NEW ISSUES

In the opinion of Bond Counsel for the Series 2016 Bonds (defined below), based upon an analysis of laws, regulations, rulings and court decisions, and assuming continuing compliance with certain covenants made by the District, and subject to the conditions and limitations set forth herein under the caption "TAX EXEMPTION," interest on the Series 2016 Bonds is excludable from gross income for Federal income tax purposes and is not a specific item of tax preference for purposes of the Federal individual or corporate alternative minimum taxes. Interest on the Series 2016 Bonds is exempt from Kentucky income tax and the Series 2016 Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and any of its political subdivisions. See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein.

# \$150,000,000 LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2016A

RATINGS: See "RATINGS" herein



# \$28,315,000 LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016B

and

# \$67,685,000 LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016C

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due Date: See Inside Cover

Interest on the captioned Series 2016A Bonds (herein the "Series 2016 A Bonds"), the Series 2016B Bonds (herein the "Series 2016B Bonds") and the Series 2016C Bonds (herein the "Series 2016C Bonds," and together with the Series 2016A Bonds and the Series 2016B Bonds, the "Series 2016 Bonds") will be payable from the dated date, on May 15 and November 15, commencing November 15, 2016, and the Series 2016 Bonds mature on each May 15, as shown on the inside cover.

The Series 2016 Bonds are being issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 76 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), a Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on December 7, 1992, as amended on March 4, 1993, June 30, 1993, December 14, 1994, January 25, 1996, and February 24, 2003, a Twenty-Third Supplemental Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on May 23, 2016 and a Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on June 27, 2016 (collectively, the "Resolution"). The holders of the Series 2016 Bonds shall, on a parity basis with the holders of all bonds outstanding under the Resolution (the "Bonds"), have a priority lien on and security interest in the revenues of the District derived from the operation of the District's sewer and drainage system (the "System"). The District reserves the right to issue additional bonds and refunding bonds on a parity with the outstanding Bonds, subject to satisfaction of the conditions set forth in the Resolution. See "SECURITY AND SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR THE SERIES 2016 BONDS" herein.

The Series 2016 Bonds will be fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof without coupons. The Series 2016 Bonds will be issuable under a book entry system, registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee. There will be no distribution of the Series 2016 Bonds to the ultimate purchasers. See "Book Entry" and APPENDIX D herein. Principal and interest on the Series 2016 Bonds is payable at the principal office of The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A, as Bond Registrar and Paying Agent (the "Paying Agent and Bond Registrar").

The Series 2016A Bonds and Series 2016B Bonds are subject to optional and sinking fund redemption prior to maturity as described herein. The Series 2016C Bonds are subject to sinking fund redemption prior to maturity as described herein.

The Series 2016 Bonds are special and limited revenue obligations of the District and do not constitute a debt, liability or general obligation of the District, the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof, including the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government, the County of Jefferson, Kentucky, within the meaning of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. See "SECURITY AND SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR THE SERIES 2016 BONDS" herein.

The Series 2016 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to the approving legal opinion of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Bond Counsel, Covington, Kentucky. Certain legal matters have been passed upon for the District by its General Counsel, Paula M. Purifoy, Esq. The Series 2016 Bonds are expected to be available for delivery on or about August 30, 2016.

Dated: August 10, 2016

# \$150,000,000 LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2016A

of Delivery						<b>Due Date: M</b>	ay 15, as sh	nown below
<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Price/ Yield	CUSIP <u>546589</u>	Year (May 15)	<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Price/ Yield	CUSIP <u>546589</u>
\$240,000	5.000%	0.650%	YM8	2032 <sup>c</sup>	\$3,860,000	4.000%	2.400%	ZB1
230,000	5.000	0.790	YN6	2033 °	4,075,000	4.000	2.450	ZC9
240,000	5.000	0.930	YP1	2034 <sup>c</sup>	4,295,000	3.000	2.900	ZD7
875,000	5.000	1.090	YQ9	2035	4,530,000	3.000	3.000	ZE5
915,000	5.000	1.270	YR7	2036	4,670,000	3.000	3.050	ZF2
960,000	5.000	1.400	YS5	2037	4,720,000	3.000	3.080	ZG0
1,070,000	5.000	1.520	YT3	2038	4,880,000	3.000	3.100	ZH8
1,180,000	5.000	1.630	YU0	2039	5,550,000	3.000	3.110	ZJ4
1,350,000	5.000	1.750	YV8	2040	5,835,000	3.000	3.120	ZK1
450,000	5.000	1.880	YW6	2041	6,025,000	3.000	3.130	ZL9
3,335,000	3.000	2.250	YX4	2042	6,230,000	3.000	3.140	ZM7
3,440,000	3.250	2.390	YY2	2043	6,550,000	3.000	3.150	ZN5
3,555,000	3.500	2.460	YZ9	2047	19,700,000	3.000	3.200	ZS4
3,705,000	3.500	2.540	ZA3					
	\$240,000 230,000 240,000 875,000 915,000 960,000 1,070,000 1,180,000 450,000 3,335,000 3,440,000 3,555,000	Amount         Rate           \$240,000         5.000%           230,000         5.000           240,000         5.000           240,000         5.000           875,000         5.000           915,000         5.000           960,000         5.000           1,070,000         5.000           1,350,000         5.000           450,000         5.000           3,335,000         3.000           3,440,000         3.250           3,555,000         3.500	Amount         Rate         Price/Yield           \$240,000         5.000%         0.650%           230,000         5.000         0.790           240,000         5.000         0.930           875,000         5.000         1.090           915,000         5.000         1.270           960,000         5.000         1.400           1,070,000         5.000         1.520           1,180,000         5.000         1.630           1,350,000         5.000         1.750           450,000         5.000         1.880           3,335,000         3.000         2.250           3,440,000         3.250         2.390           3,555,000         3.500         2.460	Amount         Interest Rate         Price/Yield         CUSIP 546589           \$240,000         5.000%         0.650%         YM8           230,000         5.000         0.790         YN6           240,000         5.000         0.930         YP1           875,000         5.000         1.090         YQ9           915,000         5.000         1.270         YR7           960,000         5.000         1.400         YS5           1,070,000         5.000         1.520         YT3           1,180,000         5.000         1.630         YU0           1,350,000         5.000         1.750         YV8           450,000         5.000         1.880         YW6           3,335,000         3.000         2.250         YX4           3,440,000         3.250         2.390         YY2           3,555,000         3.500         2.460         YZ9	Amount         Rate         Price/Yield         CUSIP 546589         Year (May 15)           \$240,000         5.000%         0.650%         YM8         2032 c 230,000         5.000         0.790         YN6         2033 c 203 c 2033 c 240,000         5.000         0.930         YP1         2034 c 2034 c 2034 c 2034 c 2035 c 2037 2035         240,000         5.000         1.090         YQ9         2035 2035 2035 2037 2036 2036 2036 2037 2036 2037 2036 2037 2036 2037 2036 2037 2036 2037 2038 2037 2038 2037 2038 2038 2037 2038 2038 2038 2038 2038 2038 2038 2038	Amount         Rate         Yield         546589         Year         Amount           \$240,000         5.000%         0.650%         YM8         2032°         \$3,860,000           230,000         5.000         0.790         YN6         2033°         4,075,000           240,000         5.000         0.930         YP1         2034°         4,295,000           875,000         5.000         1.090         YQ9         2035         4,530,000           915,000         5.000         1.270         YR7         2036         4,670,000           960,000         5.000         1.400         YS5         2037         4,720,000           1,070,000         5.000         1.520         YT3         2038         4,880,000           1,180,000         5.000         1.630         YU0         2039         5,550,000           1,350,000         5.000         1.750         YV8         2040         5,835,000           450,000         5.000         1.880         YW6         2041         6,025,000           3,335,000         3.000         2.250         YX4         2042         6,230,000           3,440,000         3.250         2.390         YY2	Amount         Rate         Yield         546589         (May 15)         Amount         Rate           \$240,000         5.000%         0.650%         YM8         2032 °         \$3,860,000         4.000%           230,000         5.000         0.790         YN6         2033 °         4,075,000         4.000           240,000         5.000         0.930         YP1         2034 °         4,295,000         3.000           875,000         5.000         1.090         YQ9         2035         4,530,000         3.000           915,000         5.000         1.270         YR7         2036         4,670,000         3.000           960,000         5.000         1.400         YS5         2037         4,720,000         3.000           1,070,000         5.000         1.520         YT3         2038         4,880,000         3.000           1,180,000         5.000         1.630         YU0         2039         5,550,000         3.000           1,350,000         5.000         1.750         YV8         2040         5,835,000         3.000           3,335,000         3.000         2.250         YX4         2042         6,230,000         3.000	Amount         Rate         Yield         546589         (May 15)         Amount         Rate         Yield           \$240,000         5.000%         0.650%         YM8         2032°         \$3,860,000         4.000%         2.400%           230,000         5.000         0.790         YN6         2033°         4,075,000         4.000         2.450           240,000         5.000         0.930         YP1         2034°         4,295,000         3.000         2.900           875,000         5.000         1.090         YQ9         2035         4,530,000         3.000         3.050           960,000         5.000         1.270         YR7         2036         4,670,000         3.000         3.080           1,070,000         5.000         1.400         YS5         2037         4,720,000         3.000         3.080           1,070,000         5.000         1.520         YT3         2038         4,880,000         3.000         3.110           1,350,000         5.000         1.630         YU0         2039         5,550,000         3.000         3.120           450,000         5.000         1.880         YW6         2041         6,025,000         3.000

<sup>\$47,535,000;</sup><sup>C</sup> = Priced to call.

3.000%;

2.750%;

# \$28,315,000 LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016B

Yield 3.180%;

Yield 2.952%;

CUSIP 546589 ZR6

CUSIP 546589 B50

Term Bonds due May 15, 2046;

Dated: Date	e of Delivery					]	Due Date: M	ay 15, as sh	own below
Year (May 15)	<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Price/ Yield	CUSIP <u>546589</u>	Year (May 15)	<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Price/ Yield	CUSIP <u>546589</u>
2017	\$220,000	5.000%	0.550%	ZT2	2027	\$830,000	2.000%	2.100%	A51
2019	2,270,000	5.000	0.750	ZV7	2028	825,000	2.125	2.200	A69
2020	1,910,000	5.000	0.900	ZW5	2029	825,000	2.250	2.350	A77
2021	1,955,000	5.000	1.040	ZX3	2030	810,000	2.375	2.500	A85
2022	2,050,000	5.000	1.230	ZY1	2031	825,000	2.500	2.600	A93
2023	2,080,000	5.000	1.380	ZZ8	2032	840,000	2.625	2.700	B27
2024	1,245,000	4.000	1.500	A28	2033	855,000	2.500	2.800	B35
2025	5,350,000	5.000	1.610	A36	2034	895,000	2.750	2.850	B43
2026	2,295,000 <sup>C</sup>	4.000	1.750	A44					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> = Priced to call.

\$2,235,000;

#### \$67,685,000

Term Bonds due May 15, 2036;

# LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016C

Dated: Date of Delivery						Du	ie Date: Ma	y 15, as sho	wn below
Year (May 15)	<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Price/ Yield	CUSIP <u>546589</u>	Year (May 15)	<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Price/ Yield	CUSIP <u>546589</u>
2020 2021	\$17,170,000 18,210,000	5.000% 5.000	0.810% 0.950	B92 C26	2022 2023	\$19,310,000 12,995,000	5.000% 5.000	1.140% 1.270	C34 C42

#### LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT

Board Members
Cyndi Caudill, Chair
Daniel Arbough, Vice Chair
Andrew Bailey
Jason Williams
Joyce Horton Mott
John Phelps
J.T. Sims
Yvonne Wells-Hatfield

Executive Director
James A. "Tony" Parrott

Chief Financial Officer, Secretary-Treasurer
Chad Collier

Chief of Operations
Brian Bingham

Chief Engineer Angela Akridge

General Counsel Paula Purifoy, Esq.

#### **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

Crowe Horwath LLP Louisville, Kentucky

#### **BOND COUNSEL**

Dinsmore & Shohl LLP Covington, Kentucky

#### FINANCIAL ADVISOR

J.J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons, LLC Louisville, Kentucky

#### PAYING AGENT AND BOND REGISTRAR

The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A Louisville, Kentucky

#### REGARDING THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement, which includes the cover page, has been prepared by officials of the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District (the "District") in connection with the sale by the District of \$150,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A, \$28,315,000 aggregate principal amount of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B and \$67,685,000 aggregate principal amount of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016C of the District. Certain information concerning the authorization, purpose, terms, conditions of sale and sources of payment of, and security for, the Series 2016 Bonds are described herein. Insofar as such information embodies statements of opinion, or estimates, even if not so labeled, it should be regarded as suggesting independent investigation or consultation of other sources prior to making investment decisions. Certain information may not be the most current that is available; however, attempts were made to date and document sources of information.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the District to give any information or to make any representation, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been given by the District. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Series 2016 Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District since the date hereof.

Neither this Official Statement nor any verbal or written representations by or on behalf of the District before sale of the Series 2016 Bonds should be regarded as part of the contract with the holders from time to time of the District's Series 2016 Bonds.

All financial and other information presented herein has been provided by the District from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. It is intended to show recent historic information, and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the District. No representation is made that past experience, as might be shown by such financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

Insofar as the statements contained in this Official Statement involve matters of opinion or estimates, even if not expressly stated as such, such statements are made as such and not as representations of fact or certainty, no representation is made that any of such statements have been or will be realized, and such statements should be regarded as suggesting independent investigation or consultation of other sources prior to the making of investment decisions. Certain information may not be current; however, attempts were made to date and document sources of information. Neither this Official Statement nor any oral or written representations by or on behalf of the District preliminary to sale of the Bonds should be regarded as part of the District's contract with the successful bidder or the holders from time to time of the Bonds.

References herein to provisions of Kentucky law, whether codified in the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") or uncodified, or of the Kentucky Constitution, are references to such provisions as they presently exist. Any of those provisions may from time to time be amended, repealed or supplemented.

As used in this Official Statement, "debt service" means principal of and interest on the obligations referred to, and "Commonwealth" or "Kentucky" means the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

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#### \$150,000,000

# LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2016A

#### \$28,315,000

LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016B

and

#### \$67,685,000

# LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT SEWER AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2016C

#### INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and appendices hereto, is to provide certain information with respect to the issuance of the \$150,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A (the "Series 2016A Bonds"), \$28,315,000 aggregate principal amount of Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B (the "Series 2016B Bonds") and \$67,685,000 aggregate principal amount of Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016C (the "Series 2016C Bonds," and, collectively with the Series 2016A Bonds and Series 2016B Bonds, the "Series 2016 Bonds").

This introduction is not a summary of this Official Statement. It is only a brief description of and guide to, and is qualified by, more complete and detailed information contained in the entire Official Statement, including the cover page and appendices hereto, and the documents summarized or described herein. A full review should be made of the entire Official Statement. The offering of the Series 2016 Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of the entire Official Statement.

Any capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Official Statement shall have the meaning ascribed to them in "Appendix A - Summary of Provisions of the Resolution."

## **The District**

The Series 2016 Bonds are being issued by the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District (the "District"), a public body corporate and politic and a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

The District was created pursuant to the Act in 1946 to provide adequate sewer and drainage facilities and service in and around the City of Louisville, Kentucky (the "City") and within Jefferson County, Kentucky (the "County"). In 1987, the District became the sole local authority for providing flood control and storm water drainage services in a drainage service area which included the City of Louisville, many small incorporated areas, and portions of the unincorporated areas of the County (collectively hereinafter referred to as the "Drainage Service Area"). Substantially all the governmental and corporate functions of the City and the County merged effective January 6, 2003 into a single consolidated local government known as Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government. The consolidated local government replaced and superseded the governments of the City and the County. The City no longer exists as an independent legal entity.

## **Purpose of the Series 2016 Bonds**

The proceeds of the Series 2016A Bonds will be used to: (i) pay the costs of issuing the Series 2016A Bonds; (ii) make a deposit to the Reserve Account; and (iii) make a deposit to the Construction and Acquisition Fund to pay the costs of improvements to the District's sewer and drainage system (the "System"), including (a) wastewater and drainage system expansion and improvements; (b) improvements to wastewater treatment facilities; (c) rehabilitation of combined sewer overflow systems; (d) improvements to flood control and drainage facilities; (e) drainage and District improvements; (f) construction of collector sewers (g) construction and improvements of detention and retention basins, (h) construction of interceptor sewers; (i) combined sewer overflow and sanitary overflow abatement projects; (j) construction and improvements to force mains; (k) repairs and improvements to District pumping stations; (l) construction of regional storage facilities; and (m) miscellaneous improvements and acquisition of equipment and mapping hardware and software (collectively, the "Series 2016A Project"). The Series 2016A Project is part of the District's overall capital improvement program, which is more fully described in the Consulting Engineer's Report attached hereto as Appendix F.

The proceeds of the Series 2016B Bonds, together with certain amounts in the Reserve Account, will be used to: (i) refund in advance of maturity the outstanding principal amount of the District's Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A maturing May 15, 2019 through May 15, 2036 (the "Refunded 2008A Prior Bonds"), the proceeds of which were used to finance the costs of improvements to the District's sewer and drainage system, and (ii) pay the cost of issuance of the Series 2016B Bonds.

The proceeds of the Series 2016C Bonds, together with certain amounts in the Reserve Account, will be used to: (i) refund in advance of maturity a portion of the outstanding principal amount of the District's Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A maturing May 15, 2020 through May 15, 2022 (the "Refunded 2009A Prior Bonds") and a portion of the outstanding principal amount of the District's Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B maturing May 15, 2020 through May 15, 2023 (the "Refunded 2009B Prior Bonds," and together with the Refunded 2008A Prior Bonds and Refunded 2009A Prior Bonds, the "Refunded Prior Bonds"), the proceeds of which were used to refund earlier series of bonds, which in turn were used to finance or refinance the costs of improvements to the District's sewer and drainage system, and (ii) pay the cost of issuance of the Series 2016C Bonds.

## **Security and Source of Payment for the Series 2016 Bonds**

Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 76 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), a Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on December 7, 1992, as amended March 4, 1993, June 30, 1993, December 14, 1994, January 25, 1996, and February 24, 2003, a Twenty-Third Supplemental Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on May 23, 2016 and a Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on June 27, 2016 (collectively, the "Resolution"), the District has pledged to the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Series 2016 Bonds as and when same shall become due and payable: (i) the proceeds of the Series 2016 Bonds authorized and directed to be issued under the Twenty-Third Supplemental Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution and Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution; (ii) all Revenues, (iii) all amounts on deposit in the Funds or Accounts established under the Resolution, (iv) such other amounts as may be pledged from time to time by the District as security for the payment of bonds issued and outstanding under the Resolution (the "Bonds") and (v) all proceeds of the foregoing. The Series 2016 Bonds rank on a parity as to source of payment with and Bonds which may be issued from time to time pursuant to the Resolution

THE SERIES 2016 BONDS DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN INDEBTEDNESS OF THE DISTRICT, THE COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OR TAXING AUTHORITY THEREOF, INCLUDING THE LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY

METRO GOVERNMENT AND THE COUNTY OF JEFFERSON, KENTUCKY, WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY. THE SERIES 2016 BONDS ARE PAYABLE SOLELY FROM THE REVENUES OF THE SYSTEM AND THE ASSETS AND REVENUES PLEDGED THEREFORE UNDER THE RESOLUTION, AND NEITHER THE FAITH AND CREDIT NOR THE TAXING POWER OF THE DISTRICT, THE COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OR TAXING AUTHORITY THEREOF, INCLUDING THE LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO GOVERNMENT AND OR THE COUNTY OF JEFFERSON, KENTUCKY, IS PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF THE PRINCIPAL OF, PREMIUM, IF ANY, AND INTEREST ON THE SERIES 2016 BONDS. THE DISTRICT HAS NO TAXING POWER.

#### **Description of the Series 2016 Bonds**

**Redemption**. Certain of the Series 2016 Bonds are subject to optional and mandatory redemption prior to their maturity as further described herein (see "THE SERIES 2016 BONDS – Redemption," herein).

**Denominations**. The Series 2016 Bonds will be issued in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

**Book Entry**. The Series 2016 Bonds are issuable only as fully registered Series 2016 Bonds, without coupons. The Series 2016 Bonds, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, which will act as securities depository for the Series 2016 Bonds. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their ownership interest in the Series 2016 Bonds purchased. So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Series 2016 Bonds, payments of the principal of and interest due on the Series 2016 Bonds will be made directly to DTC. Principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the Series 2016 Bonds will be paid directly to DTC by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A, Louisville, Kentucky, as Paying Agent and Bond Registrar (the "Paying Agent" and "Registrar"). See "BOOK-ENTRY SYSTEM" and APPENDIX E - "Book-Entry Only System" herein.

*Interest*. The Series 2016 Bonds will bear interest at the rates set forth on the cover hereof, payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15, commencing November 15, 2016.

*Notices*. In the event any Series 2016 Bonds are called for redemption, notice shall be given by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by registered mail not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Series 2016 Bond to be redeemed.

## **Tax Exemption**

Under the laws, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions in effect as of the date hereof, interest, including original issue discount, if any, on the Series 2016 Bonds is excludible from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Interest on the Series 2016 Bonds will not be treated as a specific item of tax preference, under Section 57(a)(5) of the Code, in computing the alternative minimum tax for individuals and corporations. In rendering the opinions in this paragraph regarding the Series 2016 Bonds, Bond Counsel has assumed continuing compliance with certain covenants designed to meet the requirements of Section 103 of the Code. Bond Counsel expresses no other opinion as to the federal tax consequences of purchasing, holding or disposing of the Series 2016 Bonds. Interest on the Series 2016 Bonds is exempt from income taxation and the Series 2016 Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and any of its political subdivisions.

The District has <u>not</u> designated the Series 2016 Bonds as "qualified tax exempt obligations" with respect to certain financial institutions under Section 265 of the Code. See Appendix D hereto for the form of the opinion Bond Counsel proposes to deliver in connection with the Series 2016 Bonds.

#### Parties to the Issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds

The Paying Agent and Bond Registrar for the Series 2016 Bonds is The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Legal matters incidence to the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds and with regard to the tax-exempt status of the interest thereon are subject to the approving legal opinion of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Covington, Kentucky, Bond Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the District by its General Counsel, Paula M. Purifoy, Esq. The financial advisor to the District with regard to the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds is J.J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons, LLC, Louisville, Kentucky.

## **Authority for Issuance**

Authority for the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds is provided by Chapter 76 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Act") and the Resolution.

#### Offering and Delivery of the Series 2016 Bonds

The Series 2016 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued by the District. The Series 2016 Bonds will be delivered on or about August 30, 2016 in New York, New York through the Depository Trust Company (DTC).

#### **Disclosure Information**

This Official Statement speaks only as of its date, and the information contained herein is subject to change. This Official Statement and continuing disclosure documents of the District are intended to be made available through one or more repositories. Copies of the basic documentation relating to the Series 2016 Bonds, including the Resolution and the bond form, are available from the District.

The District has deemed this Official Statement to be final for the purposes of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12.

# **Additional Information**

Additional information concerning this Official Statement, as well as copies of the basic documentation relating to the Series 2016 Bonds, is available from J.J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons, LLC, Financial Advisor to the District, 500 West Jefferson Street, Suite 700, Louisville, Kentucky 40202, Telephone (502) 588-8639.

Brief descriptions of the Series 2016 Bonds, security for the Series 2016 Bonds, the District, the System and the Resolution are included in this Official Statement. Certain information with respect to the District is included in Appendices hereto. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Resolution. All summaries herein of documents and agreements are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements, copies of which are available at the office of the District.

#### THE SERIES 2016 BONDS

#### General

The Series 2016 Bonds are to be issued only as fully registered Bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof without coupons. The Series 2016 Bonds will be dated their date of delivery, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15 of each year commencing November 15, 2016 (each an "Interest Payment Date"), and will mature on May 15, in the years and in the principal amounts set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement.

The Series 2016 Bonds shall be payable at the principal office of the Paying Agent and Bond Registrar with respect to principal or premium, if any, in any coin or currency of the United States of America which at the time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public or private debts. All interest will be payable on November 15, 2016, and semiannually thereafter on May 15 and November 15 of each year, by check of the Paying Agent mailed to such registered owner who shall appear as of the close of business on the fifteenth day (or if such day shall not be a business day, the preceding business day) of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date on the registered owner of Series 2016 Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000 or more, by wire transfer, if the registered owner has requested payment in such manner at such wire address as shall have been furnished by the registered owner on or prior to the fifteenth day next preceding such Interest Payment Date (or if such date shall not be a business day, the next succeeding business day). The record dates for May 15 and November 15 Interest Payment Dates shall be the preceding April 15 and October 15, respectively.

Each registered Series 2016 Bond shall be transferable only upon the books of the Bond Registrar, at the request of the registered owner thereof or by his authorized attorney upon surrender thereof together with an assignment satisfactory to the Bond Registrar duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized attorney. Upon the transfer of any such Series 2016 Bond, the District shall issue in the name of the transferee a new registered Series 2016 Bond of the same aggregate principal amount, series and maturity as the surrendered Series 2016 Bond. If any Series 2016 Bond is mutilated, lost, stolen or destroyed, the District will execute and deliver a new Series 2016 Bond in accordance with the Resolution.

## Redemption

*Optional Redemption*. The Series 2016A Bonds and Series 2016B Bonds maturing on or after May 15, 2026 are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part, on any date beginning November 15, 2025, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount to be redeemed, plus interest accrued to the date of redemption, without premium. The Series 2016C Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to their stated maturities.

**Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption**. The Series 2016A Bonds maturing on May 15, 2046 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on the dates and at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date as set forth below:

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank.]

## Maturing May 15, 2046

<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>
May 15, 2044	\$15,330,000
May 15, 2045	15,840,000
May 15, 2046*	16,365,000
*Maturity	

The Series 2016B Bonds maturing on May 15, 2036 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on the dates and at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date as set forth below:

## Maturing May 15, 2036

<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>
May 15, 2035	\$1,155,000
May 15, 2036*	1,080,000
	<u></u>
*Maturity	

*Selection of Series 2016 Bonds to be Redeemed*. In the event of redemption of less than all the outstanding Series 2016 Bonds of the same maturity and series, the selection of Series 2016 Bonds for redemption shall be by lot in any customary manner of selection as designated by the Bond Registrar.

