered to perform a wide range of services and conduct a variety of activities that support the University as it carries out its missions of teaching, research and public service. The Foundation conducts general and special purpose fund raising programs; receives and acknowledges gifts for the benefit of the University; administers those gifts to ensure that they are used as specified by the donor; invests those gifts intended for endowment purposes; serves as trustee for certain types of planned gift arrangements; and provides other services for the benefit of the University as requested from time to time.

The Foundation is governed by a Board of Directors, three members of which must be current members of the Trustees and one member of which must be the President of the University. The assets and income of the Foundation are held and accounted for separately from the funds of the University. As of June 30, 2012, the assets of the Foundation and the assets of the University managed by the Foundation had a market value of approximately \$2,105,534,000, the majority of which consisted of funds restricted for University purposes. Distributions from endowment earnings received by the University in fiscal year 2012 totaled approximately \$66.6 million, which represented approximately 2% of estimated total University revenues during fiscal year 2012.

Assets, net assets, and annual income of the Foundation and the annual distributions to the University for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012 are set forth below.

Indiana University Foundation Financial Summary

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year			Total Revenue	Distributions to
Ended June 30	Assets 1	Net Assets	and Support ²	the University ³
2008	\$2,111,129	\$1,633,177	\$192,803	\$145,815 ⁴
2009	1,642,126	1,318,118	(156,489)	109,090 4
2010	1,767,561	1,486,267	352,992	145,704 ⁴
2011	2,054,875	1,741,608	379,646	102,174
2012	2,105,534	1,730,081	128,517	107,057 4

Source: Indiana University Foundation The Foundation financial statements as of June 30, 2012 may be obtained at: http://iufoundation.iu.edu/about/financial.html.

- Assets that the Foundation held for the University and for University affiliates had corresponding liabilities reported on the Foundation's Statement of Financial Position for each of the fiscal years shown above. The portion of those assets held for the University and for University affiliates, which represent endowment funds managed by the Foundation, total \$197,897,213; \$151,304,670; \$168,220,929; \$207,860,506; and \$208,809,374 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012, respectively. Additional information with respect to University endowment funds is contained within the Endowments section below.
- ² See the Foundation's Statement of Activities for each of the fiscal years shown above.
- These disbursements include transfers to the University as well as program and departmental support. See Indiana University Foundation Notes to the Financial Statements, June 30, 2008 Note 10 and June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2012 Note 11, Unrestricted University Program Expenditures. June 30, 2011 and 2012 are contained within the accompanying financial report.
- Lilly Endowment, Inc. has provided \$109,100,000 in contributions through the Foundation for University support and faculty research during fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012. Total disbursements increased significantly due to the transfer of these funds to the University.

Annual Fund Raising

The Foundation, for the benefit of the University, conducts ongoing annual fund raising campaigns, as well as major gift and special development programs, to raise funds for endowments, research, student support, scholarships, awards, capital projects and special programs.

The following table summarizes the annual contributions through the Foundation for each of the fiscal years indicated:

Private Contributions to the Indiana University Foundation

Fiscal Year	Number	Receipts 1
Ended June 30	of Donors	(dollars in thousands)
2008	110,461	\$251,385
2009	101,341	114,648
2010	123,652	166,806
2011	123,016	146,886
2012	117,813	154,035

Source: Indiana University Foundation

Endowments

Endowments are funds in which donors or other outside agencies have stipulated, as a condition of the gift, that the principal be maintained in perpetuity. Funds functioning as endowments are internally designated funds that have not been externally restricted, and for which the principal may be expended.

The market value of endowments and funds functioning as endowments held by the University in each of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012 are indicated below.

Endowments and Funds Functioning as Endowments ¹ (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year	
Ended June 30	<u>Fair Value</u>
2008	\$197,861
2009	153,533
2010	172,592
2011	207,594
2012	206,712 ²

Source: Financial Management Services from financial reports of the University for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2009; Office of the Treasurer for fiscal years 2010 through 2012 (unaudited)

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank -

¹ Include one-time contributions of \$69,000,000 in 2008, \$15,000,000 in 2009, \$18,500,000 in 2010, and \$6,600,000 in 2012 from Lilly Endowment, Inc.

In addition to funds currently held by the Foundation, these figures include other University endowments, with real estate valued at fair value.

The fair value as of September 30, 2012 is \$209,418,435 (unaudited).

Physical Plant

As of fall 2011, the various campuses of the University covered a total of 3,609 acres. There are 859 buildings on all campuses of the University encompassing 34.5 million gross square feet, of which 21.3 million square feet is assignable to operating units. Not included in the assignable square feet are service, building and parking garage circulation and construction areas, restrooms, hallways, and wall thicknesses. Academic and administrative activities are assigned 11.6 million square feet; auxiliary enterprise services are assigned 9.7 million square feet.

The following table sets forth the University's net capital assets, for each of the fiscal years shown.

Capital Assets, Net ¹ (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year	
Ended June 30	Capital Assets, Net 1
2008	\$2,048,204
2009	2,197,123
2010	2,316,762
2011	2,422,233
2012	2,533,362

Source: Financial Management Services from financial reports of the University for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012

1 Net of accumulated depreciation.

Capital Program

The University has an ongoing capital improvement program consisting of new construction and the renovation of existing facilities. Capital improvement projects have historically been funded from a variety of sources, including but not limited to State appropriations, debt financing, gifts, and University funds.

In each biennium, the University prepares and updates its ten-year capital improvement plan. This provides the basis for a capital appropriation request which the University submits each biennium to the State Budget Agency, the Indiana Commission for Higher Education, and the General Assembly. The request identifies the projects and their respective purposes, priorities, amounts and funding sources. The General Assembly will approve or decline the various projects submitted by the University, and may include projects which were not on the initial capital plan request. For projects that receive General Assembly approval, specific funding sources for each project will be stipulated. Not all projects require General Assembly approval.

The following tables summarize capital projects that are currently included in the University's near-term financing plan.

Planned Capital Projects to be Financed with Student Fee Bonds (dollars in thousands)

		Borrowing
<u>Project Name</u>	Campus	Amount
Tamarack Hall & Ivy Tech Community College ²	Northwest	\$45,000
Education Technology Building ²	Southeast	<u>22,000</u>
Total		<u>\$67,000</u>

Source: Office of the Treasurer

¹ Secured by a pledge of student fees.

² Projects have been approved by the General Assembly but no fee replacement was appropriated for the 2011-13 biennium for these projects. Timing of the borrowing for these projects is uncertain.

Planned Capital Projects to be Financed with Consolidated Revenue Bonds ¹ (dollars in thousands)

		Borrowing
<u>Project Name</u>	<u>Campus</u>	Amount
International Studies Building ^{2,3}	Bloomington	\$10,000
Glick Eye Institute Build-Out ^{2,3}	IUPUI	2,800
Total		<u>\$12,800</u>

Source: Office of the Treasurer

- Payable from certain legally available funds of the University.
- ² Timing of the borrowing for this project is uncertain.
- Requisite State approvals have been received.

Planned Capital Projects to be Financed with Certificates of Participation ¹ (dollars in thousands)

		Borrowing
Project Name	<u>Campus</u>	Amount
International Studies Building ^{2,3}	Bloomington	\$33,000
Total		\$33,000

Source: Office of the Treasurer

- ¹ Payable from certain legally available funds of the University.
- ² Timing of the borrowing for this project is uncertain.
- ³ Requisite State approvals have been received.

Planned Capital Projects to be Financed with Qualified Energy Savings Debt ¹ (dollars in thousands)

		Borrowing
<u>Project Name</u>	<u>Campus</u>	Amount
Qualified Energy Savings Project ^{2,3}	East	\$ 1,350
Qualified Energy Savings Project ^{2,4}	Bloomington	<u>15,000</u>
	Total	<u>\$16,350</u>

Source: Office of the Treasurer

- The type of borrowing for these projects is uncertain, as they could be financed with qualified energy savings notes (to be repaid from energy savings and further secured by a junior (subordinate) lien on student fees) or student fee bonds.
- ² Timing of the borrowing for these projects is uncertain.
- ³ Requisite State approvals have been received.
- ⁴ The University expects to request approval from the State to borrow for this project.

The University has used its tax-exempt commercial paper ("TECP") programs to provide interim financing for certain capital projects and may do so in the future. As of December 1, 2012, no TECP is outstanding.

Indebtedness of the University

The University is authorized by various acts of the General Assembly to issue bonds for the purposes of financing the construction of academic and administrative facilities, student housing facilities, student union buildings, athletic facilities, and parking facilities on all campuses and research facilities on the Bloomington and IUPUI campuses.

The University has never failed to pay punctually, and in full, all amounts due for principal of and interest on any indebtedness. All debt instruments outstanding as of December 1, 2012 are fixed-rate instruments. No

variable rate debt, auction rate debt or swaps were outstanding as of December 1, 2012. The total outstanding bonded indebtedness (unaudited) as of December 1, 2012 is summarized in the table that follows.

Facilities Indebtedness as of December 1, 2012 1

(dollars in thousands)

Type of Issuance	Original <u>Amount</u>	Principal Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
Student Fee Bonds ²	\$ 883,682	\$ 448,521 ³
Student Residence System Bonds (Housing) 4,5	20,620	1,335
Facility Revenue Bonds (Parking) 4,5	24,310	5,845
Consolidated Revenue Bonds ⁵	451,885	418,215
Certificates of Participation ⁵	45,715	42,305
Energy Savings Notes	<u>1,860</u>	<u>1,212</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,428,072</u>	<u>\$ 917,433</u>

Source: Office of the Treasurer

Sources of Payment for Bonds

Available Funds

Available Funds are defined as (a) the Net Income of the Facilities, and (b) any and all other funds of the University legally available for transfer to the sinking fund. Available Funds include, but are not limited to, unrestricted operating fund balances, auxiliary fund balances, and certain other fund balances of the University and selected related entities, in each case without any priority among any such fund balances and only to the extent not pledged, restricted, or specifically authorized for other purposes, now or in the future, or otherwise restricted by law. Available Funds do not include (i) student fees pledged for other purposes or otherwise restricted by law; (ii) certain prior encumbered revenues to the extent of such encumbrance; (iii) other specifically identified revenues or funds pledged or otherwise dedicated or restricted for other purposes; or (iv) moneys appropriated by the Indiana General Assembly and specifically authorized for other purposes or otherwise restricted by law. No assurance can be provided as to the availability or adequacy of any Available Funds as of any particular date. The University retains the right to use Available Funds for the payment of other obligations of the University and to use any or all Available Funds for other lawful corporate purposes of the University. In particular, Net Income of the Facilities and other Available Funds may be used to pay costs of facilities, financing expenses, other amounts payable under any credit facility, and other amounts payable (such as termination payments, etc.) under any derivative agreement.

The following table presents certain Available Funds balances (unaudited), from which the University's Certificates of Participation, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Facility Revenue Bonds, Student Residence System Bonds and Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper (none outstanding) (see "Other Indebtedness of the University") are payable, as of the end of the fiscal year of the University, for each of the past five years:

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank -

¹ This table does not reflect unamortized bond premium or deferred charges.

Secured by a pledge of Student Fees.

³ This number is net of the accreted value of outstanding capital appreciation bonds ("CABs"). Subsequent to the most recent debt service payment as of August 1, 2012, the principal amount outstanding as of December 1, 2012 for Student Fee Bonds, including the accreted value of the CABs through August 1, 2012, is \$461,862,438.

⁴ Secured by a pledge of net income of the designated auxiliary enterprises and also payable from certain other legally available funds of the University.

⁵ Payable from certain legally available funds of the University.

Available Funds ¹ (dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Available Funds ¹
2008	\$1,053,259
2009	1,033,364
2010	1,216,227
2011	1,473,710
2012	1,628,049

Source: Financial Management Services from financial report of the University for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012; Indiana University Foundation (unaudited)

Student Residence System Bonds

The University has agreed not to issue any further bonds under the Student Residence System Bonds ("SRS") Indenture. Future revenue bonds for student residence facilities are expected to be issued under I.C. 21-35-3 through the Consolidated Revenue Bonds ("CRB") Indenture. CRB Series 2008A, which was issued in February 2008, refunded all variable rate SRS outstanding. Fixed rate bonds issued under the SRS Indenture that remain outstanding will continue to have a senior lien on the particular pledged revenues and are further payable from legally available funds of the University. The information below represents Annual Financial Information and Operating Data required for SRS.

General Information

The Student Residence System provides housing facilities, including residence halls, apartments, town homes and suites for students, faculty or staff, visiting faculty, and conference guests of the University, the revenues of which may be pledged under the Indenture.

The Student Residence System consists of twenty-one separate student residence facilities located on the University's Bloomington and IUPUI campuses. The Student Residence System has an aggregate capacity to house 11,704 residents. Certain student residence facilities are not included in the Student Residence System because the facilities are either being converted to use as office space or the facilities have been financed under the CRB indenture.

A majority of the rooms in facilities that comprise the Student Residence System are double-occupancy rooms, but a substantial number of rooms have been converted to single occupancy in response to changing market demands. Funding for this reinvestment effort within the Student Residence System has come from reserves generated from operations and financing for the renovations of Willkie, Briscoe, and Tulip Tree. The Bloomington campus' 20-year housing master plan anticipates continued reinvestment in facilities of this nature in order to enhance student academic performance and retention rates. Funding for these projects is expected to come from a combination of bond financing and reserve funding, and some projects will be outside the Student Residence System.

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank --

Amounts include all unrestricted net assets of the University as of June 30 of each year, including net income of certain facilities for the fiscal year then ended after payment of debt service on the revenue obligations payable from such net income. Amounts also include certain quasi-endowment funds held by the Foundation designated for general use by specific schools or departments, that could be used to replace other revenues budgeted for such schools or departments, allowing such budgeted revenues to be applied to debt service on outstanding obligations in the event other Available Funds are not sufficient to pay such debt service.

The facilities that comprise the Student Residence System, and their capacities as of fall 2012, are:

Bloomington Campus		IUPUI Campus	
Student Residence Facility	Capacity	Student Residence Facility	Capacity
Ashton –West	574	Ball Residence Hall	324
BBHN Apartments	141	Campus Apartments on the Riverwalk	756
Briscoe	698	Town Homes at IUPUI	56
Campus View	223	IUPUI System Capacity	<u>1,136</u>
Collins	497		
Evermann Apartments	162		
Forest	1,062		
Foster	1,186		
Hillcrest	42		
Mason	77		
McNutt	1,372		
Read	1,054		
Redbud Hill	128		
Teter	1,213		
Tulip Tree	216		
University Apartments	117		
Willkie	758		
Wright	<u>1,048</u>		
Bloomington System Capacity	10,568		
Total System Capacity			<u>11,704</u>

Source: Bloomington Residential Programs and Services; IUPUI Housing and Residence Life

Excluded from the Bloomington System above for purposes of the Student Residence System Bonds indenture are Eigenmann (capacity 755), Union Street Center (capacity 827), and Third and Union Apartments (capacity 102), and Rose Residence Hall (capacity 439), which is anticipated to be completed to in the summer of 2013. As of fall 2012, occupancy for the combined Student Residence System, which includes certain facilities on the Bloomington and IUPUI campuses, was 98%. See "Facilities - Housing Facilities" for occupancy information related to Indiana University housing in general, including facilities excluded from the Student Residence System Bonds indenture.

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank --

Financial Operations (Student Residence System)

The following table, prepared by the University, presents a summary statement of combined revenues and operating costs for the Student Residence System for the past five years ended June 30.

Summary of Revenues and Operating Costs

Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
Gross Income	\$55,163,322	\$58,288,909	\$62,748,628	\$63,396,060	\$70,413,000
Revenue Fund Adjustment ¹	318,929	327,910	337,551	347,510	252,486
Adjusted Gross Income	\$55,482,251	\$58,616,819	\$63,086,179	\$63,743,570	\$70,665,486
Operations & Maintenance Expenses ²	<u>37,673,049</u>	42,127,554	41,868,495	41,070,290	43,455,000
Net (Pledged) Income	\$17,809,202	\$16,489,265	\$21,217,684	\$22,673,280	\$27,210,486
Annual Debt Service Requirement	\$ 1,275,715	\$ 1,311,640	\$ 1,350,202	\$ 1,390,040	\$ 1,009,945
Other Uses of Net Income ³	0	0	0	0	0
Total	\$ 1,275,715	\$ 1,311,640	\$ 1,350,202	\$ 1,390,040	\$ 1,009,945
Debt Coverage Ratio ⁴	13.96	12.57	15.71	16.31	26.94

Source: Financial Management Services from financial reports of the University for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012, Segment Information Note 18 for 2008, 19 for 2009, 16 for 2010, and 17 for 2011 and 2012; Office of the Treasurer

As of June 30, 2012, the cash balances in the various accounts comprising the Student Residence System's Revenue Fund, consisting of operating and reserve cash balances, total approximately \$78,516,000. The comparable cash balances in these accounts as of June 30, 2011 totaled approximately \$73,937,000. These cash balance may and will be used for facilities excluded from the Bloomington System under the Student Residence System Bonds indenture.

Facility Revenue System Bonds

The University has agreed not to issue any further bonds under the Facility Revenue Bonds ("FRB") Indenture. Future revenue bonds for parking facilities are expected to be issued under I.C. 21-35-3 through the CRB Indenture. CRB Series 2008A, which was issued in February 2008, refunded all variable rate FRB. Fixed rate bonds issued under the FRB Indenture that remain outstanding will continue to have a senior lien on the particular pledged revenues and are further payable from legally available funds of the University. The information below represents Annual Financial Information and Operating Data required for FRB.

General Information

The Facility Revenue System consists of various parking facilities located within the University's Bloomington, IUPUI, Kokomo and South Bend parking systems (each a "Parking System"). All parking areas and parking facilities, except visitor lots, on all University campuses are designated by a system of letter coding. Permits issued for parking indicate, by letter, the specific areas in which the permit holder can park. Parking areas are assigned on each campus to recognize the needs of the various user groups identified by the University, including faculty, staff, students, handicapped-accessible, visitor, etc.

¹ Includes amounts on deposit in the Student Residence System's Revenue Fund up to 25% of annual debt service.

² Excludes depreciation expense.

Other Uses of Net Income represent capital expenditures on facilities in the Student Residence System in excess of amounts on hand in related reserve funds as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

⁴ As calculated per the annual net income coverage covenant requirement.

The permit figures below report on faculty/staff and student permits only. Faculty/staff and student permits are sold throughout the fiscal year. Student permits are typically sold at the beginning of the fall semester, spring semester, and summer sessions. The figures reported below include parking permits sold for the first quarter of the fiscal year indicated.

The purchase of a permit does not guarantee a parking space, and fines are imposed on vehicles without permits or on vehicles that are parked where the displayed permit is not valid. Parking fees are determined annually by campus administration pursuant to recommendations from the Bloomington Transportation Services department and Bloomington Transportation Advisory Committee, the IUPUI Parking and Transportation Services department, the Kokomo Administration and Finance department, and the South Bend Parking Services department, for each respective campus.

Bloomington Parking System

The Bloomington Parking System provides parking for faculty, staff, students and visitors to the Bloomington campus. Parking is available at four garages, providing an estimated 2,356 garage spaces, and at various surface lots providing an estimated 17,430 spaces, for a total of 19,786 parking spaces. There are an additional 515 garage spaces in one garage on the Bloomington campus that are not included in the Bloomington Parking System for purposes of the Facility Revenue Bond indenture. All parking on the Bloomington campus requires a permit or is cashier controlled. Permits are sold to faculty, staff and students. Permits sold through September 30, 2012, for fiscal year 2012-13, are estimated at 10,708 faculty/staff permits and 8,668 student permits, for a total of 19,376 permits. The cost of a permit varies by type. Faculty/staff permits cost from \$132 to \$379 per year. The typical full-time student permit costs \$111 per year.

IUPUI Parking System

The IUPUI Parking System provides parking for all faculty, staff, students and visitors to the IUPUI campus. Parking is available at eight garages, providing an estimated 8,080 garage spaces, and at various surface lots providing an estimated 9,168 spaces, for a total of 17,248 (15,528 on campus) parking spaces. There are an additional 2,599 garage spaces in two garages that are excluded from the IUPUI Parking System for purposes of the Facility Revenue Bond indenture. All parking on the IUPUI campus requires a permit, or is metered or cashier controlled. Permits are sold to faculty, staff and students. Permits sold through September 30, 2012, for fiscal year 2012-13, are estimated at 13,473 faculty/staff permits and 17,872 student permits, for a total of 31,345 permits. The cost of a permit varies by type. Faculty/staff permits cost from \$192 to \$636 per year. Faculty/staff reserved spaces cost \$2,592 per year. A typical full-time student permit costs \$252 per year.

Kokomo Parking System

The Kokomo Parking System provides parking for all faculty, staff, students and visitors to the Kokomo campus. Parking is available at one garage, providing an estimated 388 garage spaces, and at various surface lots providing an estimated 985 spaces, for a total of 1,373 parking spaces. All parking on the Kokomo campus, with the exception of visitor parking, requires a permit. Permits are sold to faculty, staff and students. Permits sold through September 30, 2012, for fiscal year 2012-13, are estimated at 410 faculty/staff permits and 2,788 student permits, for a total of 3,198 permits. The cost of a permit varies by type. Student permits are priced according to the number of credit hours enrolled. A typical full-time student permit costs \$106 per year. Faculty/staff permits range in price from \$106 to \$369 per year.