In determining the amount of any sinking fund installment due on any date specified above, there shall be deducted the principal amount of any Series 2016 Bonds to which such sinking fund installment applies, where such Series 2016 Bonds have been (1) redeemed or purchased on a date more than 60 days preceding the date on which such installment is due, from amounts accumulated in the Debt Service Account with respect to such sinking fund installment or (2) purchased during the period from 40 to 60 days prior to the due date of the installment, from any amount (exclusive of amounts deposited from proceeds of Series 2016 Bonds) in the Debt Service Account. In addition, upon the redemption or purchase of the Series 2016 Bonds for which sinking fund installments have been established, unless otherwise provided by the District, each such sinking fund installment thereafter to become due (other than that next due) shall be credited with an amount which bears the same relation to the sinking fund installment to be credited as the total principal amount of the Series 2016 Bonds purchased or redeemed bears to the total amount of sinking fund installments to be credited.

*Notice of Redemption*. The Bond Registrar will give notice of redemption, identifying the Series 2016 Bonds (or portions thereof) to be redeemed, by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by first class mail not less than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each Series 2016 Bond (or portion thereof) to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books maintained by the Bond Registrar. Failure to give such notice by mail to any registered owner of the Series 2016 Bonds (or portion thereof) or any defect therein shall not affect the validity of any proceedings for the redemption of the Series 2016 Bonds (or portions thereof). All Series 2016 Bonds (or portions thereof) so called for redemption will cease to bear interest from and after the specified redemption date, provided funds for their redemption are on deposit at the place of payment at that time.

# **Book Entry System**

The Series 2016 Bonds initially will be issued solely in book entry form to be held in the bookentry only system maintained by DTC. So long as such book-entry system is used, only DTC will receive

or have the right to receive physical delivery of Series 2016 Bonds and Beneficial Owners will not be or be considered to be, and will not have any rights as, owners or holders of the Series 2016 Bonds under the Resolution. For additional information about DTC and the book-entry-only system see "APPENDIX E – Book-Entry Only System."

THE INFORMATION IN THIS SECTION AND IN APPENDIX E CONCERNING DTC AND DTC'S BOOK-ENTRY SYSTEM HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM SOURCES THAT THE DISTRICT BELIEVES TO BE RELIABLE, BUT THE DISTRICT TAKES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY THEREOF.

## **Exchange and Transfer**

The registration of any Series 2016 Bond may be transferred only upon the books of the District kept by the Bond Registrar, by the owner thereof, in person or by his or her attorney duly authorized in writing, upon surrender of such Series 2016 Bond at the corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar accompanied by a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Bond Registrar and duly executed by the owner or by his or her duly authorized attorney. Any Bond may be exchanged at the corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar for new Series 2016 Bonds of any authorized denomination and of the same aggregate principal amount and series and maturity as the surrendered Series 2016 Bond. The Bond Registrar will not charge for any new bond issued upon any transfer or exchange, but may require the owner requesting such exchange to pay any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or transfer. Neither the District nor the Bond Registrar is required (a) to exchange or transfer any Bond during the period commencing on the fifteenth day of the month preceding an interest payment date and ending on such interest payment date, or during the period commencing fifteen days prior to the date of any selection of Series 2016 Bonds to be redeemed and ending on the day after the mailing of the notice of redemption, or (b) to transfer or exchange any Series 2016 Bond called for redemption.

#### **Defeasance**

If the District pays or causes to be paid, or there is otherwise paid, to the owners of all outstanding Series 2016A Bonds or Series 2016B Bonds of a particular maturity or particular Series 2016 Bonds within a maturity, the principal or redemption price, if applicable, and interest due or to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the Resolution, such Series 2016 Bonds will cease to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security under the Resolution, and all covenants, agreements and obligations of the District to the owners of such Series 2016 Bonds will thereupon cease, terminate and become void and be discharged and satisfied.

Subject to the provisions of the Resolution, any outstanding Series 2016 Bonds will be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the foregoing paragraph if (a) in the case of any Series 2016 Bonds to be redeemed on any date prior to their maturity, the District has instructed the Bond Registrar to mail a notice of redemption of such Series 2016 Bonds on said date, (b) there has been deposited with an escrow agent appointed for such purpose either money in an amount which will be sufficient, or Defeasance Obligations the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide money which, together with the money, if any deposited with the escrow agent at the same time, will be sufficient, to pay when due the principal or redemption price, if applicable, and interest due and to become due on such Series 2016 Bonds on or prior to the redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and (c) in the event such Series 2016 Bonds are not by their terms subject to redemption within the next succeeding 60 days, the District has given the Bond Registrar instructions in writing to mail a notice to the owners of such Series 2016 Bonds that the deposit required by (b) above has been made with the escrow agent and that such Series 2016 Bonds are deemed to have been paid in accordance with the Resolution, and stating the maturity or redemption date upon which money is expected to be available for the payment of the principal or redemption price, if applicable, on such Series

2016 Bonds. For a description of the types of Defeasance Obligations in which funds may be invested for purposes of clause (b) above, see "Appendix A -Summary of Provisions of the Resolution - Defeasance."

## SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE SERIES 2016 BONDS

The Series 2016 Bonds will rank on a parity as to source of payment with Bonds previously issued and any Additional Bonds and Refunding Bonds which may be issued from time to time pursuant to the Resolution (collectively, the "Bonds"). The Bonds are secured by and payable solely from pledged revenues derived from the collection of rates, rents and charges for the services rendered by the System as set forth in the Resolution. The Bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government or the County of Jefferson, Kentucky.

The District has heretofore issued its Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds outstanding in the amounts shown below, each Series of which will rank on a parity as to source of payment with the Series 2016 Bonds.

		Original Principal	Principal Amount
Series	Dated Date	Amount	Outstanding <sup>(1)</sup>
Series 2007A	November 15, 2007	\$61,125,000	\$44,425,000
Series 2008A <sup>(2)</sup>	May 1, 2008	105,000,000	97,860,000
Series 2009A <sup>(3)</sup>	May 15, 2009	76,275,000	41,485,000
Series 2009B <sup>(4)</sup>	August 15, 2009	225,770,000	136,115,000
Series 2009C	November 24, 2009	180,000,000	180,000,000
Series 2010A	November 30, 2010	330,000,000	330,000,000
Series 2011A	August 24, 2011	263,360,000	254,590,000
Series 2013A	May 23, 2013	115,790,000	115,790,000
Series 2013B	May 23, 2013	119,515,000	118,255,000
Series 2013C	November 27, 2013	100,000,000	99,750,000
Series 2014A	November 25, 2014	80,000,000	79,950,000
Series 2015A	October 21, 2015	175,000,000	\$175,000,000
Series 2015B	October 21, 2015	81,750,000	81,350,000
	Total	\$1,913,585,000	\$1,754,570,000

<sup>(1)</sup> As of July 1, 2016

## **Pledged Property**

The Series 2016 Bonds are special and limited obligations of the District payable solely from and secured as to the payment of the principal and redemption price thereof, and interest thereon, in accordance with their terms and the provisions of the Resolution solely by, the Pledged Property which is defined by the Resolution to be the proceeds of the sale of the Series 2016 Bonds, all Revenues, all amounts on deposit in the Funds or Accounts established under the Resolution, such other amounts as may be pledged from time to time by the District as security for the payment of bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness authenticated and delivered pursuant to the Resolution, and all proceeds of the foregoing. The Series 2016 Bonds rank on a parity as to source of payment with Bonds previously issued

<sup>(2)</sup> Principal maturities from May 15, 2019 through May 15, 2036 being refunded with Series 2016B Bonds

<sup>(3)</sup> A portion of principal maturities from May 15, 2020 through May 15, 2022 being refunded with Series 2016C Bonds

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(4)</sup> A portion of principal maturities from May 15, 2020 through May 15, 2023 being refunded with Series 2016C Bonds

and outstanding under the Resolution and any Additional Bonds and Refunding Bonds (as such terms are defined in Appendix A) which may be issued from time to time pursuant to the Resolution.

# **Rate Covenant**

The District has covenanted pursuant to the Resolution to fix, establish, maintain and collect rates, fees, rents and charges for services of the System, which, together with other "Available Revenues" (as hereinafter defined) are expected to produce Available Revenues which will be at least sufficient for each Fiscal Year to pay the sum of:

- (i) an amount equal to 110% of the Aggregate Net Debt Service for such Fiscal Year; and
- (ii) the amount, if any, to be paid during such Fiscal Year into the Reserve Account in the Bond Fund (other than amounts required to be paid into such Account out of the proceeds of Bonds); and
- (iii) all Operating Expenses for such Fiscal Year as estimated in the Annual Budget; and
- (iv) to the extent not included in the foregoing, an amount equal to the debt service on the Senior Subordinated Debt, any other Subordinated Debt or other debt of the District for such Fiscal Year computed as of the beginning of such Fiscal Year; and
- (v) amounts necessary to pay and discharge all charges or liens payable out of the Available Revenues when due and enforceable.

"Available Revenues," as used only for purposes of the above rate covenant, means all revenues and other amounts received by the District and pledged as security for the payment of Bonds, but excludes any interest income which is capitalized pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles. "Operating Expenses" includes all reasonable, ordinary, usual or necessary current expenses of maintenance, repair and operation determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the enterprise basis of accounting. "Operating Expenses" does not include reserves for extraordinary maintenance or repair such as extraordinary maintenance, administrative and engineering expenses of the District which are necessary or incident to capital improvements for which debt has been issued and which may be paid from the proceeds of such debt. "Aggregate Net Debt Service" means Aggregate Debt Service, excluding (i) interest expense which, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, is capitalized and which may be paid from the proceeds of debt and (ii) other amounts, if any, available or expected to be available in the ordinary course for payment of Debt Service. The summary definitions above are not intended to be comprehensive or definitive, and reference is made to the Resolution and Appendix A for more detail. The definitions above are qualified in their entirety by reference to the Resolution. For a table illustrating computation of historical debt service coverage results, using these terms as defined in the Resolution, see Table 5-4 of Appendix F.

#### **Additional Bonds**

Additional Bonds may be issued on a parity with the Series 2016 Bonds to finance the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of Additional Facilities upon the satisfaction of certain conditions. Refunding Bonds may be issued to refund outstanding Bonds. The conditions for the issuance of Additional Bonds to finance the Acquisition and Construction of Additional Facilities include a certificate of an Authorized Officer of the District setting forth (i) for any period of 12 consecutive calendar months within the 24 calendar months preceding the date of the authentication and delivery, the Net Revenues for such period, and (ii) the Aggregate Net Debt Service during the same period for which Net Revenues are

computed, with respect to all Series of Bonds which were then Outstanding (excluding from Aggregate Net Debt Service any Principal Installment or portion thereof which was paid from sources other than Net Revenues), and showing that the amount set forth in (i) is equal to or greater than 110% of the amount set forth in (ii). The conditions for the issuance of Additional Bonds to finance the Acquisition and Construction of Additional Facilities include a certificate of an Authorized Officer of the District setting forth (i) for the last full Fiscal Year of 12 months (ending June 30) immediately preceding the date of the authentication and delivery, the Net Revenues for such period, or, at the option of the District, for the last 12 consecutive full calendar months immediately preceding the date of the authentication and delivery, the Net Revenues for such period, and (ii) the estimated maximum Aggregate Net Debt Service in the current or any future Fiscal Year with respect to (a) all Series of Bonds which are then Outstanding and (b) the Additional Bonds then proposed to be authenticated and delivered (and for this purpose all Series of Bonds Outstanding plus such proposed Additional Bonds shall be treated as a single Series; that is, the maximum Aggregate Net Debt Service shall be computed collectively with respect to all such Bonds, and not computed cumulatively or separately for each particular Series), and showing that the amount set forth in (i) is equal to or greater than 110% of the amount set forth in (ii). For purposes of computing the amount set forth in (i), Net Revenues may be increased to reflect the following amounts: (a) any increases in the rates, fees, rents and other charges for services of the System made subsequent to the commencement of such period and prior to the date of such certificate, (b) any estimated increases in Net Revenues caused by any Project or Projects having been placed into use and operation subsequent to the commencement of such period and prior to the date of such certificate, as if such Project or Projects had actually been placed into use and operation for the entire period chosen in (i) above and [c] 75% of any estimated increases in Net Revenues which would have been derived from the operation of any Project or Projects with respect to which the Cost of Construction and Acquisition is to be paid from proceeds of the Additional Bonds proposed to be authenticated and delivered, as if such Project or Projects had actually been placed into use and operation for the entire period chosen in (i) above. For additional information relating to the conditions for the issuance of Additional Bonds see Appendix A - Summary of Provisions of the Resolution - Additional Bonds".

#### **FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS**

The Resolution establishes the following Funds and Accounts which, other than the Bond Fund which is held by the Paying Agent, will be held by the District: (i) Construction and Acquisition Fund; (ii) Revenue Fund; (iii) Bond Fund, consisting of a Debt Service Account and a Reserve Account (iv) Senior Subordinated Debt Fund; and (v) Renewal and Replacement Account.

#### **Construction and Acquisition Fund**

Proceeds of the Series 2016A Bonds will be deposited in the Construction and Acquisition Fund to pay the costs of the Series 2016A Project. The Resolution provides that the amounts, if any, required by the Resolution will be paid into the Construction and Acquisition Fund and, at the option of the District, any moneys received by the District from any source, unless required to be otherwise applied as provided by the Resolution, may also be paid into this Fund. Amounts in the Construction and Acquisition Fund will be applied to pay the Cost of Construction and Acquisition in the manner provided in the Resolution.

To the extent other moneys are not available therefor, amounts in the Construction and Acquisition Fund will be applied to the payment of Principal Installments of and interest on Bonds when due.

An adequate record of the completion of construction of a Project financed in whole or in part by the issuance of Bonds shall be maintained by an Authorized Officer of the District. The balance in the separate account in the Construction and Acquisition Fund established therefor shall then be transferred to the Reserve Account in the Bond Fund, if and to the extent necessary to make the amount of such Fund equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, and any excess amount shall be paid over or transferred to the District for deposit in the Revenue Fund. For additional information relating to the Construction and Acquisition Fund see Appendix A - "Summary of Provisions of the Resolution - Construction and Acquisition Fund."

#### Flow of Funds

All Revenues shall be promptly deposited by the District upon receipt thereof into the Revenue Fund.

There shall be withdrawn in each month the following amounts, for deposit as set forth below and in the order of priority set forth below.

- (i) To the Bond Fund, (a) for credit to the Debt Service Account, the amount, if any, required so that the balance in such Account shall equal the Accrued Aggregate Debt Service as of the last day of the then current month or, if interest or principal are required to be paid to Holders of Bonds during the next succeeding month on a day other than the first day of such month, Accrued Aggregate Debt Service as of the day through and including which such interest or principal is required to be paid and (b) for credit to the Reserve Account, the amount, if any, required for such Account, after giving effect to any surety bond, insurance policy, letter of credit or other similar obligation deposited in such Account pursuant to the Resolution, to equal one-twelfth (1/12) of the difference between (1) the amount then in the Reserve Account immediately preceding such deposit and (2) the actual Debt Service Reserve Requirement as of the last day of the then current month; and
- (ii) To the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund the amount, if any, required to pay scheduled base and additional rentals when due on the Senior Subordinated Debt and reserves therefor, in accordance with the resolution or other debt instrument authorizing the Senior Subordinated Debt; and
- (iii) Each month the District shall pay from the Revenue Fund such amounts as are necessary to meet Operating Expenses for such month; and
- (iv) To the Renewal and Replacement Account, a sum equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the amount, if any, provided in the Annual Budget to be deposited in the Renewal and Replacement Account during the then current Fiscal Year; provided that, if any such monthly allocation to the Renewal and Replacement Account shall be less than the required amount, the amount of the next succeeding monthly payment shall be increased by the amount of such deficiency.

The balance of moneys remaining in the Revenue Fund after the above required payments have been made may be used by the District for any lawful purpose relating to the System. The District has covenanted not to make any expenditures from Revenues prior to making the payments out of Revenues required to be made by the Resolution as provided above.

## **Reserve Account**

Amounts in the Reserve Account in the Bond Fund are to be applied to make up any deficiencies in the Debt Service Account in the Bond Fund. The Debt Service Reserve Requirement is defined in the Resolution as the least of (i) ten percent (10%) of the face amount of all Bonds issued under the Resolution, (ii) one hundred percent (100%) of the maximum Aggregate Net Debt Service (as of the computation date) in the current or any future Fiscal Year and (iii) one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of average Aggregate Net Debt Service (as of the computation date) in the current or any future

Fiscal Year. For Variable Interest Rate Bonds, the Debt Service Reserve Requirement shall be the maximum permitted amount with interest calculated at the lesser of the 30-year Revenue Bond Index (published by The Bond Buyer no more than two weeks prior to the date of sale of such Variable Interest Rate Bonds) or the Maximum Interest Rate. If any Variable Interest Rate Bond shall be converted to a fixed rate Bond for the remainder of the term thereof, any resulting deficiency in the Reserve Account shall be satisfied by an additional deposit or deposits into the Reserve Account so that the amount on deposit therein equals the Debt Service Reserve Requirement by the end of the Fiscal Year during which such conversion occurs.

The District's obligations to maintain the Debt Service Reserve Requirement may be satisfied by depositing therein a surety bond, insurance policy or letter of credit. See "Appendix A -Summary of Provisions of the Resolution - Bond Fund - Reserve Account" for further information regarding the Reserve Account. Upon issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds, a portion of the proceeds of the Series 2016A Bonds will be deposited in the Reserve Account, so that the balance then on deposit in the Reserve Account is equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement.

#### **Senior Subordinated Debt Fund**

Amounts in the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund are to be applied to the payment of the amounts required to pay scheduled base and additional rentals when due on the Senior Subordinated Debt and make deposits, if any, for reserves therefor. Amounts in the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund shall also be applied to make up any deficiencies in the Debt Service Account or the Reserve Account. See "Appendix A - Summary of Provisions of the Resolution - Senior Subordinated Debt Fund" for additional information regarding the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund.

#### **Renewal and Replacement Account**

Moneys to the credit of the Renewal and Replacement Account may be applied to the cost of major replacements, repairs, renewals, maintenance, betterments, improvements, reconstruction or extensions of the System or any part thereof as may be determined by the Board. If at any time the moneys in the Debt Service Account, the Reserve Account and the Revenue Fund shall be insufficient to pay the interest and Principal Installments becoming due on the Bonds, then the District shall transfer from the Renewal and Replacement Account for deposit in the Debt Service Account the amount necessary (or all the moneys in said Fund if less than the amount necessary) to make up such deficiency. See "Appendix A - Summary of Provisions of the Resolution - Renewal and Replacement Account" for additional information regarding the Renewal and Replacement Account.

For additional information relating to the application of Revenues, see "Appendix A -Summary of Provisions of the Resolution."

#### **Investment of Funds**

Moneys held in the Bond Fund, the Revenue Fund, the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund, the Renewal and Replacement Account, and the Construction and Acquisition Fund are required to be invested and reinvested to the fullest extent practicable in Investment Securities, maturing not later than such times as will be necessary to provide moneys when needed for payments to be made from such Fund or Account. The Fiduciaries shall make investments of moneys held by them in accordance with written instructions from time to time received from an Authorized Officer of the District. See "Appendix A - Summary of Provisions of the Resolution - Investments" for additional information regarding the investment of funds.

#### SWAPS, SUBORDINATED DEBT, AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The District has entered into interest rate swap agreements with two counterparties as part of the management of its outstanding debt. Generally, each interest rate swap agreement calls for periodic net payments from or to the District depending upon whether a specified market interest rate index is above or below a specified fixed rate or another specified market interest rate index during that period. Each such swap agreement allows the District, at its option, to terminate the agreement at any time. Upon any such termination, a termination payment is to be made, calculated based on the mark-to-market value of the swap agreement plus dealer's spread. The swap agreements provide that under certain circumstances the counterparty to the swap agreement (but not the District) may be required to post collateral, depending upon the credit rating of that counterparty, with the amount of collateral required based on the mark-to-market value of the swap. The interest rate swap agreements entered into by the District provide that the counterparties to the agreements must post collateral if their respective ratings fall below A+/A 1. The agreements also provide the counterparties the right to terminate the agreements if the District's unenhanced bond rating is downgraded below BBB/Baa. The District's obligations under all of its outstanding swap agreements are unsecured and subordinate to all Bonds issued and outstanding under the Resolution. Certain provisions of the District's outstanding swap agreements are summarized below.

The Resolution permits the District to issue Senior Subordinated Debt secured by Revenues of the System, subject to the prior and senior lien on such Revenues of all Bonds issued and outstanding under the Resolution. The decision of the District from time to time whether to issue Senior Subordinated Debt or Bonds depends, among other things, upon its assessment of market conditions at the time of issuance.

The District has previously issued Senior Subordinated Debt to provide interim financing for capital projects. Each series of Senior Subordinated Debt previously issued has been retired from the proceeds of Bonds issued under the Resolution.

The District has from time to time entered into agreements with various counterparties to provide for the investment of amounts in various funds established under the Resolution. Generally such agreements provide for the investment of funds at a contractually fixed rate of return to the District during their respective terms and provisions for termination, at the option of the District, based on payment of a termination fee determined based on the mark-to-market value of the contract plus dealer's spread.

The District reserves the right to enter into, amend, and terminate any existing or future interest rate swap transactions or other agreements or derivative transactions, from time to time, as part of its overall debt, investment or general management strategy. See also "APPENDIX A — Definitions of Certain Terms and Summary of Provisions of the Resolution".

#### **Subordinated Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes**

On November 25, 2014 the District issued its Subordinated Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2015 (the "Series 2015 Notes") for the purpose of currently refunding the District's outstanding Subordinated Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2014. The Series 2015 Notes were issued in the original principal amount of \$226,340,000 and are currently outstanding in that same principal amount. The principal of and accrued interest on the Series 2015 Notes are payable at maturity on November 22, 2016. The Series 2015 Notes were issued in accordance with, among other things, (i) applicable provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes Chapters 65, 58 and 76 and Section 56.513 and (ii) a Subordinated Debt Resolution adopted by the District on April 26, 2010 (the "Basic Subordinated Debt Resolution"), as amended by a Subordinated Debt Sale Resolution adopted on August 24, 2015 (the "Series 2015 Subordinated Debt Resolution").

The District presently anticipates authorizing and issuing its Subordinated Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2016 (the "Series 2016 Notes") in the aggregate principal amount of

\$226,340,000 for the purpose of currently refunding the outstanding Series 2015 Notes at their maturity. It is anticipated that the Series 2016 Notes will be sold at advertised, competitive sale in November, 2016 and that the Series 2016 Notes will be issued and delivered on or about November 21, 2016. The Series 2016 Notes, when issued, shall be paid (to the extent not paid from other sources) from the proceeds of Additional Bonds issued in accordance with the terms of the Resolution to the extent other funds are not available. The Series 2016 Notes will be payable upon such terms as are described in the Subordinated Debt Resolution; provided, however, that the pledge to be created by the Series 2016 Notes, insofar as it relates to the revenues pledged under the Resolution, will be made subject and subordinate in all respects to the priorities, liens and rights created by and existing under the Resolution for the security and source of payment and protection of all Bonds previously issued, the Series 2016 Bonds and any Additional Bonds and Refunding Bonds (as such terms are defined in "Appendix A - Summary of Provisions of the Resolution") which may be issued from time to time pursuant to the Resolution.

# Floating-to-Fixed Swap

In 2001, the District entered into two forward-starting interest rate swaps (the "1999 Swaps") pursuant to which beginning in November 2009 the District would pay a fixed rate of 4.4215% and receive 67% of the 30-day LIBOR index on a notional amount corresponding to the approximate amount needed to refund the District's Series 1999 Bonds. The District's original strategy in entering into the 1999 Swaps was to "lock in" a fixed rate for the variable rate debt that could be issued in 2009 to refund the Series 1999 Bonds. In August 2009, the District decided instead to refund the Series 1999 Bonds with proceeds of its fixed-rate Series 2009B Bonds and its fixed rate Series 2009A Notes. The Series 2009A Notes were since refunded by the fixed-rate Series 2010A Notes which were currently refunded by the Series 2011B Notes, which were then in turn refunded by the Series 2011B Notes. The Series 2011B Notes were subsequently currently refunded by the Series 2012A Notes, which in turn were currently refunded by subsequent sequential series of refunding notes, the latest in such series of refunding notes being the currently outstanding Series 2015 Notes. The Series 2015 Notes are expected to be currently refunded with the proceeds of the Series 2016 Notes.

In August 2009, the District reversed that portion of the 1999 Swaps which corresponded in amount and amortization schedule to the portion of the Series 2009B Bonds used to refund the Series 1999 Bonds. The reversed portions of the 1999 Swap were subsequently terminated in April 2013. The only portion of the 1999 Swaps that remain in effect is the non-reversed portion of the 1999 Swaps, which amortizes in amounts that correspond with the expected maturity structure of a future hypothetical bond issue the District may issue to permanently refinance the Series 2016 Notes when issued. The District's expectation is that variable payments received under the non-reversed portion of the 1999 Swaps will hedge future interest rate movements for any fixed-rate Bonds hereafter issued under the Resolution (or any other fixed rate renewal notes hereafter issued under the Subordinated Debt Resolution) to refinance the Series 2016 Notes. As of June 30, 2016 the estimated aggregate mark-to-market value of the non-reversed portion of the 1999 Swaps was approximately negative \$101,831,791.86.

# THE DISTRICT

#### General

The District was created and established pursuant to the Act, as a public body corporate, in 1946, in the interest of the public health and for the purpose of providing adequate sewer and drainage facilities. The District had complete jurisdiction, control, possession, and supervision of the then existing sewer and drainage system in the City, and with the power and authority, to operate, maintain, reconstruct, and improve said sewer and drainage system and construct any additions, betterments, and extensions thereto within the limits of the District area as defined in the Act. The District assumed jurisdiction over and administration of the then existing sewer and drainage system in the City on November 16, 1946,

pursuant to Ordinance No. 90, Series 1946, passed by the Board of Aldermen of the City and approved by the Mayor thereof in accordance with the requirements of the Act.

# **Administration and Management of the District**

The business, activities, and affairs of the District are managed, controlled, and conducted by a board (the "Board"), composed of eight members, not more than five of whom shall be affiliated with the same political party. The members are appointed by the Mayor subject to the approval of the Council of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government. All appointments to the Board are made for three-year terms. The present members of the Board and the expiration dates of their respective terms are as follows:

Term Expires

Board Memoers	Term Expires
Cyndi Caudill (Chair)	August 31, 2017
Daniel Arbough (Vice-Chair)	June 30, 2018
Andrew Bailey	July 31, 2018
Jason Williams	February 28, 2018
Joyce Horton Mott	August 31, 2017
John Phelps	pending
J.T. Sims	July 31, 2017
Yvette Wells-Hatfield	pending

The Board has delegated and placed the conduct of the day-to-day business affairs of the District under the direction of an Executive Director supported by administrative, engineering, legal and business staffs. The District's executive staff currently consists of the following individuals:

James A. "Tony" Parrott Executive Director

**Board Members** 

Chad Collier Chief Financial Officer and Secretary-Treasurer

Brian Bingham Chief of Operations Angela Akridge Chief Engineer

John Loechle Director of Engineering

Paula Purifoy, Esq. General Counsel

Mark (Tom) Luckett Information Technologies Director

David Johnson Development and Stormwater Services Director

Lynne Fleming Human Resources Director

Anthony Marconi Operations and Support Services Director

Alex Novak Treatment Facilities Director
Dennis Thomasson Collections Systems Director

On July 27, 2015, the Board unanimously approved an employment agreement with Mr. James Parrott to serve as Executive Director of the District effective September 14, 2015 through September 13, 2018. Mr. Chad Collier and Ms. Angela Akridge similarly have employment agreements each effective through September 30, 2016.

CH2M Hill Inc., Louisville, Kentucky (the "Consulting Engineers") has been retained by the District as its consulting engineering firm. The most recent report of the Consulting Engineers is appended to this Official Statement as Appendix F.

On August 1, 2011 the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the "State Auditor"), an elected state official, informed the District that her office was undertaking a review and evaluation of the oversight and operation of the District, focusing on the District's policies, internal controls, financial activity, and other aspects of the District's operations, including specifically review of

the District's board and committee structure, policies governing the District's internal audit process and reporting to the District's Board by its staff, and the District's policies regarding business conduct, conflicts of interest, ethics, and procurement. The State Auditor offered to make recommendations to strengthen and improve the District's internal controls, oversight, and operations and to ensure the transparent and efficient use of the District's financial resources. On December 16, 2011 the State Auditor issued a report of her examination containing recommendations for the improvement of various areas of the District's governance and operations, including more detailed oversight by the Board of the District's investment policies, practices, and procedures, investment portfolio, and use of interest rate swap agreements and other financial derivatives. The District provided monthly reports to the State Auditor regarding the District's progress in the implementation of the State Auditor's recommendations. The State and the District's progress Auditor's report reports available http://www.msdlouky.org/aboutmsd/audit2012.htm1. As of October 30, 2013, the District had fully implemented all of the State Auditor's recommendations.

In January, 2012 Mayor Greg Fischer of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government formed the Louisville Utilities and Public Works Advisory Group (the "Advisory Group") to examine the operations of the Louisville Water Company ("Louisville Water Company", see "LOUISVILLE WATER COMPANY" below), the District, and Metro Government's Department of Public Works & Assets ("DPW") to determine whether synergies exist between the entities that would allow for improved service or reduced costs. The Advisory Group engaged Black & Veatch Corporation, an experienced consultant to the utility industry, to assist the Advisory Group's evaluation of potential business restructuring scenarios ranging from the status quo to a full consolidation of Louisville Water Company, the District, and DPW. On August 1, 2012 the consultant presented a final report to the Advisory Group, available at http://www.msdlouky.org/pdfs/TaskForce/LouisyilleAdvisoryGroupFinalReport20120801.pdf, concluding that operational efficiencies and savings could be achieved by gradually consolidating the operations and governance of Louisville Water Company, the District, and DPW within the next five years. Although the outcome of the Advisory Group's report is not presently determinable, the District believes that any actions taken as a result of the Advisory Group's findings and recommendations will not adversely affect the operations, properties, or financial condition of the District or the payment of the Series 2016A Bonds and the District's other outstanding obligations in accordance with their terms.

In March of 2013, the District approved a letter of intent with the Louisville Water Company setting forth the due diligence efforts to be conducted by the parties in order to evaluate the governance, financial and environmental implications of a potential consolidation. In April 2013, the District and the Louisville Water Company formed due diligence teams to evaluate the Advisory Group's recommendations and provide recommendations to the District's and Louisville Water Company's Boards and to Mayor Fischer. The final Report on Due Diligence Analysis and Recommendation was completed in February 2014. As a result of those efforts, the District and the Board of Waterworks of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement (the "Original ILA") on March 11, 2014, as approved by the Kentucky Attorney General on March 31, 2014. The Original ILA, effective through June 30, 2033 (unless earlier terminated by either party on six months' notice), provided for, among other items, the joint and/or cooperative development, provision, sharing and management of certain back-office, administrative and/or support services to include one or more of the following ("One Water"):

- Information Technology Services;
- Business Development Services;
- Engineering Services;
- Internal/External Communications Services:
- Finance Services;
- Risk Management Services;
- Human Resources; and
- Operations.

The goal of the ILA is to create coordinated teams of employees from both entities with the capability of delivering superior customer service at lower costs than the existing two entities combined.

On August 24, 2015, the District and the Board of Waterworks of the Louisville Water Company entered into an Amended and Restated Interlocal Cooperation Agreement (the "Amended ILA," and together with the Original ILA, the "ILA"), as approved by the Kentucky Attorney General on September 17, 2015. The Amended ILA was entered into to establish a joint administrative board known as the One Water Board and to provide for more efficient implementation and expansion of the services provided in the Original ILA. The One Water Board is a five member board consisting of two individuals from the District's Board and Board of Water Works of the Louisville Water Company and an individual appointed by Mayor Fischer. The One Water Board is responsible for the overall administration of the One Water shared and/or consolidated services program.

The ILA, as so amended, is now effective through June 30, 2035 (unless earlier terminated by either party on 180 days' notice) and is being implemented in phases. The first phase ("Phase 1") entails the sharing of services in five functional groups plus one specialty area of focus. The five functional groups addressed in this phase include Procurement, Fleet, Human Resources, Information Technology, and Customer Service. The specialty area that will be evaluated will focus on energy savings.

It is anticipated that through cross-utilization and/or sharing of District and Louisville Water Company Information Technology, Fleet and Customer Service employees, reductions in the use of temporary and full-time Information Technology and Customer Service staff, consolidation of offsite backup of system data, shared IT networks and fleet management systems, consolidated customer billing and collection of water, sewer and storm water drainage charges, joint procurements, and other synergies, the District and Louisville Water Company will realize savings of in excess of 8 million by the end of calendar year 2016, at which time the consolidation of the Information Technology and Customer Service functional areas of the two organizations is scheduled to be completed. The District and Louisville Water Company anticipate savings in excess of 10 million in calendar year 2017 as additional efficiencies currently being explored are implemented as part of the first phase of One Water.

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank.]

## **Customer History**

Five Year Wastewater Customer History. The District's wastewater sewer system customer history for the past five fiscal years is as follows:

	Volume	Revenue
Number of Customers	(million gallons)	(in thousands)
210,131	12,892	\$78,552
214,158	11,772	80,779
218,352	11,760	86,409
219,132	11,203	89,691
230,504	11,334	96,230
232,534	11,299	101,760
19,724	10,289	\$46,598
20,507	11,002	53,116
20,167	11,230	57,192
20,588	10,805	58,812
22,564	10,665	61,950
21,613	9,340	58,117
385	3,697	\$21,141
471	3,260	18,063
455	3,293	19,536
454	3,305	19,738
394	2,953	17,289
407	3,311	19,868
	210,131 214,158 218,352 219,132 230,504 232,534 19,724 20,507 20,167 20,588 22,564 21,613	Number of Customers         (million gallons)           210,131         12,892           214,158         11,772           218,352         11,760           219,132         11,203           230,504         11,334           232,534         11,299           19,724         10,289           20,507         11,002           20,167         11,230           20,588         10,805           22,564         10,665           21,613         9,340           385         3,697           471         3,260           455         3,293           454         3,305           394         2,953

Source: Metropolitan Sewer District

# The Drainage System

Under an interlocal government agreement effective January 1, 1987, the District became the sole local authority for providing flood control and storm water drainage services in the Drainage Service Area. The District is responsible for the operation, maintenance, replacement, improvements and additions to existing flood control facilities and public storm water drainage facilities within the Drainage Service Area. The stormwater drainage system is comprised of various types of facilities to collect, convey, retain, and discharge stormwater runoff into sewers, rivers, streams, and creeks, which eventually drain into the Ohio River. These facilities include open channels, ditches, streams, ponds, pipes, culverts, conduits, bridge structures, detention basins, retention basins, pump stations, and other facilities.

In fiscal year 2016, the District had approximately 227,230 drainage service accounts and billed 6,754,092 equivalent service units (ESUs) at \$8.10 per month which provided total annual drainage charge revenues of approximately \$54.7 million.

By having a single authority responsible for drainage services and a dedicated source of revenue, the community benefits by having a more efficient, cost effective drainage service program. The District's consultants have developed a Storm Water Drainage Master Plan which, after public participation and approvals by local governments, will be used by the District for implementing improvements and extensions to the existing drainage facilities.

#### THE SERVICE AREA

The combined area of the former City and the County ("Louisville Metro") is located in the north-central portion of the Commonwealth on the south bank of the Ohio River. Louisville Metro is the largest city in Kentucky and is the center of the Louisville Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) which includes, in addition to Louisville Metro, the counties of Bullitt, Oldham and Shelby, in Kentucky, and Clark, Floyd, and Harrison, in Indiana. The Louisville MSA has exhibited a nationally familiar pattern of population dispersion from its core city to the balance of Louisville Metro, and from Louisville Metro to the adjacent counties in Kentucky and Indiana.

## **Annual Population Estimates**

	Louisville Metro <sup>(1)</sup>	Louisville MSA <sup>(2)</sup>
1970	695,000	991,801
1980	684,300	1,054,368
1990	665,200	1,058,425
2000	693,604	1,161,975
2010	741,096	1,267,691
2011	746,906	1,310,945
2014	760,026	1,269,702
2015	763,623	1,278,413

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau website: www.census.gov (Jefferson County, KY)

Louisville Metro possesses a diverse economic base which has exhibited the national pattern of a shift away from manufacturing towards services. In 2014 the average per capita personal income in Louisville-Jefferson County as reported by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis was \$42,996.

# Louisville Metro, Kentucky Largest Private Employers, 2015

Company	<b>Employment</b>
United Parcel Service Inc.	22,189
Humana, Inc.	12,900
Norton Healthcare, Inc.	10,739
Ford Motor Company	9,028
Amazon.Com	6,000
GE Appliances	6,000
Kentucky One Health, Inc.	6,000
Baptist Healthcare Systems Inc.	5,116
The Kroger Co.	4,892
Manna, Inc.	2,400

Source: Louisville Business First, July, 2015 edition

Approximately 60.89% of housing units in the Louisville-Jefferson County Metro area were owner occupied in 2014. The median home price for housing units in Jefferson County, Kentucky in 2014

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau website: www.census.gov (Louisville/Jefferson County, KY-IN)

was \$149,900. 53.0% of housing units in Kentucky were built prior to 1980. Over 90.9% of adult workers in Kentucky drive to work with an average commuting time of 22.3 minutes. (Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2014 American Community Survey — 5 Year Estimate).

#### RATES AND CHARGES

## **Wastewater Service and Drainage Service Charges**

The District derives its revenue for wastewater service and drainage service from the collection of rates, rentals and charges established in accordance with the provisions of the Act, for services rendered within the Service Area to customers served by the District's facilities. The District has no power to levy ad valorem taxes upon any property for any purpose whatsoever. Wastewater Service Rates, based on water consumed, are billed and collected by Louisville Water Company ("Louisville Water Company"), (a Kentucky corporation wholly owned as a public enterprise by the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government) for the District under terms of an agreement executed in January, 2013. These rates are billed simultaneously with the water bill on a single statement payable in total for both wastewater and water service rendered, and are subject to a late penalty of 5%. In the event of nonpayment of any such wastewater rates, rentals, or charges for a period of more than 30 days after they become due and payable, Louisville Water Company is required by law to discontinue water service. See "LOUISVILLE WATER COMPANY."

Louisville Water Company bills and collects the District's wastewater service charges. The bills are rendered bimonthly except for larger industrial/commercial accounts which are billed monthly. Louisville Water Company also bills and collects all of the District's drainage charges as additions to the water/sewer billings.

The District wastewater service rates include a fixed service charge based on the size of the public water meter serving the property plus a charge for each 1,000 gallons of water consumed on the premises. Each customer has the option of installing private meters to record water usage which does not enter the sewers. Industrial and commercial customers may use this option to obtain credit for water which does not enter the sewers. Drainage service rates are charged based on measured impervious areas with one equivalent service unit assigned for each 2,500 square feet of impervious area (residential unit).

Out of a total of 254,825 wastewater customer accounts, approximately 24 accounts have no public water meter because they are residential accounts served by well water. Such accounts are charged a fixed charge.

# **Rate Making Process**

To amend rates, the District follows the following procedures:

- (i) The Board of the District adopts and publishes a Preliminary Rate Resolution.
- (ii) From date of publication, there is a 30-day period to receive comments.
- (iii) Within 60 days of the publication, the Board of the District must adopt a Final Rate Resolution.
- (iv) Before the new rate schedule becomes effective, the rates must be approved by the Council of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government.

By the following provision within the District's approved rate ordinances, step (iv) above is not required under the conditions described below as follows:

"Whenever MSD's net revenues are less than 1.10 times the debt service on the District's outstanding revenue bonds for any consecutive six-month period, by order of the Board of the District, a schedule of wastewater service charges and storm water service charges shall be amended in order to maintain a 1.10 debt service coverage required by the District's 1971 Bond Authorizing Resolution which was approved by the City of Louisville Ordinance Number 86, Series 1971, by City of Louisville Ordinance Number 25, Series 1979, as amended by City of Louisville Ordinance Number 32, Series 1986, and City of Louisville Ordinance Number 152, Series 1979, as amended by City of Louisville Ordinance Number 388, Series 1986; provided the aggregate of such adjustments for any twelve-month period shall not generate additional revenue from wastewater service charges in excess of 7%. An explanation of proposed rate increases in excess of 4% shall be delivered to the Metro Council at least 60 days prior to approval by the District's Board. The term "net revenues" is defined as gross revenue from wastewater service charges less operating expenses and debt payments other than debt service payments on the District's outstanding revenue bonds."

An explanation of proposed rate increases in excess of 4% shall be delivered to the Council of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government at least 60 days prior to approval by the District's Board.

This provision includes, by reference to "outstanding revenue bonds," all District debt service, including the debt service on the Series 2016A Bonds and any future revenue bonds which the District may issue.

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank.]

# **Rate History**

The following table summarizes the District's revenue and rate adjustments since 1987. Additional revenues from the rate increases are approximate and assume constant water usage.

Date of Rate Increase 1/1/87*	% Rate Increase		Annual Additional Revenue from Rate Increase	% Rate Increase N/A	0	Annual Additional Revenue from Rate Increase \$8,165,000	Estimated Revenue EPA Consent Decree Surcharge
7/1/88	4.3%	(A)	\$1,496,000	14/11	O	ψ0,105,000	
1/1/91	6.5	(A)	2,731,000				
1/1/92	4.5	(A)	1,973,000				
12/1/92	1.5	(11)	1,773,000	57.1%	(A)	4,879,000	
8/1/94	5.0	(B)	2,337,000	57.170	(11)	1,075,000	
8/1/95	7.0	(B)	3,516,000				
8/1/96	5.0	(B)	2,703,000	4.4	(A)	604,000	
8/1/97	5.0	(B)	2,772,000	4.5	(A)	663,000	
8/1/98	5.0	(B)	2,900,000	5.0	(A)	800,000	
8/1/99	5.0	(B)	3,150,000	5.0	(A)	850,000	
8/1/00	5.0	(B)	3,100,000	5.0	(A)	860,000	
8/1/01	5.0	(B)	3,313,000	5.0	(A)	921,000	
8/1/02	6.5	(B)	4,540,000	6.5	(A)	1,326,000	
8/1/03	6.5	(B)	5,012,659	6.5	(A)	1,407,505	
8/1/04	6.5	(B)	5,184,032	6.5	(A)	1,526,281	
8/1/05	6.5	(B)	5,655,634	6.5	(A)	1,671,724	
8/1/06	6.9	(B)	6,414,405	6.9	(A)	1,957,887	
8/15/07	0.0		0	0.0		0	\$28,875,000(C)
8/1/08	6.5	(B)	8,017,688	6.5	(A)	2,015,401	
8/1/09	6.5	(B)	8,466,545	6.5	(A)	2,095,583	
8/1/10	6.5	(B)	8,683,175	6.5	(A)	2,246,123	
8/1/11	6.5	(B)	9,395,795	6.5	(A)	2,417,718	
8/1/12	6.5	(B)	9,705,399	6.5	(A)	2,627,897	
8/1/13	5.8	(B)	9,320,500	5.8	(A)	2,710,500	
8/1/14	5.5	(B)	9,833,128	5.5	(A)	2,859,578	
8/1/15	5.5	(B)	10,373,950	5.5	(A)	3,016,855	
8/1/16	6.9	(B)	10,733,000	6.9	(A)	3,781,000	

<sup>\*</sup>Initial stormwater rate: \$1.75 per equivalent service unit.

Source: Metropolitan Sewer District

# HISTORIC AND PROJECTED REVENUES AND EXPENSES AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Certain historic revenues and expenses of the District for prior fiscal years and projected revenues and expenses of the District for the current and future fiscal years, with accompanying notes, are set forth

<sup>(</sup>A) Across the board adjustment of all rates.

<sup>(</sup>B) Composite yield of a variety of rate adjustments.

<sup>(</sup>C) Special surcharge of \$6.95 per account per month (plus additional volume charges for some commercial and industrial customers). This surcharge produces revenues equal to approximately 33% of total wastewater charges in the year it was instituted.

in "Appendix F - Consulting Engineer's Report" attached hereto. The information on projected revenues and expenses may constitute a "forward looking statement" under federal securities law. Actual revenues, expenses, or both could differ materially from those forecasted and there can be no assurance that such estimates of future results will be achieved. For example, there can be no assurance that the Council of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government will approve one or more new rate schedules as described above, or that the Council may not from time to time consider amending the District's approved rate ordinances. In general, important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the revenues or expenses presently estimated include, but are not limited to, material changes in the size and composition of the District's service area, unanticipated changes in law or unanticipated material litigation, efficiency of operations and the capital construction and expenditure plans and results of the District.

The projections shown in "Appendix F — Consulting Engineer's Report" are based, among other things, on the District's Capital Improvement Plan in effect as of the date of such report. Except as specifically described herein, there can be no assurance that the District will not amend or revoke the Capital Improvement Program described in "Appendix F - Consulting Engineer's Report" or that the District will issue or support bonds or other funding for the Capital Improvement Program in its current form or as amended or any substitute therefor.

#### LOUISVILLE WATER COMPANY

Louisville Water Company was chartered by special act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, approved March 6, 1854. The City was given authority to purchase the property at any time and also to subscribe for stock of Louisville Water Company.

The City began purchasing stock in Louisville Water Company in 1857 and had acquired substantially all the 12,571 outstanding shares by 1870, leaving only 51 shares in the hands of individual stockholders, this stock having been originally issued as directors' qualifying shares. By April 1907, all of this stock had been acquired by the City.

The affairs of Louisville Water Company were conducted by directors elected by the stockholders until passage of an act, approved March 6, 1906, creating the Board of Water Works of the City, which since that time (initially as the City, and thereafter through its successor, the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government) has had the responsibility for management and control of Louisville Water Company.

Since substantially all customers of the District are also customers of Louisville Water Company and Louisville Water Company already has the facilities, meters, equipment, and administrative organization for the billing and collection of charges for water service, it has proven both expedient and economical that the billing and collection of wastewater and stormwater service charges be accomplished simultaneously with and added as designated items on the bill rendered the water consumer for charges covering water service. Those sewer users who are not consumers of the public water supply are billed directly by the District.

By an agreement dated June 17, 1947, Louisville Water Company initiated billing and collection procedures for the District and has continued to perform such services to the present under subsequent agreements. Pursuant to a subsequent agreement with an effective date of July 13, 1976, as amended on November 24, 1986, such billing and collection procedures were amended to include drainage service charges. A new agreement with an effective date of January 1, 2013 is currently in place. This agreement increases the priority of drainage fees equivalent to water and sewer fees and includes the requirement that Louisville Water Company discontinue water service to those consumers whose wastewater or drainage service accounts remain unpaid thirty (30) days after the due date and to not re-establish such service until such time as all such service charges have been paid. This agreement is for a period of five years and can be terminated by either party upon two years written notice.

#### PLAN OF FINANCE AND SERIES 2016A PROJECT

The proceeds from the sale of the Series 2016A Bonds will be used to (i) pay the costs of issuing the Series 2016A Bonds; (ii) make a deposit to the Reserve Account in amount sufficient so that the balance therein following such deposit will be equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement; and (iii) make a deposit to the Construction and Acquisition Fund to pay the costs of the Series 2016A Project. The Series 2016A Project is comprised of (a) wastewater and drainage system expansion and improvements; (b) improvements to wastewater treatment facilities; (c) rehabilitation of combined sewer overflow systems; (d) improvements to flood control and drainage facilities; (e) drainage and District improvements; (f) construction of collector sewers (g) construction and improvements of detention and retention basins, (h) construction of interceptor sewers; (i) combined sewer overflow and sanitary overflow abatement projects; (j) construction and improvements to force mains; (k) repairs and improvements to District pumping stations; (l) construction of regional storage facilities; and (m) miscellaneous improvements and acquisition of equipment and mapping hardware and software (see "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS" below).

The Series 2016B Bonds are being issued to (i) refund in advance of maturity the outstanding principal amount of the District's Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A maturing May 15, 2019 through May 15, 2026 (the "Refunded 2008A Prior Bonds"), the proceeds of which were used to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of improvements to the District's sewer and drainage system, and (ii) pay the cost of issuance of the 2016B Bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the Series 2016B Bonds will be deposited to an escrow fund (the "2008A Escrow Fund") established under an Escrow Trust Agreement (the "Escrow Agreement") dated as of August 1, 2016 between the District and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as escrow trustee (the "Escrow Trustee"). Amounts deposited to the Escrow Fund are planned to earn interest at such rates and mature on such dates so as to provide sufficient funds, together with any cash held uninvested in the Escrow Fund, to meet the scheduled principal and interest payments on the Refunded 2008A Prior Bonds as same become due through and including May 15, 2018 and to redeem the Refunded 2008A Prior Bonds on May 15, 2018, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest on the Refunded 2008A Prior Bonds to the redemption date. The refunding of the Refunded 2008A Prior Bonds is being undertaken to provide interest costs savings to the District (see "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS" below).

The Series 2016C Bonds are being issued to (i) refund in advance of maturity that portion of the outstanding principal amount of the District's Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A maturing May 15, 2020 through May 15, 2022 that may be refunded under current tax laws (the "Refunded 2009A Prior Bonds") and that portion of the outstanding principal amount of the District's Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B maturing May 15, 2020 through May 15, 2023 that may be refunded under current tax laws (the "Refunded 2009B Prior Bonds," and together with the Refunded 2009A Prior Bonds, the "Refunded 2009 Prior Bonds"), the proceeds of which were used to refund earlier series of bonds, which in turn were used to finance or refinance the costs of improvements to the District's sewer and drainage, and (ii) pay the cost of issuance of the 2016C Bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the Series 2016C Bonds will be deposited to an escrow fund (the "2009 Escrow Fund") established under an Escrow Trust Agreement (the "Escrow Agreement") dated as of August 1, 2016 between the District and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as escrow trustee (the "Escrow Trustee"). Amounts deposited to the Escrow Fund are planned to earn interest at such rates and mature on such dates so as to provide sufficient funds, together with any cash held uninvested in the Escrow Fund, to meet the scheduled principal and interest payments on the Refunded 2009 Prior Bonds as same become due through and including May 15, 2019 and November 15, 2019, respectively, and to redeem the Refunded 2009 Prior Bonds on May 15, 2019 and the Refunded 2009B Prior Bonds on November 15, 2019, at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest on the respective Refunded 2009 Prior Bonds to the respective redemption dates. The refunding of the Refunded 2009 Prior Bonds is being undertaken to provide interest costs savings to the District (see "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS" below).

# SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

# Series 2016A Bonds

Sources Principal Amount of Series 2016A Bonds Plus Original Issue Premium TOTAL	\$150,000,000.00 <u>572,056.85</u> <u>\$150,572,056.85</u>
Uses Deposit to Construction and Acquisition Fund Costs of Issuance Underwriter's Discount TOTAL	\$147,746,703.85 322,033.00 2,503,320.00 \$150,572,056.85
Series 2016B Bonds	
Sources Principal Amount of Series 2016B Bonds Plus Original Issue Premium Transfer from Debt Service Account Transfer from Reserve Account TOTAL	\$28,315,000.00 3,774,691.95 378,125.00 <u>699,595.00</u> \$33,167,411.95
Uses Deposit to 2008A Escrow Fund Costs of Issuance Underwriter's Discount TOTAL	\$32,908,315.24 68,600.95 <u>190,495.76</u> <u>\$33,167,411.95</u>

# **Series 2016C Bonds**

Sources	
Principal Amount of Series 2016C Bonds	\$67,685,000.00
Plus Original Issue Premium	13,225,181.45
Transfer from Debt Service Account	912,687.50
Transfer from Reserve Account	<u>1,747,316.00</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$83,570,184.95</u>
<u>Uses</u>	
Deposit to 2009A Escrow Account	25,214,002.43
Deposit to 2009B Escrow Account	58,053,665.26
Costs of Issuance and Rounding Amount	153,575.26
Underwriter's Discount	148,942.00
TOTAL	<u>\$83,570,184.95</u>

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# **Debt Service Requirements**

	2016A			2016B			3016C								
Bond Year Ending	Bond Principal	Bond Interest	Total Debt Service	Bond Principal	Bond Interest	Total Debt Service	Bond Principal	Bond Interest	Total Debt Service		Total Senior Lien Bond Debt Service	Direct Payments (2)	Net Senior Lien Bond Debt Service	Subordinated Debt Service 111	Total Net Debt Service
2017		\$3,381,902.08	\$3,381,902.08	\$220,000.00	\$318,412.77	\$1,038,412.77		\$2,397,177.10	\$2,397,177.10	\$114,258,300.02	\$121,075,791.97	(\$10,228,105.65)	\$110,847,686.32	\$16,780,953.89	\$127,628,640.21
2019	\$240,000.00	4,774,450.00	5,014,450.00	-	1,144,406,26	1,144,406.26		3,384,250.02	3,384,250.02	114,267,250.02	123,010,356.30	(10,228,105.65)	113,592,250.65	14,022,190.00	127,604,440,65
2019	230,000.00	4,762,450.00	4,992,450.00	2,270,000.00	1.144,406,26	3,414,406.26		3,384,250.02	3,394,250.02	111,999,950.02	123,791,056.30	(10,228,105,65)	113,562,950.65	14,022,190.00	127,585,140,65
2020	240,000.00	4,750,950.00	4,990,950.00	1.910,000.00	1.030.906.26	2,940,906,26	\$17,170,000.00	3,304,250.02	20,554,250.02	93,947,450.02	122,433,556.30	(10,228,105.65)	112,205,450,65	14,022,190.00	126,227,640,65
2031	875,000.00	4,738,950.00	5,613,950.00	1,955,000.00	935,406.26	2,390,406.26	18,210,000,00	2,525,750.02	20,735,750.02	94,835,050.02	124,075,156.30	(10,228,105.65)	113,847,050.65	14,022,190.00	127,869,240,65
2022	915,000,00	4,695,200,00	5,610,200.00	1,050,000,00	837,656,26	2.887.656.26	19,310,000.00	1.615.250.00	20,925,250.00	94,662,050.02	124,085,156.28	(10.228.105.65)	113,857,050.63	14,022,190.00	127,879,240,63
2023	960,000,00	4,649,450.00	5,609,450.00	2,080,000.00	735,156,26	2,815,156.26	12,995,000.00	649,750.00	13,644,750.00	102,627,800.02	124,697,156.28	(10,228,105.65)	114,469,050.63	14,017,778.43	128,486,829.06
2024	1,070,000.00	4,601,450.00	5,671,450.00	1,245,000.00	631,156.26	1,876,156.26				113,867,300.02	121,414,905.28	(10,986,150.00)	110,428,756.28	19,241,277.93	129,670,034,21
2025	1,150,000.00	4,547,950.00	5,727,950.00	5,350,000.00	501,356.26	5,931,356.26	-	-	-	109,790,150.02	121,449,456.28	(10,986,150.00)	110,463,306.28	19,242,072.93	129,705,379.21
2026	1,350,000.00	4,488,950.00	5,838,950.00	1,295,000.00	313,856.26	2,608,856.26	2.	1	1	106,650,150.02	115,097,956.28	(10,985,150.00)	104,111,806.28	25,606,113.05	129,717,919,33
2027	450,000.00	4,421,450.00	4,871,450.00	830,000.00	222,056.26	1,052,056.26	2	12	1	123,247,325.02	129,170,831.28	(10,985,150.00)	118,184,681.28	12,329,647.93	130,514,329.21
2028	3,335,000.00	4,398,950.00	7,733,950.00	\$25,000.00	205,456.26	1,030,456.26				115,800,325.02	124,564,731.28	(10,220,525.00)	114,344,206.28	19,017,267.48	133,361,473.76
2029	3,440,000.00	4,298,900.00	7,738,900.00	925,000.00	197,925.00	1,012,925.00			1	115,116,075.02	124,967,900.02	(10,220,525.00)	114,647,375.02	15,819,471.70	133,466,846,72
2030	3,555,000.00	4,157,100.00	7,742,100.00	\$10,000.00	169,362.50	979,362.50				96,496,075.02	105,217,537.52	(10,220,525.00)	94,997,012.52	38,490,482.25	133,487,494,77
2031	3,705,000.00	4,062,675.00	7,767,675.00	825,000.00	150,125.00	975,125.00		1	-	74,875,081.28	83,617,881.28	(10,220,525.00)	73,397,356.28	60,148,607.70	133.545.963.98
2032	3,860,000.00	3,933,000.00	7,793,000.00	840,000.00	129,500.00	969,500.00	2	-		75,006,331.28	83,768,831.28	(10,220,525.00)	73,548,306,28	60,265,992.65	133,814,298,93
2033	4,075,000.00	3,778,600.00	7,853,600.00	955,000.00	107,450.00	962,450.00		-	-	74,833,875.02	E3,649,925.02	(10,220,525.00)	73,429,400.02	60,462,078.15	133,991,479,17
2034	4,295,000.00	3,615,600.00	7,910,600.00	995,000.00	85,075.00	981,075.00		-	-	136,113,375.02	145,005,050.02	(10,220,525.00)	134,794,525.02	-	134,784,525,02
2035	4,530,000,00	3,486,750.00	9.016,750.00	1.155,000.00	61,462,50	1,216,462,50		-		135,769,600.02	145,002,812.52	(10,220,525,00)	134,792,287,52	_	134,782,287,52
2036	4,670,000.00	3,350,850.00	8,020,850.00	1,080,000.00	29,700.00	1.109,700.00	-	-	-	135,957,043.76	145,087,593.76	(10.220.525.00)	134,867,068.76	1 4	134,867,068,76
2037	4,720,000,00	3,210,750,00	7,930,750.00	-	-	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	-		1	137,602,281.26	145,533,031,26	(10,220,525,00)	135,312,506,26	1/2	135,312,506.26
2038	4,850,000.00	3,069,150.00	7,949,150,00		-		-	-	-	137,649,212.50	145,598,362.50	(10,220,525.00)	135,377,037.50	140	135,377,837.50
2039	5,550,000.00	2,922,750.00	9,472,750,00		-	-	-	-	-	138,490,550.00	146,963,300.00	(10,220,525.00)	136,742,775.00	-	136,742,775.00
2040	5,935,000.00	2,756,250.00	9,591,250.00		-			-	-	135,701,505,00	145,292,755.00	(9,393,959.26)	136,898,895,74		136,598,895,74
2041	6,025,000.00	2,581,200.00	8,605,200.00	5	-	-	_	-	-	134,769,950.00	143,376,150.00	(6,453,125.00)	136,923,025.00	-	136,923,025.00
2042	6,230,000.00	2,400,450.00	8,630,450.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	132,726,862.50	141,357,312.50	(4,383,859.38)	136,973,453.12	9	136,973,453.12
2043	6,550,000.00	2,213,550.00	9,763,550.00		-	-	-	_	-	130,616,400,00	139,379,950.00	(2,233,975.00)	137,146,075.00	-	137,146,075.00
2044	15,330,000.00	2,017,050.00	17,347,050.00	-	-	-	-	3-	-	43,127,150,00	60,474,200.00		60,474,200,00	) =	60,474,200.00
2045	15,840,000.00	1,557,150.00	17,397,150.00		-	-		-	-	43,246,800.00	60,643,950.00		60,643,950.00	-	60,643,950.00
2046	16,365,000.00	1,081,950.00	17,446,950.00	2.	12	1	-	-	2	43,357,600.00	60,804,550.00		60,804,550.00	1.2	60,804,550,00
2047	19,700,000.00	591,000.00	20,291,000.00		-						20,291,000.00	-	20,291,000.00		30,291,000.00
	\$150,000,000.00	\$109,326,827.08	\$259,326,927,08	\$29,315,000.00	\$9,521,831.63	\$37,836,931,63	\$67,685,000.00	\$17,340,677.18	\$85,025,677,18	\$3,219,408,867.92	\$3,601,598,203.81	(\$259,652,358.19)	\$3,341,945,845.62	\$434,532,694.07	\$3,776,479,539,69

Notes: (1) Existing Senior Lieu Bond Debt Service excludes refunded portion of Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B.

<sup>(2)</sup> Due to sequestration, the federal direct payments on the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A
Build America Bonds were reduced by 6.8% for fiscal years 2016 through 2023. For fiscal years 2024 through 2023. For fiscal years 2024 through 2024 through

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes estimated net swap payments and interest on and projected amartization following future refinancing of the Series 1015 Notes. Does not include the principal of the Series 2015 Notes payable at manurity.

#### LITIGATION INVOLVING DISTRICT

The District has advised that there is no litigation or other legal proceeding pending or, to the knowledge of the District, threatened to restrain or enjoin the issuance, sale or delivery of the Series 2016 Bonds or the implementation of the plan of financing described herein, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Series 2016 Bonds or the plan of financing described herein or any proceedings of the District taken with respect to the issuance or sale of the Series 2016 Bonds, the pledge or application of any moneys or securities provided for the payment of the Series 2016 Bonds or the existence or powers of the District insofar as they relate to the authorization, sale and issuance of the Series 2016A Bonds or such pledge or application of moneys and securities or the implementation of the plan of financing described herein.

The District has further advised that there is no litigation or other legal proceeding pending or, to the knowledge of the District, threatened which challenges the authority of the District to operate the System or to collect revenues therefrom or which contests the creation, organization or existence of the District or the title of any of its Board members or executive staff to their respective offices.

On April 10, 2009 the United States District Court for the Western District of Kentucky, Louisville Division (the "Court"), entered an Amended Consent Decree, in Civil Action No.: 3:08-CV-00608-CRS (the "Amended Consent Decree"). The Amended Consent Decree amended, superseded and replaced the original Consent Decree entered by the Court on August 12, 2005 between the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the United States of America and the District. The Amended Consent Decree resolved all pending claims of violations of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended by the Clean Water Act of 1977, and the Water Quality Act of 1987 (the "Clean Water Act") pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq. and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

By entering into the Amended Consent Decree the District neither admitted nor denied the alleged violations described therein but did acknowledge that sanitary sewer overflows and unauthorized discharges have occurred and the District accepted the obligations imposed under the Amended Consent Decree. To date, the District has complied with all submittals and reporting requirements contained in the Amended Consent Decree. A copy of the Amended Consent Decree is available at the offices of the District. The District intends to perform all Capital Improvement Program and other requirements contained in the Amended Consent Decree. The cost of the capital improvements required to be completed under the Amended Consent Decree is currently estimated to be approximately \$850 million of which approximately \$480 million has been spent using proceeds of the District's Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, Series 2009C, Series 2010A, Series 2013C and Series 2014A. The Amended Consent Decree contains stipulated penalties for the District's failure to comply with provisions contained in the Amended Consent Decree. The District has agreed to make total expenditures under the original Consent Decree and the Amended Consent Decree for Supplemental Environmental Projects in an amount not less than \$2,250,000.

The Final Sanitary Sewer Discharge Plan and the CSO Long Term Control Plan were submitted concurrently and certified on December 19, 2008, under the title of the Integrated Overflow Abatement Plan (IOAP). The IOAP was accepted by the Federal Court and incorporated by reference into the Amended Consent Decree by an Order signed February 12, 2010, that was entered into the public record February 15, 2010.

On May 17, 2010, two individuals filed, pro se, in Jefferson Circuit Court, Louisville, Kentucky, a Complaint alleging that the District violated KRS 76.090 by implementing a revised rate schedule effective August 1, 2009 without required approvals. The District filed a Motion seeking to have the Circuit Court enter Judgment in the District's favor. On September 16, 2010, the Jefferson Circuit Court granted the District's Motion for Summary Judgment. The Judgment held that the District complied with all statutory notice and public disclosure requirements for its rate increase and dismissed with prejudice

the Plaintiffs' Complaint. On October 15, 2010, Plaintiffs filed a Notice of Appeal, however they failed to perfect the appeal as required by the Kentucky Rules of Civil Procedure. On June 9, 2011, the District filed a Motion to Dismiss for failure to perfect and on December 9, 2011, the Kentucky Court of Appeals granted the District's Motion dismissing the Plaintiffs' appeal.

By letter dated October 25, 2013, the United States Department of the Treasury (the "Treasury") notified the District that the District apparently violated regulations governing the use of State and Local Government ("SLGS") securities by impermissibly using the Treasury's SLGS program to create a cost-free option and invited the District to respond. The District responded by letter dated February 13, 2014. On June 6, 2014, the Treasury issued a final agency decision stating, in effect, that the District had violated the regulations. The Treasury suspended the District from participating in the SLGS program for five years, but it left open the possibility of a waiver with respect to the purchase of certain SLGS securities. The District disagreed with the final agency decision, but elected not to contest the decision in court. By letter dated September 3, 2015, the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ") notified the District that it "has been investigating whether MSD's violations of the SLGS regulations may give rise to civil monetary liability" and that it "is considering initiating civil litigation against MSD." DOJ invited the District to present its position and to explore the possibility of resolving the matter without litigation. DOJ personnel and representatives of the District cannot predict the outcome, including potential monetary consequences, of the DOJ investigation.

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the District that resolution of these matters will not result in a material adverse effect on the operations, properties or financial condition of the District.

The District has further advised that there is no litigation or other legal proceeding (other than that relating to the Amended Consent Decree) pending or, to the knowledge of the District, threatened against or affecting the District or its Board wherein an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding would have a materially adverse effect on the operations, properties or financial condition of the District.

#### APPROVAL OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds and certain legal matters incident to compliance by the District with Sections 103(b)(2) and 148 of the Code, and regulations thereunder relating to "arbitrage bonds" are subject to the approval of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Covington, Kentucky, Bond Counsel, whose approving opinion will be delivered with the Series 2016 Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the District by its General Counsel, Paula M. Purifoy, Esq.

Bond Counsel has reviewed legal matters incident to those sections of the Official Statement entitled "The Series 2016 Bonds," "Security and Sources of Payment for the Series 2016 Bonds," "Funds and Accounts," "Tax Exemption," and "Appendix A - Summary of Provisions of the Resolution," and is of the opinion that the statements contained in such identified sections are, as to law and legal conclusions, correct and that such sections fairly summarize the contents of documents therein described. Bond Counsel assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of other statements or financial information contained in this Official Statement.

#### TAX EXEMPTION

#### General

In the opinion of Bond Counsel for the Series 2016 Bonds, based upon an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings and court decisions, interest on the Series 2016 Bonds will be excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Bond Counsel for the Series 2016 Bonds is also of the

opinion that interest on the Series 2016 Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference under Section 57 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") for purposes of computing the alternative minimum tax for individuals and corporations. Furthermore, Bond Counsel for the Series 2016 Bonds is of the opinion that interest on the Series 2016 Bonds is exempt from income taxation by the Commonwealth and the Series 2016 Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth and any of its political subdivisions.

A copy of the form of opinion of Bond Counsel for the Series 2016 Bonds is set forth in Appendix D, attached hereto.

The Code imposes various restrictions, conditions, and requirements relating to the qualification of the Series 2016 Bonds as so-called "tax-exempt" bonds. The District has covenanted to comply with certain restrictions designed to ensure that interest on the Series 2016 Bonds will not be includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with these covenants could result in the Series 2016 Bonds not qualifying as "tax-exempt bonds," and thus interest on the Series 2016 Bonds being includable in the gross income of the holders thereof for federal income tax purposes. Such failure to qualify and the resulting inclusion of interest could be required retroactively to the date of issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel assumes compliance with these covenants. However, Bond Counsel has not undertaken to determine (or to inform any person) whether any actions taken (or not taken) or events occurring (or not occurring) after the date of issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds may adversely affect either the federal or Kentucky tax status of the Series 2016 Bonds.

Certain requirements and procedures contained or referred to in the Resolution and other relevant documents may be changed and certain actions (including, without limitation, defeasance of the Series 2016 Bonds) may be taken or omitted under the circumstances and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in such documents. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion as to any Series 2016 Bonds or the interest thereon if any such change occurs or action is taken or omitted upon the advice or approval of bond counsel other than Dinsmore & Shohl LLP.

Although Bond Counsel for the Series 2016 Bonds is of the opinion that interest on the Series 2016 Bonds will be excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes and the Series 2016 Bonds will be exempt from Kentucky income tax, as described above, the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the Series 2016 Bonds may otherwise affect a Holder's Federal, state or local tax liabilities. The nature and extent of these other tax consequences may depend upon the particular tax status of the Holder or the Holder's other items of income or deduction. Bond Counsel expresses no opinions regarding any tax consequences other than what is set forth in its opinion and each Holder or potential Holder is urged to consult with tax counsel with respect to the effects of purchasing, holding or disposing the Series 2016 Bonds on the tax liabilities of the individual or entity.

Receipt of tax-exempt interest, ownership or disposition the Series 2016 Bonds may result in other collateral federal, state or local tax consequence for certain taxpayers. Such effects may include, without limitation, increasing the federal tax liability of certain foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax imposed by Section 884 of the Code, increasing the federal tax liability of certain insurance companies, under Section 832 of the Code, increasing the federal tax liability and affecting the status of certain S Corporations subject to Sections 1362 and 1375 of the Code, increasing the federal tax liability of certain individual recipients of Social Security or the Railroad Retirement benefits under Section 86 of the Code and limiting the amount of the Earned Income Credit under Section 32 of the Code that might otherwise be available. Ownership of any of the Series 2016 Bonds may also result in the limitation of interest and certain other deductions for financial institutions and other taxpayers, pursuant to Section 265 of the Code. Finally, residence of the Holder of the Series 2016 Bonds in a state other than Kentucky or being subject to tax in a state other than Kentucky, may result in income or other tax liabilities being imposed by such states or their political subdivisions based on the interest or other income from the Series 2016 Bonds.

The District has <u>not</u> designated the Series 2016 Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265 of the Code.

#### **Original Issue Premium**

"Acquisition Premium" is the excess of the cost of a bond over the stated redemption price of such bond at maturity or, for bonds that have one or more earlier call dates, the amount payable at the next earliest call date. The Series 2016 Bonds having a yield that is lower than their stated interest rate, as shown on the inside cover page hereto (the "Premium Bonds"), are being initially offered and sold to the public at an Acquisition Premium. For federal income tax purposes, the amount of Acquisition Premium on each bond the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes ("tax-exempt bonds") must be amortized and will reduce the bondholder's adjusted basis in that bond. However, no amount of amortized Acquisition Premium on tax-exempt bonds may be deducted in determining bondholder's taxable income for federal income tax purposes. The amount of any Acquisition Premium paid on the Premium Bonds, or on any of the Series 2016 Bonds, that must be amortized during any period will be based on the "constant yield" method, using the original bondholder's basis in such bonds and compounding semiannually. This amount is amortized ratably over that semiannual period on a daily basis.

Holders of any Series 2016 Bonds, including any Premium Bonds, purchased at an Acquisition Premium should consult their own tax advisors as to the actual effect of such Acquisition Premium with respect to their own tax situation and as to the treatment of Acquisition Premium for state tax purposes.

# **Original Issue Discount**

Series 2016 Bonds having a yield that is higher than their stated interest rate, as shown on the inside cover page hereto (the "Discount Bonds"), are being offered and sold to the public at an original issue discount ("OID") from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. OID is the excess of the stated redemption price of a bond at maturity (the face amount) over the "issue price" of such bond. The issue price is the initial offering price to the public (other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at which a substantial amount of bonds of the same maturity are sold pursuant to that initial offering. For federal income tax purposes, OID on each bond will accrue over the term of the bond, and for the Discount Bonds, the amount of accretion will be based on a single rate of interest, compounded semiannually (the "yield to maturity"). The amount of OID that accrues during each semi-annual period will do so ratably over that period on a daily basis. With respect to an initial purchaser of a Discount Bond at its issue price, the portion of OID that accrues during the period that such purchaser owns the Discount Bond is added to such purchaser's tax basis for purposes of determining gain or loss at the maturity, redemption, sale or other disposition of that Discount Bond and thus, in practical effect, is treated as stated interest, which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Holders of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the treatment of OID and the tax consequences of the purchase of such Discount Bonds other than at the issue price during the initial public offering and as to the treatment of OID for state tax purposes.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 included as Appendix B of this Official Statement and an integral part of this Official Statement, have been audited Crowe Horwath LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report.

#### **RATINGS**

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a Division of The McGraw Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P") have assigned the ratings of "Aa3" and "AA", respectively, to the Series 2016 Bonds. Such ratings reflects only the views of the respective rating agencies. An explanation of the significance of the rating given by Moody's may only be obtained from Moody's at Moody's Investors Service, Inc., 7 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, Public Finance Group - 23rd Floor, New York, New York 10007, (212) 553-0300; and an explanation of the rating given by S&P may be obtained from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services at 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, (212) 438-2124. There is no assurance that such ratings will continue for any given period of time or that they will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such organizations if, in the judgment of such organizations, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings could have adverse effects on the market price of the Series 2016 Bonds.

#### **UNDERWRITING**

The Series 2016A Bonds are being purchased for reoffering by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (the "2016A Underwriter"). The 2016A Underwriter has agreed to purchase the Series 2016A Bonds at an aggregate purchase price of \$148,068,736.85 (reflecting the par amount of the Series 2016A Bonds, plus premium of \$572,056.85, and less underwriter's discount of \$2,503,320.00). The initial public offering prices, which produce the yields set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement, may be changed by the 2016A Underwriter and the 2016A Underwriter may offer and sell the Series 2016A Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing Series 2016A Bonds into investment trusts) and others at prices lower than the offering prices which produce the yields set forth on the cover page.

The Series 2016B Bonds are being purchased for reoffering by Hutchinson, Shockey, Erley & Co. (the "2016B Underwriter"). The 2016B Underwriter has agreed to purchase the Series 2016B Bonds at an aggregate purchase price of \$31,899,196.19 (reflecting the par amount of the Series 2016B Bonds, plus premium of \$3,774,691.95, and less underwriter's discount of \$190,495.76). The initial public offering prices, which produce the yields set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement, may be changed by the 2016B Underwriter and the 2016B Underwriter may offer and sell the Series 2016B Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing Series 2016B Bonds into investment trusts) and others at prices lower than the offering prices which produce the yields set forth on the cover page.

The Series 2016C Bonds are being purchased for reoffering by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC (the "2016C Underwriter"). The 2016C Underwriter has agreed to purchase the Series 2016C Bonds at an aggregate purchase price of \$80,761,239.45 (reflecting the par amount of the Series 2016C Bonds, plus premium of \$13,225.181.45, and less underwriter's discount of \$148,942.00). The initial public offering prices, which produce the yields set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement, may be changed by the 2016C Underwriter and the 2016C Underwriter may offer and sell the Series 2016C Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing Series 2016C Bonds into investment trusts) and others at prices lower than the offering prices which produce the yields set forth on the cover page. Morgan Stanley, parent company of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC., an underwriter of the Series 2016C Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution arrangement with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of the distribution arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may distribute municipal securities to retail investors through the financial advisor network of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of this arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may compensate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC for its selling efforts with respect to the Series 2016C Bonds.

#### FINANCIAL ADVISOR

J.J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons, LLC has been employed as Financial Advisor to the District in connection with the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds. The Financial Advisor's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Series 2016 Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. The Official Statement was prepared and distributed by the Financial Advisor. The information set forth herein was obtained from the District and other sources believed to be reliable, but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation of the Financial Advisor.

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"), the District will agree, pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Certificate to be dated and delivered as of the date of issuance and delivery of the Series 2016 Bonds (the "Disclosure Certificate"), to be delivered on the date of delivery of the Series 2016 Bonds, to cause the following information to be provided:

- (i) to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"), certain annual financial information and operating data, including audited financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units, generally consistent with the information contained under the headings "THE DISTRICT Customer History, " "THE DISTRICT Rate History, " and in "Appendix B" (the "Financial Data") of the Official Statement; such information shall be provided on or before the January 1 following the fiscal year ending on the preceding June 30, commencing with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016; provided that the audited financial statements may not be available by such date, but will be made available immediately upon delivery thereof by the auditor to the Obligated Person;
- (ii) In a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event to the MSRB, notice of the occurrence of the following events, with respect to the Bonds:
  - (a) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
  - (b) Non-payment related defaults, if material;
  - (c) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
  - (d) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
  - (e) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
  - (f) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax-exempt status of the security;
  - (g) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
  - (h) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers (except for mandatory scheduled redemptions not otherwise contingent upon the occurrence of an event);
  - (i) Defeasances;
  - (j) Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material:
  - (k) Rating changes;
  - (I) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person (Note: For the purposes of this event, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: The appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the

assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person);

- (m) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; and
- (n) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.
- (iii) in a timely manner, to the MSRB, notice of a failure (of which the Obligated Person has knowledge) of an Obligated Person to provide the required Annual Financial Information on or before the date specified in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

The Disclosure Certificate provides holders of the Series 2016 Bonds, including beneficial owners of the Series 2016 Bonds, with certain enforcement rights in the event of a failure by the District to comply with the terms thereof; however, a default under the Disclosure Certificate does not constitute an event of default under the Resolution. The Disclosure Certificate may also be amended or terminated under certain circumstances in accordance with the Rule as more fully described therein. Holders of the Series 2016 Bonds are advised that the Disclosure Certificate, the form of which is obtainable from the Financial Advisor, should be read in its entirety for more complete information regarding its contents.

For purposes of this transaction with respect to events as set forth in the Rule:

- (i) there are no credit enhancements applicable to the Bonds; and
- (ii) there are no liquidity providers applicable to the Bonds.