South Bend Parking System

The South Bend Parking System provides parking for all faculty, staff, students and visitors to the South Bend campus. Parking is available at one garage, providing an estimated 695 garage spaces, and at various surface lots providing an estimated 1,837 spaces, for a total of 2,532 parking spaces. All parking on the South Bend campus requires a permit or is cashier controlled. Permits are sold to faculty, staff and students. Permits sold through September 30, 2012, for fiscal year 2012-13, are estimated at 674 faculty/staff permits and 5,663 student permits, for a total of 6,337 permits. The cost of a permit varies by type. Student permits are priced according to the number of

credit hours enrolled. A typical full-time student permit costs \$137 per year. Staff permits range in price from \$172 to \$516 per year.

Financial Operations (Facility Revenue System)

The following table, prepared by the University, presents a summary statement of combined revenues and operating costs for the Facility Revenue System for the past five years.

Summary Of Revenues And Operating Costs

Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
Gross Income	\$17,438,761	\$18,469,597	\$19,727,148	\$22,741,953	\$25,076,974
Revenue Fund Adjustment ¹	985,278	1,052,105	967,024	968,669	<u>864,575</u>
Adjusted Gross Income Operating &	\$18,424,039	\$19,521,702	\$20,694,172	\$23,710,622	\$25,941,549
Maintenance Expenses ²	7,362,232	10,259,754	11,285,144	12,975,592	13,078,732
Net (Pledged) Income Annual Debt Service	\$11,061,807	\$ 9,261,948	\$ 9,409,028	\$10,735,030	\$12,862,817
Requirement	\$ 3,941,110	\$ 4,208,420	\$ 3,868,095	\$ 3,874,675	\$ 3,458,300
Other Uses of Net Income ³	0	0	0	0	0
Total	\$ 3,941,110	\$ 4,208,420	\$ 3,868,095	\$ 3,874,675	\$ 3,458,300
Debt Coverage Ratio ⁴	2.81	2.20	2.43	2.77	3.72

Source: Financial Management Services from financial reports of the University, see Notes to the Financial Statements, Segment Information Note for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 through 2012, Segment Information Note 18 for 2008, 19 for 2009, 16 for 2010, and 17 for 2011 and 2012; Office of the Treasurer

As of June 30, 2012, the cash balances in the various accounts comprising the Facility Revenue System's Revenue Fund, consisting of operating and reserve cash balances, total approximately \$23,591,000. The comparable cash balances in these accounts as of June 30, 2011 was approximately \$20,425,000.

Consolidated Revenue Bonds

CRB are unsecured limited obligations of the University, payable solely from the Available Funds. CRB are not a general obligation, debt or liability, or a charge against any property or fund of the University or the State of Indiana. The University has covenanted under the CRB Indenture that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid, but solely from Available Funds, which are defined in the paragraph immediately following, the principal or purchase price of, redemption premium, if any, and the interest on the Bonds secured under the Indenture.

The following information is included from the accompanying Indiana University Financial Report, 2011-12 - Notes 11 through 14.

Risk Management

The University is exposed to various risks of loss, including torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, and health care claims on behalf of employees and their dependents. The University manages these risks through a combination of risk retention and commercial insurance, including coverage from internally maintained funds as well as from a wholly-owned captive insurance

¹ Include amounts on deposit in the Facility Revenue System's Revenue Fund up to 25% of annual debt service.

² Excludes depreciation expense.

³ Other Uses of Net Income represent capital expenditures on facilities in the Facility Revenue System in excess of amounts on hand in related reserve funds as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

⁴ As calculated per the annual net income coverage covenant requirement.

company, Old Crescent Insurance Company ("OCIC"). The University is self-funded for damage to buildings and building contents for the first \$100,000 per occurrence with an additional \$400,000 per occurrence covered by OCIC, with commercial excess property coverage above this amount. The University is self-funded for comprehensive general liability and automobile liability for the first \$100,000 per occurrence with an additional \$900,000 per occurrence covered by OCIC and with supplementary commercial liability umbrella policies. The University has a malpractice and professional liability policy in the amount of \$250,000 for each claim and \$750,000 annually in aggregate provided by OCIC. The University is self-funded for the first \$750,000 of any worker's compensation claim. Excess commercial coverage for up to \$1,000,000 is in place for employer liability claims. Worker's compensation claims above \$750,000 are subject to statutory limits.

The University has four health care plans for full-time appointed employees, one of which is also available to retirees not eligible for Medicare. All of the employee plans are self-funded. The University records a liability for incurred but unpaid claims for university-sponsored, self-funded health care plans. This liability is estimated to be no more than 15% of the paid self-funded claims during the fiscal year, and totals \$26,990,000 and \$26,435,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. In addition, a potential claims fluctuation liability of \$9,876,000 has been recorded at June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Separate funds have been established to account for the liability of incurred but unpaid health care claims, as well as any unusual catastrophic claims fluctuation experience. All organizational units of the University are charged fees based on estimates of the amounts necessary to pay health care coverage costs, including premiums and claims. This is taken from the accompanying Indiana University Financial Report, 2011-12 – Note 11.

Retirement Plans

The University provided retirement plan coverage to 18, 441 and 18,645 active employees, as of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively, in addition to contributing to the Federal Insurance Contributions Act ("FICA") as required by law.

Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund The University contributes to the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund ("PERF"), a defined benefit pension plan with an annuity savings account provision. Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) administers the multiple-employer public employee retirement plans, which provide retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All support, technical and service employees with at least a 50% full-time equivalent ("FTE") appointment participate in the PERF plan. There were 6,352 and 6,678 active University employees covered by this retirement plan as of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively. State statutes authorize the University to contribute to the plan and govern most requirements of the system. The PERF retirement benefit consists of the pension and an annuity savings account, both of which are funded by employer contributions. The annuity savings account consists of contributions set by State statute at three percent of compensation plus the earnings credited to members' accounts. The University has elected to make the contributions on behalf of the members. PERF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. This report may be obtained by writing the Public Employees Retirement Fund, One North Capitol, Suite 001, Indianapolis, IN 46204, by calling 1-888-526-1687, or reviewing the Annual Report online at www.in.gov/inprs/annual reports.htm.

Contributions made by the University totaled \$23,972,000 and \$21,404,000, for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively. This represented an 8.6% and 7.0% University pension benefit contribution for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively, and a 3% University contribution for the annuity savings account provisions each year.

PERF Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost The contribution requirements of plan members for PERF are established by the Board of Trustees of PERF. The University's annual pension cost and related information, as provided by the actuary, is presented below.

The employer contributions required by the funding policy at actuarial determined rates are sufficient to fund the pension portion of the retirement benefit (normal cost) and the amortization of unfunded liabilities. The amortization method and period are level dollar closed over 30 years. The actuarial cost method is entry age normal

cost. The employer required contribution is determined using an asset smoothing method. The actuarial valuation date is June 30, 2010.

Actuarial assumptions include: 1) an investment rate of return of 7%, 2) projected salary increases of 4%, and 3) a 1% cost of living increase granted in each future year, applying to current and future retirees.

PERF Funding and Annual Pension Cost

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>2010</u>	2011 1
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 14,699	\$ 21,855
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	(312)	(251)
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	<u>355</u>	<u>289</u>
Annual Pension Cost	14,742	21,893
Contributions Made	(14,016)	(14,790)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Obligation	726	7,103
Net Pension Obligation, Beginning of Year	<u>(4,307)</u>	(3,581)
Net Pension Obligation, End of Year	\$ (3,581)	\$ 3,522

Source: Financial Management Services from the Indiana University 2011-12 Financial Report – Note 12, accompanying this document

Annual Pension Cost Contributed and Net Pension Obligation

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2009	\$13,370	102%	\$ (4,307)
2010	14,742	95%	(3,581)
2011	21,893	68%	3,522

Source: Financial Management Services from the Indiana University 2011-12 Financial Report – Note 12, accompanying this document

Academic and Professional Staff Employees Appointed academic and professional staff employees with at least 50% FTE are covered by the IU Retirement Plan. This is a defined contribution plan under IRC 403(b) with four contribution levels. The University contributed \$62,833,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, and \$66,860,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, to TIAA-CREF for the IU Retirement Plan. The University contributed \$26,854,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, and \$21,804,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, to Fidelity Investments for the IU Retirement Plan. Under this plan, 8,081 and 8,504 employees directed University contributions to TIAA-CREF as of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively. In addition, 4,711 and 4,138 employees directed University contributions to Fidelity Investments as of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively.

In addition to the above, the University provides early retirement benefits to appointed academic and professional staff employees Grade 16 and above. There were 1,093 and 1,173 active employees on June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively, covered by the IU Supplemental Early Retirement Plan ("IUSERP"); a defined contribution plan in compliance with IRC 401(a), with participant accounts at TIAA-CREF and Fidelity Investments. The University contributed \$2,336,000 and \$2,695,000 to IUSERP during fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively. The same class of employees covered by the IU Retirement Plan 15% Level of Contributions on or before July 14, 1988, is covered by the 18/20 Retirement Plan, a combination of IRC Section 457(f) and Section 403(b) provisions. The IU 18/20 Retirement Plan allows this group of employees to retire as early as age 64, provided the individual has at least 18 years of participation in the IU Retirement Plan and at least 20 years of continuous University service. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the University made total payments of \$33,601,000 to 405 individuals receiving IU 18/20 Retirement Plan payments. During the fiscal year

¹ Actuarial data for June 30, 2012 was not available at the time of the financial report.

¹ Does not reflect costs attributable to the University's 3.0% defined contribution benefit. See Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund above.

ended June 30, 2011 the University made total payments of \$33,153,000 to 386 individuals receiving IU 18/20 Retirement Plan payments.

TIAA-CREF issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. This report may be obtained by writing the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund, 8500 Andrew Carnegie Blvd, Charlotte, NC 28262, by calling 1-800-842-2252, or by reviewing the annual report online at www.tiaa-cref.org/public/about/governance/corporate/annual-reports.

Fidelity Investments issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. This report may be obtained by writing Fidelity Investments, 82 Devonshire Street, Boston, MA 02109, or by calling 1-800-343-0860.

IU Replacement Retirement Plan Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost The University has established an early retirement plan for eligible employees to accommodate IRS requirements and as authorized by the Board of Trustees. This plan is called the IU Replacement Retirement Plan. It is a single-employer plan and is qualified under IRC Section 401(a), with normal benefits payable for the participant's lifetime. Trust and recordkeeping activities are outsourced to the TIAA-CREF Trust Company. As of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, 96 and 98 employees, respectively, were eligible to participate. University contributions related to this plan totaled \$1,571,000 and \$1,677,000, for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively, with no employee contributions. These amounts represent 100% of the funding policy contribution.

The following schedule shows the funding policy contributions for the fiscal years indicated for the IU Replacement Retirement Plan as provided by the actuarial valuation report prepared as of July 1, 2011, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, prepared as of July 1, 2010, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, and prepared as of July 1, 2009 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

IU Replacement Retirement Plan Funding Contributions

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2010	2011	2012
Cost of benefits earned during the year	\$ 659	\$ 808	\$ 811
Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued	710	767	664
Interest	<u>110</u>	<u>102</u>	96
Funding policy contribution	<u>\$1,479</u>	<u>\$1,677</u>	<u>\$1,571</u>

 $Source: Financial\ Management\ Services\ from\ the\ Indiana\ University\ 2011-12\ Financial\ Report-Note\ 12,$ accompanying this document

The funded status of the IU Replacement Retirement Plan as provided by the actuarial valuation reports for fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2011, and 2012 is as follows:

IU Replacement Retirement Plan Funded Status

(dollars in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	July 1, 2009	July 1, 2010	July 1, 2011
Actuarial accrued liability ("AAL")	\$17,713	\$21,497	\$ 23,034
Actuarial value of plan assets	<u>9,422</u>	<u>11,541</u>	<u>14,558</u>
Unfunded actuarial liability	8,291	9,956	8,476
Actuarial value of assets as a % of AAL (funded ratio)	<u>53.2%</u>	<u>53.7%</u>	<u>63.2%</u>
Annual covered payroll	\$ 8,446	\$ 8,643	\$ 8,679
Ratio of unfunded actuarial liability to annual covered payroll	98.2%	115.2%	97.7%

Source: Financial Management Services from the Indiana University 2011-12 Financial Report – Note 12, accompanying this document

Actuarial assumptions include a 6.5% asset rate of return and future salary increases of 3% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011. Liabilities are based on the projected unit credit method. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the fair value on the valuation date adjusted for employer contributions receivable. Actuarial assumptions of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of future events including future employment and mortality, and are based on the substantive plan provisions.

Additional multiyear trend information regarding the funding progress of the IU Replacement Retirement Plan is provided immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

TIAA-CREF issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. This report may be obtained by writing the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund, 8500 Andrew Carnegie Blvd, Charlotte, NC 28262, by calling 1-800-842-2252, or by reviewing the annual report online at www.tiaa-cref.org/public/about/governance/corporate/annual-reports.

Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description The University provides certain postemployment benefits for retired employees. The IU 18/20 Plan, Medical, and Life Insurance benefits are presented for financial statement purposes as a consolidated plan (the "Plan") under the requirements for reporting Other Postemployment Benefit Plans ("OPEB") required by GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by Indiana University. The 18/20 Plan provides interim benefits to full-time appointed academic and professional staff employees who meet the following eligibility requirements: 18 years of participation in the IU Retirement Plan 15% level, at least 20 years of continuous full-time University service, and at least 64 years of age. This group of employees is eligible to receive monthly payments based on a hypothetical monthly amount at age 70, up to the amount of terminal base salary, calculated as the average budgeted base salary for the five 12-month periods immediately preceding retirement. The 18/20 Plan was adopted by the Trustees. The University provides medical care coverage to individuals with University retiree status and their dependents. The cost of the coverage is borne fully by the individual. However, retiree medical care coverage is implicitly more expensive than active-employee coverage, which creates an implicit rate subsidy. The University provides retiree life insurance benefits in the amount of \$6,000 to terminated employees with University retiree status. The health and life insurance plans have been established and may be amended under the authority of the Trustees. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Funding Policy The contribution requirements of plan members and the University are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees. The University contribution to the 18/20 Plan and retiree life insurance is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Plan members do not make contributions. The medical plans are self-funded and each plan's premiums are updated annually based on actual claims. Retirees receiving medical benefits paid \$1,330,000 and \$1,088,000 in premiums in the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The University contributed \$53,851,000 and \$52,512,000 to the consolidated OPEB Plan in fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation The University's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution ("ARC") of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of twenty-five years.

The following table shows the University's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the University's net OPEB obligation as provided by the actuarial results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank --

Annual Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Cost

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2011	2012
ARC/Annual OPEB cost	\$ 58,166	\$ 57,052
Less Employer contribution	52,512	<u>53,851</u>
Increase in OPEB obligation	5,654	3,201
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	13,903	19,557
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	<u>\$ 19,557</u>	\$ 22,758
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	90.28%	94.39%

Source: Financial Management Services from the Indiana University 2011-12 Financial Report - Note 13, accompanying this document

Funded Status and Funding Progress As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was unfunded. The schedule of funding progress is below:

Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Funded Status and Funding Progress

(dollars in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAAL) (b) – (a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2009		\$443,276	\$443,276	0.0%	\$967,369	45.8%
July 1, 2010		441,968	441,968	0.0%	959,198	46.1%
July 1, 2011		414,985	414,985	0.0%	984,200	42.2%

Source: Financial Management Services from the Indiana University 2011-12 Financial Report – Taken from the additional multiyear trend information regarding the funding progress of the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans, which is provided immediately following the notes to the financial statements, accompanying this document. It contains one more year than shown in Note 13.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the University are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, represents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the University and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the University and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The projected unit credit cost method was used in the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5% investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of (1) the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and (2) the University's investments which are calculated based on the funded level of the Plan at June 30, 2012; and an annual healthcare cost trend rate that ranges from 10% in fiscal year 2013 to 5% in fiscal year 2023. The rate includes a 3% inflation assumption. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is being amortized over 25 years using level dollar amounts on an open group basis.

Termination Benefits

In fiscal year 2011 the University offered certain employees an Early Retirement Incentive Plan ("ERIP"). Depending on the eligibility criteria of the participating employees, the early retirement became effective from one of three dates, as shown in the table below:

Retirement Date	Number of ERIP Participants
June 30, 2011	321
August 31, 2011	137
December 31, 2011	<u>25</u>
Total	483

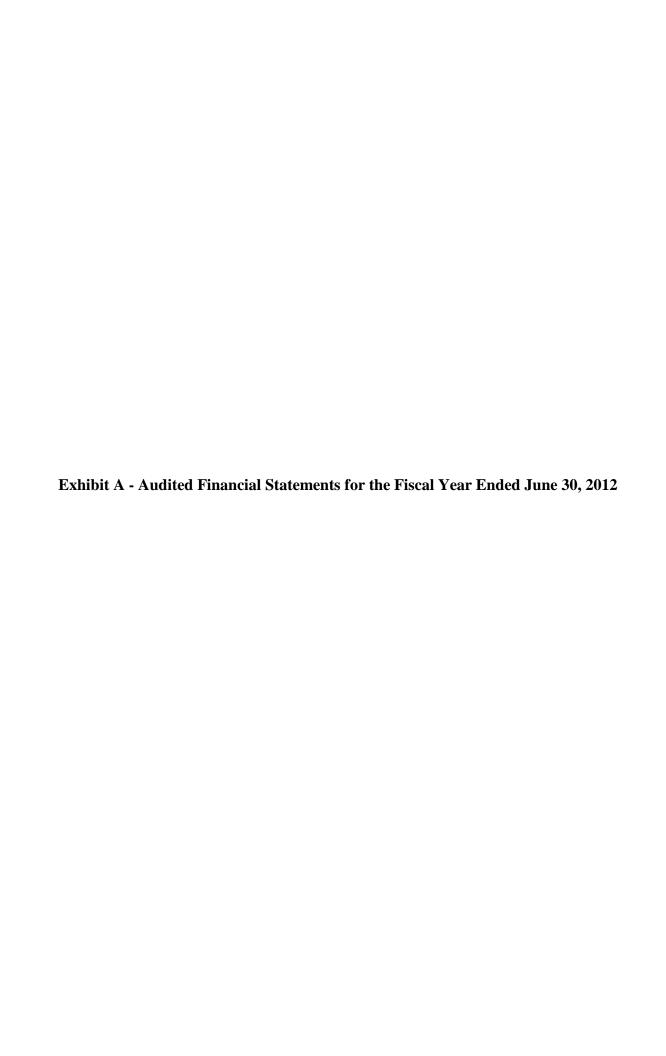
The ERIP provides three benefits not normally provided to separating employees:

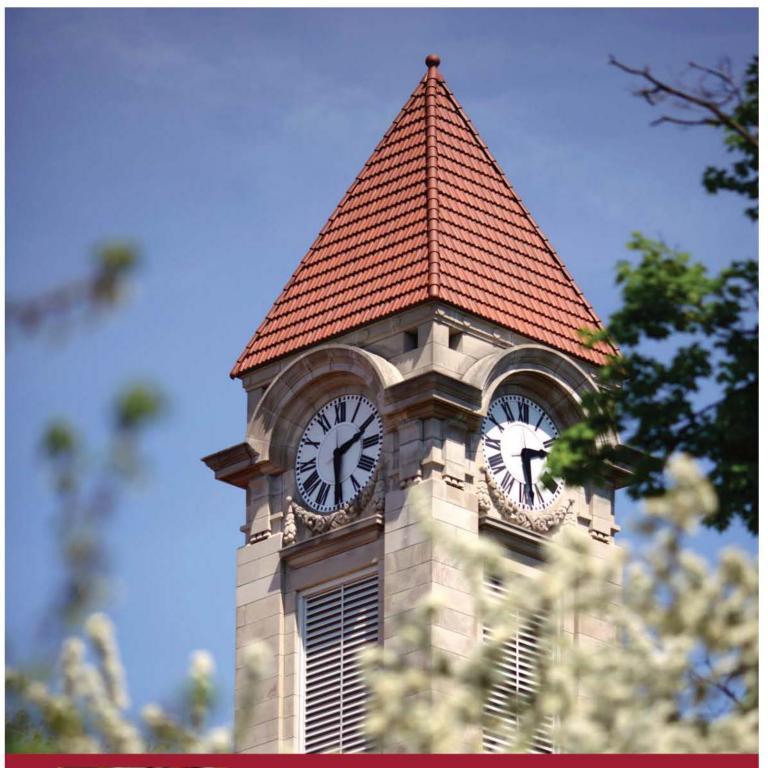
- a. A lump sum payment income replacement payment.
- b. Five years of annual contributions to a health reimbursement account ("HRA") that reimburses employees, based on their current medical plan enrollment, for some healthcare expenses such as premiums, deductibles, and copays.
- c. The option to continue in an IU-sponsored medical plan until age 65. Employees with IU Retiree Status could opt to participate in a post-65 Medicare supplement medical plan. The opting employees would need to pay their respective full premium amounts to receive this benefit.