Pursuant to outstanding continuing disclosure undertakings (the "Existing Undertakings") the District is required to file certain annual financial information with the MSRB by January 1 of each year. The District has filed its annual financial information in accordance with the Existing Undertakings and, to the best of the District's knowledge, is in material compliance with the continuing disclosure undertaking requirements of the Rule in connection with its outstanding obligations that are subject to such requirements. In the past five years, the District has been made aware that there have been changes to the credit ratings on certain obligations of the District resulting from changes to the credit rating of credit enhancers providing bond insurance for those obligations, for which continuing disclosure event notices were not filed (such changes to the credit ratings were made without any formal notice of the change to the District).

#### VERIFICATION OF MATHEMATICAL CALCULATIONS

Grant Thornton LLP (the "Verification Agent"), a firm of independent public accountants, will deliver to the District, on or before the settlement date of the Series 2016 Bonds, its verification report indicating that it has verified, in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the mathematical accuracy of (a) the mathematical computations of the adequacy of the securities and cash deposits listed in the provided schedules, to be held in escrow to pay, when due, the maturing principal of and interest on the Refunded Prior Bonds and

(b) the mathematical computations of yield used by Bond Counsel to support its opinion that interest on the Series 2016 Bonds will be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

The verification performed by the Verification Agent will be solely based upon data, information and documents provided to the Verification Agent by the District and its representatives. The Verification Agent has restricted its procedures to recalculating the computations provided by the District and its representatives and has not evaluated or examined the assumptions or information used in the computations.

#### CONCLUDING STATEMENT

The foregoing summaries or descriptions of provisions in the Resolution and all references to other materials not purporting to be quoted in full, are only brief outlines of certain provisions thereof and do not purport to be complete statements of such documents and provisions. Reference is hereby made to the complete documents, copies of which will be furnished by the District upon request, for further information.

Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact. This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the District and the purchasers or holders of any of the Series 2016 Bonds.

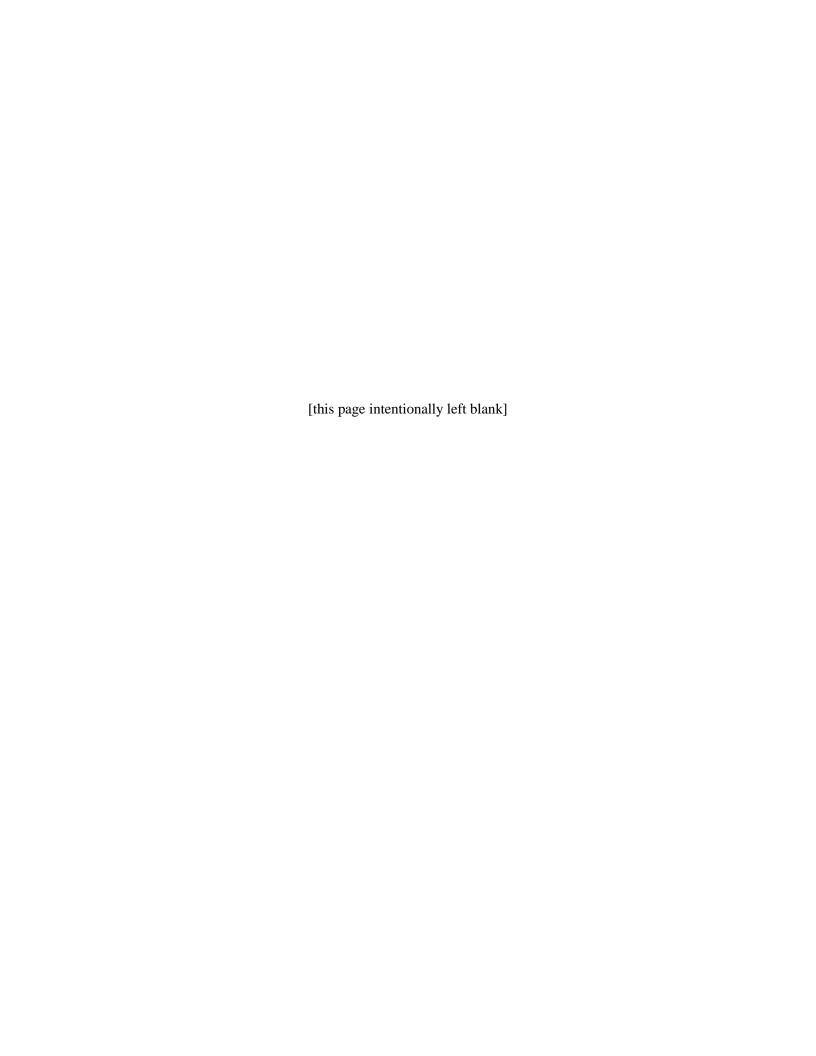
This Official Statement has been approved by the District as of the date set forth on the cover hereof.

# LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT

By: /s/Cyndi Caudill		
·	Chair	

# APPENDIX A

# SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION



#### SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION

The descriptions and summaries set forth herein are not intended to be comprehensive or definitive, and reference is made to the Resolution for the complete details of all terms and conditions. All statements herein are qualified in their entirety by reference to the Resolution. Copies of the Resolution are available from the District.

#### **Definitions**

"Account" means an Account established pursuant to the Resolution.

"Accountant's Certificate" means a certificate of an independent certified public accountant or firm of accountants (who may be the accountant or firm which regularly audits the books of the District) selected by the District.

"Accreted Value" means, with respect to any Capital Appreciation Bond, an amount equal to the principal amount of such Capital Appreciation Bond (determined on the basis of the principal amount per \$5,000 at maturity thereof) plus the amount assuming semi-annual compounding of earnings which would be produced on the investment of such principal amount, beginning on the dated date of such Capital Appreciation Bond and ending at the maturity date thereof, at a yield which, if produced until maturity, will produce \$5,000 at maturity. As of any Valuation Date, the Accreted Value of any Capital Appreciation Bonds shall mean the amount set forth for such date in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Capital Appreciation Bonds and as of any date other than a Valuation Date, the sum of (a) the Accreted Value on the preceding Valuation Date and (b) the product of (1) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days having elapsed from the preceding Valuation Date and the denominator of which is the number of days from such preceding Valuation Date to the next succeeding Valuation Date and (2) the difference between the Accredited Values for such Valuation Dates.

"Accrued Aggregate Debt Service" for any period means, as of any date of calculation and with respect to any Series, an amount equal to the sum of the amounts of accrued Debt Service with respect to all Series, calculating the accrued Debt Service with respect to each Series at an amount equal to the sum of [i] interest on the Bonds of such Series accrued and unpaid and to accrue to the end of the then current calendar month and [ii] Principal Installments due and unpaid and that portion of the Principal Installment for such Series next due which would have accrued (if deemed to accrue in the manner set forth in the definition of Debt Service) to the end of such calendar month. The principal and interest portions of the Accreted Value and Appreciated Value of Capital Appreciation Bonds and Capital Appreciation and Income Bonds, respectively, becoming due at maturity or by virtue of a Sinking Fund Installment shall be included in the calculations of accrued and unpaid and accruing interest or Principal Installments in such manner and during such period of time as is specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds.

"Act" means Kentucky Revised Statutes Chapter 76, including particularly Sections 76.055 et seq., inclusive, as the same may be from time to time amended, and successor provisions.

"Additional Bonds" means Bonds authenticated and delivered upon original issuance pursuant to the Resolution and any Bonds thereafter authenticated and delivered in lieu of or in substitution for such Bonds pursuant to the Resolution.

"Agent Member" shall mean a member of, or participant in, the Securities Depository.

"Aggregate Debt Service" for any period means, as of any date of calculation and with respect to all Bonds, the sum of the amounts of Debt Service for such period.

"Aggregate Net Debt Service" for any period means, as of any date of calculation and with respect to all Bonds, the Aggregate Debt Service for such period, less any amounts available or expected to be available in the ordinary course for the payment of Debt Service during such period pursuant to the Resolution (including but not limited to interest or other income available or expected to be available for payment of Debt Service during such period from the Reserve Account).

"Annual Budget" means the budget adopted or in effect for a particular Fiscal Year as provided in the Resolution.

"Appreciated Value" means, with respect to any Capital Appreciation and Income Bond up to the Interest Commencement Date, an amount equal to the principal amount of such Capital Appreciation and Income Bond (determined on the basis of the principal amount per \$5,000 at the Interest Commencement Date thereof) plus the amount, assuming semi-annual compounding of earnings which would be produced on the investment of such principal amount, beginning on the dated date of such Capital Appreciation and Income Bond and ending on the Interest Commencement Date, at a yield which, if produced until the Interest Commencement Date, will produce \$5,000 at the Interest Commencement Date. As of any Valuation Date, the Appreciated Value of any Capital Appreciation and Income Bond shall mean the amount set forth for such date in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Capital Appreciation Bonds and as of any date other than a Valuation Date, the sum of (a) the Appreciated Value on the preceding Valuation Date and (b) the product of (1) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days having elapsed from the preceding Valuation Date and the denominator of which is the number of days from such preceding Valuation Date to the next succeeding Valuation Date and (2) the difference between the Appreciated Values for such Valuation Dates.

"Authorized Newspaper" means The Bond Buyer or any other financial newspaper customarily published at least once a day for five days (other than legal holidays) in each calendar week, printed in the English language and of general circulation in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

"Authorized Officer of the District" means any person authorized by the District to perform the act or sign the document in question.

"Board" means the Board of the District, or such board, commission or agency as may succeed to the duties and responsibilities of such Board.

"Bond" or "Bonds" means any bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness (other than Subordinated Debt), as the case may be, authenticated and delivered pursuant to the Resolution.

"Bond Counsel" means a nationally recognized municipal bond attorney or firm of municipal bond attorneys, acceptable to the District.

"Bond Fund" means the Bond Fund established in the Resolution.

"Bondholder" or "Holder of Bonds" or "Holder" means any person who shall be the registered owner of any Bond or Bonds. Notwithstanding this definition, with respect to any Bonds which are registered in Book-Entry Form, the Paying Agent shall be entitled to rely upon written instructions from a majority of the beneficial owners of the Bonds with reference to consent, if any, required from Bondholders under the Resolution.

"Bond Register" means the form or system or document in which the ownership of Bonds is recorded by the Bond Registrar.

"Bond Registrar" means any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or national banking association appointed by the District to perform the duties of Bond Registrar enumerated in the Resolution.

"Book-Entry Form" or "Book-Entry System" means, with respect to the Bonds, a form or system, as applicable, under which (i) the ownership of beneficial interests in Bonds and bond service charges may be transferred only through a book entry and (ii) physical Bond certificates in fully registered form are registered only in the name of a Securities Depository or its nominee as Holder, with the physical Bond certificates in the custody of a Securities Depository.

"Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday in the Commonwealth or a day on which either Bond Registrar, the Paying Agent or the District is legally authorized to close.

"Capital Appreciation Bonds" means any Bonds issued under the Resolution as to which interest is payable only at the maturity or prior redemption of such Bonds, as further described in the Resolution.

"Capital Appreciation and Income Bonds" means any Bonds issued under the Resolution as to which interest is deferred prior to the Interest Commencement Date, as further described in the Resolution.

"Chairperson" means the Chairperson of the District, or such Officer of the District as may succeed to the duties and responsibilities of the Chairperson.

"Commonwealth" means the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

"Construction and Acquisition Fund" means the Construction and Acquisition Fund established in the Resolution.

"Cost of Construction and Acquisition" means, with respect to a Project, the District's costs, expenses and liabilities paid or incurred or to be paid or incurred by the District in connection with the planning, engineering, designing, acquiring, constructing, installing and financing, of a Project and the obtaining of all governmental approvals, certificates, permits and licenses with respect thereto, including, but not limited to, all costs relating to the acquisition, construction and installation of a Project and the cost of any demolitions or relocations necessary in connection therewith, any good faith or other similar payment or deposits required in connection with the purchase of a Project, the cost of acquisition by or for the District of real and personal property or any interests therein, and costs of the District incidental to such construction, acquisition or installation all costs relating to injury and damage claims relating to a Project, the cost of any indemnity or surety bonds and premiums on insurance, preliminary investigation and development costs, engineering fees and expenses, contractors' fees and expenses, the costs of labor, materials, equipment and utility services and supplies, legal and financial advisory fees and expenses, interest and financing costs, including, without limitation, bank commitment, line of credit, and letter of credit fees, bond insurance and indemnity premiums, and any other means of providing credit enhancement or credit support, costs incurred in connection with interest rate exchanges, futures contracts or other similar financing arrangements, fees and expenses of the Fiduciaries, including reasonable fees and expenses of counsel to the Fiduciaries, administration and general overhead expense and costs of keeping accounts and making reports required by the Resolution prior to or in connection with the completion of construction of a Project, amounts, if any, required by the Resolution to be paid into the Bond Fund to provide, among other things, for interest accruing on Bonds and to provide for the Debt Service Reserve Requirement or to be paid into the Renewal and Replacement Account for any of the respective purposes thereof, payment when due (whether at the maturity of principal or the due date of interest or upon redemption or purchase) on any indebtedness of the District, including Bonds, notes and Subordinate Debt, incurred in respect of any of the foregoing, and working capital and reserves therefor,

and all federal, state and local taxes and payments in lieu of taxes legally required to be paid in connection with a Project and shall include reimbursements to the District for any of the above items theretofore paid by or on behalf of the District. It is intended that this definition of Cost of Construction and Acquisition be broadly construed to encompass all costs, expenses and liabilities of the District related to a Project which on the date of adoption of the Resolution or in the future shall be permitted to be funded with the proceeds of Bonds pursuant to the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth.

"Credit Facility" means, a letter of credit, surety bond, loan agreement, standby purchase agreement or other credit agreement, facility or insurance or guaranty arrangement which has been rated not lower than "A" by Moody's or S&P's, or which is issued by an entity whose unsecured long term debt or claims paying ability is rated not lower than "A" by Moody's or S&P's, in either case, pursuant to which the District or another person is entitled to obtain funds to pay Bonds and interest thereon tendered to the District or a third party for payment, purchase or redemption in accordance with the Resolution.

"Debt Service" for any period means, as of any date of calculation and with respect to any Series, an amount equal to [i] the interest accruing during such period on Bonds of such Series plus [ii] the portion of each Principal Installment for such Series which would accrue during such period if such Principal Installment were deemed to accrue periodically in equal amounts from the next preceding Principal Installment due date for such Series (or, if there shall be no such preceding Principal Installment due date, from a date one year preceding the due date of such Principal Installment or from the date of issuance of the Bonds of such Series, whichever date is later). For Variable Interest Rate Bonds, the annual interest rate thereon and the resulting Debt Service shall be calculated by an Authorized Officer and evidenced by a certificate from such Authorized Officer of the District in accordance with the following procedure: for any Variable Interest Rate Bonds Outstanding on the date such certificate is delivered, an Authorized Officer of the District shall estimate the Debt Service on such Bonds upon reliance upon a written estimate of such Debt Service by the District's financial advisor which estimate shall include assumptions with respect to the interest rate or rates to be borne by such Bonds and the amounts and due dates of the Principal Installments for such Bonds; provided, however, that the interest rate or rates assumed to be borne by any Variable Interest Rate Bonds shall not be less than the interest rate borne by such Variable Interest Rate Bonds at the time that an Authorized Officer of the District delivers such certificate. The principal and interest portions of the Accreted Value and Appreciated Value of Capital Appreciation Bonds and Capital Appreciation and Income Bonds, respectively, becoming due at maturity or by virtue of a Sinking Fund Installment shall be included in the calculations of accrued and unpaid and accruing interest or Principal Installments in such manner and during such period of time as is specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds.

"Debt Service Account" means the Debt Service Account of the Bond Fund.

"Debt Service Reserve Requirement" as of a particular date of computation means an amount, computed separately for each Series of Bonds, equal to the least of [i] ten percent (10%) of the face amount of such Series, [ii] one hundred percent (100%) of the maximum Aggregate Net Debt Service (as of the computation date) in the current or any future Fiscal Year and [iii] one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of average Aggregate Net Debt Service (as of the computation date) in the current or any future Fiscal Year. For Variable Interest Rate Bonds, the Debt Service Reserve Requirement shall be the maximum permitted amount with interest calculated at the lesser of the 30-year Revenue Bond Index (published by The Bond Buyer no more than two weeks prior to the date of sale of such Variable Interest Rate Bonds) or the Maximum Interest Rate. If any Variable Interest Rate Bond shall be converted to a fixed rate Bond for the remainder of the term thereof, and as a result thereof a nominal deficiency shall be created in the Bond Fund, the Debt Service Reserve Requirement shall be adjusted so as to exclude the amount of such deficiency, but the Debt Service Reserve Requirement shall be increased in each Fiscal Year or portion thereof after the date of such conversion by an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the nominal deficiency, until there is no longer a nominal deficiency.

"Defeasance Obligations" means (i) cash, (ii) U.S. Treasury Certificates, Notes and Bonds (including State and Local Government Series — "SLGS"), (iii) direct obligations of the United States Treasury which have been stripped by the Treasury itself (CATS, TIGRS and similar securities), (iv) interest components of obligations of the Resolution Funding Corporation in book-entry form if such obligations have been stripped by request to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, (v) pre-refunded municipal bonds rated "Aaa" by Moody's and "AAA" by S&P; however, if the issue is only rated by S&P, then the pre-refunded bonds must have been pre-refunded with cash, direct U.S. or U.S. guaranteed obligations, or AAA rated pre-refunded municipals, (vi) obligations issued by the following agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States: (a) direct obligations or fully guaranteed certificates of beneficial ownership of the U.S. Export-Import Bank (Eximbank), (b) certificates of beneficial ownership of the Farmers Home Administration, (c) obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, (d) participation certificates of the General Services Administration, (e) guaranteed Title XI financings of the U.S. Maritime Administration, (f) United States guaranteed New Community Debentures, (g) United States guaranteed public housing notes and bonds, and (h) project notes and local authority bonds of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and (vii) any other investments approved in writing by the Insurer.

"District" means the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District, a public body corporate and political subdivision, created and established pursuant to the Act.

"Event of Default" shall have the meaning given to such term herein under the caption "Events of Default."

"Federal Reserve Bank" means any one of the central banks constituting the Federal Reserve System, created by the Federal Reserve Act of 1913, as amended, in order to regulate and aid the member banks in its respective Federal Reserve district.

"Fiduciary" or "Fiduciaries" means the Bond Registrar, the Paying Agents, or any or all of them, as may be appropriate or any bank, trust company, national banking association, savings and loan association, savings bank or other banking association selected by the District as a depositary of monies and securities held under the provisions of the Resolution, and may include the Bond Registrar.

"Fiscal Year" means each twelve (12) month period commencing on July 1 and ending on the succeeding June 30.

"Fund" or "Funds" means, as the case may be, each or all of the Funds established in the Resolution.

"Government Obligations" means (i) any direct obligations of the United States of America (including obligations issued or held in book-entry form on the books of the Department of the Treasury) or obligations the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, and (ii) bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by any of the following federal agencies (including stripped obligations thereof if such obligations have been stripped by the issuing agency itself) provided such obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America: [1] Farmer's Home Administration; [2] General Services Administration; [3] United States Maritime Administration - Guaranteed Title XI Financing; [4] Federal Financing Bank; [5] United States Department of Housing and Urban Development; [6] U.S. Export - Import Bank; [7] Federal Housing Administration Debentures, and [8] Government National Mortgage Association guaranteed mortgage-backed bonds and guaranteed pass-through obligations.

"Insurer" means any nationally recognized company engaged in the business of insuring bonds which may from time to time insure the payment of the principal of and interest on all or a portion of the Bonds of any Series.

"Interest Commencement Date" means, with respect to any particular Capital Appreciation and Income Bond, the date specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds, (which date must be prior to the maturity date for such Bonds) after which interest ceases to be deferred and compounds and the interest becomes currently payable.

"Investment Securities" means any of the following securities, to the extent legal for investment of the District's funds: [a] Government Obligations and, to the extent from time to time permitted by law, [b] obligations of [i] Federal Home Loan Banks, senior debt obligations, [ii] Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, participation certificates and senior debt obligations, [iii] Student Loan Marketing Association, senior debt obligations, [iv] Resolution Funding Corporation and [v] Federal National Mortgage Association mortgage-backed securities and senior debt obligations; [c] money market funds registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933, and having a rating by Standard and Poor's of AAAm-G, AAAm or AAm; [d] certificates of deposit or time deposits of any bank, any branch of any bank, trust company or national banking association or any savings and loan association; provided, however, that such certificates of deposit or time deposits shall be fully secured, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, by Government Obligations in which the Bond Registrar has a perfected first security interest, [e] investment agreements (for investment of moneys held in the Construction and Acquisition Fund) or other investments approved in writing by the Insurer, [f] commercial paper rated at the time of purchase, "Prime-1" by Moody's and "A-1" or better by S&P, [g] bonds or notes issued by any state or municipality which are rated by Moody's and S&P in one of the two highest rating categories assigned by such agencies. [h] federal funds or banker acceptances with a maximum term of 1 year with a rating of "Prime-1" or "A-3" or better by Moody's and "A-1" or "A" or better by S&P, and [i] any repurchase agreement approved in writing by the Insurer or any repurchase agreement with a term not in excess of 30 days that is a legal investment for public funds under state law (as determined by a written legal opinion delivered to the District) and is with a primary dealer on the Federal Reserve reporting dealer list rated A or better by Moody's and S&P or any bank or trust company (including the Bond Registrar) rated "A" or better by Moody's and S & P for Government Obligations or obligations described in [b] above in which the Bond Registrar shall be given a first security interest and on which no third party shall have a lien. The underlying repurchase obligations must be valued weekly and marked to market at a current market price plus accrued interest of at least 104% (105% if the underlying securities are Federal National Mortgage Association Mortgage-backed securities and senior debt obligations) of the amount of the repurchase obligations of the bank or trust company. All obligations purchased must be transferred to the Bond Registrar or a third party agent by physical delivery or by an entry made on the records of the issuer of such obligations. Any investment in a repurchase agreement shall be considered to mature on the date the obligor providing the repurchase agreement is obligated to repurchase the obligations. Any investment in obligations described in [a] and [b] above may be made in the form of an entry made on the records of the issuer of the particular obligation.

The Bond Registrar, any Paying Agent, other Fiduciaries, or other custodian of funds of the District, respectively, may trade with itself in the purchase and sale of securities for such investment and may charge its ordinary and customary fees for such trades, including cash sweep account fees. In the absence of any direction from the District, the Bond Registrar, any Paying Agent, other Fiduciaries, or other custodian of funds of the District, respectively, shall invest all funds in sweep accounts, money market funds and similar short-term investments, provided that all such investments shall constitute Investment Securities.

"Maximum Interest Rate" means, with respect to any particular Variable Interest Rate Bond, an annual rate of interest, which shall be set forth in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bond, that shall be the maximum rate of interest such Bond may at any time bear.

"Minimum Interest Rate" means, with respect to any particular Variable Interest Rate Bond, an annual rate of interest which may (but need not) be set forth in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bond, that shall be the minimum rate of interest such Bond may at any time bear.

"Moody's" means Moody's Investors Service, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, its successors and their assigns, if any.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Net Revenues" for any period shall mean Revenues, less Operating Expenses for such period.

"Operating Expenses" means the District's reasonable, ordinary, usual or necessary current expenses of maintenance, repair and operation of the System, determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the enterprise basis of accounting. Operating Expenses shall include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, [i] expenses not annually recurring, [ii] administrative and engineering expenses (to the extent not paid or reimbursed as a Cost of Construction and Acquisition), payments to pension or retirement funds properly chargeable to the System, insurance premiums, fees and expenses of Paying Agents and legal expenses, [iii] interest on, redemption premium on, or principal of, Subordinated Debt, [iv] any other expenses required to be paid by the District under the provisions of the Resolution or by law and [v] amounts reasonably required to be set aside in reserves for operating items or expenses the payment of which is not then immediately required.

However, Operating Expenses do not include [i] reserves for extraordinary maintenance or repair, or any allowance for depreciation, or any deposits or transfers to the credit of the Bond Fund or the Renewal and Replacement Account, nor any amounts paid or required to be paid to the United States of America pursuant to the Resolution (except to the extent such rebate amounts must be paid from Revenues other than the investment income that generated the liability to the United States), [ii] non-capital Costs of Acquisition and Construction or other costs, to the extent composed of non-capital expenses, salaries, wages and fees that are necessary or incidental to capital improvements for which debt has been issued and which may be paid from proceeds of such debt or [iii] losses from the sale, abandonment, reclassification, revaluation or other disposition of properties of the System nor such property items, including taxes and fuel, which are capitalized pursuant to the then existing accounting practice of the District.

"Opinion of Counsel" means an opinion signed by an attorney or firm of attorneys of nationally recognized standing in the field of law relating to municipal bonds (who may be counsel to the District) selected by the District.

"Option Bonds" means Bonds which by their terms may be tendered by and at the option of the Holder thereof for payment or purchase by the District or a third party prior to the stated maturity thereof, or the maturities of which may be extended by and at the option of the Holder thereof.

"Outstanding" when used with reference to Bonds, means, as of any date, Bonds theretofore or thereupon being authenticated and delivered under the Resolution except:

- (i) Bonds cancelled pursuant to the Resolution at or prior to such date;
- (ii) Bonds (or portion of Bonds) for the payment or redemption of which monies, equal to the principal amount or Redemption Price thereof, as the case may be, with interest to the date of maturity or redemption date shall be held in trust under the Resolution and set aside for such payment or redemption (whether at or prior to the maturity or redemption date), provided that if such bonds (or portion of Bonds) are to be redeemed, notice of such redemption shall have

been given or provision satisfactory to the District shall have been made for the giving of such notice as provided in the Resolution;

- (iii) Bonds in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the Resolution;
  - (iv) Bonds deemed to have been paid as provided in the Resolution; and
- (v) Option Bonds deemed tendered in accordance with the provisions of the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds on the applicable adjustment or conversion date if interest thereon shall have been paid through such applicable date and the purchase price thereof shall have been paid or amounts are available for such payment as provided in the Resolution.

"Paying Agent" means any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association designated as paying agent for the Bonds of any Series, and its successor or successors hereafter appointed in the manner provided in the Resolution.