In fiscal year 2011 the University recognized an expense and liability for the income replacement payments for all employees participating in the ERIP. The actuarial accrued liability associated with OPEB was increased by \$15,669,000 for HRA contributions.

In fiscal year 2012, the actuarial accrued liability associated with Other Post-Employment Benefits was increased by \$10,931,000 for health reimbursement account contributions.

-- Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank -







Ш INDIANA UNIVERSITY 2011-2012 Financial Report











MICHAEL A. MCROBBIE

15-YEAR **IU** HIGHLIGHTS **1997-2012**

- As vice president for information technology, initiated the development of IU's original Information Technology Strategic Plan, launched in 1998 to enable IU to become a leader in the use and application of IT and today considered a model for educational institutions across the nation.
- Played an important role in establishing IU's School of Informatics and Computing, the first such school in the nation, as well as in securing two of the largest grants in IU history—totaling more than \$80 million—to establish technology-related laboratories and initiatives at the university.
- Directed the development of I-Light, the first higher education-owned optical fiber network, which provides high-speed broadband Internet capability to colleges and universities across Indiana.
- In 2004, named to Computerworld magazine's list of the "Premier 100 IT leaders," which honors the top information technology strategists in the U.S.
- As vice president for research, was instrumental in securing a \$53 million grant from the Lilly Endowment for the Indiana Metabolomics and Cytomics Initiative (METACyt)—the largest grant ever obtained at IU Bloomington.
- As IU Bloomington provost, jointly oversaw the development of the IU Life Sciences Strategic Plan, designed to move the university into the ranks of the nation's top research centers in the life sciences.
- As university provost and as president, oversaw the creation of a 50-year master plan to guide future expansions of IU's core campuses in Bloomington and Indianapolis.
- As president, dedicated several new facilities for teaching and learning and on-campus housing, including, among others, Simon Hall, the first science-only building constructed at IU Bloomington in more than 40 years, the IU Cinema, the Union Street Center student housing complex, new residence halls at IU Southeast, the Cook Hall basketball practice facility and the Glick Eye Institute.
- Accompanied Elinor Ostrom to Stockholm, Sweden, where she accepted the 2009 Nobel Prize in Economic Sciences.
- In 2010, unveiled IU's "Principles of Excellence," a guide to IU achieving its vision of becoming one of the great research universities of the 21st century and the preeminent institution of higher education in Indiana.

(Highlights continued inside back cover.)

FINANCIAL REPORT 2011-12

Table of Contents

- 2 Message from the President
- Message from the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
- 7 Independent Auditors' Report
- 9 Management's Discussion and Analysis
- **16** Statement of Net Assets
- 17 IUF Statement of Financial Position
- 18 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets
- **19** IUF Statement of Activities
- 20 Statement of Cash Flows
- Notes to the Financial Statements
- 45 Excerpts from the IU Foundation–Notes to Financial Statements
- 54 Trustees and Administrative Officers of Indiana University
- 55 Additional Information

Message from the President



Michael A. McRobbie President, Indiana University

The Honorable Mitchell E. Daniels, Jr. Governor, State of Indiana State House, Room 206 200 West Washington Street Indianapolis, IN 46204

Dear Governor Daniels:

On behalf of the Trustees of Indiana University, I am pleased to present to you IU's 2011-12 Financial Report.

Like public research universities across the nation, Indiana University has faced myriad challenges in recent years, including the nationwide economic downturn, growing concerns over college costs and student debt, the emergence of greater global competition in higher education, rapidly evolving technologies,

and changing demographics. In the face of these and other challenges, Indiana University's faculty, staff, and students continue to engage in remarkable work that is improving our state, nation, and world, and transforming lives.

We continue to steadfastly embrace the enduring value of a rigorous college education, and we are taking steps that will ensure that Indiana University offers the kinds of educational opportunities that one would expect of a university that aspires to be one of the finest universities of the 21st century.

KEEPING AN IU EDUCATION AFFORDABLE

As a public university, we also have an obligation to ensure that an IU education remains accessible and affordable for qualified Hoosier students. The 2013 edition of the "Fiske Guide to Colleges," one of the country's leading college guides, recognized our commitment to keeping an IU education affordable by naming IU Bloomington a "best buy" school. IU Bloomington was one of only 20 public universities in the U.S. and Canada to receive the "best buy" designation.

Recent data from the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics shows that IU, state, and federal student financial aid programs reduce the net cost of attending Indiana University to about half of the "sticker price" of tuition, room and board, books, and miscellaneous expenses. The data also shows that the net cost for the Bloomington campus is *the lowest* of all Big Ten institutions—and that IU East has *the lowest* net cost of *any* public campus in Indiana.

We are not content, however, to rest on these laurels.

I recently announced a new on-time completion award that will help to

further lower the cost of attending IU, while providing additional incentive for students to graduate in four years. Under this initiative, students who have completed four semesters in good academic standing and who are on-track to graduate in four years will receive an award that offsets any increase in tuition and fees that may occur in their junior and senior years.

This initiative comes on the heels of the university's decision, implemented this summer, to lower tuition for all undergraduates attending summer semester classes by 25 percent for Indiana resident students and an equivalent dollar amount for nonresident students. This program, which will continue next summer, saved IU students nearly \$12 million and resulted in an increase in summer attendance this year over the previous year.

Moreover, IU has more than doubled the amount of institutional aid to students in the past five years. This aid consists not of loans, but of grants and scholarships that do not need to be paid back. As a result, more than half of the undergraduates at IU Bloomington have *no* student loan debt—and almost half graduate with no student loan debt.

RECORD ENROLLMENTS

Indiana University continues to attract record numbers of highly qualified students from around the state, the nation, and the world. This fall, we enrolled a record of more than 110,000 students across the state. That number includes our largest freshman class ever in Bloomington, which also is one of the most diverse and academically accomplished classes ever to enter the university. We are also seeing gains in both the diversity and academic qualifications of our new students at other campuses.

As a result of the breadth and quality of our academic programs, IU, which graduates significantly more students



than any other higher education institution in the state, continues to play a vital role in Indiana by educating and training students for successful careers.

A LEADING PUBLIC RESEARCH UNIVERSITY

Our outstanding faculty members continue to successfully compete with top researchers across the nation and around the world for research funding that is becoming increasingly scarce.

Indiana University received \$533 million in grants and awards for research and other sponsored programs in fiscal year 2012. This amount represents the second-highest annual total ever at IU, and is only the third time in the university's history that we have passed the half-billion-dollar mark in externally funded research and related program awards in a single year.

That we have been able to sustain our research excellence when research universities are facing unprecedented financial challenges and dwindling funding opportunities makes this achievement even more impressive. The breadth, depth, and quality of our research clearly signal IU's continuing status as one of the leading public research universities in the world.

TRANSFORMING INDIANA UNIVERSITY FOR THE 21ST CENTURY

In 2010, I appointed some of the most distinguished and insightful faculty and academic administrators on the Bloomington and IUPUI campuses to the New Academic Directions Committee. The committee examined many of the academic programs that are the heart of the university and recommend ways to bring IU's structure into the 21st century. Since the completion of the New Academic Directions report, we have seen transformation of unprecedented scale and speed at IU. By the end of this year, we will expect to have seen seven schools transformed, established, merged or closed

in less than 18 months. This is more change than in the previous 40 years at IIJ.

On the IUPUI campus, for example, we are establishing the world's first School of Philanthropy. The school will build on the strengths of the world-renowned Center on Philanthropy. The establishment of the new School of Philanthropy will greatly expand the education and opportunities for IU students who want to pursue careers in the huge and diverse philanthropic and not-for-profit sector.

Spurred by the rapid and increasing pace of evolution in the world of informatics, computing, and libraries, the connections between programs that study information and those that study computation have become closer and more important than ever. In the coming year, Indiana University's School of Library and Information Science and its School of Informatics will merge. This merger will allow the school to compete with the best schools in the nation in these areas.

We also recently announced the establishment of IU Online, a major strategic investment in online education that will accelerate the development and delivery of quality online courses and programs at IU's campuses statewide, address Indiana's economic and professional development needs, and extend the university's global reach.

thoughtful and effective public health policies, the education of public health professionals, and to targeted applied research that will have a demonstrable effect on the health and quality of life of Indiana's citizens.

On the IUPUI campus, we recently established the Richard M. Fairbanks School of Public Health. This school is building on the strengths of the Department of Public Health, which was formerly part of the IU School of Medicine. In Bloomington, the School of Health, Physical Education and Recreation has been transformed into the IU School of Public Health-Bloomington. The new schools will be able to compete for federal and foundation funding that is open only to schools of public health, increasing the flow of funds to Indiana to support the health of all Hoosiers.

The new schools of public health are only the most recent additions to the extensive collections of schools that train the professionals, do the research, and provide clinical care in nearly every area of health care. These include the IU schools of medicine, dentistry, nursing, optometry, social work, health and rehabilitation sciences, and physical education. These schools are the largest-sometimes the *only*—places in Indiana that train professionals in these areas, and a large percentage of the professionals in these areas practicing in Indiana have been trained in these schools.

IMPROVING HOOSIER HEALTH

Indiana's poor performance by just about any of the major measures of public health—smoking, diabetes, obesity and cancer—has been well documented. With the recent establishment of two new schools of public health, Indiana University is making major contributions to the formulation of



Together with our close partner, IU Health—the largest healthcare system in Indiana and one of the largest in the nation—we collectively have the most extensive impact in the state on the health and well-being of Hoosiers. We were recently pleased to note that U.S. News & World Report ranked IU Health as one of the top 16 health systems in the country—the magazine's highest distinction, reserved for the top medical centers in the nation such as the Mayo Clinic and Mass General. Eleven IU Health clinical programs, staffed largely by physicians trained at the IU School of Medicine, also were named among the best in the nation by the magazine.



In Indianapolis, IU and IU Health are establishing a major new joint facility in the neurosciences. This superb new joint facility will provide outpatient rehab facilities, an imaging center, and walk-in care facilities, as well as state-of-the-art facilities in which our researchers and clinicians will conduct a broad range of neuroscience research in fields such as neurotrauma, dementias, addiction, epilepsy, and pain. This complex will also house one of the largest concentrations of researchers and clinicians in the neurosciences in the United States.

A LEADING INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY

By any measure, Indiana University is one of America's leading international universities, and we continue to increase our international engagement. We now rank eighth in the country in the overall number of students who are studying abroad. Study and service abroad are essential components of a 21st Century education meant to prepare students to live and work in a flat world. We also rank 11th nationally, up from 14th last year, in the number of international students enrolled.

IU also has extraordinary resources and strengths in global and international studies, including:

- more than 70 foreign languages taught, (more than any other university);
- 11 international area studies programs that receive funding through the U.S. Department of Education's Title VI Program (again, more than any other university);
- a great breadth and depth of international research and scholarship;
 and
- a high level and wide variety of international engagement.

We are leveraging this outstanding reputation in scholarship and research on countries, cultures, and regions around the globe by establishing a School of Global and International Studies. By bringing together into one school the core of IU's extraordinary resources, the university stands poised to join the most outstanding programs in the world in these truly vital areas. The new school will expand the opportunities for international education for all students, and offer Hoosier students even more opportunities for the global education so necessary to their future success.

CONCLUSION

The importance of Indiana's public institutions of higher education to the long-term economic vitality of the state is immense. We are incubators for jobs and economic growth. Our researchers make discoveries that save and improve the lives of Indiana's citizens. We help to retain Indiana's own top students, keeping them in the state as our next generation of leaders. Our professors also attract top students from across the United States, many of whom stay in Indiana to become business, civic, and political leaders.

As this financial report illustrates, Indiana University continues to regard the funding it receives as a public trust. We are deeply grateful for the support we receive from state appropriations, donor contributions, grants, contracts, and student fees, and are committed to achieving the best return on all of those investments.

We continue to work diligently to make Indiana University more efficient, more affordable, more accessible, and to preserve and enhance its quality. The actions we have taken in the last year illustrate our dedication to preserving and strengthening the academic core of the university as we fulfill IU's fundamental missions of education and research. We look forward to continuing to work with the State of Indiana and our many external partners to preserve highquality higher education as an asset that can efficiently serve our state and our students for years to come.

Yours sincerely,

Michael A. McRobbie President

Message from the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer



Neil Theobald Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Indiana University

Dear President McRobbie and the Trustees of Indiana University:

I am pleased to present to you the consolidated financial report for Indiana University for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

As has been the case in recent years, the economic conditions under which the university operated during the most recent fiscal year were challenging. While there have been some signs of a gradual strengthening of the national economy in recent months—as evidenced by increased consumer spending and an improving housing market—job growth remains sluggish and unemployment relatively high. In Indiana, the jobless rate remains above 8 percent, slightly higher than the national average.

In the face of these significant challenges, however, Indiana University continued to strengthen its already solid financial foundation during the recently completed fiscal year. A combination of aggressive expense management, strong investment performance, and the continued

generosity of our alumni and friends allowed the university to grow its net assets—a critical indicator of current financial health—by more than 8 percent.

This was possible because the University continues to expand its expense reduction efforts. Overall, total operating expenses for the university increased by just 2 percent from the previous fiscal year, despite rising employee health care costs, and an ambitious academic agenda that has seen the university create a number of new schools and launch several new initiatives over the past 18 months. IU has managed to hold the line on overall spending by achieving cost reductions in a number of areas. Among them:

- Consolidating purchasing systems \$12 million annual savings
- Providing early retirement incentives taken by approximately 500 employees – \$6 million
- Changing the vesting provision in retirement plan \$3.5 million
- Closing the School of Continuing Studies \$1.8 million

As a result of this work and other efforts to keep our costs in line, IU's creditworthiness has never been better. In fact, IU is one of only eight public universities to earn the highest credit rating—Aaa—offered by Moody's Investors Service. As an "investment grade" institution, we have lowered the cost of servicing our debt significantly in recent years, saving the state \$40 million.

Faculty and staff across the university continue to do more with less and we are constantly looking for ways to lower our costs while better serving our employees. For example, we continue to increase the health care services offered to many of our employees, retirees, graduate students, and their families through enhanced delivery of clinical services

in the Bloomington area under a program that started early this year. IU intends to extend the use of clinics to other communities where we have campuses. In addition, we are encouraging our employees to take a greater role in their health care decisions through increased preventative and wellness services and by offering a high-deductible insurance plan with a health savings account component that is generously funded by IU.

The combination of world-class academics and moderate price (IU's average net cost of attendance is the lowest in the Big Ten) has brought outside recognition to the university in recent years. Kiplinger's Personal Finance magazine in 2011 rated IU-Bloomington 28th in quality for the cost of education from among more than 500 public institutions, and this year the prestigious Fiske Guide to Colleges named IU-Bloomington as a "best buy" for its combination of moderate cost to students and academic quality.

Still, we are not content with our recent progress or our current performance.

The university understands that student debt levels are a significant problem, and we are aggressively addressing this issue through a two-pronged IU Student Debt Reduction Plan. First, IU is requiring each undergraduate who is applying for a student loan to complete a financial literacy course that is designed to help students understand the implications of student debt and how to manage and control it. Second, IU is funding a Completion Scholarship that seeks to encourage IU students to attend fulltime, if possible, and complete 50% of a degree within two years.

Shortening the time to degree will go a long way toward lowering student debt levels, as a large percentage of borrowing goes to cover non-tuition costs of attending college each year. The Completion Scholarship will reward IU juniors and seniors who are on pace to graduate in four years by effectively freezing tuition and fees for their final two years of study. By graduating on time, students lower their overall debt load and are positioned to enter the workforce earlier, allowing them to begin repaying their debt at the earliest possible time. This focus on 4-year degree completion is consistent with the goals of state policymakers and the Indiana Commission on Higher Education.

I am proud of our steadfast efforts to become more efficient in our operations and to provide financial relief to our students over the past year. Just as importantly, as President McRobbie detailed in his letter introducing this report, we have not lost sight of our core mission: to provide an affordable world-class college education, with a special emphasis on serving the educational needs of talented Indiana high school graduates.

We currently serve more than 110,000 on eight campuses across Indiana, and the academic profile of our student body continues to improve. For example, the median grade point average of this year's freshman class was 3.7, and 87 percent of those students from Indiana who entered IU this fall earned the state's Academic Honors Diploma. In addition, international enrollment increased for the

eighth consecutive year this fall and the university continues to make gains to improve the domestic diversity of its student body.

We owe all of those students a rigorous education that is designed to meet the needs of the 21st century global workplace, and to do so at a reasonable cost. In his State of the University address in October, President McRobbie acknowledged the university's responsibility to accomplish these goals despite the changing and challenging environment facing all of us in higher education today.

We have chosen to meet these challenges directly by challenging one another to be more innovative in how we create and deliver our academic offerings, and by remaining focused on the financial realities facing our students and their families in these uncertain economic times.

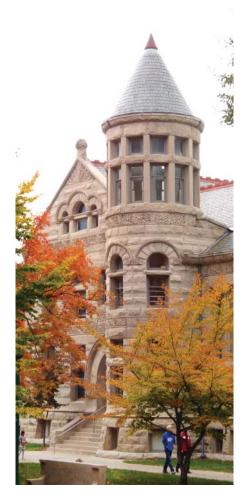
I think the results detailed in this report send a clear message that we are on solid financial ground as we continue our never-ending journey to better serve our students and the state of Indiana. I encourage you to closely examine the report and welcome your questions and ideas.

Thanks to all of you for your continued support and leadership of Indiana University.

il Theolet

Sincerely,

Neil Theobald Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer





STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS 302 WEST WASHINGTON STREET ROOM E418 INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46204-2765

> Telephone: (317) 232-2513 Fax: (317) 232-4711 Web Site: www.in.gov/sboa

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO: THE OFFICIALS OF INDIANA UNIVERSITY, BLOOMINGTON, INDIANA

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Indiana University (University), a component unit of the State of Indiana, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. These financial statements are the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of the component unit of the University as discussed in Note 1, which represents 100% of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us and our opinion, insofar as it relates to this unit, is based upon the report of the other auditor.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Indiana University, as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the respective changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2012, on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Schedule of Funding Progress for IU Replacement Retirement Plan, the Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Postemployment Benefits Plans, and the Schedule of Funding Progress for Public Employees' Retirement Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Introductory Section, Trustee and Administrative Officers of Indiana University, Additional Information, and Acknowledgements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Trustee and Administrative Officers of Indiana University, Additional Information, and Acknowledgements have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS

State Board of accounts

October 18, 2012

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and activities of Indiana University (university) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, and 2011, along with comparative financial information for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and footnotes contained in this report.

The university's financial report includes three financial statements prepared in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) principles. The objective of the Management's Discussion and Analysis is to assist readers in understanding those statements.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the university's financial position by reporting all assets, liabilities and net assets at the end of the fiscal years audited. Net assets, the difference between total assets and total liabilities, are one indicator of the current financial condition of the university.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets presents the total revenues earned and expenses incurred by the university during the fiscal year. Changes in net assets are an indication of improvement or decline in the university's overall financial condition.

The Statement of Cash Flows provides additional material about the university's financial results by presenting detailed information about the cash activity of the university during the year. The statement reports the major sources and uses of cash and is useful in the assessment of the university's ability to generate future net cash flow, the ability to meet obligations as they come due, and the needs for external financing.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

A comparison of the university's assets, liabilities and



net assets at June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, is summarized as follows:

Condensed Statement of Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)									
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010						
Current assets	\$ 888,419	\$ 961,001	\$ 971,819						
Capital assets	2,533,362	2,422,233	2,316,762						
Other assets	1,337,428	1,173,342	991,626						
Total assets	4,759,209	4,556,576	4,280,207						
Current liabilities	462,063	554,715	525,609						
Noncurrent liabilities	1,096,472	1,042,860	1,077,731						
Total liabilities	1,558,535	1,597,575	1,603,340						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,694,440	1,621,228	1,555,422						
Restricted net assets	179,797	190,939	175,197						
Unrestricted net assets	1,326,437	1,146,834	946,248						
Total net assets	\$ 3,200,674	\$ 2,959,001	\$ 2,676,867						

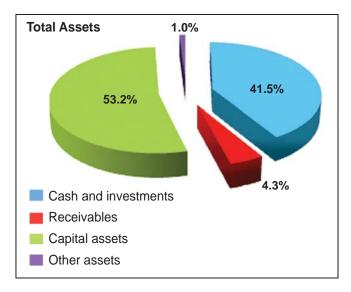
Assets

Current assets include those that are used to support current operations and consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, net receivables, and short-term investments. Cash balances support cash flow requirements for future employee benefit and retirement costs, commitments to support the academic mission, self-liquidity requirements, and other operational needs.

Noncurrent assets primarily consist of endowments, other noncurrent investments, and capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Noncurrent receivables primarily represent student loan balances scheduled for collection beyond the current year reported.

The following table and chart represent the composition of total assets:

Total Assets (in thousands of dollars)							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,976,012	41.5%					
Receivables	200,669	4.3%					
Capital assets	2,533,362	53.2%					
Other assets	49,166	1.0%					
Total assets	\$ 4,759,209	100.0%					



Total assets of \$4,759,209,000 at June 30, 2012, represent an increase of \$202,633,000, or 4.5% over June 30, 2011. The overall growth in assets is attributable to increases in investments and capital assets.