"Pledged Property" means and includes the following property, as and when received by or for the account of the District, in each case pending the application or expenditure thereof in accordance with the Resolution: [i] the proceeds of sale of Bonds, [ii] all Revenues, [iii] all amounts on deposit in the Funds or Accounts established under the Resolution, [iv] such other amounts as may be pledged from time to time by the District as security for the payment of Bonds and [v] all proceeds of the foregoing.

"Principal Installment" means, as of the date of calculation and with respect to any Series, so long as any Bonds thereof are Outstanding, [i] the principal amount of Bonds of such Series due on a certain future date for which no Sinking Fund Installments have been established (including the principal amount of Option Bonds tendered for payment and not purchased), [ii] the Sinking Fund Installment due on a certain future date for Bonds of such Series and [iii] if such future dates coincide, the sum of such principal amount and such Sinking Fund Installment.

"Project" means any project directly or indirectly related to the facilities provided or to be provided by the District which is to be included as part of the System and is permitted by the Act, and any modification or substitution of such facilities by the District.

"Record Date" means a Regular Record Date or a Special Record Date.

"Redemption Price" means, with respect to any Bond, the principal amount thereof plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof pursuant to such Bond.

"Refunding Bonds" means all Bonds, whether issued in one or more Series or as part of a Series, authenticated and delivered on original issuance pursuant to the Resolution.

"Renewal and Replacement Account" means the account of that name which is maintained pursuant to the Resolution.

"Reserve Account" means the Reserve Account of the Bond Fund.

"Resolution" means the Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution of the District originally adopted on December 9, 1992 and amended and restated in its entirety on June 30, 1993, as from time to time amended or supplemented.

"Revenue Fund" means the Revenue Fund which is maintained pursuant to the Resolution.

"Revenues" means all revenues, rates, fees, rents, charges and other operating income and receipts, as derived by or for the account of the District from or for the operation, use or services of the System, determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the enterprise basis of accounting. Revenues shall include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, [i] revenue from capital charges recovered or reimbursed to the District, capacity charges and service connection fees, [ii] acquisition surcharges and assessments levied by the District (regardless of whether any of the same are allocated or designated by the District for capital expenditures) and [iii] interest or other income received or to be received from any source, including but not limited to interest or other income received or to be received on any monies or securities held pursuant to the Resolution. Revenues shall not include customer deposits and contributions in aid of construction, except to the extent the same would constitute revenues or income in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

"S&P's" means Standard & Poor's Corporation, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, and its successors and their assigns, if any.

"Secretary-Treasurer" means the Secretary-Treasurer of the District, or such officer of the District as may succeed to the duties and responsibilities of the Secretary-Treasurer.

"Securities Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Securities Depository" means any securities depository that is a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act, operating and maintaining, with its participants or otherwise, a Book-Entry System to record ownership of beneficial interests in bonds and bond service charges, and to effect transfers of bonds in Book-Entry Form, and means, initially, The Depository Trust Company (a limited purpose trust company), New York, New York.

"Securities Depository Nominee" means any nominee of a Securities Depository and shall initially mean Cede & Co., New York, New York, as nominee of The Depository Trust Company.

"Senior Subordinated Debt" means any debt of the District subordinated to the Bonds and payable from the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund, including without limitation, such Notes of the District as may be issued pursuant to the Subordinate Debt Resolution of the District adopted on June 30, 1993, as the same may be amended from time to time.

"Senior Subordinated Debt Fund" means the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund which is maintained pursuant to the Resolution.

"Series" means all of the Bonds authenticated and delivered on original issuance and identified pursuant to the Resolution or any Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds as a separate Series of Bond, and any Bonds thereafter authenticated and delivered in lieu of or in substitution for such Bonds pursuant to the Resolution, regardless of variations in maturity, interest rate, Sinking Fund Installments, or other provisions.

"Sinking Fund Installment" means an amount so designated which is established pursuant to the Resolution.

"Subordinated Debt" means indebtedness of the System which is subordinate to the Bonds issued under the Resolution including the Senior Subordinated Debt.

"Supplemental Resolution" means any resolution supplemental to or mandatory of this Resolution adopted by the District in accordance with the Resolution.

"System" means [i] the sewer facilities, drainage facilities and all appurtenant facilities or any other facilities owned, operated or controlled by the District from time to time, [ii] any Project and [iii] all improvements, additions, extensions and betterments to the foregoing which may be hereafter acquired by the District by any means whatsoever.

"Valuation Date" means with respect to any Capital Appreciation Bonds and Capital Appreciation and Income Bonds, the date or dates set forth in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds on which specific Accreted Values or Appreciated Values are assigned to the Capital Appreciation Bonds and Capital Appreciation and Income Bonds, as the case may be.

"Variable Interest Rate" means a variable interest rate to be borne by a Series of Bonds or any one or more maturities within a Series of Bonds.

"Variable Interest Rate Bonds" for any period means bonds which during such period bear a Variable Interest Rate, provided that Bonds the interest rate on which shall have been fixed for the remainder of the term thereof shall no longer be Variable Interest Rate Bonds.

"Vice-Chairperson" means the Vice-Chairperson of the District, or such officer of the District as may succeed to the duties and responsibilities of the Vice-Chairperson.

## The Pledge Affected by the Resolution

The Bonds are special and limited obligations of the District payable, solely from and secured as to the payment of the principal and Redemption Price thereof, and interest thereon, in accordance with their terms and the provisions of the Resolution, solely from the Pledged Property. There are by the Resolution pledged and assigned as security for the payment of the principal and Redemption Price of, and interest on, the Bonds in accordance with their terms and the provisions of the Resolution, subject only to the provisions of the Resolution permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution, the Pledged Property.

# Establishment of Funds and Accounts; Application of Revenues

The Resolution establishes the following Funds and Accounts:

- (a) Construction and Acquisition Fund to be held by the District,
- (b) Revenue Fund to be held by the District,
- (c) Bond Fund to be held by the Paying Agent which shall consist of a Debt Service Account and a Reserve Account.
- (d) Renewal and Replacement Account to be held by the District, and
- (e) Senior Subordinated Debt Fund to be held by the District.

The District may, for accounting or allocation purposes, [i] establish one or more additional accounts or subaccounts within the Construction and Acquisition Account, the Revenue Fund, the Bond Fund or the Renewal and Replacement Account, or [ii] to the extent not expressly prohibited by other provisions hereof, commingle amounts between or among any or all of such Funds or Accounts, except the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund.

Construction and Acquisition Fund. There shall be paid into the Construction and Acquisition Fund the amounts required to be so paid by the provisions of the Resolution, and there may be paid into

the Construction and Acquisition Fund, at the option of the District, any monies received by the District from any source, unless required to be otherwise applied as provided by the Resolution. Amounts in the Construction and Acquisition Fund shall be applied to pay the Cost of Construction and Acquisition in the manner provided in the Resolution and the Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds to finance the Cost and Acquisition of a Project.

There shall be established within the Construction and Acquisition Fund a separate account for a Project.

The proceeds of insurance, if any, maintained pursuant to the Resolution against physical loss of or damage to the System, or of contractors' performance bonds or other assurances of completion with respect thereof, or pertaining to the period of construction thereof, shall be paid into the appropriate separate account in the Construction and Acquisition Fund.

The Secretary-Treasurer of the District shall make payments from the Construction and Acquisition Fund, except payments and withdrawals pursuant to the Resolution as described in the next paragraph, in the amounts, at the times, in the manner, and on the other terms and conditions set forth in the Resolution. The Secretary-Treasurer or other Authorized Officer of the District shall maintain adequate records in respect of all payments made, including [a] the particular account established within the Construction and Acquisition Fund from which such payment is to be made, [b] the name and address of the person, firm or corporation to whom payment is due, [c] the amount to be paid and [d] the particular item of the Cost of Construction and Acquisition to be paid and that the cost or the obligation in the stated amount is a proper charge against the Construction and Acquisition Fund which has not been previously paid. The Secretary-Treasurer shall issue a check for each payment required by such requisition or shall by interbank transfer or other method arrange to make the payment required by such requisition.

Notwithstanding any of the provisions of the Resolution as described under this caption, except as provided below, to the extent that other monies are not available therefor, amounts in the Construction and Acquisition Fund shall be applied to the payment of Principal Installments of and interest on Bonds when due; provided, however, that proceeds (and investment earnings thereon) from the issuance by the District of Senior Subordinated Debt shall not be subject to the priority in favor of the Bonds created by the Resolution, but may instead be pledged by the District as security and a source of payment first for the Senior Subordinated Debt pursuant to the resolution or resolutions of the District authorizing such Senior Subordinated Debt, in which event such amounts shall be applied to the payment of debt service on the Senior Subordinated Debt when due to the extent that other monies are not available therefor, and shall not be used to pay debt service on any Bonds if there is any Senior Subordinated Debt which remains outstanding and unpaid.

An adequate record of the completion of construction of a Project financed in whole or in part by the issuance of Bonds shall be maintained by an Authorized Officer of the District. The balance in the separate account in the Construction and Acquisition Fund established therefor shall be transferred to the Reserve Account in the Bond Fund, if and to the extent necessary to make the amount of such Account equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, and any excess amount shall be paid over or transferred to the District for deposit in the Revenue Fund.

#### Application of Revenues.

All Revenues shall be promptly deposited by the District upon receipt thereof into the Revenue Fund.

There shall be withdrawn in each month the following amounts, for deposit as set forth below and in the order of priority set forth below.

- (i) To the Bond Fund, [i] for credit to the Debt Service Account, the amount, if any, required so that the balance in such Account shall equal the Accrued Aggregate Debt Service as of the last day of the then current month or, if interest or principal are required to be paid to Holders of Bonds during the next succeeding month on a day other than the first day of such month, Accrued Aggregate Debt Service as of the day through and including which such interest or principal is required to be paid and [ii] for credit to the Reserve Account, the amount, if any, required for such Account, after giving effect to any surety bond, insurance policy, letter of credit or other similar obligation deposited in such Account pursuant to the Resolution, to equal one-twelfth (1/12) of the difference between [a] the amount then in the Reserve Account immediately preceding such deposit and [b] the actual Debt Service Reserve Requirement as of the last day of the then current month; and
- (ii) To the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund the amount, if any, required to pay the scheduled base and additional rental payments when due on the Senior Subordinated Debt and make deposits, if any, for reserves therefor, in accordance with the provisions of, and subject to the priorities and limitations and restrictions provided in, the Senior Subordinated Debt; and
- (iii) Each month the District shall pay from the Revenue Fund such amounts as are necessary to meet Operating Expenses for such month; and
- (iv) To the Renewal and Replacement Account, a sum equal to 1/12 of the amount, if any, provided in the Annual Budget to be deposited in the Renewal and Replacement Account during the then current Fiscal Year; provided that, if any such monthly allocation to the Renewal and Replacement Account shall be less than the required amount, the amount of the next succeeding monthly payment shall be increased by the amount of such deficiency.

The balance of monies remaining in the Revenue Fund after the above required payments have been made may be used by the District for any lawful purpose relating to the System; provided, however, that none of the remaining monies shall be used for any purpose other than those hereinabove specified unless all current payments and including all deficiencies in prior payments, if any, have been made in full and unless the District shall have complied fully with all the covenants and provisions of the Resolution.

So long as there shall be held in the Debt Service Account and the Reserve Account an amount sufficient to pay in full all Outstanding Bonds in accordance with their terms (including principal or applicable sinking fund Redemption Price and interest thereon), no transfers shall be required to be made to the Bond Fund; and provided further, that any deficiency in the Reserve Account, after giving effect to any surety bond, insurance policy or letter of credit deposited in such Account pursuant to the Resolution as described in the fourth paragraph under the caption "Bond Fund — Reserve Account" herein, other than a deficiency attributable to a withdrawal of amounts therefrom pursuant to the Resolution as described in the first paragraph under the caption "Bond Fund — Reserve Account" herein, shall be cured by depositing into the Reserve Account each month during the period commencing with the month following the month in which the determination of the deficiency was made an amount equal to one-twelfth (1/12th) of the deficiency, except that, if a new valuation of Investment Securities held in the Reserve Account is made pursuant to the Resolution during the period that such deposits are required, then the obligation of the District to make deposits during the balance of such period on the basis of the preceding valuation shall be discharged and the deposits, if any, required to be made for the balance of such period shall be determined under this proviso on the basis of the new valuation.

#### Bond Fund — Debt Service Account.

The Paying Agent, from amounts deposited therein, shall pay out of the Debt Service Account, [i] on or before each interest payment date for any of the Bonds, the amount required for the interest payable

on such date, [ii] no later than each Principal Installment due date, the amount required for the Principal Installment payable on such due date and [iii] no later than any redemption date for the Bonds, the amount required for the payment of interest on the Bonds then to be redeemed. In the case of Variable Interest Rate Bonds, the District shall furnish the Paying Agent with a certificate setting forth the amount to be paid on such Bonds on each interest payment date, such certificate shall be furnished on or prior to the appropriate Record Date with respect to any interest payment date. Such amounts shall be applied by the Paying Agents on or after the due dates thereof. The Paying Agent shall also pay out of the Debt Service Account, from amounts deposited therein, the accrued interest included in the purchase price of Bonds purchased for retirement.

Amounts accumulated in the Debt Service Account with respect to any Sinking Fund Installment may be applied on or prior to the 40th day next preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Installment, to [i] the purchase of Bonds of the Series and maturity for which such Sinking Fund Installment was established or [ii] the redemption at the applicable sinking fund Redemption Price of such Bonds, if then redeemable by their terms. All purchases of any Bonds pursuant to the Resolution as described in this paragraph shall be made at prices not exceeding the applicable sinking fund Redemption Price of such Bonds plus accrued interest. The applicable sinking fund Redemption Price (or principal amount of maturing Bonds) of any Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be deemed to constitute part of the Debt Service Account until such Sinking Fund Installment date, for the purpose of calculating the amount of such Account. As soon as practicable after the 40th day preceding the due date of any such Sinking Fund Installment, the District shall proceed to call for redemption, by giving notice as provided in the Resolution, on such due date Bonds of the Series and maturity for which such Sinking Fund Installment was established (except in the case of Bonds maturing on a Sinking Fund Installment date) in such amount as shall be necessary to complete the retirement of the unsatisfied balance of such Sinking Fund Installment. The District shall pay out of the Debt Service Account to the appropriate Paying Agents, on or before such redemption date (or maturity date), the amount required for the redemption of the Bonds so called for redemption (or for the payment of such Bonds then maturing), and such amount shall be applied by such Paying Agents to such redemption (or payment).

Unless otherwise provided by the District, upon any purchase or redemption pursuant to the Resolution of Bonds of any Series and maturity for which Sinking Fund Installments shall have been established, there shall be credited, in increments of \$5,000 to the extent practicable, toward each succeeding Sinking Fund Installment thereafter to become due on Bonds, of the same series and maturity (other than the Sinking Fund Installment next coming due) an amount bearing the same ratio, to the Sinking Fund Installment, as the total principal amount of Bonds purchased or redeemed bears to the total principal amount of all the Sinking Fund Installments to be credited. The portion of any principal Sinking Fund Installment remaining after the deduction of any such amounts are credited toward the same shall constitute the unsatisfied balance of such Sinking Fund Installment for the purpose of calculation of Sinking Fund Installments due on a future date.

The amount, if any, deposited in the Debt Service Account from the proceeds of each Series of Bonds shall be set aside in such Account and applied to the payment of interest on Bonds as provided in the Resolution or in accordance with certificates of the District delivered pursuant to the Resolution or, if the District shall modify or amend any such certificate by a subsequent certificate signed by an Authorized Officer of the District, then in accordance with the most recent amended certificate.

In the event of the refunding of any Bonds, the District may withdraw from the Debt Service Account in the Bond Fund all, or any portion of, the amounts accumulated therein with respect to Debt Service on the Bonds being refunded and deposit such amounts with itself to be held for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest on the Bonds being refunded; provided that such withdrawal shall not be made unless (a) immediately thereafter Bonds being refunded shall be deemed to have been paid pursuant to the Resolution as described herein under the caption "Defeasance,"

and (b) the amount remaining in the Debt Service Account in the Bond Fund, after giving effect to the issuance of Refunding Bonds and the disposition of the proceeds thereof, shall not be less than the requirement of such Account pursuant to the Resolution in the second paragraph under this caption. In the event of such refunding, the District may also withdraw from the Debt Service Account in the Bond Fund all, or any portion of, the amounts accumulated therein with respect to Debt Service on the Bonds being refunded and deposit such amounts in any fund or Account under the Resolution; provided, however, that such withdrawal shall not be made unless items (a) and (b) referred to hereinabove have been satisfied and provided, further, that, at the time of such withdrawal, there shall exist no deficiency in any Fund or Account held under the Resolution, as confirmed in writing to the Bond Registrar by the Secretary-Treasurer.

#### Bond Fund — Reserve Account.

If five days prior to any interest or Principal Installment due date with respect to any Series of Bonds payment for such interest or Principal Installment in full has not been made or provided for, the District shall forthwith withdraw from the Reserve Account an amount not exceeding the amount required to provide or such payment in full and deposit such amount in the Debt Service Account for application to such payment.

Whenever the amount in the Reserve Account shall exceed the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, after giving effect to any surety bond, insurance policy or letter of credit deposited in such Account pursuant to the Resolution as described in the fourth paragraph under this caption, such excess shall be deposited in the Debt Service Account.

Whenever the amount in the Reserve Account (exclusive of any surety bond, letter of credit or insurance policy therein), together with the amount in the Debt Service Account is sufficient to pay in full all Outstanding Bonds in accordance with their terms (including principal or applicable sinking fund Redemption Price and interest thereon), the funds on deposit in the Reserve Account shall be transferred to the Debt Service Account. Prior to said transfer, all investments held in the Reserve Account shall be liquidated to the extent necessary in order to provide for the timely payment of principal and interest (or Redemption Price) on the Bonds.

In lieu of the required transfers or deposits to the Reserve Account, the District may cause to be deposited into the Reserve Account a surety bond or an insurance policy for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds or a letter of credit in an amount equal to the difference between the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and the sums then on deposit in the Reserve Account, if any, after the deposit of such surety bond, insurance policy or letter or credit. Such difference may be withdrawn by the District and be deposited in the Revenue Fund. The surety bond, insurance policy or letter of credit shall be payable (upon the giving of notice as required thereunder) on any due date on which monies will be required to be withdrawn from the Reserve Account and applied to the payment of a Principal Installment of or interest on any Bonds and such withdrawal cannot be met by amounts on deposit in the Reserve Account. If a disbursement is made pursuant to a surety bond, an insurance policy or a letter of credit provided pursuant to this subsection, the District shall be obligated either (i) to reinstate the maximum limits of such surety bond, insurance policy or letter of credit or (ii) to deposit into the Reserve Account, funds in the amount of the disbursement made under such surety bond, insurance policy or letter of credit, or a combination of such alternatives, as shall provide that the amount in the Reserve Account equals the Debt Service Reserve Requirement. Any other provision under this caption to the contrary notwithstanding, for each particular Series of Bonds or portion thereof which is insured by an Insurer, the right of the District under the Resolution to cause a surety bond or an insurance policy to be deposited into the Reserve Account in lieu of the required transfers or deposits thereto shall be subject to the condition that the District obtain the prior written consent of the Insurer as to the structure and the issuer of such surety bond or insurance policy.

In the event of the refunding of any Bonds, the District may withdraw from the Reserve Account in the Bond Fund all, or any portion of, the amounts accumulated therein with respect to the Bonds being refunded and deposit such amounts with itself to be held for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest on the Bonds being refunded; provided that such withdrawal shall not be made unless (a) immediately thereafter the Bonds being refunded shall be deemed to have been paid pursuant to the Resolution as described in the second paragraph under the caption "Defeasance" herein, and (b) the amount remaining in the Reserve Account in the Bond Fund, after giving effect to the issuance of the Refunding Bonds and the disposition of the proceeds thereof, shall not be less than the Debt Service Reserve Requirement.

If any withdrawals are made from the Reserve Account pursuant to the Resolution, the resulting deficiency, if any, shall be remedied by the application of monthly payments into the Reserve Account as set forth in the Resolution, or by transfers from the Renewal and Replacement Account or both, until the amount on deposit in the Reserve Account is equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, whereupon such deposits shall be discontinued until such time, if any, that there is again a deficiency.

# Renewal and Replacement Account.

Monies to the credit of the Renewal and Replacement Account may be applied to the cost of major replacements, repairs, renewals, maintenance, betterments, improvements, reconstruction or extensions of the System or any part thereof as may be determined by the Board.

If at any time the monies in the Debt Service Account, the Reserve Account and the Revenue Fund shall be insufficient to pay the interest and Principal Installments becoming due on the Bonds, then the District shall transfer from the Renewal and Replacement Account for deposit in the Debt Service Account the amount necessary (or all the monies in said Fund if less than the amount necessary) to make up such deficiency.

Any balance of monies and securities in the Renewal and Replacement Account not required to meet a deficiency as set forth above or for any of the purposes for which the Renewal and Replacement Account was established, may, on direction of the District, be transferred from the Renewal and Replacement Account to the Reserve Account, if and to the extent necessary to make the amount in such Account equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, and any balance may be deposited in the Debt Service Account or the Revenue Fund.

#### Senior Subordinated Debt Fund.

Subject to the provisions of the Resolution described in the next paragraph, the District shall apply amounts in the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund to the payment of debt service or the scheduled base and additional rental payments when due on the Senior Subordinated Debt and make deposits, if any, for reserves therefor in accordance with the provisions of, and subject to the priorities and limitations and restrictions provided in, the Senior Subordinated Debt.

Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of the Resolution described under this caption, if at any time the amount on deposit in the Reserve Account shall be less than the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, the District shall forthwith transfer from the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund for deposit in the Reserve Account the amount necessary (or all moneys in said Senior Subordinated Debt Fund, if necessary) to make up such deficiency.

Amounts in the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund which the District at any time determines to be in excess of the requirements of such fund may, at the discretion of the District, be transferred to the Debt Service Account or the Renewal and Replacement Account.

#### **Investments**

In making any investment in any Investment Securities with monies in any Fund or Account established under the Resolution, the District may combine, to the extent permitted by law, or instruct such Fiduciary to combine, such monies with monies in any other Fund or Account, but solely for purposes of making such investment in such Investment Securities.

Monies held in the Bond Fund, the Revenue Fund, the Renewal and Replacement Account, the Senior Subordinated Debt Fund and the Construction and Acquisition Fund shall be invested and reinvested to the fullest extent practicable in Investment Securities, maturing not later than such times as shall be necessary to provide monies when needed for payments to be made from such Fund or Account. The Fiduciary, shall make all such investments of monies held by it in accordance with written instructions from time to time received from an Authorized Officer of the District.

Interest (net of that which represents a return of accrued interest) or gain realized on investments in such Funds and Accounts other than the Reserve Account of the Bond Fund, shall be paid into the Revenue Fund, provided that gain realized from the liquidation of an investment shall be governed by the provisions described below. Interest earned or gain realized on investments in the Reserve Account shall be transferred to the Debt Service Account, provided that gain realized from the liquidation of an investment shall be governed by the provisions of the Resolution as described in the first paragraph under the caption "Valuation and Sale of Investments" herein.

Nothing in the Resolution shall prevent any Investment Securities acquired as investments of or security for funds held under the Resolution from being issued or held in book-entry form on the books of the Department of the Treasury of the United States.

Nothing in the Resolution shall preclude any Fiduciary from investing or reinvesting monies through its respective trust department; provided, however, that the District may, in its discretion, direct that such monies be invested or reinvested in a manner other than through such respective trust department.

# **Valuation and Sale of Investments**

Obligations purchased as an investment of monies in any Fund or Account created under the provisions of the Resolution shall be deemed at all times to be a part of such Fund or Account. Any profit realized from the liquidation of such investment shall be credited to such Fund or Account, and any loss resulting from the liquidation of such investment shall be charged to the respective Fund or Account.

In computing the amount in any Fund or Account created under the provisions of the Resolution for any purpose provided in the Resolution, investments shall be valued at the then market price (as of the time of valuation) thereof. The accrued interest paid in connection with the purchase of an investment shall be included in the value thereof until interest on such investment is paid. Such computation shall be determined on June 30 and December 31 in each Fiscal Year and at such other times as the District shall determine.

#### **Additional Bonds**

One or more Series of Additional Bonds may be authenticated and delivered upon original issuance at any time or from time to time for the purpose of paying all or a portion of the Cost of Construction and Acquisition of a Project. The proceeds, including accrued interest, of the Additional Bonds of each Series shall be applied simultaneously with the delivery of such Bonds as provided in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series. The conditions for the issuance of Additional Bonds to finance the Acquisition and Construction of Additional Facilities include a certificate of an Authorized

Officer of the District setting forth (A) for any period of 12 consecutive calendar months within the 24 calendar months preceding the date of the authentication and delivery, the Net Revenues for such period, and (B) the Aggregate Net Debt Service during the same period for which Net Revenues are computed, with respect to all Series of Bonds which were then Outstanding (excluding from Aggregate Net Debt Service any Principal Installment or portion thereof which was paid from sources other than Net Revenues), and showing that the amount set forth in (A) is equal to or greater than 110% of the amount set forth in (B). The conditions for the issuance of Additional Bonds to finance the Acquisition and Construction of Additional Facilities include a certificate of an Authorized Officer of the District setting forth (A) for the last full Fiscal Year of 12 months (ending June 30) immediately preceding the date of the authentication and delivery, the Net Revenues for such period, or, at the option of the District, for the last 12 consecutive full calendar months immediately preceding the date of the authentication and delivery, the Net Revenues for such period, and (B) the estimated maximum Aggregate Net Debt Service in the current or any future Fiscal Year with respect to [i] all Series of Bonds which are then Outstanding and [ii] the Additional Bonds then proposed to be authenticated and delivered (and for this purpose all Series of Bonds Outstanding plus such proposed Additional Bonds shall be treated as a single Series; that is, the maximum Aggregate Net Debt Service shall be computed collectively with respect to all such Bonds, and not computed cumulatively or separately for each particular Series), and showing that the amount set forth in (A) is equal to or greater than 110% of the amount set forth in (B). For purposes of computing the amount set forth in (A), Net Revenues may be increased to reflect the following amounts: [i] any increases in the rates, fees, rents and other charges for services of the System made subsequent to the commencement of such period and prior to the date of such certificate, [ii] any estimated increases in Net Revenues caused by any Project or Projects having been placed into use and operation subsequent to the commencement of such period and prior to the date of such certificate, as if such Project or Projects had actually been placed into use and operation for the entire period chosen in (A) above and [iii] 75% of any estimated increases in Net Revenues which would have been derived from the operation of any Project or Projects with respect to which the Cost of Construction and Acquisition is to be paid from proceeds of the Additional Bonds proposed to be authenticated and delivered, as if such Project or Projects had actually been placed into use and operation for the entire period chosen in (A) above.

# **Refunding Bonds**

One or more Series of Refunding Bonds may be issued at any time to refund [i] Outstanding Bonds of one or more Series or [ii] one or more maturities within a Series of any Bonds. Refunding Bonds shall be issued in a principal amount sufficient, together with other monies available therefor, to accomplish such refunding and to make the deposits in the Funds and Accounts under the Resolution required by the provisions of the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds.

Refunding Bonds of each Series shall be authenticated and delivered by the Bond Registrar only upon satisfaction of the following conditions (in addition to the other documents required by the Resolution) of: [i] Instructions to the Bond Registrar, satisfactory to it, to give due notice of redemption, if applicable, of all the Bonds to be refunded on a redemption date or dates specified in such instructions, subject to the provisions of the Resolution described hereinafter under the caption "Defeasance"; [ii] if the Bonds to be refunded are not by their terms subject to redemption or will not be redeemed within the next succeeding 60 days, instructions to the escrow agent described in the Resolution, satisfactory to it, to mail the notice provided for in the Resolution described hereinafter under the caption "Defeasance" to the Holders of the Bonds being refunded; [iii] either (a) cash (including cash withdrawn and deposited pursuant to the Resolution as described herein under the captions "Bond Fund — Debt Service Account" and "Bond Fund — Reserve Account," respectively) in an amount sufficient to effect payment at the applicable Redemption Price of the Bonds to be refunded, together with accrued interest on such Bonds to the redemption date, which monies shall be held by the escrow agent described in the Resolution or any one or more of the Paying Agents in a separate account irrevocably in trust for and assigned to the respective Holders of the Bonds to be refunded or (b) Investment Securities in such principal amounts, of

such maturities, bearing such interest, and otherwise having such terms and qualifications and any monies, as shall be necessary to comply with the provisions of the Resolution as described herein under the caption "Defeasance", which Investment Securities and monies shall be held in trust and used only as provided in the Resolution described hereinafter under the caption "Defeasance"; and [iv] such further documents and monies as are required by the provisions of the Resolution or any Supplemental Resolution adopted pursuant to the Resolution.

The proceeds, including accrued interest, of the Refunding Bonds of each Series shall be applied simultaneously with the delivery of such Bonds for the purposes of making deposits in such Funds and Accounts under the Resolution as shall be provided by the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series of Refunding Bonds and shall be applied to the refunding purposes thereof in the manner provided in such Supplemental Resolution.

#### **Subordinated Debt**

The District may, at any time, or from time to time, issue debt or enter into a contract, lease, installment sale agreement or other instrument or lend credit to or guarantee debts, claims or other obligations of any person for any of its corporate purposes payable out of, and which may be secured by a pledge of, such amounts as may from time to time be available for the purpose of payment thereof; provided, however, that such pledge shall be, and shall be expressed to be, subordinate and junior in all respects to the pledge and lien created by the Resolution as security for the Bonds.

#### Creation of Liens; Sale and Lease of Property

The District shall not issue any bonds, notes, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness of similar nature, other than the Bonds, payable out of or secured by a pledge or assignment of the Pledged Property and shall not create or cause to be created any lien or charge on the Pledged Property; provided, however, that nothing contained in the Resolution shall prevent the District from issuing, if and to the extent permitted by law [i] evidences of indebtedness (a) payable out of monies in the Construction and Acquisition Fund as part of the Cost of Construction and Acquisition of the System or (b) payable out of, or secured by a pledge or assignment of, Revenues to be received on and after such date as the pledge of the Pledged Property provided in the Resolution shall be discharged and satisfied as provided in the Resolution or [ii] Subordinated Debt.

Facilities of the System shall not be sold, leased, mortgaged or otherwise disposed of, except as follows: A. The District may sell or exchange at any time and from time to time any property or facilities constituting part of the System, at such consideration as the District in its sole discretion deems reasonable or appropriate under all the circumstances, but only if it shall determine that ownership by the District of such property or facilities is not necessary or is not material for the purposes of the District in the operation of the System as a whole; or B. The District may lease or make contracts or grant licenses for the operation of, or make arrangements for the use of, or grant easements or other rights with respect to, any part of the System, provided that any such lease, contract, license, arrangement, easement or right [i] does not materially impede the operation by the District or its agents of the System and [ii] does not materially impair or adversely affect the rights or security of the Bondholders under the Resolution.

# **Operation and Maintenance of System**

The District shall at all times use its best efforts to operate or cause to be operated the System properly and in an efficient and economical manner, and shall use its best efforts to maintain, preserve and keep the same or cause the same to be so maintained, preserved and kept, with the appurtenances and every part and parcel thereof, in good repair, working order and condition, and shall from time to time make or cause to be made, all necessary and proper repairs, replacements and renewals so that at all times the operation of the System may be properly and advantageously conducted. In rendering any report,

certificate or opinion requested pursuant to the Resolution, an Authorized Officer of the District may rely upon information, certificates, opinions or reports required to be provided by others pursuant to the Resolution, and upon other sources which an Authorized Officer of the District considers reliable, and other considerations and assumptions as deemed appropriate by an Authorized Officer of the District.

# **Annual Budget**

On or before the first day of each Fiscal Year commencing with the Fiscal Year beginning July 1, 1993, the District shall prepare and adopt an Annual Budget for operating purposes for the ensuing Fiscal Year and will furnish copies thereof to any holder of any Bond. Said Annual Budget shall set forth in reasonable detail the estimated Revenues and Operating Expenses and other anticipated expenditures relating to the System for such Fiscal Year. Following the end of each fiscal quarter and at such other times as the District shall determine, the District shall review its estimates set forth in the Annual Budget for such Fiscal Year, and if a material change has occurred in such estimates, the District also may at any time adopt an amended Annual Budget for the remainder of the then current Fiscal Year.

## Rents, Rates, Fees and Charges

The District shall fix, establish, maintain and collect rates, fees, rents and charges for services of the System, which, together with other "Available Revenues" (as hereinafter defined) are expected to produce Available Revenues which will be at least sufficient for each Fiscal Year to pay the sum of: [a] an amount equal to 110% of the Aggregate Net Debt Service for such Fiscal Year; and [b] the amount, if any, to be paid during such Fiscal Year into the Reserve Account in the Bond Fund (other than amounts required to be paid into such Account out of the proceeds of Bonds); and [c] all Operating Expenses for such Fiscal Year as estimated in the Annual Budget; and [d] to the extent not included in the foregoing, an amount equal to the debt service on the Senior Subordinated Debt, any other Subordinated Debt or other debt of the District for such Fiscal Year computed as of the beginning of such Fiscal Year; and [e] amounts necessary to pay and discharge all charges or liens payable out of the Available Revenues when due and enforceable.

For purposes of the preceding paragraph, "Available Revenues" means (i) revenues from all rates, rents and charges and other operating income derived or to be derived by the District from or for the operation, use or services of the System, (ii) any other amounts received from any other source by the District and pledged by the District as security for the payment of Bonds and (iii) interest received or to be received on any moneys or securities held pursuant to the Resolution and paid or required to be paid into the Revenue Fund or required to be retained in the Debt Service Account in the Bond Fund or transferred to the Debt Service Account in the Bond Fund. "Available Revenues" will exclude, however, any interest income which is capitalized pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles and the enterprise basis of accounting for governmental enterprises, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and governmental grants, in-kind contributions of assets and any assessments levied by the District to the extent that such grants, in-kind contributions and assessments are not recognized as operating revenues, other revenues or extraordinary gains pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles for governmental enterprises, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Nothing herein under this caption or in the definition of "Available Revenues" for purposes of the covenant described in the preceding paragraph, shall be construed so as to prohibit the District from taking into account interest earned on moneys or securities held under the Resolution, and other income available or expected to be available in the ordinary course for the payment of Debt Service pursuant to the Resolution, in calculating Aggregate Net Debt Service on the Bonds for any calculation period for purposes hereof or otherwise, nor prohibit the District from taking into account interest earned on moneys or securities held under any Resolution or indenture or similar document adopted or entered into in connection with an issuance of Subordinated Debt, and other income available or expected to be available in the ordinary course for the payment of debt service on Subordinated Debt,

in calculating debt service payable on Subordinated Debt for any calculation period for purposes hereof or otherwise.

Promptly upon [i] any material decrease in the Revenues anticipated to be produced by any rates, fees, rents or charges or any later review thereof, [ii] any material increase in expenses of operation of the System not contemplated at the time of adoption of the rates, fees, rents and charges then in effect or any later review thereof or [iii] any other material change in the circumstances which were contemplated at the time such rates, fees, rents and charges were most recently reviewed, but not less frequently than once every 12 months, the District shall review the rates, fees, rents and charges so established and shall promptly establish or revise such rates, fees, rents and charges as necessary to comply with the foregoing requirements, provided that such rates, fees, rents and charges shall in any event produce Revenues sufficient, together with other Revenues, if any, available therefor, to enable the District to comply with all its covenants under the Resolution.

In estimating Aggregate Debt Service or Aggregate Net Debt Service on any Variable Interest Rate Bonds for purposes of the first paragraph under this caption, the District shall be entitled to assume that such Variable Interest Rate Bonds will bear such interest rate or rates as the District shall determine; provided, however, that the interest rate or rates assumed shall not be less than the interest rate borne by such Variable Interest Rate Bonds at the time such estimate is made.

#### **Insurance**

#### Maintenance of Insurance.

The District shall provide protection for the System to the extent necessary to properly conduct the business of the System. Said protection may consist of insurance, self-insurance and indemnities. Any insurance shall be in the form of policies or contracts for insurance with insurers of good standing, shall be payable to the District and may provide for such deductibles, exclusions, limitations, restrictions and restrictive endorsements customary in policies for similar coverage issued to entities operating properties similar to the properties of the System.

# Application of Insurance Proceeds.

In the event of any loss or damage to the System covered by insurance, the District will, with respect to each such loss, promptly repair, reconstruct or replace the parts of the System affected by such loss or damage to the extent necessary to the proper conduct of the operation of the business of the System, shall cause the proceeds of such insurance to be applied for that purpose to the extent required therefor, and pending such application shall hold the proceeds of any insurance policy covering such damage or loss in trust to be applied for that purpose to the extent required therefor. Any excess insurance proceeds received by the District shall be transferred to the Revenue Fund.

# **Accounts and Reports**

The District shall keep or cause to be kept proper books of record and account (separate from all other records and accounts) in which complete and correct entries shall be made of its transactions relating to the System and each Fund and Account established under the Resolution and which, together with all other books and papers of the District, including insurance policies, relating to the System, shall at all times be subject to the inspection of the Bondholders and the Holders of an aggregate of not less than ten percent (10%) in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding or their representatives duly authorized in writing.

The District shall annually, within 180 days after the close of each Fiscal Year commencing with the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1993, prepare an audit for such Fiscal Year, accompanied by a certificate

of an Accountant relating to the System which shall include the following statements in reasonable detail: a statement of assets and liabilities as of the end of such Fiscal Year; and a statement of Revenues and Operating Expenses for such Fiscal Year. Such Certificate shall state whether or not, to the knowledge of the signer, the District is in default with respect to any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in the Resolution, and if so, the nature of such default.

The reports, statements and other documents required pursuant to any provisions of the Resolution shall be available for the inspection of Bondholders and shall be mailed to each Bondholder who shall file a written request therefor with the District. The District may charge for such reports, statements and other documents, a reasonable fee to cover reproduction, handling and postage.

# Tax Covenants Relating to the Internal Revenue Code

The District shall do the following with respect to Bonds which, when initially issued, are the subject of an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that interest thereon is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor thereto (the "Code"): [a] in order to maintain the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, and for no other purpose, the District shall comply with the Code; [b] in furtherance of the covenant contained in the preceding paragraph, the District shall make any and all payments required to be made to the United States Department of the Treasury in connection with the Bonds pursuant to Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code; and [c] Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolution to the contrary, so long as necessary in order to maintain the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds for Federal income tax purposes, the covenants contained in this Section thereon, including any payment or defeasance thereof pursuant to the Resolution as described under the caption "Defeasance" herein.

#### **Events of Default**

Each of the following events (being those provided by Section 76.160 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes) is hereby declared an "event of default"; that is, if: [a] payment of the principal of any of the Bonds is not made on the date therein specified for payment thereof, nor within thirty (30) days thereafter, or payment of any installment of interest is not made on the date specified for such payment, nor within thirty (30) days thereafter, or [b] default shall be made in the due and punctual observance or performance of any of the covenants, conditions and agreements on the part of the District, in the Bonds or in the Resolution, or in any pertinent law contained, and such default shall continue for a period of thirty (30) days.

# **Rights Arising Upon Occurrence of Event of Default**

That upon the happening of any event of default specified in the Resolution as described immediately above, the provisions of said Section 76.160 of Kentucky Revised Statutes shall become operative, and the holder or holders of twenty percent (20%) in principal amount or more of the Bonds then Outstanding pursuant to the Resolution may, by an instrument or instruments filed in the office of the County Clerk of Jefferson County, Kentucky, and approved or acknowledged in the same manner as a deed to be recorded, apply to a Judge in the Circuit Court of such County to appoint a trustee to represent all of the Bondholders. Upon such application, such Judge shall appoint a trustee and such trustee may, and upon the written request of the holder or holders of twenty percent (20%) in principal amount or more of the Bonds Outstanding under the Resolution, shall, in his or its name, (a) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law, or in equity, including mandatory injunction, enforce all rights of the District to collect rates, rentals and other charges adequate to carry out any agreement as to, or pledge of, the revenues and income of the District, and to require the District and its officers to carry out any other agreement with the Bondholders and to perform its and their duties imposed by law; (b) bring suit upon the Bonds; (c) by action or suit in equity require the District to account as if it were the trustee of an

express trust for the Bondholders; (d) by action or suit in equity enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of Bondholders; (e) declare all Bonds due and payable; and (f) pursue any other rights or remedies available at law or in equity. For any Bonds registered in Book-Entry Form, notwithstanding the above definition of "Bondholder," the Paying Agent shall be entitled to rely upon written instructions from a majority of the beneficial owners of the Bonds with reference to consent, if any, required from Holders pursuant to the terms of the Resolution.

Any such trustee, whether or not all Bonds have been declared due and payable, shall be entitled as of right upon application to such Court to the appointment of a receiver, who may enter upon and take possession of the System, or any part or parts thereof, and operate and maintain the same, and collect and receive all rentals, rates, and other charges, and other revenues and income, of the District, thereafter arising therefrom, in the same manner as the District and its officers might do, and shall deposit all such monies in a separate account and apply the same in such manner as such Court shall direct. In any suit, action or proceeding, by the trustee, the fees, counsel fees and expenses of the trustee and of the receiver, if any, shall constitute disbursements taxable as costs. All costs and disbursements allowed by the Court shall be a first charge on any revenue and income derived from the System. Such trustee shall, in addition to the foregoing, have and possess all of the powers necessary or appropriate for the exercise of any functions specifically set forth herein or incident to the general representation of the Bondholders in the enforcement and protection of their rights.

## **Rights of Insurer**

Any other provision of the Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, and to the extent permitted by law (including the Act), for each particular Series of Bonds or portion thereof that is insured by an Insurer, the exercise by the court appointed trustee or the Bondholders of any rights, powers or privileges granted thereto in the Resolution shall require the written consent of the Insurer, if the Insurer is not then in breach or default of its obligations under its insurance policy.

#### **Bond Registrar**; Paying Agents

The Resolution permits the appointment by the District of a Bond Registrar and one or more Paying Agents. Any Paying Agent or Bond Registrar may at any time resign and be discharged of the duties and obligations created by the Resolution by giving at least 60 days written notice to the District and the other Paying Agents or Bond Registrars. Any Paying Agent or Bond Registrar may be removed at any time by an instrument filed with such Paying Agent or Bond Registrar and signed by an Authorized Officer of the District. Any successor Paying Agent or Bond Registrar shall be appointed by the District and shall be a bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States or a national banking association, having capital stock, surplus and undivided earnings aggregating at least \$10,000,000, and willing and able to accept the office on reasonable and customary terms and authorized by law to perform all the duties imposed upon it by the Resolution.

# **Amendments and Supplemental Resolutions**

Any modification or amendment of the Resolution and of the rights and obligations of the District and of the Holders of the Bonds thereunder, in any particular, may be made by a Supplemental Resolution, with the written consent given as provided in the Resolution of [i] the Holders of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time such consent is given and [ii] if less than all of the Series of Bonds then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, the Holders of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds of each Series so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given; provided that if such modification or amendment will, by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified like Series and maturity remain Outstanding, the consent of the Holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of any calculation of Outstanding Bonds under this Section. No such modification or

amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption (including Sinking Fund Installments) or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereof without the consent of the Holder of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the Holders of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of any Fiduciary without its written assent thereto. For the purpose of this caption, a Series shall be deemed to be affected by a modification or amendment of the Resolution if the same adversely affects or diminishes the rights of the Holders of Bonds of such Series. The District may in its sole discretion determine whether or not, in accordance with the foregoing powers of amendment, Bonds of any particular Series or maturity would be affected by any modification or amendment of the Resolution and any such determination shall be binding and conclusive on the District and all Holders of Bonds.

For any one or more of the following purposes and at any time or from time to time, a Supplemental Resolution of the District may be adopted, which, when adopted, shall be fully effective in accordance with its terms: [1] to close the Resolution against, or provide limitations and restrictions in addition to the limitations and restrictions contained in the Resolution on, the authentication and delivery of Bonds or the issuance of other evidences of indebtedness; or [2] to add to the covenants and agreements of the District in the Resolution, other covenants and agreements to be observed by the District which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the resolutions as theretofore in effect; or [3] to add to the limitations and restrictions in the Resolution, other limitations and restrictions to be observed by the District which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Resolution as theretofore in effect; or [4] to authorize Bonds of a Series; or [5] to authorize one or more series of Subordinated Debt; or [6] to authorize, in compliance with all applicable law, Bonds of each Series to be issued in the form of coupon Bonds; or [7] to authorize, in compliance with all applicable law, Bonds of each Series to be issued in the form of Bonds issued and held in book-entry form on the books of the District or any Fiduciary appointed for that purpose by the District; or [8] notwithstanding any other provisions of the Resolution, to authorize Bonds of a Series having terms and provisions different than the terms and provisions theretofore provided in the Resolution; or [9] to confirm, as further assurance, any pledge or assignment under, and the subjection to any security interest, pledge or assignment created or to be created by, the Resolution of the Pledged Property and Credit Facilities or other agreements; or [10] to comply with the provisions of any federal or state securities law, including, without limitation, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended or comply with Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or 1954, as applicable, as amended, or successor provisions; or [11] to modify any of the provisions of the Resolution in any other respect whatever, provided that [i] such modification shall be, and be expressed to be, effective only after all Bonds of each Series Outstanding at the date of the adoption of such Supplemental Resolution shall cease to be Outstanding and [ii] such Supplemental Resolution shall be specifically referred to in the text of all Bonds of any Series authenticated and delivered after the date of the adoption of such Supplemental Resolution and of Bonds issued in exchange therefore or in place thereof; or [12] to cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency provided that there is no material adverse impact on Bondholders.

# Consent of the Insurer When Consent of Bondholder Required; Notice

The Insurer, and not the registered Holders thereof, shall be deemed to be the Holder of Bonds of any Series as to which it is the Insurer at all times for the purpose of giving any approval or consent to the execution and delivery of any Supplemental Resolution or any amendment, change or modification of the Resolution which, as specified in the Resolution, requires the written approval or consent of the Holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of Bonds of such Series at the time Outstanding. In such cases where the consent of the Insurer shall be necessary pursuant to the Resolution for the execution of a particular amendment, the District shall be required to send a copy of such amendment to S&P's. In addition, in such cases where the consent of the Insurer shall not be necessary pursuant to the

Resolution for the execution of a particular amendment, the District shall provide the Insurer with written notice of such amendment prior to or within a reasonable time after the execution thereof.

#### **Defeasance**

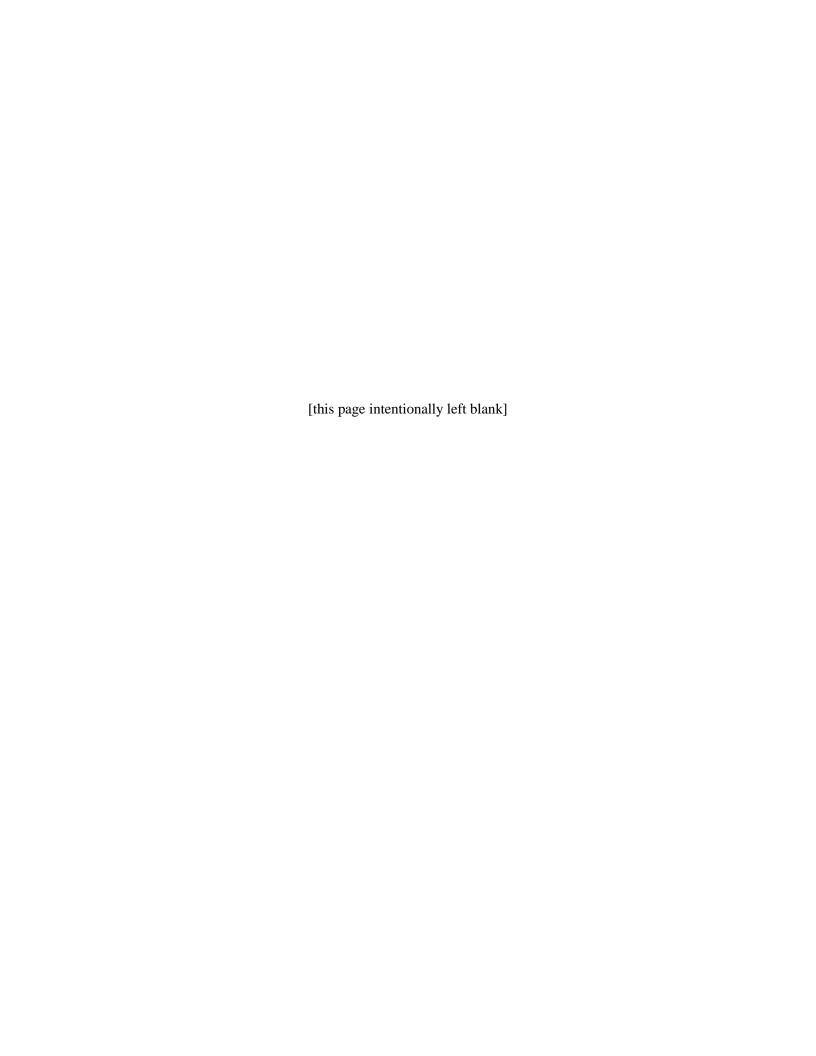
If the District shall pay or cause to be paid, or there shall otherwise be paid, to the Holders of all Bonds the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest due or to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated in the Bonds and in the Resolution, then the pledge of the Pledged Property and all covenants, agreements and other obligations of the District to the Bondholders, shall thereupon cease, terminate and become void and be discharged and satisfied.

Bonds or interest installments, or portions thereof, for the payment or redemption of which monies shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Paying Agents (through deposit by the District of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) at the maturity or redemption date thereof shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the Resolution. Subject to the provisions of the Resolution, any Outstanding Bonds shall prior to the maturity or redemption date thereof be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the Resolution if the following conditions are met: (a) if any of such Bonds are to be redeemed on any date prior to their maturity, the District shall have instructed the Bond Registrar to mail as provided in the Resolution notice of redemption of such Bonds (other than Bonds which have been purchased or otherwise acquired by the District and delivered to the Bond Registrar as hereinafter provided prior to the mailing of notice of redemption), (b) there shall have been deposited with an escrow agent either cash (including amounts, if any, withdrawn and deposited pursuant to the Resolution as described herein under the captions "Bond Fund--Debt Service Account" and "Bond Fund--Reserve Account") in an amount which shall be sufficient, or Defeasance Obligations (including any Defeasance Obligations issued or held in book-entry form on the books of the Department of the Treasury of the United States) the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide cash which, together with any other cash on deposit with the escrow agent, shall be sufficient, to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest due and to become due on the Bonds on or prior to the redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be and (c) if the Bonds are not by their terms subject to redemption within the next succeeding 60 days, the District shall have instructed the Bond Registrar to mail a notice to the Holders of such Bonds to be paid or redeemed, that the deposit required by (b) above has been made and that the Bonds are deemed to have been paid in accordance with this Section and stating the maturity or redemption date upon which monies are expected to be available for the payment.