The discontinuation of the securities lending program in January 2012 contributed to a decrease in current assets of \$72,583,000. Securities lending assets were \$118,177,000 at June 30, 2011. This decrease is partially offset by an increase of \$47,199,000 in invested bond proceeds held for construction projects and resulting from new debt issued during the year.

The market value of the university's noncurrent investments increased \$168,144,000, to \$1,269,390,000 at June 30, 2012, due to operating investment gains and continued portfolio rebalancing to optimize yield. Capital assets, net of depreciation, which include land, art and museum objects, infrastructure, equipment and buildings, increased \$111,129,000, or 4.6%, over June 30, 2011, primarily due to additions, net of depreciation expense, of \$114,522,000 in buildings and construction in progress. Construction in progress consists of multi-year projects, typically buildings and major improvements.

Liabilities

Current liabilities are those that are expected to become due and are payable over the course of the next fiscal year. Current liabilities consist primarily of vendor payables, accrued compensation and compensated absences, and deferred revenue. The decrease in current liabilities of \$92,652,000 is primarily due to the discontinuation of the securities lending program, with a reduction equal to the decrease in securities lending reported as current assets in the prior year. The current portion of deferred revenue increased \$21,205,000 and is comprised of receipts for which recognition of the related income is deferred to the

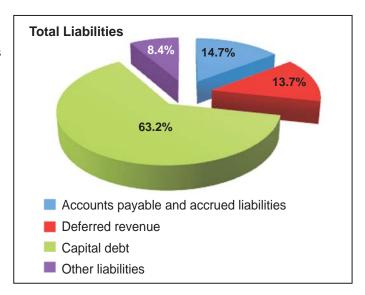
following fiscal year – primarily summer session student fees and funds received in advance of expenditures on sponsored projects. Capital grants received in advance of related construction expenditures cause significant fluctuations in deferred revenue balances.

The university's capital debt outstanding of \$984,456,000 at June 30, 2012, and \$899,340,000 at June 30, 2011, represents 63.2% and 56.3% of total liabilities at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. A discussion of the university's capital financing activities appears in Note 8, Bonds and Notes Payable, Note 9, Lease Obligations, and in the Debt and Financing activity section below.

Noncurrent deferred revenue represents funds received in advance of expenditures on sponsored projects for which related spending is expected to begin past the end of the following fiscal year. The reduction of \$22,389,000 in this deferred revenue balance occurred as expenditures for construction grants were incurred during the fiscal year. Assets held in custody for others are advances from the federal government for the purpose of making loans to students.

The following table and chart represent the composition of total liabilities:

Total Liabilities (in thousands of dollars)								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	228,958	14.7%					
Deferred revenue		213,015	13.7%					
Capital debt		984,456	63.2%					
Other liabilities		132,106	8.4%					
Total liabilities	\$ 1	1,558,535	100.0%					





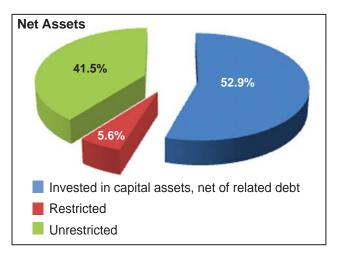
Net Assets

Net assets represent the residual interest in the university's assets after liabilities are deducted. Net assets are classified into three major categories:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents the university's investment in capital assets, such as equipment, buildings, land, infrastructure and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.
- Restricted net assets include amounts that have been restricted by external parties and are divided into two sub-categories:
 - Restricted non-expendable net assets must be held inviolate and in perpetuity. These funds represent the university's permanent endowment funds received for the purpose of creating present and future income.
 - Restricted expendable net assets are available for expenditure by the university, but must be spent according to restrictions imposed by third parties.
- Unrestricted net assets include amounts institutionally designated or committed to support specific purposes.

The following table and chart represent the composition of net assets:

Total Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,694,440	52.9%					
Restricted	179,797	5.6%					
Unrestricted	1,326,437	41.5%					
Total net assets	\$ 3,200,674	100.0%					



The \$73,212,000 increase invested in capital assets, net of related debt, at June 30, 2012, reflects the university's continued investment in the future through development of its long-range capital plans. The university's facilities are essential elements in sustaining and enhancing the education and research missions of the university.

Although unrestricted net assets are not subject to third-party restrictions, these funds are subject to internal designations and commitment for academic and research initiatives, capital projects, and unrestricted quasi and term endowment spending plans. The majority of the university's overall increase in net assets of \$241,673,000 during fiscal year 2012 is comprised of the increase in unrestricted net assets.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

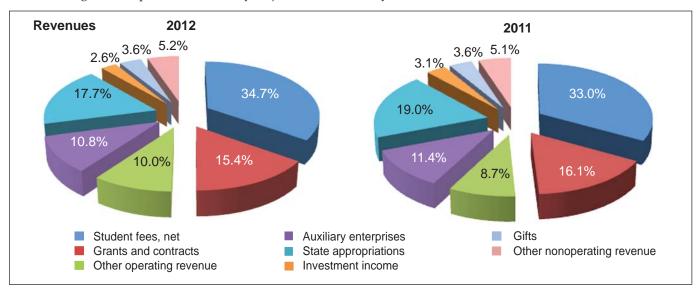
Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Trends in the relationship between operating revenues and expenses are important indicators of financial conditions. Generally, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services and include tuition and fees, grants and contracts, sales and services, and auxiliary revenue. Nonoperating revenues include state appropriations, gifts, and investment income. Operating expenses are those incurred to carry out the normal operations of the university. As a public university, Indiana University is required by GASB standards to report certain revenue sources that are an integral part of operations as nonoperating revenues.



A summarized comparison of the university's revenues, expenses, and changes in nets assets is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)								
		Fiscal Year Ended						
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010					
Operating revenues	\$ 2,065,918	\$ 2,003,416	\$ 1,933,283					
Operating expenses	(2,639,127)	(2,579,131)	(2,493,131)					
Total operating loss	(573,209)	(575,715)	(559,848)					
Nonoperating revenues	811,550	864,410	830,682					
Nonoperating expenses	(31,100)	(33,155)	(32,401)					
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains and losses	207,241	255,540	238,433					
Other revenues	34,432	26,594	20,873					
Increase in net assets	241,673	282,134	259,306					
Net assets, beginning of year	2,959,001	2,676,867	2,417,561					
Net assets, end of year	\$ 3,200,674	\$ 2,959,001	\$ 2,676,867					

The following charts represent revenues by major source for fiscal years 2012 and 2011:



Total operating revenues increased by \$62,502,000, or 3.1%, from \$2,003,416,000 in fiscal year 2011 to \$2,065,918,000 in fiscal year 2012. The largest single source of operating revenue for the university is student tuition and fees. Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, increased \$55,696,000 over the prior fiscal year. The university implemented a repair and rehabilitation fee beginning in 2012 to address the university's obligation to protect the state's investment in the buildings and infrastructure on IU's campuses. The revenue from this new fee is reflected in the increase in student fees. As the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) projects were completed,

ARRA funding declined by \$13,784,000 compared to the prior year. This decline contributed to the overall decrease of \$19,434,000 in federal grant and contract revenue. The cyclical nature of state and local grants and contracts contributed to an overall increase of \$4,807,000 in those revenues. Other revenue increased \$36,879,000 in fiscal year 2012. An increase of \$18,042,000 in medical practice plan revenue was a major component of this increase, corresponding to a \$16,071,000 decrease in auxiliary revenue, along with a \$16,759,000 decrease in auxiliary expenses. This shift is the result of the transition of clinical activities to Indiana University Health Physicians (IUHP). The restructuring is part of a plan to



achieve efficiencies and more appropriately align activities between IU and IUHP.

Total operating expenses were \$2,639,127,000 in fiscal year 2012, an increase of \$59,996,000, or 2.3% over the prior year. Scholarship allowances applied to student accounts increased \$9,128,000, or 4.8%, over fiscal year 2011. Federal financial aid received in 2012 decreased by \$12,417,000, contributing to a decrease of \$1,734,000, or 1.1%, compared to fiscal year 2011. A component of the federal Pell Grant program was eliminated due to lack of funding. The federal Academic Competitiveness and National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent Grant programs, enacted in 2006, were not reauthorized, and funding was eliminated for 2012. Compensation and benefits represent the largest single university expense, at 66.1% of total operating expenses. The increase in total compensation and benefits was only 0.8%, or \$13,567,000 in fiscal year 2012 compared to 2011. The university implemented the Early Retirement Incentive Plan in late fiscal year 2011 for eligible academic and staff employees. Voluntary separations under the plan during fiscal year 2012 were instrumental in achieving specific institutional objectives, including reducing compensation costs and redirecting positions to focus on higher priorities. In addition, there was a shift in staff salaries associated with the transition to IUHP. Total travel expenses, 20% of which arises from grants and contracts, increased \$7,230,000. Supplies and general expenses increased by \$34,962,000, including an additional outlay of \$17,837,000 in repairs and renovations, expendable equipment, and contractual services.

Nonoperating revenues, net of expenses, declined \$50,805,000, or 6.1% in fiscal year 2012 compared to 2011. State appropriations declined 6.3% over the prior year, with a reduction of \$9,108,000 in operating appropriations received. Appropriations for fee replacement declined \$21,111,000, commensurate with a decline in

the university's debt service schedules. Fee replacement appropriations are made for the purpose of reimbursing a portion of debt service for certain academic facilities. Gifts for scholarships and fellowships, general program support, and specific gifts to schools and departments comprise the majority of gift income. Total investment income declined from \$89,644,000 in fiscal year 2011 to \$74,637,000 in fiscal year 2012, a decrease of \$15,007,000, primarily driven by unrealized losses on endowment investments, compared to unrealized gains in the prior year.

Capital appropriations increased \$2,173,000, and consist of federal fiscal stabilization funds authorized by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act and awarded to the university through the state for repair and rehabilitation. Capital gifts and grants increased \$5,210,000 between fiscal years 2011 and 2012. Capital grant income is recognized as related construction expenditures are incurred. In fiscal year 2012, \$12,609,000 was spent on construction costs for the Jacobs School of Music Studio Building which is funded by a grant from the Lilly Endowment.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The Statement of Cash Flows provides additional information about the university's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash during the fiscal year. The statement assists in evaluating the university's ability to generate future net cash flows to meet its obligations as they become due and aids in determining the need for external financing. The statement is divided into four sections based on major activity: operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing. A fifth section reconciles the operating income or loss on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets to the net cash used in operations.

A summarized comparison of the university's changes in cash and cash equivalents is presented below:

Comparative Statem (in thousand			
	June 30, 2012	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Net cash provided (used) by:			
Operating activities	\$ (446,436)	\$ (417,254)	\$ (369,350)
Noncapital financing activities	750,452	763,296	729,931
Capital and related financing activities	(166,036)	(303,733)	(140,467)
Investing activities	(72,943)	(133,492)	(101,713)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	65,037	(91,183)	118,401
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	580,110	671,293	552,892
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 645,147	\$ 580,110	\$ 671,293

Cash received from operations consists primarily of student fees, grants and contracts, and auxiliary enterprise receipts. The university's liquidity increased in fiscal year 2012, with an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$65,037,000. Payments to employees represent the largest use of cash for operations. Significant sources of cash provided by noncapital financing activities are used to fund operating activities, including state appropriations, federal Pell grants, and private noncapital gifts. Fluctuations in capital and related financing activities reflect decisions made relative to the university's capital and financing plans. Cash flows from investing activities include shifts between cash equivalents and longer term investments.

CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Indiana University President Michael McRobbie has set forth goals to "ensure that the university has the new and renovated physical facilities and infrastructure essential to achieve the Principles of Excellence, while recognizing the importance of historical stewardship, an environment that reflects IU's values, and the imperative to meet future needs in accordance with long-term master plans."

Each of the university's seven campuses is in the process of assembling its own master plan to guide the physical vision of the campuses. The master plans address traffic flow, new buildings, green space, land use, rehabilitation of buildings, and repurposing of existing buildings.

The university expended a total of \$83,183,000 on facility renovations and \$13,900,000 on facility repair and replacements during fiscal year 2012.

On the Bloomington campus, major renovations were completed to upgrade the Briscoe Quad student residence center from a traditional residence center to a modern facility where each floor will offer a variety of room styles ranging from a single with private bath to a four-person suite with a bath and living room. A community lounge and a laundry room will also be incorporated into the new layout on each floor. Upgrades to the fire safety and electrical systems are included in the project to improve building safety and security. The current phase of renovations was completed at a cost of \$21,495,000.

The expansion of the Sports Complex Parking Garage, adding 1,300 parking spaces on the IUPUI campus, is part of the expansion and repurposing of the south side of the campus under the IUPUI master plan. The project was completed at a cost of \$16,590,000.

The Music Studio Building is an 85,000 square foot project under construction on the Bloomington campus, with



Neurosciences Research Building, IUPUI Indianapolis

an estimated project cost of \$40,000,000, and an estimated completion date of July 2013. The project is funded by a grant from the Lilly Endowment. The facility is expected to provide technologically and acoustically superior teaching and practice facilities to rival any music school or conservatory in the world, while also marking the entrance to the university's music and performing arts district. The new Studio Building will provide studio space with excellent acoustics and state-of-the-art wiring and technology, as well as more and larger practice and rehearsal rooms. In all, the structure will contain 84 studios for faculty and assistant instructors as well as 15 classrooms, administrative offices, graduate student spaces, mechanical support space, and a faculty lounge.

DEBT AND FINANCING ACTIVITY

Institutional borrowing capacity is a valuable resource that is actively managed in support of the institutional mission. Bonds, notes, and capital lease obligations totaled \$984,456,000 and \$899,340,000 at June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively.

On July 26, 2011, the university issued Student Fee Bonds, Series U with a par amount of \$94,460,000. The purpose of the issue was to provide financing for the construction of the Neurosciences Research Building on the Indianapolis campus and for certain land acquisitions on the South Bend campus. The proceeds of the bonds also partially refunded Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series N, Series O, and Series P. The refunding portion of the transaction generated future debt service savings of \$6,646,000, which equated to a net present value savings of \$5,663,000.



On January 25, 2012, the university issued Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A with a par amount of \$94,490,000. The purpose of the issue was to provide financing for the construction of the Rose Residence Hall (previously referred to as the New Third and Union Residence Hall Complex) and the Forest Dining Hall Expansion and Renovation on the Bloomington campus, the Science and Engineering Lab Building on the Indianapolis campus, and the Residence Hall Expansion on the Southeast campus. The proceeds of the bonds also partially refunded Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 and Student Residence System Bonds, Series 2004B. The refunding portion of the transaction generated future debt service savings of \$2,499,000, which equated to a net present value savings of \$2,391,000.

On February 9, 2012, the university issued Certificates of Participation, Series 2012A with a par amount of \$23,750,000. The purpose of the issue was to provide financing for the construction of the Baseball and Softball Complex on the Bloomington campus. The proceeds of the bonds also refunded Certificates of Participation, Series 2003A. The refunding portion of the transaction generated future debt service savings of \$1,080,000, which equated to a net present value savings of \$896,000.

On October 26, 2012, the university will issue Indiana University Tax Exempt Student Fee Bonds, Series V-1 and Taxable Student Fee Bonds, Series V-2 in the total par amount of \$107,750,000, of which \$95,875,000 will be refunding bonds and \$11,875,000 will be new money bonds. The purpose of the issue is to provide financing for qualified energy savings projects on the Indianapolis and South Bend campuses. The proceeds of the bonds will also be used to refund all or a portion of Student Fee Bonds, Series P, Q, and R, and Qualified Energy Savings Notes, Series 2005, 2007 and 2008. The refunding portion of the transaction will produce a net present value savings of \$7,961,000.

The University's ratings on debt obligations were last reviewed and affirmed in October 2012. On October 10, 2012, Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) reaffirmed its underlying rating of 'Aaa' with a stable outlook on student fee bonds, student residence system bonds, facility revenue bonds, consolidated revenue bonds, and certificates of participation. On October 12, 2012, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P) reaffirmed its underlying rating of 'AA+' with a stable outlook on student fee bonds, student residence system bonds, facility revenue bonds, consolidated revenue bonds, and certificates of participation.

ECONOMIC **O**UTLOOK

While remaining an important source of revenue, the State of Indiana currently provides less than 20% of Indiana University's total financial resources during a fiscal year. While effects of the national recession were severe and ongoing, fiscal year 2012 provided substantial financial improvement for the state, marking the second straight year of positive results.

State revenues for fiscal year 2012 were 6.4% above fiscal year 2011, slightly exceeding the state revenue forecast. State reserves were dramatically increased from \$1.18 billion or 8.9% of operating revenue to \$2.16 billion, or 15.1% of operating revenue.

Unemployment, still at recession levels, remains a major concern. During fiscal year 2012, Indiana's unemployment rate dropped from a high of 8.7% in January to 7.9% in May and June. Unfortunately, in recent months the Indiana unemployment rate has edged upward from its low in April and May and was 8.3% in August 2012.

Looking ahead to fiscal year 2013, total revenues were forecast to increase by a modest 2.5%. However, since fiscal year 2012 actual revenues were \$50 million above forecast, revenues will need to increase by only 2.2% to achieve the level of revenue forecast for the year. In addition to concerns about continued high unemployment, both the U.S. and international economies face many uncertainties and threats to continued economic expansion.

Student enrollment for the university is projected to remain strong during the 2012-13 academic year. Overall, the financial position of the university is favorable and management will continue to monitor state and national economic conditions as part of its critical financial decision-making process.



Rose Residence Hall, IU Bloomington

Statement of Net Assets

(in thousands of dollars)	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 645,147	\$ 580,110
Accounts receivable, net	116,646	121,106
Current portion of notes and pledges receivable	15,985	13,176
Inventories	11,389	12,020
Short-term investments	61,475	83,036
Securities lending assets	-	118,177
Other assets	37,777	33,376
Total current assets	888,419	961,001
Noncurrent assets		
Accounts receivable	10,640	12,327
Notes and pledges receivable	57,398	59,769
Investments	1,269,390	1,101,246
Capital assets, net	2,533,362	2,422,233
Total noncurrent assets	3,870,790	3,595,575
Total assets	4,759,209	4,556,576
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	228,958	229,753
Deferred revenue	177,913	156,708
Current portion of capital lease obligations	1,538	1,269
Current portion of long-term debt	53,654	48,808
Securities lending liabilities	-	118,177
Total current liabilities	462,063	554,715
Noncurrent liabilities	102,000	001,710
Capital lease obligations	1,853	2,069
Notes payable	43,449	29,274
Assets held in custody for others	76,383	75,792
Deferred revenue	35,102	57,492
Bonds payable	883,962	817,920
Other long-term liabilities	55,723	60,313
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,096,472	1,042,860
Total liabilities	1,558,535	1,597,575
Net assets	1,556,555	1,397,373
	1 604 440	1 (21 220
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	1,694,440	1,621,228
	26.942	20.420
Nonexpendable - endowments	26,842	20,429
Expendable	117.207	104 202
Scholarships, research, instruction and other	116,307	124,382
Loans	15,979	15,998
Capital projects	398	9,059
Debt service	20,271	21,071
Unrestricted	1,326,437	1,146,834
Total net assets	3,200,674	2,959,001
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 4,759,209	\$ 4,556,576

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.



Indiana University Foundation Statement of Financial Position As of June 30, 2012

	8.5	Unres	tricte	ed		Temporaril	y Re	estricted		Permanent	y Re	estricted	0%	
		Foundation		Agency		Foundation		University		Foundation		University		Total
Assets:	(3)													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(5)	\$	11,519,534	\$	195,973	\$	190,902,769	\$	(=)	\$	1,793,729	\$	204,412,005
Collateral under securities lending agreement		1,436,404		7,187,380		150,072		12,230,874		712,842		31,879,597		53,597,169
Receivables and other assets		6,901,205		8,693,461		183,907		16,797,136		859,554		47,389,348		80,824,611
Promises to give, net		52,143		500 E. C.		2,892,397		75,288,515		858,789		73,731,004		152,822,848
Investments		107,202,029		193,855,646		7,925,039		344,104,595		19,149,828		886,436,565		1,558,673,702
Property, plant and equipment, net		55,204,091		=		275		75		0.00		**************************************		55,204,091
Total assets	\$	170,795,872	\$	221,256,021	\$	11,347,388	\$	639,323,889	\$	21,581,013	\$	1,041,230,243	\$	2,105,534,426
Liabilities and net assets:														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable and other	\$	4,550,869	\$	9,225,591	\$	207,168	\$	16,236,764	\$	1,054,026	\$	41,174,754	\$	72,449,172
Payable under securities lending agreement	55.85	1,436,404	955	7,187,380	8.25	150,072	5385	12,230,874	50.00	712,842	2.50	31,879,597		53,597,169
Debt		3,922,574						(%)				58,083		3,980,657
Accrued trust obligation to life beneficiaries		412,428		-		3,242,179		6,103,460		(-)		23,812,123		33,570,190
Due to (from)		125,016,119		(7,013,523)		109,167		(89,390,196)		(704,431)		(28,017,136)		//
Interfund financing		(1,900,000)		-		-		1,900,000		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-		(=)
Assets held for the University				198,080,430		0 - 0		-				-		198,080,430
Assets held for University affiliates		(=)		13,776,143				2		320		2		13,776,143
Total liabilities		133,438,394		221,256,021		3,708,586		(52,919,098)		1,062,437		68,907,421		375,453,761
Net assets		37,357,478		-		7,638,802		692,242,987		20,518,576		972,322,822		1,730,080,665
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	170,795,872	\$	221,256,021	\$	11,347,388	\$	639,323,889	\$	21,581,013	\$	1,041,230,243	\$	2,105,534,426

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

(in thousands of dollars)	Fiscal Year Ended		
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	
Operating revenues			
Student fees	\$ 1,210,085	\$ 1,145,260	
Less scholarship allowance	(198,207)	(189,079)	
Federal grants and contracts	325,208	344,642	
State and local grants and contracts	21,881	17,074	
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	101,957	103,439	
Sales and services of educational units	62,975	60,869	
Other revenue	227,540	190,661	
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowance of \$22,411 in 2012 and \$21,151 in 2011)	314,479	330,550	
Total operating revenues	2,065,918	2,003,416	
Operating expenses			
Compensation and benefits	1,744,609	1,731,042	
Student financial aid	163,565	165,299	
Energy and utilities	71,561	68,534	
Travel	47,449	40,219	
Supplies and general expense	478,461	443,499	
Depreciation and amortization expense	133,482	130,538	
Total operating expenses	2,639,127	2,579,131	
Total operating loss	(573,209)	(575,715)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
State appropriations	515,421	549,917	
Grants, contracts, and other	116,257	120,035	
Investment income	74,637	89,644	
Gifts	105,235	104,814	
Interest expense	(31,100)	(33,155)	
Net nonoperating revenues	780,450	831,255	
Income before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	207,241	255,540	
Capital appropriations	14,157	11,984	
Capital gifts and grants	19,775	14,565	
Additions to permanent endowments	500	45	
Total other revenues	34,432	26,594	
Increase in net assets	241,673	282,134	
Net assets, beginning of year	2,959,001	2,676,867	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 3,200,674	\$ 2,959,001	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Indiana University Foundation Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2012

			Temporarily	Res	stricted	Permanenti	ermanently Restricted		
	U	nrestricted	Foundation		University	Foundation		University	Total
Revenue and support:									
Contributions, net	\$	1,276,253	\$ 261,121	\$	76,837,849 \$	16,014	\$	44,989,575 \$	123,380,812
Investment income including net gains (losses),									
net of outside investment management fees		2,676,067	(47,123)		45,747,907	(1,572,177)		(63,165,955)	(16,361,281)
Management/administrative fees		14,568,862	(32,559)		(12,111,201)	200 AV		(48,642)	2,376,460
Grants		-	125		547,140	16		==	547,140
Other income		7,867,374	72		5,023,000	236		759,605	13,650,215
Development service fees from the University		4,923,219	(H)		-			⇒)	4,923,219
Net assets released from restriction		107,379,296	(294,791)		(107,647,713)	(456,392)		1,019,600	
Total revenue and support	-	138,691,071	(113,352)		8,396,982	(2,012,319)		(16,445,817)	128,516,565
Expenditures:									
Program expenditures		112,273,885	3.00		-			.+1	112,273,885
Management and general		10,157,932	6,835		1,163,860	720		149,566	11,478,913
Fundraising		13,824,596	170		* *				13,824,596
Change in value of split interest agreement		6/11/5/11/10 (CONT. 1992) (S. 17)							
obligation to life beneficiaries		320,415	9,712		274,825	103,186		1,758,333	2,466,471
Total expenditures	0	136,576,828	16,547		1,438,685	103,906		1,907,899	140,043,865
Change in net assets:									
Unrestricted		2,114,243			-			-	2,114,243
Temporarily restricted		-44	(129,899)		6,958,297	12		27	6,828,398
Permanently restricted			-		-	(2,116,225)		(18,353,716)	(20,469,941)
Total change in net assets	-	2,114,243	(129,899)		6,958,297	(2,116,225)		(18,353,716)	(11,527,300)
Beginning net assets		35,243,235	7,768,701		685,284,690	22,634,801		990,676,538	1,741,607,965
Ending net assets	\$	37,357,478	\$ 7,638,802	\$	692,242,987	20,518,576	\$	972,322,822 \$	1,730,080,665

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

(in thousands of dollars)	Fiscal Ye	ar Ended
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Cash flows from operating activities		
Student fees	\$ 1,004,520	\$ 965,295
Grants and contracts	444,877	485,029
Sales and services of educational activities	62,548	60,755
Auxiliary enterprise charges	314,593	324,455
Other operating receipts	246,365	171,533
Payments to employees	(1,756,363)	(1,710,221)
Payments to suppliers	(604,822)	(559,301)
Student financial aid	(158,942)	(164,140)
Student loans collected	7,226	12,008
Student loans issued	(6,438)	(2,667)
Net cash used in operating activities	(446,436)	(417,254)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
State appropriations	525,118	540,221
Nonoperating grants and contracts	116,257	120,035
Gifts and grants received for other than capital purposes	106,865	103,806
Direct lending receipts	615,458	615,100
Direct lending payments	(613,246)	(615,866)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	750,452	763,296
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Capital appropriations	14,157	11,984
Capital grants and gifts received	20,015	9,618
Purchase of capital assets	(244,954)	(232,859)
Proceeds from issuance of capital debt, including refunding activity	134,816	16,610
Principal payments on capital debt, including refunding activity	(46,697)	(58,722)
Principal paid on capital leases	(1,664)	(1,265)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(41,709)	(49,099)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(166,036)	(303,733)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	3,150,406	3,642,358
Investment income	33,968	30,674
Purchase of Investments	(3,257,317)	(3,806,524)
Net cash used in investing activities	(72,943)	(133,492)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	65,037	(91,183)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	580,110	671,293
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 645,147	\$ 580,110

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows

(continued from previous page)

(in thousands of dollars)	Fiscal Ye	ear Ended		
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED IN				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating loss	\$ (573,209)	\$ (575,715)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization expense	133,482	130,538		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	2,568	3,675		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	(6,642)	2,185		
Inventories	631	1,001		
Other assets	(4,402)	891		
Notes receivable	(438)	4,427		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,848	5,808		
Deferred revenue	(1,185)	7		
Assets held in custody for others	591	1,457		
Other noncurrent liabilities	(1,680)	8,472		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (446,436)	\$ (417,254)		

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Indiana University Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011

Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

ORGANIZATION

Indiana University (university) is a state-supported institution that is fiscally responsible for operations and has students enrolled on seven campuses. Campuses are located in Bloomington, Indianapolis (IUPUI), Richmond (East), Kokomo, Gary (Northwest), South Bend, and New Albany (Southeast). The financial statements include the individual schools, colleges, and departments as part of the comprehensive reporting entity. The university was established by state legislative act, under Indiana Code Section IC 20-12-23, in 1838, changing the name of its predecessor, Indiana College, to Indiana University. The university's governing body, the Trustees of Indiana University (trustees), is comprised of nine members charged by the Indiana General Assembly with policy and decision-making authority to carry out the programs and missions of the university. Six of the members are appointed by the Governor of Indiana, and three are elected by university alumni. The university is classified as exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3), and also under Section 115(a). Certain revenues of the university may be subject to federal income tax as unrelated business income under Internal Revenue Code Sections 511 to 514.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

As a component unit of the state, the university presents its financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for Public Colleges and Universities, within the financial reporting guidelines established by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the GASB. The university reports on a consolidated basis, with a comprehensive, entity-wide presentation of the university's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, changes in net assets, and cash flows.

REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete, as required by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. As additionally required by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the university are included in the reporting entity. The university evaluates potential component units for inclusion in the reporting entity based on these criteria.

DISCRETE COMPONENT UNIT

The Indiana University Foundation, Inc. (IU Foundation) is organized as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Indiana for the exclusive purpose of supporting the university by receiving, holding, investing, and administering property and making expenditures to or for the benefit of the university. The IU Foundation is considered a component unit of the university according to the criteria in GASB No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, and the university's financial statements include discrete presentation of the IU Foundation by displaying the IU Foundation's audited financial statements in their original formats on separate pages.

The IU Foundation is a not-for-profit organization that reports under FASB standards, including FASB Statement No. 117, *Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features differ from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the IU Foundation's financial information in the university's financial reporting to adjust for these differences. The IU Foundation distributed \$107,057,000 and \$102,174,000 to the university during fiscal years 2012 and 2011, respectively. Complete financial statements for the IU Foundation can be obtained from: Indiana University Foundation, Attn: Controller, PO Box 500, Bloomington, IN 47402.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

In September 2008, the Trustees of Indiana University directed, by resolution, that the Indiana University Building Corporation (IUBC) be formed to serve specific purposes on behalf of the university and designated that certain of the university's administrative officers, by virtue of their titles, serve as directors and officers of IUBC. The sole purpose of IUBC is to assist the university in the financing and development of university facilities by owning and leasing such facilities to the university on a lease purchase basis.



BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by the university operating as a special-purpose government entity engaged in business-type activities. Accordingly, these financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Eliminations have been made to minimize the "double-counting" of internal activities.

The university applies all applicable GASB pronouncements. In addition, the university has elected to apply only those Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH EQUIVALENTS

The university considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The university invests operating cash in investments with varying maturities.

INVESTMENTS

Investments are carried at fair value, as quoted by the major securities markets. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported as a component of investment income in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consist primarily of amounts due from students, grants and contracts, and auxiliary enterprises and are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable consist primarily of student loan repayments due to the university.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or fair market value at the date of contribution in the case of gifts. The university capitalizes equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets also include land improvements and infrastructure costing in excess of \$75,000. Buildings and building renovations that increase the useful life of the building and with cost greater than or equal to the lesser of \$75,000 or twenty percent of the acquisition cost of the existing building are capitalized. Intangible assets with a cost of \$500,000 or more are subject to capitalization. Art and museum objects purchased by or donated to the university are capitalized. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, generally five to twenty years for equipment, ten years for library books, ten to forty years for infrastructure and land improvements, and fifteen to forty years for buildings and building components. Useful lives for capital assets are established using a combination of the American Hospital Association guidelines, Internal Revenue Service guidelines, and documented university experience. Land and capitalized art and museum collections are not depreciated.

DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue is recorded for amounts received for student tuition and fees and for certain auxiliary goods and services prior to year end, but which relate to the subsequent fiscal year. Amounts received from contract and grant sponsors that have not yet been earned are also recorded as deferred revenue.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Liabilities for compensated absences are recorded for vacation leave based on actual earned amounts for eligible employees who qualify for termination payments. Liabilities for sick leave are recorded for employees who are eligible for and have earned termination payments for accumulated sick days upon termination or retirement.

NET ASSETS

The university's net assets are classified for financial reporting in the following net asset categories:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: This component
 of net assets includes capital assets, net of accumulated
 depreciation and outstanding principal debt balances
 related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of
 those assets.
- Restricted net assets—nonexpendable: Nonexpendable
 restricted net assets are subject to externally imposed
 stipulations that the principal is to be maintained in
 perpetuity and invested for the purpose of producing
 present and future income, which may be either expended
 or added to principal. Such assets include permanent
 endowment funds.

- Restricted net assets expendable: Restricted expendable
 net assets are resources the university is legally obligated
 to spend in accordance with externally imposed
 restrictions.
- Unrestricted net assets: Unrestricted net assets are not subject to externally imposed restrictions and are primarily used for meeting expenses for academic and general operations of the university.

When an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the university's policy is to apply the most appropriate fund source based on the relevant facts and circumstances.

REVENUES

University revenues are classified as either operating or nonoperating as follows:

- Operating revenues: Operating revenues result from exchange transactions, such as student tuition and fees (net of scholarship discounts and allowances), government and other grants and contracts, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship discounts and allowances).
- Nonoperating revenues: Nonoperating revenues include those derived from nonexchange transactions such as gifts and certain federal and state grants. Other nonoperating revenues include significant revenue sources that are relied upon for operations, such as state appropriations and investment income.

SCHOLARSHIP DISCOUNTS AND ALLOWANCES

Student tuition and fees and other student revenues are reported gross with the related scholarship discounts and allowances directly below in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. Scholarship discounts and allowances are calculated as the difference between the stated charges for goods and services provided by the university and the amounts paid by students and/or third parties making payments on behalf of students.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 64, Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53. This statement amends paragraphs 28d and 82 of GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, to set forth criteria that establish when an effective hedging relationship continues after the

replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider in respect of a hedging derivative instrument and when hedge accounting should continue to be applied. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2011. Since the university's investment portfolio in the current fiscal year does not include any hedging derivative instruments, the provisions of this statement have no impact on current financial statements.

RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year statements for comparative purposes and do not constitute a restatement of prior periods.

Note 2—Deposits and Investments

DEPOSITS

The combined bank balances of the university's demand deposits were \$120,507,000 and \$71,123,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The university had balances in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limits in the amount of \$44,013,000 and \$4,994,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The balance in excess of FDIC limits is subject to custodial credit risk. The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The university does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

INVESTMENTS

The trustees have acknowledged responsibility as a fiduciary body for the invested assets of the university. Indiana Code 30-4-3-3 requires the trustees to "exercise the judgment and care required by Indiana Code 30-4-3.5", the *Indiana Uniform Prudent Investor Act*. That act requires the trustees to act "as a prudent investor would, by considering the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other circumstances of the trust. In satisfying this standard, the trustee shall exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution." The trustees have the responsibility to assure the assets are prudently invested in a manner consistent with the university's investment policy. The trustees have delegated the day-to-day responsibilities for overseeing the investment program to the Office of the Treasurer.



At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the university had investments and deposits, including endowment funds, as shown as follows:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Fair Value			
Investment Type	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011		
Corporate bonds	\$ 469,713	\$ 379,826		
Money market funds	440,312	570,718		
External investment pools	204,238	201,442		
Government bonds	172,901	133,040		
Government mortgage-backed	4== 000	101 (0-		
securities	157,230	191,625		
Asset-backed securities	141,065	91,646		
Commercial mortgage-backed	52,955	63,133		
Nongovernment backed C.M.O.s	46,316	23,836		
Government agencies	34,154	41,448		
Index-linked government bonds	26,524	1,258		
Short-term bills and notes	13,818	57,798		
Municipal/provincial bonds	12,928	12,091		
Guaranteed fixed income	5,708	9,632		
Commercial paper	4,799	6,598		
Government-issued commercial				
mortgage-backed	2,961	1,237		
Venture capital	2,750	4,090		
Mutual funds	2,238	1,667		
Real estate	1,105	2,260		
All other	184,298	(28,953)		
Total	\$1,976,013	\$1,764,392		

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year statements for comparative purposes and do not constitute a restatement of prior periods.

The large variance in all other investments compared to prior year is the result of initiatives to decrease bank fees and de-risk the portfolio. Significant cash balances were held both as bank deposits to offset fees and in the form of securities that are classified as pending trades.

INVESTMENT CUSTODIAL RISK

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The university manages custodial credit risk through the types of investments that are allowed by investment policy. The university's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk and reflect either investment securities registered in the name of the university, investment securities loaned for collateral received, or other types of investments not exposed to custodial credit risk.

INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The university's policy for controlling its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates is to constrain average portfolio duration within ranges of a target portfolio duration set for each portfolio of operating fund investments. The portfolios may seek to enhance returns by attempting to time movements of interest rates within the allowable ranges.



The university had investments with the following maturities at June 30, 2012:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

(aonar amounts presenteu in mousanas)	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in years)			
Investment Type	June 30, 2012	Less than 1	1–5	6–10	More than 10
Investments with maturity date					
Corporate bonds	\$ 469,713	\$ 44,406	\$ 239,730	\$ 127,528	\$ 58,049
Government bonds	172,901	10,980	64,405	60,456	37,060
Government mortgage-backed securities	157,230	2,913	2,295	27,195	124,827
Asset-backed securities	141,065	807	95,554	25,322	19,382
Commercial mortgage-backed	52,955	_	355	1,442	51,158
Non-government backed C.M.O.s	46,316	_	18	3,796	42,502
Government agencies	34,154	9,432	17,539	2,284	4,899
Index-linked government bonds	26,524	_	393	20,593	5,538
Short-term bills and notes	13,818	13,818	_	_	_
Municipal/provincial bonds	12,928	1,053	4,741	842	6,292
Guaranteed fixed income	5,708	4,616	1,092	_	_
Commercial paper	4,799	4,799	_	_	_
Government-issued commercial					
mortgage-backed	2,961	_	_	2,811	150
Other fixed income	13,633	2,900	2,948	6,299	1,486
Total investments with maturity date	1,154,705	95,724	429,070	278,568	351,343
Investments with undetermined maturity date					
Money market funds	440,312	440,312	_	_	_
External investment pools	204,238	204,238	_	_	_
Venture capital	2,750	2,750	_	_	_
Mutual funds	2,238	2,238	_	_	_
Real estate	1,105	1,105	_	_	_
All other	170,665	170,665			
Total investments with undetermined maturity date	821,308	821,308			_
Total	\$ 1,976,013	\$ 917,032	\$ 429,070	\$ 278,568	\$ 351,343

The university had investments with the following maturities at June 30, 2011:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)						
	Fair Value	Fair Value		Investment Maturities (in years)		
Investment Type	June 30, 2011	Less than 1	1–5	6–10	More than 10	
Investments with maturity date						
Corporate bonds	\$ 379,826	\$ 35,128	\$ 202,041	\$ 102,560	\$ 40,097	
Government mortgage-backed securities	191,625	43,600	1,192	24,628	122,205	
Government bonds	133,040	4,938	40,996	54,746	32,360	
Asset-backed securities	91,646	1,669	67,095	11,174	11,708	
Commercial mortgage-backed	63,133	_	_	1,539	61,594	
Short-term bills and notes	57,798	57,798	_	_	_	
Government agencies	41,448	14,237	20,286	5,192	1,733	
Non-government backed C.M.O.s	23,836	_	1,258	3,936	18,642	
Municipal/provincial bonds	12,091	371	4,312	1,281	6,127	
Guaranteed fixed income	9,632	4,185	5,447	_	_	
Commercial paper	6,598	6,598	_	_	_	
Index-linked government bonds	1,258	_	_	_	1,258	
Government-issued commercial						
mortgage-backed	1,237	736	_	501	_	
Other fixed income	5,586	2,242	3,044	958	(658)	
Total investments with maturity date	1,018,754	171,502	345,671	206,515	295,066	
Investments with undetermined maturity date						
Money market funds	570,718	570,718	-	_	_	
External investment pools	201,442	201,442	_	_	_	
Venture capital	4,090	4,090	_	-	_	
Real estate	2,260	2,260	_	_	_	
Mutual funds	1,667	1,667	_	_	_	
All other	(34,539)	(34,539)	_	_	-	
Total investments with undetermined						
maturity date	745,638	745,638	_	_	_	
Total	\$ 1,764,392	\$ 917,140	\$ 345,671	\$ 206,515	\$ 295,066	

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year statements for comparative purposes and do not constitute a restatement of prior periods.

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The weighted average credit quality of each portfolio of university operating funds investments must be at least 'AA-/Aa3' for Defensive Managers; 'A/A2' for Core Plus Managers, or as specified in each manager's guidelines.

At June 30, 2012 and 2011, university investments had debt securities with associated credit ratings as shown below:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Fair Value	Percentage of	Fair Value	Percentage of
Credit Quality Rating	June 30, 2012	Total Pool	June 30, 2011	Total Pool
AAA	\$ 271,937	13.76%	\$ 343,755	19.48%
AA	447,172	22.63%	140,345	7.95%
A	162,315	8.21%	163,559	9.27%
BBB	202,314	10.24%	114,146	6.47%
BB	81,791	4.14%	62,705	3.55%
В	41,044	2.08%	20,198	1.14%
CCC	12,127	0.61%	8,319	0.47%
CC	3,971	0.20%	625	0.04%
D	2,164	0.11%	1,970	0.11%
Not Rated	751,178	38.02%	908,770	51.52%
Total	\$ 1,976,013	100.00%	\$ 1,764,392	100.00%

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The university's investment policy requires that investments are to be diversified to the extent that the securities of any single issuer shall be limited to 3.5% of the market value in a particular manager's portfolio. U.S. Government and U.S. governmental agency securities are exempt from this policy requirement.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of a government's investments and deposits. The university's policy for controlling exposure to foreign currency risk is to constrain investments in non-U.S. dollar denominated debt to 25% of an individual manager's portfolio, or as specified in each manager's guidelines. Minimal foreign currency exposure could occur if one of the university's investment managers purchases non-U.S. dollar holdings and does not hedge the currency. As of June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2011, the university's investments were not exposed to foreign currency risk.

ENDOWMENTS

Endowment funds are managed pursuant to an Investment Agency Agreement between the Trustees of Indiana University (trustees) and the IU Foundation, which delegates investment management responsibilities to the IU Foundation. Indiana Code 30-2-12, *Uniform Management of Institutional Funds*, sets forth the provisions governing

the investment of endowment assets and the expenditure of endowment fund appreciation. The code requires that the trustees and their agents act in good faith and with the care a prudent person acting in a like position would use under similar circumstances, with respect to the investment of endowment assets. The code also sets forth provisions governing the expenditure of endowment fund appreciation, under which the trustees may authorize expenditure, consistent with donor intent. The trustees may, at their discretion, direct all or a portion of the university's endowment funds to other investments, exclusive of the IU Foundation's investment funds. The spending policy of the trustees is to distribute 4.917% of the twelve quarter rolling average of pooled fund values. This rate will be reduced at the rate of 0.083% per year over the next five years resulting in a 4.5% distribution rate in fiscal year 2016-2017. Funds held by endowments, managed by the IU Foundation, are used to acquire pooled shares.

Endowment funds have a perpetual investment horizon, and as appropriate, may be invested in asset classes with longer term risk/return characteristics, including, but not limited to stocks, bonds, real estate, private placements, and alternative investments. The Indiana University Endowments (endowments) are managed pursuant to an Investment Agency Agreement between the trustees and the IU Foundation dated November 14, 2005, which delegated investment management responsibilities to the IU Foundation, subject to the university's management agreement with the IU Foundation. Endowment assets may be invested in pooled funds or in direct investments, or a combination of the two. Assets will typically be diversified among high

quality stocks and bonds. Additional asset classes, such as absolute return, private equity, and real asset investments, may be included when it is reasonable to expect these investments will either increase return or reduce risk, or both. Participation in the pooled investments is achieved by owning units of the Pooled Long-Term Fund and considered an external investment pool to the university. At June 30, 2012, all endowments held with the IU Foundation were invested in pooled funds.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The IU Foundation's investment policy stipulates that the Pooled Short-Term Fund be invested in securities that typically mature within one year and each investment grade fixed income investment manager maintain duration within +/-20% of the effective duration of the appropriate benchmark.

CREDIT RISK

The IU Foundation's investment policy stipulates that the Pooled Short-Term Fund commercial paper be rated 'A1/P1' and that the average quality of the fixed income securities be maintained at 'A' or better, except for high-yield. For high-yield securities, the weighted average credit quality of the portfolio should be 'B' or better at all times.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The IU Foundation's investment policy stipulates that the Pooled Short-Term Fund, with the exception of U.S. Treasuries and Agencies, or accounts collateralized by Treasuries or Agencies, will limit commercial paper, Certificates of Deposit, Bankers' Acceptances, and Repurchase Agreements to \$10,000,000 per issuer and money market funds and short term bond funds to \$50,000,000 per fund. The Pooled Long-Term portfolio is diversified based on manager selection, investment style, and asset type to avoid any disproportionate risk related to any one industry or security.

DERIVATIVES

A derivative is a unique and often complex financial arrangement between the university and another party. The value of a derivative or the cash it provides is based on changes in market prices, such as interest rates or commodity prices, in a separate transaction or agreement.

Derivatives are entered into for at least four reasons:

- As an investment
- As a hedge to reduce a specific financial risk
- To lower borrowing costs
- To manage cash flows

The university holds derivative instruments, such as futures, forwards, options, and swaps in its portfolio

for investment purposes only. The fair value of derivatives held by the university was (\$113,000) and \$1,456,000 at June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively. The notional market value was (\$65,418,000) and \$47,430,000 at June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, respectively. The change in fair value was \$544,000 and \$62,000 in fiscal years 2012 and 2011, respectively.

CREDIT RISK, INTEREST RATE RISK AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Derivative transactions involve, to varying degrees, credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Credit risk is the possibility that a loss may occur because a party to a transaction fails to perform according to terms. Interest rate risk is the possibility that a change in interest rates will cause the value of a financial instrument to decrease or become more costly to settle. Foreign currency risk is the possibility that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the cash flows or fair value of a transaction. The credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk associated with derivatives, the prices of which are constantly fluctuating, are regulated by imposing strict limits as to the types, amounts, and degree of risk that investment managers may undertake.

Note 3—Securities Lending

State statutes and policy of the Trustees of Indiana University permit the university to lend securities to broker-dealers and other entities (borrowers) for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The university participated in such a securities lending program for a number of years but chose to discontinue the program as of January 1, 2012. The university's custodial bank managed the securities lending program and received cash, U.S. government securities, or irrevocable letters of credit as collateral. Noncash collateral could not be pledged or sold unless the borrower defaulted. Cash collateral was invested in a short-term investment pool. Cash collateral could also be invested separately in "term loans," in which case the investment term matched the loan term. Maintenance margins for same currency U.S. equity and fixed income securities and international fixed income securities were 101.5%. Maintenance margins for different or cross currency U.S. and international equity and fixed income securities were 104.5%. Security loans could be terminated on demand by either the university or the borrowers. Cash received as securities lending collateral was \$0 and \$118,177,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and was recorded as an asset and corresponding liability on the university's Statement of Net Assets. The university had securities involved in loans with fair value of \$0 and \$115,778,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Credit risk was calculated as the aggregate of the lender's exposure to individual borrowers, or on individual loans. Although the securities being lent were collateralized, the university bore the risk of the cash collateral being impaired.

Note 4—Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2012 and 2011:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)		
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Student accounts	\$ 36,193	\$ 35,066
Auxiliary enterprises and other operating activities	57,870	51,883
State appropriations	_	9,697
Federal, state, and other grants and contracts	21,771	21,760
Capital appropriations and gifts	327	1,599
Other	10,447	10,580
Current accounts receivable, gross	126,608	130,585
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	(9,962)	(9,479)
Current accounts receivable, net	116,646	121,106
Auxiliary enterprises and other operating activities	10,640	12,327
Noncurrent accounts receivable	\$ 10,640	\$ 12,327

Note 5—Capital Assets

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2012
Assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 54,439	\$ 2,646	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,085
Art & museum objects	79,059	283	_	-	79,342
Construction in progress	154,340	103,087	(109,345)	1,771	146,311
Total capital assets not being depreciated	287,838	106,016	(109,345)	1,771	282,738
Other capital assets:					
Infrastructure	160,075	3,669	541	-	164,285
Intangibles	2,690	_	_	-	2,690
Land improvements	34,309	3,221	_	-	37,530
Equipment	395,455	27,054	6,271	20,056	408,724
Library books	218,308	24,936	_	19,309	223,935
Buildings	3,061,556	84,557	102,533	4,832	3,243,814
Total other capital assets	3,872,393	143,437	109,345	44,197	4,080,978
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	126,384	3,658	_	-	130,042
Intangibles	336	673	_	-	1,009
Land improvements	11,266	1,972	_	-	13,238
Equipment	274,166	31,917	_	18,171	287,912
Library books	104,079	22,140	_	19,309	106,910
Buildings	1,221,767	73,122	_	3,646	1,291,243
Total accumulated depreciation, other capital assets	1,737,998	133,482	-	41,126	1,830,354
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,422,233	\$ 115,971	\$ -	\$ 4,842	\$ 2,533,362



Fiscal year ended June 30, 2011

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

		Balance 1e 30, 2010	Aa	lditions	Tr	ansfers	Retin	rements		alance 30, 2011
Assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	53,183	\$	1,256	\$	_	\$	_	\$	54,439
Art & museum objects		74,215		4,844		_		_		79,059
Construction in progress		168,155	1	00,254	(11	3,846)		223		154,340
Total capital assets not being depreciated		295,553	1	.06,354	(11	.3,846)		223		287,838
Other capital assets:										
Infrastructure		155,243		4,601		231		-		160,075
Intangibles		_		2,690		_		-		2,690
Land improvements		30,268		3,074		967		-		34,309
Equipment		398,800		28,805		5,139	3	7,289		395,455
Library books		211,716		23,405		-	1	6,813		218,308
Buildings	2	2,893,943		71,443	10	7,509	1	1,339	;	3,061,556
Total other capital assets	3	3,689,970	1	34,018	13	13,846	6	5,441	,	3,872,393
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Infrastructure		122,369		4,015		-		-		126,384
Intangibles		_		336		_		-		336
Land improvements		9,469		1,797		_		-		11,266
Equipment		275,665		33,412		_	3	4,911		274,166
Library books		99,381		21,511		_	1	6,813		104,079
Buildings	1	1,161,877		69,466		-		9,576		1,221,767
Total accumulated depreciation, other capital assets	1	1,668,761	1	30,537		_	6	1,300		1,737,998
Capital assets, net	\$ 2	2,316,762	\$ 1	.09,835	\$	-	\$	4,364	\$	2,422,233

Note 6—Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2012 and 2011:

June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
\$ 27,140	\$ 40,663
44,471	41,585
12,973	17,617
144,374	129,888
\$ 228,958	\$ 229,753
	\$ 27,140 44,471 12,973 144,374

Note 7—Other Liabilities

Noncurrent liability activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is summarized as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2012	Current
Bonds, notes, and capital leases payable	\$ 899,340	\$ 153,781	\$ 68,665	\$ 984,456	\$ 55,193
Other liabilities:					
Deferred revenue	214,200	_	1,185	213,015	177,913
Assets held in custody for others	76,308	476	_	76,784	401
Compensated absences	65,789	16,035	17,682	64,142	44,471
Other	36,110	3,201	3,258	36,053	_
Total other liabilities	392,407	19,712	22,125	389,994	222,785
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 1,291,747	\$ 173,493	\$ 90,790	\$ 1,374,450	\$ 277,978

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2011

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Balance June 30, 2010 Additions		Reductions	Balance June 30, 2011	Current
Bonds, notes, and capital leases payable	\$ 943,970	\$ 17,490	\$ 62,120	\$ 899,340	\$ 50,077
Other liabilities:					
Deferred revenue	214,193	7	_	214,200	156,708
Assets held in custody for others	74,884	1,424	_	76,308	516
Compensated absences	64,023	21,111	19,345	65,789	41,586
Other	37,135	5,655	6,680	36,110	_
Total other liabilities	390,235	28,197	26,025	392,407	198,810
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$1,334,205	\$ 45,687	\$ 88,145	\$ 1,291,747	\$ 248,887

Note 8 — Bonds and Notes Payable

The university is authorized by acts of the Indiana General Assembly to issue bonds, notes, and other forms of indebtedness for the purpose of financing construction of facilities that include academic and administrative facilities, research facilities on the Bloomington and Indianapolis campuses, athletic facilities, parking facilities, student housing, student union buildings, and energy savings projects. The outstanding bond and note indebtedness at June 30, 2012 and 2011, was \$981,065,000 and \$896,002,000, respectively. This indebtedness included principal outstanding at June 30, 2012 and 2011, for bonds issued under Indiana Code (IC) 21-34-6 (Student Fee debt) of \$463,056,000 and \$464,428,000, respectively, and for bonds issued under IC 21-35-3 (Revenue debt)

of \$428,840,000 and \$375,630,000, respectively. The Student Fee Bonds had an additional accreted value of outstanding capital appreciation bonds associated with them of \$17,017,000 and \$24,142,000, at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The outstanding bond series include serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds with maturities extending to June 1, 2038.

On a biennial basis, the Indiana General Assembly authorizes a specific state appropriation to the university for the purpose of reimbursing a portion of the debt service payments on bonds issued under IC 21-34-6 for certain academic facilities. Such academic facilities include classrooms, libraries, laboratories, utility infrastructure, and other academic facilities as designated by the Indiana



General Assembly. These specific state appropriations are referred to as "fee replacement" appropriations, and are received from the State of Indiana on a semi-annual basis. This appropriation is renewed and modified on a biennial basis because the Constitution of the State of Indiana prohibits a sitting General Assembly from binding subsequent General Assemblies as to the continuation of any appropriated funds. The State of Indiana has fully funded all fee replacement obligations established by prior General Assemblies since the State began authorizing fee replacement appropriations 40 years ago. The outstanding principal balances which are eligible for fee replacement appropriations, as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, are \$411,423,000 and \$409,737,000, respectively. As of June 30, 2012, debt service payments to maturity total \$1,394,601,000, of which \$562,814,000 is from bonds eligible for fee replacement appropriations.

In addition to serial and term bonds, the university has issued capital appreciation bonds (CABs). A CAB is a long-term municipal security, on which the investment return on an initial principal amount is reinvested at a stated compounded rate until maturity, at which time the investor receives a single payment representing both the initial principal amount and the total investment return. A CAB pays no current interest, but accretes in value from the date of issuance to the date of maturity. At maturity,

the original par amount plus all of the accreted interest is payable. Total debt service payments to maturity, as of June 30, 2012, include \$28,690,000 of CAB payments, of which \$6,150,000 is eligible for fee replacement appropriations. Total debt service payments to maturity, as of June 30, 2011, include \$42,625,000 of CAB payments, of which \$16,325,000 is eligible for fee replacement appropriations.

Consolidated Revenue Bonds (CRB) are unsecured obligations of the university that carry a promise of repayment that will come first from net income generated from certain designated housing facilities, parking facilities and other auxiliary facilities along with certain research revenues and athletic revenues, and second, from other legally available funds of the university.

The Indiana University Building Corporation (IUBC) is an affiliated single-purpose Indiana not-for-profit corporation that was formed by the Trustees of Indiana University in 2008. The sole purpose of this entity is to assist the university in the financing and development of university facilities by owning and leasing such facilities to the university on a lease purchase basis. Certificates of Participation in lease payments between the university as lessee and IUBC as lessor are included in the outstanding indebtedness table under IC 21-33-3-5 and are classified as notes payable.

As of June 30, 2012 and 2011, outstanding indebtedness from bonds and notes is summarized as follows:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)				
Bonding Authority	Interest Rates	Final Maturity Year Ended	Principal Outstanding At June 30, 2012	Principal Outstanding At June 30, 2011
Indiana Code 21-34-6 (Bonds: Student Fee Debt)	2.00 to 6.40%	2033	\$ 463,056	\$ 464,428
Indiana Code 21-35-3 (Bonds: Revenue Debt)	2.00 to 5.64%	2038	428,840	375,630
Indiana Code 21-34-10-7 (Notes: Energy Savings Debt)	3.64 to 4.49%	2018	2,649	3,153
Indiana Code 21-33-3-5 (Notes: Certificates of Participation)	2.00 to 5.95%	2037	43,270	28,015
Subtotal bonds and notes payable			937,815	871,226
Add unamortized bond premium			52,786	28,605
Less deferred charges			(9,536)	(3,829)
Total bonds and notes payable			\$ 981,065	\$ 896,002

As of June 30, 2012, the university does not have any variable rate bonds or notes outstanding. The principal and interest requirements to maturity for bonds and notes are as follows:

(dollar amounts presente	d in thousands)						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Bond Principal	Note Principal	Total Principal	Bond Interest	Note Interest	Total Interest	Total Debt Service Payments
2013	\$ 47,690	\$ 2,470	\$ 50,160	\$ 46,444	\$ 1,825	\$ 48,269	\$ 98,429
2014	50,300	2,528	52,828	44,447	1,760	46,207	99,035
2015	53,639	2,596	56,235	40,496	1,689	42,185	98,420
2016	54,097	2,442	56,539	38,175	1,615	39,790	96,329
2017	56,384	2,509	58,893	35,726	1,540	37,266	96,159
2018 – 2022	255,791	11,794	267,585	127,565	6,300	133,865	401,450
2023 - 2027	211,475	10,030	221,505	70,562	3,897	74,459	295,964
2028 - 2032	117,470	7,265	124,735	26,309	1,562	27,871	152,606
2033 – 2037	42,740	4,285	47,025	6,306	453	6,759	53,784
2038	2,310	_	2,310	115	_	115	2,425
Total	\$ 891,896	\$ 45,919	\$ 937,815	\$ 436,145	\$ 20,641	\$ 456,786	\$ 1,394,601

In prior years, the university has defeased several bond issues either with cash or by issuing new debt. United States Treasury obligations or federal agency securities have been purchased in amounts sufficient to pay principal and interest payments when due, through the maturity or call dates of the defeased bonds. These securities have been deposited in irrevocable trusts as required to defease the bonds. The defeased bonds and the related trusts balances are not reflected on the university's books. As of June 30, 2012, the previously defeased bonds that remain outstanding are Student Fee Bonds, Series O with principal outstanding of \$41,710,000 and a call date of August 1, 2013; Student Fee Bonds, Series P with principal outstanding of \$14,725,000 and a call date of August 1, 2014; Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 with principal outstanding of \$9,705,000 and a call date of November 15, 2014; Student Resident System Bonds, Series 2004B with principal outstanding of \$16,400,000 and a call date of November 1, 2014; and Certificates of Participation, Series 2003A with principal outstanding of \$6,830,000 to final maturity of June 30, 2013.

In February 2009, the United States Congress enacted the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). The ARRA allows certain tax advantages to state and local governmental entities when such entities issue qualifying taxable obligations, referred to as Build America Bonds (BABs). Issuers of BABs are eligible to receive subsidy payments from the U.S. Treasury equal to 35 percent of the corresponding interest payable on the related BABs. The BABs provisions in ARRA expired as of January 1, 2011. The obligation of the U.S. Treasury to make subsidy payments on BABs will remain in effect through the final maturity date of BABs that are issued prior to the expiration of

the program. Bond and note interest shown above has not been reduced by any federal interest subsidy due on taxable BABs. The total federal interest subsidy scheduled to be received over the life of the BABs debt outstanding as of June 30, 2012, is \$34,993,000.

On July 26, 2011, the university issued Student Fee Bonds, Series U with a par amount of \$94,460,000. The purpose of the issue was to provide financing for the construction of the Neurosciences Research Building on the Indianapolis campus and for certain land acquisitions on the South Bend campus. The proceeds of the bonds also partially refunded Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series N, Series O, and Series P. The true interest cost for the bonds is 2.96%. The refunding portion of the transaction generated future debt service savings of \$6,646,000, which equated to a net present value savings of \$5,663,000.

On January 25, 2012, the university issued Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A with a par amount of \$94,490,000. The purpose of the issue was to provide financing for the construction of the Rose Residence Hall (previously referred to as the New Third and Union Residence Hall Complex) and the Forest Hall Dining Renovation and Expansion on the Bloomington campus, the Science and Engineering Lab Building on the Indianapolis campus, and the Residence Hall Expansion on the Southeast campus. The proceeds of the bonds also partially refunded Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 and Student Residence System Bonds, Series 2004B. The true interest cost for the bonds is 3.27%. The refunding portion of the transaction generated future debt service savings of \$2,499,000, which equated to a net present value savings of \$2,391,000.



On February 9, 2012, the university issued Certificates of Participation, Series 2012A with a par amount of \$23,750,000. The purpose of the issue was to provide financing for the construction of the Baseball and Softball Complex on the Bloomington campus. The proceeds of the bonds also refunded Certificates of Participation, Series 2003A. The true interest cost for the certificates is 3.26%. The refunding portion of the transaction generated future debt service savings of \$1,080,000, which equated to a net present value savings of \$896,000.

Note 9—Lease Obligations

The university leases certain facilities. The majority of the facility leases include renewal options and some provide for escalation of rent based on changes in operating costs. Some leases are in substance lease-purchases and, as such, are recorded as capital lease obligations.

Scheduled lease payments for the years ending June 30 are as follows:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)		
	Capital	Operating
2013	\$ 1,685	\$ 13,382
2014	1,179	8,198
2015	510	6,951
2016	230	6,278
2017	48	3,185
2018-2022	_	3,436
2023-2027	_	1,162
2028	_	38
Total future minimum payments	3,652	\$ 42,630
Less: interest	(261)	
Total principal payments outstanding	\$ 3,391	

Note 10—Federal Obligations Under Student Loan Programs

Campus based student loans are funded by new allocations received from the federal government, as well as principal and interest collected from previous student loan recipients. The federal government advanced \$214,000 and \$705,000 for health professions and nursing loan programs for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Liabilities at June 30, 2012 and 2011, for loan programs were as follows:

(dollar amounts	presented i	n thousands)
-----------------	-------------	--------------

	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Current portion of assets		
held in custody for others	\$ 401	\$ 516
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Federal share of interest	40,286	38,896
Perkins loans	17,942	18,935
Health professions loans	16,204	16,617
Nursing loans	1,951	1,344
Total noncurrent portion		
of assets held in custody		
for others	76,383	75,792
Total assets held in		
custody for others	\$ 76,784	\$ 76,308

Note 11—Risk Management

The university is exposed to various risks of loss, including torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, job-related illnesses or injuries to employees, and health care claims on behalf of employees and their dependents. The university manages these risks through a combination of risk retention and commercial insurance, including coverage from internally maintained funds as well as from a wholly-owned captive insurance company, Old Crescent Insurance Company (OCIC). The university is self-funded for damage to buildings and building contents for the first \$100,000 per occurrence with an additional \$400,000 per occurrence covered by OCIC, with commercial excess property coverage above this amount. The university is self-funded for comprehensive general liability and automobile liability for the first \$100,000 per occurrence with an additional \$900,000 per occurrence covered by OCIC and with supplementary commercial liability umbrella policies. The university has a malpractice and professional liability policy in the amount of \$250,000 for each claim and \$750,000 annually in aggregate provided by OCIC. The university is self-funded for the first \$750,000 of any worker's compensation claim. Excess commercial coverage for up to \$1,000,000 is in place for employer liability claims. Worker's compensation claims above \$750,000 are subject to statutory limits.

The university has four health care plans for full-time appointed employees, one of which is also available to retirees not eligible for Medicare. All of the employee plans are self-funded. The university records a liability for incurred but unpaid claims for university-sponsored, self-funded health care plans. This liability is estimated to be no more than 15% of the paid self-funded claims during the fiscal year, and totals \$26,990,000 and \$26,435,000 at June 30,

2012 and 2011, respectively. In addition, a potential claims fluctuation liability of \$9,876,000 has been recorded at June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Separate funds have been established to account for the liability of incurred but unpaid health care claims, as well as any unusual catastrophic claims fluctuation experience. All organizational units of the university are charged fees based on estimates of the amounts necessary to pay health care coverage costs, including premiums and claims.

Note 12—Retirement Plans

The university provided retirement plan coverage to 18,441 and 18,645 active employees, as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, in addition to contributing to the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) as required by law.

Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund

The university contributes to the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF), a defined benefit pension plan with an annuity savings account provision. Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) administers the multipleemployer public employee retirement plans, which provide retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All support, technical, and service employees with at least a 50% full-time equivalent (FTE) appointment participate in the PERF plan. There were 6,352 and 6,678 active university employees covered by this retirement plan as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. State statutes authorize the university to contribute to the plan and govern most requirements of the system. The PERF retirement benefit consists of the pension and an annuity savings account, both of which are funded by employer contributions. The annuity savings account consists of contributions set by state statute at three percent of compensation plus the earnings credited to members' accounts. The university has elected to make the contributions on behalf of the members. PERF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. This report may be obtained by writing the Public Employees Retirement Fund, One North Capitol, Suite 001, Indianapolis, IN 46204, by calling 1-888-526-1687, or by reviewing the Annual Report online at www.in.gov/inprs/annual reports.htm.

Contributions made by the university totaled \$23,972,000 and \$21,404,000 for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. This represented an 8.6% and 7.0% university pension benefit contribution for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and a 3% university contribution for the annuity savings account provisions each year.

PERF Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost

The contribution requirements of plan members for PERF are established by the Board of Trustees of PERF. The university's annual pension cost and related information, as provided by the actuary, is presented below.

The employer contributions required by the funding policy at actuarial determined rates are sufficient to fund the pension portion of the retirement benefit (normal cost) and the amortization of unfunded liabilities. The amortization method and period are level dollar closed over 30 years. The actuarial cost method is entry age normal cost. The employer required contribution is determined using an asset smoothing method. The actuarial valuation date is June 30, 2010.

Actuarial assumptions include: (a) an investment rate of return of 7.0%, (b) projected salary increases of 4%, and (c) a 1% cost of living increase granted in each future year, applying to current and future retirees.

Fiscal Year Ended	
June 30, 2011 ¹	June 30, 2010
\$ 21,855	\$ 14,699
(251)	(312)
289	355
21,893	14,742
(14,790)	(14,016)
7,103	726
(3,581)	(4,307)
\$ 3,522	\$ (3,581)
	\$ 21,855 (251) 289 21,893 (14,790) 7,103 (3,581)

¹Actuarial data for 2012 not available at the time of this report.

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

(werning presented in the member)				
Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC) ²	Percentage of APC Net Pension Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
June 30, 2009	\$ 13,370	102%	\$ (4,307)	
June 30, 2010	14,742	95%	(3,581)	
June 30, 2011	21,893	68%	3,522	

 $^{^2}$ Does not reflect costs attributable to the university's 3% defined contribution benefit. See Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Fund above.



ACADEMIC AND PROFESSIONAL STAFF EMPLOYEES

Appointed academic and professional staff employees with at least 50% FTE are covered by the IU Retirement Plan. This is a defined contribution plan under IRC 403(b) with four contribution levels. The university contributed \$62,833,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, and \$66,860,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, to TIAA-CREF for the IU Retirement Plan. The university contributed \$26,854,000 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, and \$21,804,000, during fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, and \$21,804,000, during fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, to Fidelity Investments for the IU Retirement Plan. Under this plan, 8,081 and 8,504 employees directed university contributions to TIAA-CREF as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. In addition, 4,711 and 4,138 employees directed university contributions to Fidelity Investments as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

In addition to the above, the university provides early retirement benefits to full-time appointed academic and professional staff employees Grade 16 and above. There were 1,093 and 1,173 active employees on June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, covered by the IU Supplemental Early Retirement Plan (IUSERP), a defined contribution plan in compliance with IRC 401(a), with participant accounts at TIAA-CREF and Fidelity Investments. The university contributed \$2,336,000 and \$2,695,000 to IUSERP during fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The same class of employees covered by the IU Retirement Plan 15% Level of Contributions on or before July 14, 1988, is covered by the IU 18/20 Retirement Plan, a combination of IRC Section 457(f) and Section 403(b) provisions. The IU 18/20 Retirement Plan allows this group of employees to retire as early as age 64, provided the individual has at least 18 years of participation in the IU Retirement Plan and at least 20 years of continuous university service. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the university made total payments of \$33,601,000 to 405 individuals receiving IU 18/20 Retirement Plan payments. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the university made total payments of \$33,153,000 to 386 individuals receiving IU 18/20 Retirement Plan payments.

TIAA-CREF issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. This report may be obtained by writing the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund, 8500 Andrew Carnegie Blvd, Charlotte, NC 28262, by calling 1-800-842-2252, or by reviewing the annual report online at www.tiaa-cref.org/public/about/governance/corporate/annual-reports.

Fidelity Investments issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. This report may be obtained by writing Fidelity Investments, 82 Devonshire Street, Boston, MA 02109, or by calling 1-800-343-0860.

IU REPLACEMENT RETIREMENT PLAN FUNDING POLICY AND ANNUAL PENSION COST

The university has established an early retirement plan for eligible employees to accommodate IRS requirements and as authorized by the Trustees of Indiana University. This plan is called the IU Replacement Retirement Plan. It is a single-employer plan and is qualified under IRC Section 401(a), with normal benefits payable for the participant's lifetime. Trust and recordkeeping activities are outsourced to the TIAA-CREF Trust Company. As of June 30, 2012 and 2011, 96 and 98 employees, respectively, were eligible to participate. University contributions related to this plan totaled \$1,571,000 and \$1,677,000, for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, with no employee contributions. These amounts represent 100% of the funding policy contribution.

The following schedule shows the funding policy contributions for the fiscal years indicated for the IU Replacement Retirement Plan as provided by the actuarial valuation report prepared as of July 1, 2011, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, prepared as of July 1, 2010, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, and prepared as of July 1, 2009, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

	June 30, 2012	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Cost of benefits earned during the year	\$ 811	\$ 808	\$ 659
Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities	664	767	710
Interest	96	102	110
Funding policy contribution	\$ 1,571	\$ 1,677	\$ 1,479

The funded status of the IU Replacement Retirement Plan as provided by the actuarial valuation reports for fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, are as follows:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)			
Actuarial Valuation Date	July 1, 2011	July 1, 2010	July 1, 2009
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 23,034	\$ 21,497	\$ 17,713
Actuarial valuation of plan assets	14,558	11,541	9,422
Unfunded actuarial liability	8,476	9,956	8,291
Actuarial value of assets as a percentage of (AAL) (funded ratio)	63.2%	53.7%	53.2%
Annual covered payroll	\$ 8,679	\$ 8,643	\$ 8,446
Ratio of unfunded actuarial liability to annual covered payroll	97.7%	115.2%	98.2%

Actuarial assumptions include a 6.5% asset rate of return and future salary increases of 3% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. Liabilities are based on the projected unit credit method. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the fair value on the valuation date adjusted for employer contributions receivable. Actuarial assumptions of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of future events including future employment and mortality, and are based on the substantive plan provisions.

Additional multiyear trend information regarding the funding progress of the IU Replacement Retirement Plan is provided immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

TIAA-CREF issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. This report may be obtained by writing the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equities Fund, 8500 Andrew Carnegie Blvd, Charlotte, NC 28262, by calling 1-800-842-2252, or by reviewing the annual report online at www.tiaa-cref.org/public/about/governance/corporate/annual-reports.

Note 13 – Postemployment Benefits

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The university provides certain postemployment benefits for retired employees. The IU 18/20 Plan, Medical, and Life Insurance benefits are presented for financial statement purposes as a consolidated plan (the Plan) under the requirements for reporting Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (OPEB) required by GASB Statement No.45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by Indiana University.

The 18/20 Plan provides interim benefits to full-time appointed academic and professional staff employees who meet the following eligibility requirements: 18 years of participation in the IU Retirement Plan 15% level, at least 20 years of continuous full-time university service, and at least 64 years of age. This group of employees is eligible to receive monthly payments based on a hypothetical monthly annuity amount at age 70, up to the amount of terminal base salary, calculated as the average budgeted base salary for the five 12-month periods immediately preceding retirement. The 18/20 Plan was adopted by the Trustees of Indiana University. The university provides medical care coverage to individuals with retiree status and their eligible dependents. The cost of the coverage is borne fully by the individual. However, retiree medical care coverage is implicitly more expensive than active-employee coverage, which creates an implicit rate subsidy. The university provides retiree life insurance benefits in the amount of \$6,000 to terminated employees with retiree status. The health and life insurance plans have been established and may be amended under the authority of the trustees. The Plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

FUNDING POLICY

The contribution requirements of plan members and the university are established and may be amended by the trustees. The university contribution to the 18/20 Plan and retiree life insurance is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Plan members do not make contributions. The medical plans are self-funded and each plan's premiums are updated annually based on actual claims. Retirees receiving medical benefits paid \$1,330,000 and \$1,088,000 in premiums in the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The university contributed \$53,851,000 and \$52,512,000 to the consolidated OPEB Plan in fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

ANNUAL OPEB COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The university's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal

cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of twenty-five years.

The following table shows the university's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the university's net OPEB obligation as provided by the actuarial results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ended		
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	
Annual required contribution (ARC)/Annual OPEB cost	\$ 57,052	\$ 58,166	
Less employer contributions	53,851	52,512	
Increase in OPEB obligation	3,201	5,654	
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	19,557	13,903	
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 22,758	\$ 19,557	
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	94.39%	90.28%	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was unfunded. The schedule of funding progress is below:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a) / c)
July 1, 2011	_	\$ 414,985	\$ 414,985	0.0%	\$ 984,200	42.2%
July 1, 2010	-	441,968	441,968	0.0%	959,198	46.1%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the university are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, represents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are

based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the university and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the university and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The projected unit credit cost method was used in the June 30, 2012, actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5% investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of (a) the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and (b) the university's investments which is calculated based on the funded level of the Plan at June 30, 2012; and an annual healthcare cost trend rate that ranges

from 10% in fiscal year 2013 to 5% in fiscal year 2023. The rate includes a 3% inflation assumption. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is being amortized over 25 years using level dollar amounts on an open group basis.

Note 14—Termination Benefits

In fiscal year 2011 the university offered an Early Retirement Incentive Plan (ERIP).

Depending on the eligibility criteria of the participating employees, the early retirement became effective from one of three dates, as shown in the table below:

Retirement Date	Number of ERIP Participants
June 30, 2011	321
August 31, 2011	137
December 31, 2011	25
Total	483

The ERIP provided three benefits not normally provided to separating employees:

- a. A lump sum income replacement payment.
- b. Five years of annual contributions to a health reimbursement account (HRA) that reimburses employees, based on their current medical plan enrollment, for some healthcare expenses such as premiums, deductibles, and copays.

c. The option to continue in an IU-sponsored medical plan until age 65. Employees with IU Retiree Status could opt to participate in a post-65 Medicare supplement medical plan. The opting employees would need to pay their respective full premium amounts to receive this benefit.

In fiscal year 2011, the university recognized the expense and liability for the income replacement payments for all employees participating in the ERIP. The actuarial accrued liability associated with Other Post-Employment Benefits was increased by \$15,669,000 for health reimbursement account contributions.

In fiscal year 2012, the actuarial accrued liability associated with Other Post-Employment Benefits was increased by \$10,931,000 for health reimbursement account contributions.

Note 15—Related Organization

The university is a major beneficiary of the Riley Children's Foundation, of which a majority of the board of directors is appointed by, or serve by virtue of position with, Indiana University. Riley Children's Foundation net assets were \$289,907,000 and \$284,848,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Riley Children's Foundation net assets are not included in the financial statements of the university.

Note 16—Functional Expenses

The university's operating expenses by functional classification were as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Natural Classification						
Functional	Compensation		Supplies &	Scholarships &			
Classification	& Benefits	Utilities	Expenses	Fellowships	Depreciation	Travel	Total
Instruction	\$ 839,533	\$ 836	\$ 99,882	\$ 14,599	\$ -	\$ 17,467	\$ 972,317
Research	159,814	56	80,017	3,269	-	6,700	249,856
Public service	83,837	388	62,237	3,196	-	4,401	154,059
Academic support	223,927	52	45,328	2,365	_	6,896	278,568
Student services	73,212	11	21,393	1,551	_	2,242	98,409
Institutional support	95,035	602	35,126	2,731	-	2,351	135,845
Physical plant	77,216	65,306	61,433	4	-	181	204,140
Scholarships & fellowships	10,881	_	1,166	130,102	-	30	142,179
Auxiliary enterprises	181,154	4,310	71,879	5,748	-	7,181	270,272
Depreciation	_	-	-	_	133,482	_	133,482
Total operating expenses	\$ 1,744,609	\$ 71,561	\$ 478,461	\$ 163,565	\$ 133,482	\$ 47,449	\$ 2,639,127

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Functional	Natural Classification Scholarships Compensation Supplies & &				n		
Classification	& Benefits	Utilities	Expenses	Fellowships	Depreciation	Travel	Total
Instruction	\$ 818,630	\$ 735	\$ 100,123	\$ 15,119	\$ -	\$ 15,041	\$ 949,648
Research	161,397	25	81,899	3,396	-	6,145	252,862
Public service	86,779	416	57,197	3,527	_	3,760	151,679
Academic support	199,436	57	33,312	3,322	_	5,128	241,255
Student services	70,135	10	20,554	709	_	1,424	92,832
Institutional support	117,171	598	12,343	3,585	_	1,876	135,573
Physical plant	75,363	62,873	56,336	6	_	149	194,727
Scholarships & fellowships	12,056	_	1,026	129,786	_	118	142,986
Auxiliary enterprises	190,075	3,820	80,709	5,849	_	6,578	287,031
Depreciation	_	_	_	-	130,538	_	130,538
Total operating expenses	\$ 1,731,042	\$ 68,534	\$ 443,499	\$ 165,299	\$ 130,538	\$ 40,219	\$ 2,579,131

Note 17—Segment Information

A segment is an identifiable activity reported as a standalone entity for which one or more bonds are outstanding, with a revenue stream pledged in support of the debt. The primary source of repayment of these bonds is pledged net income from certain parking and housing operations, including campuses for which bonds are no longer outstanding. Facilities Revenue Bonds carry a pledge of net income from the Parking System. Student Residence System Bonds carry a pledge of net income from the Student Residence System. The university has Facilities Revenue Bonds and Student Residence System Bonds outstanding related to the following auxiliary enterprise activities:

- Parking operations on the IUPUI and South Bend campuses providing parking services to students, staff, faculty, and the general public.
- Housing operations on the IUPUI campus providing housing primarily to students.

Condensed financial statements for Parking and Housing Operations are as follows:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Parking O	perations	Housing O	perations
Condensed Statement of Net Assets	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 27,228	\$ 39,876	\$ 82,018	\$ 112,002
Capital assets, net	92,927	79,740	215,325	168,011
Total assets	120,155	119,616	297,343	280,013
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	7,022	6,263	8,928	10,377
Noncurrent liabilities	58,764	64,213	111,553	116,431
Total liabilities	65,786	70,476	120,481	126,808
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	30,095	26,505	101,007	81,636
Unrestricted	24,274	22,635	75,855	71,569
Total net assets	54,369	49,140	176,862	153,205
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 120,155	\$ 119,616	\$ 297,343	\$ 280,013

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

C 1 1000 0 CP	Parking O _l	perations	Housing C	June 30, 2011 \$ 63,396 (4,292) (41,070) 18,034 1,183 (1,931) (748) 15 15 448 17,749 135,456
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	Fiscal Yea	r Ended	Fiscal Yea	
Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Operating revenues	\$ 24,887	\$ 22,742	\$ 69,243	\$ 63,396
Depreciation expense	(3,722)	(3,291)	(4,795)	(4,292)
Other operating expenses	(13,078)	(12,976)	(43,455)	(41,070)
Net operating income	8,087	6,475	20,993	18,034
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Grants, contracts, and other revenues	190	192	1,170	1,183
Interest expense	(2,009)	(1,726)	(1,597)	(1,931)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,819)	(1,534)	(427)	(748)
Other revenues				
Capital gifts	_	_	_	15
Net other revenues	-	-	-	15
Net transfers from (to) university funds	(1,039)	(473)	3,091	448
Increase in net assets	5,229	4,468	23,657	17,749
Net assets				
Net assets, beginning of year	49,140	44,672	153,205	135,456
Net assets, end of year	\$ 54,369	\$ 49,140	\$ 176,862	\$ 153,205

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

	Parking O	perations	Housing Operations		
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows	Fiscal Yea	ır Ended	Fiscal Ye	ar Ended	
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	
Operating activities	\$ 12,605	\$ 9,551	\$ 23,740	\$ 26,007	
Noncapital financing activities	190	192	1,170	1,183	
Capital and related financing activities	(24,895)	1,593	(55,420)	(50,919)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(12,100)	11,336	(30,510)	(23,729)	
Beginning cash and cash equivalent balances	38,171	26,835	111,306	135,035	
Ending cash and cash equivalent balances	\$ 26,071	\$ 38,171	\$ 80,796	\$ 111,306	

In January 2012, \$26,105,000 of the revenue-backed debt was refunded into Consolidated Revenue Bonds causing a significant drop in the outstanding principal of the revenue-backed debt and the number of years to maturity. Total revenue-backed debt for capital financing of parking and housing auxiliary activities was outstanding in the amount of \$10,625,000 at June 30, 2012, with remaining terms of 2

years. Total revenue-backed debt for capital financing of parking and housing auxiliary activities was outstanding in the amount of \$39,895,000 at June 30, 2011, with remaining terms of 12 to 18 years. Revenues of the activities are sufficient to meet the principal and interest requirements for the debt.



Note 18—Commitments and Loss Contingencies

Construction Projects

The university had outstanding commitments for capital construction projects of \$145,603,000 and \$146,604,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Note 19—Subsequent Event

On October 26, 2012, the university will issue Indiana University Tax Exempt Student Fee Bonds, Series V-1 and Taxable Student Fee Bonds, Series V-2 in the total par amount of \$107,750,000, of which \$95,875,000 will be refunding bonds and \$11,875,000 will be new money bonds. The bonds will be issued as natural fixed rate debt under Indiana Code sections IC 21-34-6 through 10 and have been approved by all appropriate state authorities. The proceeds will be used to pay for

(a) refunding all or a portion of Student Fee Bonds, Series P, Q, and R; (b) financing for qualified energy savings projects on the Indianapolis and South Bend campuses; (c) refunding Qualified Energy Savings Notes, Series 2005, 2007 and 2008; and (d) costs to issue the bonds including underwriters' discount. The new money bonds for the qualified energy savings projects will have a final maturity of 10 years. The refunding bonds will produce a net present value savings of \$7,961,000, or 8.37% of refunded bonds.

Refer to Note 8, Bonds and Notes Payable, for more information on long-term debt.



Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress for IU Replacement Retirement Plan:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a) / c)
7/1/2011	\$ 14,558	\$ 23,034	\$ 8,476	63.2%	\$ 8,679	97.7%
7/1/2010	11,541	21,497	9,956	53.7%	8,643	115.2%
7/1/2009	9,422	17,713	8,291	53.2%	8,446	98.2%

Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Postemployment Benefit Plans:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a) / c)
7/1/2011	-	\$ 414,985	\$ 414,985	0.0%	\$ 984,200	42.2%
7/1/2010	-	441,968	441,968	0.0%	959,198	46.1%
7/1/2009	-	443,276	443,276	0.0%	967,369	45.8%

Schedule of Funding Progress for Public Employees' Retirement Fund:

(dollar amounts presented in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a) / c)
6/30/2011	\$ 214,453	\$ 379,812	\$ 165,359	56.5%	\$ 215,496	76.7%
6/30/2010	215,702	320,269	104,567	67.4%	214,529	48.7%
6/30/2009	263,017	302,873	39,856	86.8%	222,902	17.9%



Note 1 - Organization and Operations

The Indiana University Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) is a not-for-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Indiana. The corporate purposes of the Foundation are to raise, receive, hold, invest and administer property and to make expenditures to or for the benefit of Indiana University, including its regional campuses and associated entities (such as the Purdue University schools housed at the Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis campus, the Indiana University Building Corporation (IUBC), Riley Children's Foundation, the Indiana University Research & Technology Corporation, Indiana University Health, the Indiana University Alumni Association, and certain medical practice plans), herein referred to as the "University."

The mission of the Foundation is to inspire donors to invest in Indiana University's power to transform lives and better the state, nation and world. The Foundation was originally incorporated in 1936 and is empowered to perform a wide range of services and conduct a variety of activities that support the University as it carries out its missions of teaching, research, and public service. The Foundation conducts general and special purpose fund raising programs, receives and acknowledges gifts for the benefit of the University, administers those gifts to ensure that they are used as specified by the donor, invests those gifts, serves as trustee for certain types of planned gift arrangements, and provides other services for the benefit of the University as requested from time to time.

Note 4 - Investments

A summary of total investment income, including net gains (losses) net of outside management fees for the year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 consist of the following:

onowing.		2012		2011
Dividend, interest and other investment income	\$	9,920,514	\$	8,766,433
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments		(21,571,091)		249,785,736
Outside investment management fees	ā.	(4,710,704)		(4,809,298)
Total investment income, including net gains, net of outside investment management fees	\$ _	(16,361,281)	. \$ <u> </u>	253,742,871



The Foundation's investments recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC 820. The following tables present information about the Foundation's investments by security type measured at fair value as of June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	s	Level 1	_	Level 2	 Level 3	_	Total
Domestic equities	\$	216,328,769	\$	63,877,854	\$ 480,957	\$	280,687,580
International equities		275,090,775		9,034	-0-		275,099,809
Domestic fixed income		70,941,499		130,956,163	3,075,523		204,973,185
International fixed income		-0-		18,208,525	-0-		18,208,525
Cash equivalents		8,391,823		-0-	-0-		8,391,823
Alternative investments:							
Hedged equity funds		-0-		75,582,024	203,752		75,785,776
Absolute return funds		-0-		112,035,004	111,415,599		223,450,603
Venture capital funds		-0-		551,832	92,686,612		93,238,444
Buyout funds		-0-		-0-	113,709,268		113,709,268
Distressed/special situation funds		-0-		-0-	55,972,168		55,972,168
Real estate funds		8,627,769		-0-	80,563,458		89,191,227
Natural resource funds		-0-		-0-	78,748,874		78,748,874
Public inflation hedge		-0-		20,842,156	-0-		20,842,156
Direct commercial real estate		-0-		-0-	19,678,883		19,678,883
Mortgage securities		-0-		-0-	695,381		695,381
Total	\$ _	579,380,635	\$	422,062,592	\$ 557,230,475	\$	1,558,673,702

	2011							
	20	Level 1	20 00	Level 2		Level 3		Total
Domestic equities	\$	289,114,491	\$	69,554,088	\$	484,298	\$	359,152,877
International equities		316,897,620		6,486		-0-		316,904,106
Domestic fixed income		44,635,780		105,539,966		2,981,685		153,157,431
International fixed income		-0-		23,746,554		-0-		23,746,554
Cash equivalents (includes securities in-transit								
of \$18 million)		41,083,431		-0-		-0-		41,083,431
Alternative investments:								
Hedged equity funds		-0-		87,762,261		27,082,944		114,845,205
Absolute return funds		-0-		75,137,301		120,592,499		195,729,800
Venture capital funds		-0-		-0-		96,886,470		96,886,470
Buyout funds		-0-		-0-		104,916,485		104,916,485
Distressed/special situation funds		-0-		-0-		47,714,669		47,714,669
Real estate funds		8,877,246		-0-		69,246,866		78,124,112
Natural resource funds		-0-		-0-		75,981,990		75,981,990
Direct commercial real estate		-0-		-0-		15,682,812		15,682,812
Mortgage securities	6	-0-	2 00	-0-		722,006		722,006
Total	\$	700,608,568	\$	361,746,656	\$	562,292,724	\$	1,624,647,948

Changes in Level 3 assets measured at fair value as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 follow. The 2012 presentation has been expanded to reflect the disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2010-06. There were no significant transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	2012
Beginning balance	\$ 562,292,724
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	12,124,593
Purchases	99,083,787
Sales	(111,925,455)
Transfers in	138,000
Transfers out	 (4,483,174)
Ending balance	\$ 557,230,475



	_		2012	2		2011		
	-	Fair Value		Unfunded Commitments		Fair Value	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Hedged equity funds (a)	\$	75,785,776	\$	-0-	\$	114,845,205	monthly, quarterly, semi- annually, annually monthly, quarterly,	45-100 days
Absolute return funds (b)		223,450,603		5,272,254		195,729,800	semi-annually, annually	45-90 days
Venture capital funds (c)		93,238,444		34,499,016		96,886,470		
Buyout funds (d)		113,709,268		56,799,810		104,916,485		
Distressed/special situation funds (e)		55,972,168		34,045,445		47,714,669		
Real estate funds (f)		80,563,458		34,396,007		78,124,112		
Natural resources funds (g)		78,748,874		34,857,185		75,981,990		
Public Inflation Hedge (h)	_	20,842,156		-0-		-0-	monthly	10 days
Total	\$_	742,310,747	\$	199,869,717	\$_	714,198,731		

- (a) This category includes investments in hedge funds that invest globally in both long and short common stocks across all market capitalizations. Management of the hedge funds may opportunistically shift investments across sectors, geographies, and net market exposures. The fair values of the investments in this category are based on the net asset value per share of the investment.
- (b) This category includes investments in hedge funds that invest opportunistically across various strategies including long/short equity, fixed income, distressed credit, merger arbitrage, convertible arbitrage, etc. The fair values of the investments in this category are based on the net asset value per share of the investment. As of June 30, 2012, 58% of the total Marketable Alternative Investments (hedged equity and absolute return) could be redeemed in 0-6 months, 67% could be redeemed within 12 months, 81% could be redeemed within 24 months, and 85% could be redeemed within 36 months. The remaining 15% is designated as illiquid investments.



- (c) This category includes funds which invest primarily in early-stage companies in the technology and life science sectors. The nature of investments in this category is that money is distributed as underlying companies are exited via acquisition or IPO. Partnerships are typically structured to be fully liquidated after 10 years but may be extended. It is probable that the investments in this category will ultimately be sold at a value that is different from the net asset value of the Foundation's ownership interest as of June 30, 2012.
- (d) This category includes private equity funds that invest across sectors primarily in the United States, but also Asia and Europe. The nature of investments in this category is that money is distributed as underlying companies are recapitalized or exited via acquisition or IPO. Partnerships are typically structured to be fully liquidated after 10 years but may be extended. It is probable that the investments in this category will ultimately be sold at a value that is different from the net asset value of the Foundation's ownership interest as of June 30, 2012.
- (e) This category includes funds that are focused on distressed, mezzanine, or secondary investments, primarily in the United States. Partnerships are typically structured to be fully liquidated after 10 years but may be extended. It is probable that the investments in this category will ultimately be sold at a value that is different from the net asset value of the Foundation's ownership interest as of June 30, 2012.
- (f) This category includes funds that invest primarily in U.S. commercial real estate, but also include real estate funds focused on Europe and Asia. The real estate exposure consists of publicly traded REIT funds (11.4%) and private partnerships (88.6%). Publicly traded REIT funds have daily liquidity. Partnerships are typically structured to be fully liquidated after 10 years but may be extended. It is probable that the investments in this category will ultimately be sold at a value that is different from the net asset value of the Foundation's ownership interest as of June 30, 2012.
- (g) This category includes several funds that are focused on direct energy and timber. Partnerships are typically structured to be fully liquidated after 10 years but may be extended. Certain funds in this category will provide an income stream as the underlying commodity is harvested/sold. It is probable that the investments in this category will ultimately be sold at a value that is different from the net asset value of the Foundation's ownership interest as of June 30, 2012.
- (h) This category includes several funds that invest in equity and equity-related securities, commodity derivatives, fixed income obligations, and derivatives related to equity, fixed income, and commodity securities.

Note 8 - Restricted Net Assets

The income generated from restricted net assets is used in accordance with the donors' time or purpose restrictions. Foundation and University permanently restricted assets are held in perpetuity. A summary of restricted net assets and the related donor imposed restrictions as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

2012

	Tempora	rily l	Restricted	Permanently Restricted			Restricted
	Foundation		University	-	Foundation	e 5=	University
Foundation operations	\$ 7,638,802	\$	-0-	\$	20,518,576	\$	-0-
University Programs:							
Awards	-0-		6,462,179		-0-		7,643,380
Capital and capital improvements	-0-		81,714,502		-0-		2,143,383
Fellowships/lectureships	-0-		20,960,628		-0-		80,896,984
General endowments	-0-		228,179,220		-0-		221,330,071
Medical practice plans	-0-		31,053,837		-0-		-0-
Operations	-0-		71,462,141		-0-		3,439,699
Professorships/chairs	-0-		106,354,539		-0-		253,336,864
Research	-0-		28,786,485		-0-		40,427,466
Scholarships	-0-		117,269,456		-0-		363,104,975
Total	\$ 7,638,802	\$	692,242,987	\$	20,518,576	\$	972,322,822

		Temporar	ily	Restricted	201	2011 Permanently Restricted			
		Foundation		University	_	Foundation		University	
Foundation operations	\$	7,768,701	\$	-0-	\$	22,634,801	\$	-0-	
University Programs:									
Awards		-0-		6,486,245		-0-		8,025,341	
Capital and capital improvements		-0-		77,268,183		-0-		2,344,855	
Fellowships/lectureships		-0-		21,100,010		-0-		81,469,916	
General endowments		-0-		229,753,800		-0-		224,798,229	
Medical practice plans		-0-		33,096,842		-0-		-0-	
Operations		-0-		69,800,767		-0-		5,016,297	
Professorships/chairs		-0-		103,359,243		-0-		261,991,574	
Research		-0-		30,100,572		-0-		37,382,524	
Scholarships		-0-	8 0	114,319,028	500 Pater	-0-	-	369,647,802	
Total	\$ _	7,768,701	\$	685,284,690	\$	22,634,801	\$ _	990,676,538	

Note 10 - Contingencies and Commitments

The Foundation has borrowed \$125,016,119 and \$104,313,514 of restricted cash and cash equivalents as displayed in its Foundation Unrestricted, Foundation Temporarily Restricted, and Permanently Restricted assets as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and has reported this interfund borrowing as "due to (from)" on the Statement of Financial Position. The Foundation assumes all risk associated with the composition of assets related to the Foundation's reinvestment of the temporarily restricted University monies. These borrowings were used to (1) acquire property, plant and equipment for the benefit of the University, (2) purchase investment securities, and (3) support on-going Foundation operations. Repayment of the borrowings is primarily dependent on the Foundation's ability to (1) generate future appreciation and income from investment securities, (2) receive future revenue from existing property leases arrangements with the University and (3) receive future unrestricted gifts. Management has currently developed initiatives to reduce such borrowings in the future and maintain an appropriate composition of assets to comply with all donor restrictions.

Interfund financing of \$1,900,000 and \$2,400,000 as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, represents amounts financed by the Foundation unrestricted net assets to the agency and temporarily restricted University net assets. The carrying value of interfund financing approximates fair market value, as the borrowing rates currently available to the Foundation are similar to the terms on remaining maturities. Interest rates are from 4.0% to 4.95% as of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011.

Note 11 - Program Expenditures

Program expenditures include support for Foundation and University programs. Foundation programs include: real estate, air services, Student Foundation, cultural center, women's programs and other miscellaneous programs. These University related program expenditures primarily support "Grants and aid to the University" and "Endowment and capital additions for the University." For the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, a summary of these expenditures follows:

17,948

5,216,795 \$

2012

17,872,211

107,057,090 \$

	_	:				
Program expenditures:		Foundation		University*		Total
Foundation programs:						
Real estate	\$	2,190,814	\$	-0-	\$	2,190,814
Student Foundation		528,518		-0-		528,518
Air Services		622,297		-0-		622,297
Women's programs		37,895		-0-		37,895
Miscellaneous		47,855		-0-		47,855
	-	3,427,379		-0-		3,427,379
Grants and aid to the University:	=			3		
Operating support:						
University support		1,610,263		33,749,453		35,359,716
Student scholarship and financial aid		8,037		33,025,994		33,034,031
Faculty support		153,168		13,709,730		13,862,898
Faculty research		-0-		8,699,702		8,699,702
	-	1,771,468	_	89,184,879		90,956,347
Endowment and capital additions for the University:	-				_	

Total program expenditures

Land, building and equipment purchases

17,890,159

112,273,885

2011 Unrestricted

	-			Unitestricted		
Program expenditures:		Foundation		University*		Total
Foundation programs:			16 Mg		3/4	
Real estate	\$	1,863,040	\$	-0-	\$	1,863,040
Student Foundation		520,220		-0-		520,220
Cultural center		150,619		-0-		150,619
Air Services		526,112		-0-		526,112
Women's programs		126,634		-0-		126,634
Miscellaneous		19,680		-0-		19,680
	·-	3,206,305	K 16	-0-	977	3,206,305
Grants and aid to the University:	3 		*6 St.			
Operating support:						
University support		1,742,198		33,192,348		34,934,546
Student scholarship and financial aid		12,300		30,562,306		30,574,606
Faculty support		92,283		13,281,190		13,373,473
Faculty research		-0-		8,972,395		8,972,395
	2 	1,846,781	54 S.	86,008,239	-	87,855,020
Endowment and capital additions for the University:	(-		-			
Land, building and equipment purchases		81,103		15,745,209		15,826,312
Library and art acquisitions		300		420,100		420,400
	9 -	81,403		16,165,309		16,246,712
Total program expenditures	\$	5,134,489	\$	102,173,548	\$	107,308,037
	_	1.00		Sect. 5000		10000 10000

^{*}These expenditures relate to temporarily restricted University net assets reclassified to unrestricted as the time or purpose restrictions are met. These amounts are included in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from restriction.

Trustees and Administrative Officers of Indiana University

THE TRUSTEES OF INDIANA UNIVERSITY

for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

William R. Cast, Allen County, Chair, Board of Trustees

Patrick A. Shoulders, Vanderburgh County, Vice Chair

MaryEllen Kiley Bishop, Member, Hamilton County
Bruce Cole, Member, District of Columbia
Philip N. Eskew, Jr., Member, Kosciusko County
Thomas E. Reilly, Jr., Member, Marion County
Derica W. Rice, Member, Hamilton County
William "Bill" Strong, Member, Hong Kong
Cora J. Griffin, Member, Cass County (Student Trustee)

Robin Roy Gress, Secretary

Dorothy J. Frapwell, Assistant Secretary

MaryFrances McCourt, Treasurer

Stewart T. Cobine, Assistant Treasurer

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

THE PRESIDENTS AND VICE PRESIDENTS

Michael A. McRobbie, President of the University
Adam W. Herbert, President Emeritus of the
University

Thomas Ehrlich, President Emeritus of the University **Kenneth R. R. Gros Louis,** University Chancellor

John Applegate, Executive Vice President for University Regional Affairs, Planning and Policy

Charles R. Bantz, Executive Vice President and Chancellor, Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis

Karen Hanson, Executive Vice President, and Provost, IU Bloomington (until January 31, 2012) Lauren Robel, Executive Vice President and Provost,

IU Bloomington (interim since February 1, 2012; appointed June 22, 2012)

Neil D. Theobald, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

D. Craig Brater, Vice President for University Clinical Affairs, and Dean & Walter J. Daly Professor IU School of Medicine

Dorothy J. Frapwell, Vice President and General Counsel

G. Frederick Glass, Vice President and Director of Intercollegiate Athletics

Jorge José, Vice President for Research Administration Edwin C. Marshall, Vice President for Diversity, Equity, and Multicultural Affairs

Thomas A. Morrison, Vice President for Capital Projects and Facilities

Michael M. Sample, Vice President for Public Affairs and Government Relations

William B. Stephan, Vice President for EngagementBrad Wheeler, Vice President for InformationTechnology and Chief Information OfficerDavid Zaret, Vice President for International Affairs

THE CHANCELLORS

Michael Harris, Indiana University Kokomo
William J. Lowe, Indiana University Northwest (Gary)
Sandra R. Patterson-Randles, Indiana University
Southeast (New Albany)

Nasser Paydar, Indiana University East (Richmond)
Una Mae Reck, Indiana University South Bend
Michael A. Wartell, Indiana University-Purdue
University Fort Wayne

OTHER OFFICERS AND SENIOR LEADERS

J Thomas Forbes, Executive Director, IU Alumni Association

Eugene R. Tempel, President, IU Foundation



Additional copies of this report may be obtained from:

Office of the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Bryan Hall 212 Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47405-7000 http://www.indiana.edu/~vpcfo/

To print a PDF file of this report, go to http://www.indiana.edu/~vpcfo/reports/index.shtml

For additional information:

GENERAL INFORMATION

Vice President for Public Affairs and Government Relations Bryan Hall 300 107 S. Indiana Avenue Bloomington, IN 47405-7000 http://www.indiana.edu/~pagr/

FINANCIAL REPORTING

Associate Vice President and University Controller Financial Management Services Poplars 519 Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47405-3085 http://www.fms.indiana.edu/avpfms/

Admissions

Vice Provost for Enrollment Management Office of Admissions 300 N. Jordan Ave. Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47405-1106 http://www.admit.indiana.edu

GIFTS

Indiana University Foundation Showalter House P.O. Box 500 Bloomington, IN 47402-0500 http://iufoundation.iu.edu/

GRANTS

Vice President for Research Carmichael Center Suite 202, 530 E. Kirkwood Avenue Bloomington, IN 47408-4003 http://www.iu.edu/~vpr/contact.shtml

ATHLETICS

Athletics Publicity Office Assembly Hall 1001 East 17th Street Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47408 http://www.iub.edu/athletic/

ALUMNI

Alumni Association 1000 East 17th Street Indiana University Bloomington, IN 47408 http://alumni.indiana.edu

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The following members of Financial Management Services prepared the 2011-2012 Financial Report and the included financial statements:

Joan Hagen, Associate Vice President and University Controller
Dave Gooptu, Chief Accountant and Managing Director, Financial Management Services
William Overman, Manager of External Financial Reporting and University Chart
Melody Amato, External Reporting and Compliance
Aaron Pritchett, External Reporting and Compliance
Phyllis Taylor, Senior Communications Specialist

The following entities provided data essential in the preparation of the financial statements:

Construction Management
Indiana University Foundation
Office of the Treasurer
Real Estate
Risk Management
Student Information and Fiscal Services
University Architect's Office
University Human Resource Services

Photos courtesy of Office of University Communications and Financial Management Services.

(Highlights continued from inside front cover.)

MICHAEL A. MCROBBIE

15-YEAR **IU** HIGHLIGHTS **1997-2012**

- As vice president for information technology, initiated the development of IU's original Information Technology Strategic Plan, launched in 1998 to enable IU to become a leader in the use and application of IT and today considered a model for educational institutions across the nation.
- Played an important role in establishing IU's
 School of Informatics and Computing, the first
 such school in the nation, as well as in securing
 two of the largest grants in IU history—totaling
 more than \$80 million—to establish technology related laboratories and initiatives at the
 university.
- Directed the development of I-Light, the first higher education-owned optical fiber network, which provides high-speed broadband Internet capability to colleges and universities across Indiana.

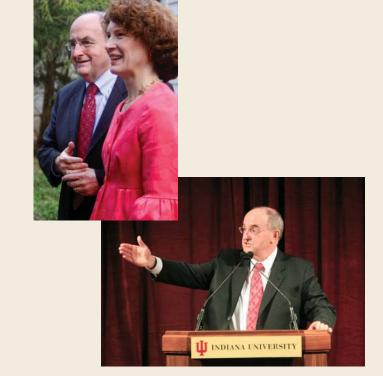




EXHIBIT B

CERTIFICATE RE: AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The undersigned, on behalf of The Trustees of Indiana University, as Obligor under the Amended and Restated Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement, dated March 1, 2011, as supplemented (collectively, the "Restated Undertaking") hereby certifies that the enclosed herewith are the audited financial statements which are required to be provided pursuant to Section 5(a)(l) of the Restated Undertaking.

Dated: December 17, 2012

THE TRUSTEES OF INDIANA UNIVERSITY, as Obligor

By:

Name:

MaryFrances McCourt

Title:

Treasurer

EXHIBIT C

CERTIFICATE RE: ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

The undersigned, on behalf of The Trustees of Indiana University, as Obligor under the Amended and Restated Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement, dated March 1, 2011, as supplemented (collectively, the "Restated Undertaking") hereby certifies that the information enclosed herewith constitutes the Annual Information (as defined in the Restated Undertaking) which is required to be provided pursuant to Section 5(a)(2) of the Restated Undertaking.

Dated: December 17, 2012

THE TRUSTEES OF INDIANA UNIVERSITY, as Obligor

By:

Name:

MaryFrances McCourt

Title:

Treasurer

THE TRUSTEES of INDIANA UNIVERSITY (CUSIP6: 455167 and 455152)

Relating to the following bond issues requiring Continuing Disclosure occurring in the month and year specified:

Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series O: March 2003 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series P: December 2004 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series Q: June 2006 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series R: June 2006 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series S: February 2008 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series T-1 & T-2: April 2010 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series U: July 2011 Indiana University Student Fee Bonds, Series V-1 & V-2: October 2012

Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A: February 2008 Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A: April 2009 Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A & B: May 2010 Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A: March 2011 Indiana University Consolidated Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A: January 2012

Indiana University Certificates of Participation, Series 2003A: April 2003 Indiana University Certificates of Participation, Series 2009A & B: December 2009 Indiana University Certificates of Participation, Series 2012A: February 2012

Indiana University Facility Revenue System Bonds, Series 2004: July 2004

Indiana University Student Residence System Bonds, Series 2004B: June 2004