Such escrow agent shall, as and to the extent necessary, apply amounts held by it pursuant to this Section to the retirement of Bonds in amounts equal to the unsatisfied balances (determined as provided in the Resolution as described herein under the caption "Bond Fund--Debt Service Account") of any Sinking Fund Installments with respect to such Bonds, all in the manner provided in the Resolution. The escrow agent shall, if so directed by the District prior to the maturity or redemption date, as applicable, of Bonds deemed to have been paid in accordance with the provisions of the Resolution described under this caption, apply cash, redeem or sell Defeasance Obligations so deposited with such escrow agent and apply the proceeds thereof, together with any cash on deposit with the escrow agent, to the purchase of such Bonds (and the Bond Registrar shall immediately thereafter cancel all such Bonds so purchased and delivered to it); provided, however, that the cash and Defeasance Obligations remaining on deposit with such escrow agent after the purchase and cancellation shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, as applicable, and interest due or to become due on all remaining Bonds in respect of which such cash and Defeasance Obligations are being held by such escrow agent on or prior to the redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be. Except as otherwise provided in the Resolution, neither Defeasance Obligations nor cash deposited with such escrow agent pursuant to the Resolution nor principal or interest payments on any such Defeasance Obligations shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal or Redemption

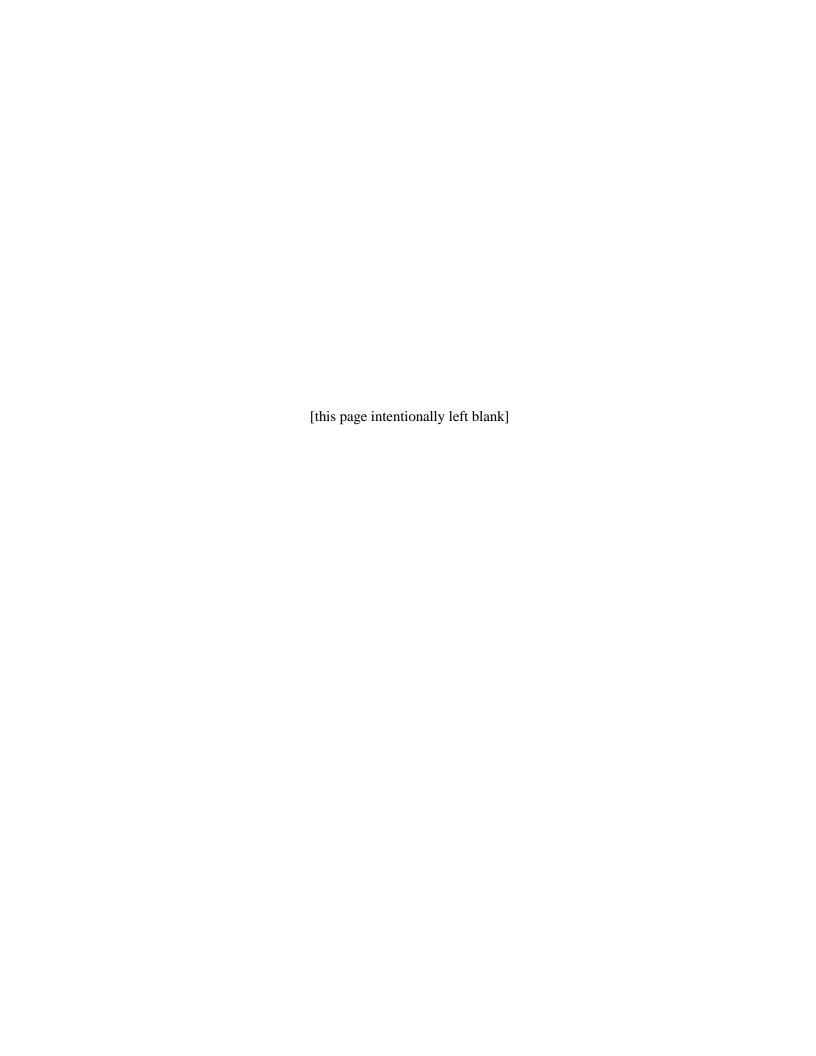
Price, as applicable, and interest on the Bonds with respect to which such cash and Defeasance Obligations have been deposited. Any excess cash received from such principal or interest payments on such Defeasance Obligations shall be paid over to the District as received by such escrow agent, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge.

Notwithstanding any of the provisions of the Resolution regarding Defeasance, no forward supply contract shall constitute a "Defeasance Obligation" or otherwise be used to refund all or any portion of Bonds which are insured as to the payment of principal and interest by an Insurer, without first obtaining the prior written consent of such Insurer.



# APPENDIX B

AUDITED FINANCIAL S	TATEMENTS FO	R THE FISCAL	YEAR ENDED	JUNE 30, 2015



# LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY, KY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT (MSD)

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE LOUISVILLE KY METRO GOVERNMENT

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

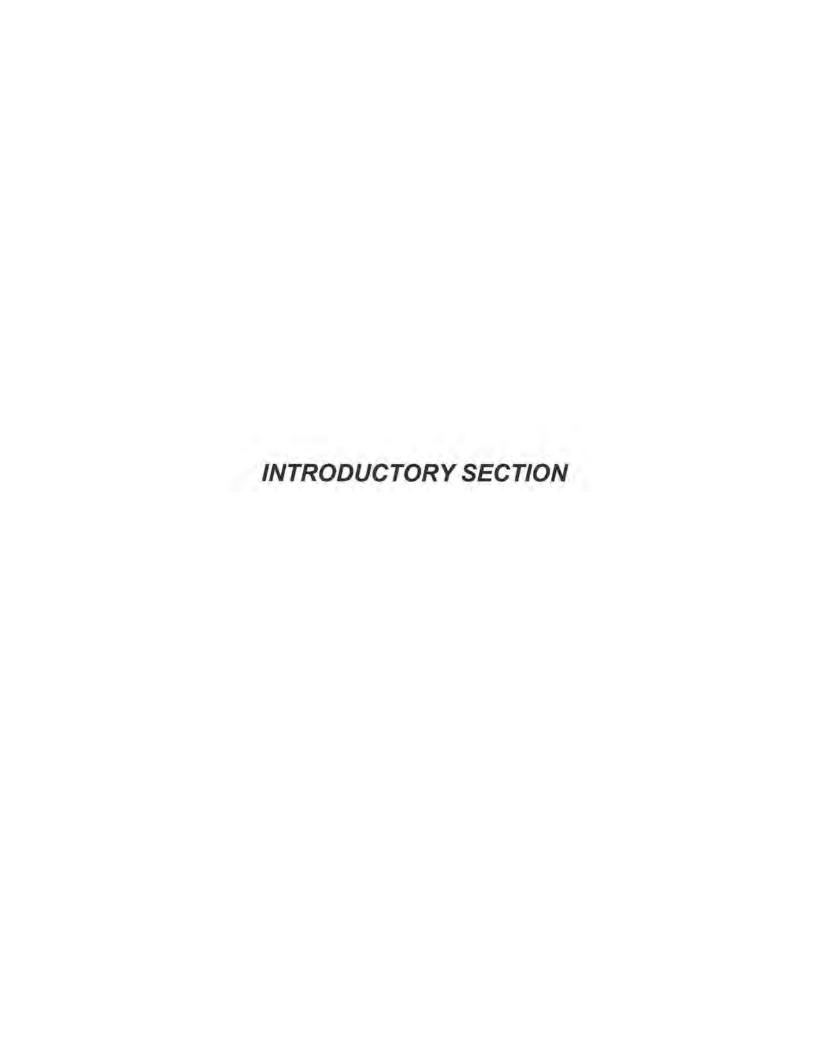
FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

Prepared by the Division of Budget and Finance Chad Collier, CFO, Secretary/Treasurer

# LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

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Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District 700 West Liberty Street Louisville Kentucky 40203-1911 502-540-6000 www.msdlouky.org

### Letter of Transmittal

October 26, 2015

Customers, Investors and MSD Board Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of the Louisville and Jefferson County, Kentucky, Metropolitan Sewer District ("MSD") for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 ("2015") and June 30, 2014 ("2014") is submitted herewith. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with MSD. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of MSD has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect its assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of MSD's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP").

Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, MSD's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of MSD's knowledge and belief, the accompanying data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of MSD. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to understand MSD's financial activities have been included. We encourage readers to review the narrative introduction, overview, and analysis found in Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") along with the footnotes that accompany the financial statements.

### Profile of MSD

MSD was created in 1946 as a public body corporate and subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky ("the Commonwealth"). MSD has complete control, possession and supervision of the sewer and drainage systems within the majority of Louisville Metro, which now comprises all of Jefferson County, Kentucky. Chapter 76 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes authorizes MSD to construct additions, betterments, and extensions within its service area and to recover the cost of its services in accordance with rate schedules adopted by its Board.

MSD is considered a component unit of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government ("Louisville Metro Government"). The Louisville Metro Mayor appoints, with the approval of the Louisville Metro Council, the members to MSD's governing Board. The Board, which has statutory authority to enter into contracts and agreements for the management, regulation and financing of MSD, manages its business and activities. The Board has full statutory responsibility for approving and revising MSD's budgets, for financing deficits and for disposition of surplus funds. MSD has no special financial relationship with the Louisville Metro Government; however, effective July 1, 2006, MSD began providing free sewer and drainage services to the Metro government. The value of these services in 2015 was \$5.8 million.

### Economic Condition and Outlook

MSD's sanitary sewer and drainage service areas lie within Jefferson County, which, with a 2014 population of approximately 760,026, is Kentucky's largest and the center of the seven Kentucky and Indiana counties which comprise the Louisville metropolitan area ("Greater Louisville"). The employment count (not seasonally adjusted) for the Louisville Metropolitan Statistical Area ("Louisville MSA") increased in June 2015 to 602,845; an increase of 2,010 from the June 2014 level of 600,835. The June 2015 unemployment rate for the Louisville MSA was 4.7% compared to a rate in June 2014 of 6.8%, a national average rate of 5.5% and a state average rate of 5.4% for this same time period.

The Metro Mayor is Greg Fischer, who began his term as Mayor in January 2011. Mayor Fischer replaced former Mayor Jerry E. Abramson, who served as Mayor of the city of Louisville for 13 years, from January 1986 through 1998 and as Mayor of Louisville Metro from January 2003 through 2010.

The Louisville area experienced significant economic prosperity during the 1990s. Louisville's growth was driven primarily by the manufacturing and service sectors. In the 1990s, Louisville saw major investments at the two Ford Motor plants and at General Electric's Appliance Park. Other notable developments in the 1990s included an expanded airport, several new industrial parks, an expanded convention center, a new football stadium, a large riverboat casino in nearby Harrison County, Indiana, a new minor league baseball stadium, a revived downtown, a redeveloped riverfront, and a thriving real estate market.

While the national trend of economic expansion stalled, local economic investment continued, but at a slower pace than in previous years. Investment in the service sector is still ongoing. The service sector includes healthcare, insurance, restaurants, and the like, and the distribution industry, which may be the single most important economic growth industry in Louisville Metro today and for the foreseeable future. The most notable local example is United Parcel Service (UPS). UPS completed a \$1.1 billion, automated sorting facility, UPS Worldport, at Louisville International Airport in September 2002. Worldport is UPS's all points, worldwide sorting facility for express mail packages. Continued UPS expansion of Worldport for an additional \$1+ billion was completed in May 2010. This expansion included the addition of two aircraft load/unload "wings" to the hub, followed by the installation of a high-speed conveyor and computer control system and increased Worldport by 1.2 million square feet to 5.2 million square feet.

The local transportation infrastructure and distribution network continues to attract other businesses to the area. Louisville International Airport ranked third in 2013 among U.S. airports for air cargo volume and seventh worldwide. The airport handled over 2.29 metric tons of cargo, freight and mail in 2014, up from 2.22 metric tons in 2013. (1)

### **Economic Condition and Outlook (continued)**

The following are examples of recent and continuing local development activities and accomplishments:

- In September 2014, the International Trade Administration released its 2014 rankings for U.S. metropolitan area exports. Exports were stable compared to 2013 at \$8.9 Million. Louisville ranked 37 overall for total exports. (2)
- Greater Louisville, Inc. the Metro Chamber of Commerce, tracks how Louisville Metro is viewed from the outside. Several notable observations are: (3):
  - ✓ Louisville ranked 22nd out of 373 MSAs on "Area Development Magazine's" Leading Locations for 2015 list after coming in at 120 last year.
  - ✓ TIME magazine named Louisville in its top 20 for America's Best Food Cities; Fodor's "2015 Places to Go" listed Louisville; Trivago named Louisville among "America's 50 Best Value Destinations"; National Geographic Traveler named Louisville one of its "Best of the World destinations"; Zagat Restaurant Digest named Louisville's NuLu as one of the "Top 20 Hot Food Neighborhoods."
  - ✓ Louisville was ranked in the top 10 cities for first-time homebuyers by *Business Insider* and 8th in *Forbes*' 2014 "America's Most Affordable Cities."
  - ✓ The State Entrepreneurship Index ranked Kentucky No. 4 for its ability to create new businesses and Site Selection Magazine placed Kentucky 8th in the country in its 2014 Top State Business Climate ranking.
  - ✓ Rolling Stone Magazine ranked Louisville's KFC Yum! Center as the seventh-best arena or stadium for concerts in America, and Louisville Slugger Field ranked #2 in USA Today Travel's "10 Best Minor League Ballparks in U.S."

Six hotel projects have begun or been announced in downtown Louisville in 2014/2015.(4) The largest project is a \$261 million development that includes a 600-room Omni Hotel, 200 apartments, and a grocery store. (5) In July 2014, the Kentucky International Convention Center announced a \$176 million dollar expansion.(6)

In September 2014, GE announced it would sell its appliance division located in Louisville's Appliance Park to Electrolux for \$3.3 billion. Employment at Appliance Park remains stable and a \$250 million investment is planned.(7) Electrolux and GE continue negotiations, but the deal faces regulatory hurdles, as the U.S. Justice Department has sued to stop the deal. (8)

- Preliminary World Airport Traffic and Rankings 2014. Airports Council International North America. March 26, 2015
- (2) Exports from U.S. Metropolitan Areas. International Trade Association, U.S. Department of Commerce. Accessed August 13, 2015, from http://tse.export.gov/metro/SelectReports.aspx?DATA=Metro
- (3) Source -- http://www.greaterlouisville.com/Templates/ED/ed\_2rows.aspx?pageid=1286
- (4) Louisville Could Be Getting Another Downtown Hotel. Louisville Business First. September 9, 2014
- (5) Omni Hotel Headlines \$261 Million Downtown Development Project. Louisville Business First. March 6, 2014
- (6) Tourism Officials Excited About Convention Center Upgrade, Downtown Hotel Developments, Louisville Business First, July 18, 2014
- (7) GE in midst of spending \$250 million on Appliance Park upgrades. Louisville Business First. Apr 23, 2015
- (8) U.S. sues to stop Electrolux acquiring GE's appliance business. Reuters. July 1, 2015

During 2015, MSD continued to benefit from a diversified customer base. Fifty-two percent (52%) of its service charge revenue came from residential customers with the remaining forty-eight percent (48%) coming from commercial and industrial customers. During 2015, sewer accounts increased by 13,288, or 5.5%, to 253,462.

### Major Initiatives:

### MSD Strategic Business Plan

In 2014, MSD completed a new Strategic Business Plan for 2014 -2018. The Strategic Business Plan resulted in new MSD vision and mission statements, as well as eight strategies that "are the road map of the future."

### Vision

- Achieving Clean, Safe Waterways for a Healthy and Vibrant Community
- Mission
- Providing Exceptional Wastewater, Drainage, and Flood Protection Services for Our Community

### Strategies

- Build MSD's Brand Promise
- Provide Premium Customer Care and Service
- Improve Information Technology Systems
- · Invest in Infrastructure and Ensure Compliance with Amended Consent Decree
- Develop Disaster Response and Business Continuity Plan
- Develop and Invest in Employees
- Implement Partnerships
- Ensure Financial Viability

### **New Organization Structure**

During February of 2014, the senior management team announced a new organizational structure aligned to meet both MSD's strategic objectives and operational requirements. The primary changes involve placing all engineering activities under the Chief Engineer and aligning the operating areas into Treatment, Collections and Drainage and Flood Protections Departments under the Chief of Operations. This new alignment will facilitate MSD's transition from 18 wastewater plants to 5 regional plants by 2016. It will also optimize operations, ensure compliance with the Amended Consent Decree and allow for partnering opportunities with the Louisville Water Company on the Mayor's One Water initiative. The new management structure is shown on the organizational chart following this section, and a complete organizational chart can be found on MSD's web site.

### Comprehensive 20-Year Facilities Plan

The intent of the Comprehensive 20-Year Facilities Plan is to identify and prioritize the future capital program and rate structure of MSD over the next 20-year period. A public outreach and external stakeholder involvement component is included to help shape the values-based risk management approach, gain insight on community needs, and provide information to customers on the relationship between the level of protection requested and the corresponding cost of service that is acceptable. The Plan will aid MSD in defining the extent of utility-wide infrastructure needs, the schedule for which they should be accomplished to achieve the desired level of protection, and the associated cost of service for short and long-term budgeting purposes. An engineering consulting firm has been hired to complete this plan over the next year.

### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

Investment Policy and Performance

In November 2012, MSD's Board approved a new Investment Policy to insure that all investment activity regarding all MSD's funds be in conformance with KRS 66.480. The primary objectives contained in MSD's Investment Policy, in priority order, are safety, liquidity and yield.

- Safety safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program.
   Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio.
- Liquidity the investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. The portfolio shall be structured so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands (static liquidity) and, to meet unanticipated cash demands, the portfolio should consist largely of securities with active secondary markets (dynamic liquidity).
- Yield the investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints of safety and liquidity needs. The core of investments are limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed with securities generally being held to maturity.

MSD's Investment Policy identifies the types of investments permitted as those defined by KRS 66.480. The investment portfolio will be managed in accordance with the parameters specified within the policy and monthly reports will be provided to the Board for their review to insure that appropriate measures have been implemented to minimize investment risks.

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in insured certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, commercial paper and obligations of the U.S. Treasury. MSD's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks, while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, deposits either were insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized.

Gross investment earnings in 2015 was \$17.6 million compared to gross investment earnings of \$20.3 million in 2014.

### Other Information

Independent Audit

MSD is required by law and its Revenue Bond Resolution to undergo an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. Crowe Horwath, LLP was selected by the MSD Board to conduct the 2015 audit. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of MSD for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that MSD's financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United State. The auditors' opinion and report on the basic financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to MSD for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the 25th consecutive year that MSD has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, MSD must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. The report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. MSD believes that its current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will submit the current report to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank the MSD Board and Executive Management for their continued support and fiscally responsible management of MSD's financial resources.

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Respectfully submitted,

Maria B. Mullaney

Controller



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

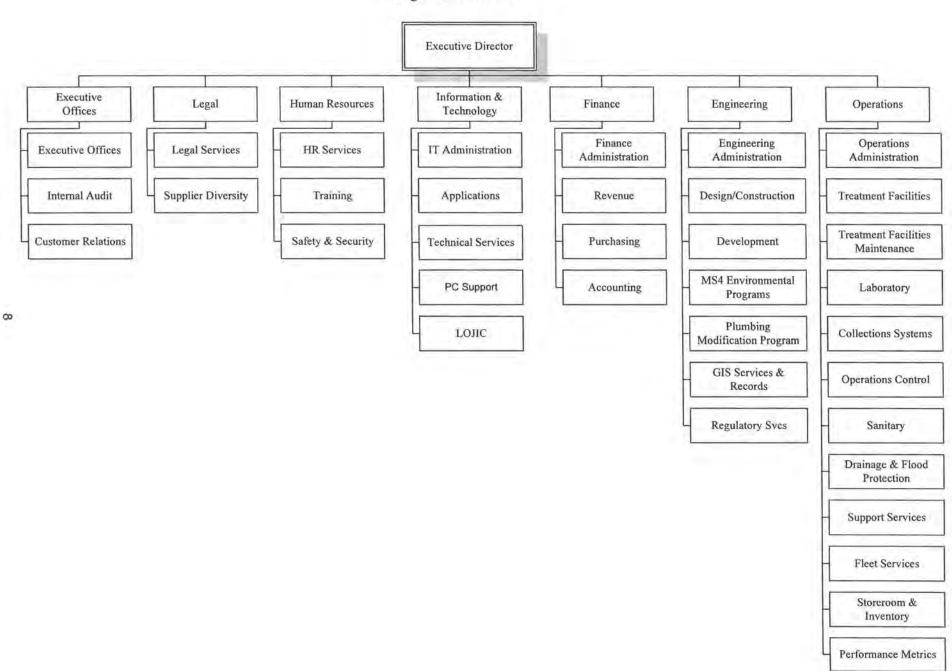
## Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Kentucky

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

### Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Organization Chart



### MSD BOARD:

Cyndi Caudill, Chair, term expires 8/31/17

Daniel Arbough, Vice Chair, term expires 6/30/18

Yvonne Wells-Hatfield, term expires 6/30/16

John Phelps, term expires 7/31/16

Joyce Horton Mott, term expires 8/31/17

Sujata Barai Chugh, term expires 2/28/18

J.T. Sims, term expires 7/31/17

Andrew Bailey, term expires 7/31/18

Lonnie Calvert (resigned 5/22/15) Tom Austin (resigned 12/23/14) James Craig (resigned 11/24/15)

### PRINCIPAL OFFICERS:

Greg Heitzman, Executive Director (retired 9/30/15)

Tony Parrott, Executive Director (effective 9/14/15)

Angela Akridge, Chief Engineer

Chad Collier, Chief Financial Officer Secretary/Treasurer

Paula Purifoy, General Counsel

W. Brian Bingham, Chief of Operations

Lynne Fleming, Human Resources Director

Tom Luckett, Information Technologies Director

### FINANCIAL MANAGERS:

Maria B. Mullaney, Controller

Rene' Thomas, Purchasing Manager

Sharon Dawson, Revenue Manager

Patrick Meador, Budget Administrator





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Louisville, Kentucky

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District, a component unit of the Louisville-Jefferson County Metro Government, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District, as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District restated July 1, 2014 net position, liabilities, and deferred outflows of resources for the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The adoption resulted in increases in net pension liability of approximately \$58,825,00 and deferred outflows of resources of approximately \$5,051,000, respectively, and reduction of net position of \$53,774,000 at July 1, 2014. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 12 through 20, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and the schedule of employer contributions on pages 52 and 53 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtain during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2015 on our consideration of Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe Horwath LLP

Crowe Hower LLP

Louisville, Kentucky October 26, 2015





### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD), a component unit of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government, we offer readers of MSD's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-6 of this report.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- MSD's net position increased by \$36.1 million (6.6%) as a result of operations.
- Operating revenues increased by \$13.2 million (6.1%) to \$230 million.
- Operating expenses excluding depreciation increased by \$.9 million (1.2%).
- Non-operating revenues:
  - Investment income and sale of assets decreased by \$2.7 million (13.3%)
  - The fair value of swaps decreased 2015 revenue by \$5.2 million, compared to a decrease of \$1.2 million in 2014.
- Non-operating expenses:
  - Interest and capital related expenses and reimbursements increased by \$3.7 million (5.9%)
- MSD recorded a net pension liability of \$58.8 million as of June 30, 2014 reflected as a prior period adjustment.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts: Introductory Section, Financial Section, and Statistical Section. The Financial Section includes notes that provide additional information relating to MSD's financial condition. Readers are encouraged to read the notes to better understand the financial statements.

### REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- Statement of Net Position This financial statement includes all of MSD's assets, liabilities and deferred outflow & inflow of resources. It also provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in assets and the obligations to creditors. In addition, it provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of MSD and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the organization.
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position This financial statement identifies the revenues generated and expenses incurred during the fiscal year. This statement helps the user to assess the profitability of MSD during the time period for which the statement relates.
- Statement of Cash Flows This financial statement provides information relating to MSD's cash receipts and cash expenditures during the fiscal year. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Adoption of GASB Statements 68 and 71

- Beginning July 1, 2014, MSD implemented GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". With the implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 71, MSD is required to report a net pension liability on the Statement of Net Position as a retroactive prior period adjustment for the beginning net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources. Any annual changes in the net position liability will be recorded in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.
- The net pension liability, deferred outflow of resources, deferred inflow of resources for MSD's participation in the County Employee Retirement System ("CERS") have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Kentucky Retirement System ("KRS") for the CERS plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the CERS plan of KRS. The liability as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, was \$52 million. MSD's net pension liability for this period was \$52 million and \$58.8 million.
- With the implementation of GASB 68, MSD has chosen to restate the financial statements for prior period ending June 30, 2014 to reflect the ending net position inclusive of the net pension liability for this period. Periods prior to this date have not been restated.

A summary of the restated net position as of June 30, 2014 follows:

Statement of Net Position	Previously orted FY 2014	 Changes	A	FY 2014 as Restated
Deferred outflow - CERS contributions	\$ -	\$ 5,051	\$	5,051
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$ 17,811	\$ 5,051	\$	22,862
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 2,595,670	\$ 5,051	\$	2,600,721
Net Pension Liability	\$ +	\$ 58,825	\$	58,825
Total Non-current Liabilities	\$ 1,610,724	\$ 58,825	\$	1,669,549
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,910,617	\$ 58,825	\$	1,969,442
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 1,992,910	\$ 58,825	\$	2,051,735
Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 85,963	\$ (53,774)	\$	32,189
Total Net Position	\$ 602,760	\$ (53,774)	\$	548,986
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Net Position	\$ 2,595,670	\$ 5,051	\$	2,600,721

Statement of Net Position: MSD's net position increased by \$36.0 million in FY 2015 to \$585.1 million.

- MSD's total assets and deferred outflow of resources increased by \$91.8 million in FY 2015. This overall increase can be attributed primarily to additions to plant, lines and other facilities. In FY 2014, total assets and deferred outflows increased by \$117.4 million from FY 2013. The increase was primarily due to an increase in capital assets of \$80 million and an increase in construction funds from the issuance of Revenue Bonds.
- Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources increased by \$55.8 million in 2015. This increase was due to an increase in accounts payable for construction of \$16 million, a decrease in the fair value of swaps of \$5.2 million, deferred inflow related to pension of \$5.8 million and an increase in bonds payable due to the issuance of 2014A Revenue Bonds. During FY 2014 there was an increase of \$135.4 million from FY 2013 due to implementing GASB 68, resulting in a net pension liability of \$58.8 million and the issuance 2013A Revenue Bonds
- Unrestricted net position decreased \$27.4 million during FY 2015; and has decreased \$110.4 million since FY 2013, primarily due to the net pension liability implementation in 2014.

		TABLE 1			
Con	densed St	atement of Net	Position		
		(000's)			
			Restate	ed	
		FY 2015	FY 20	14	FY 2013
Unrestricted Current Assets	\$	92,568	\$ 111,93	34 \$	89,403
Restricted Current Assets		156,315	161,92	22	154,050
Capital Assets		2,392,466	2,270,50	)2	2,190,065
Other Noncurrent Assets		30,807	33,50	)1	36,262
Total Assets		2,672,156	2,577,85	9	2,469,780
Deferred Outflow of Resources		20,407	22,86	52	13,511
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		2,692,563	2,600,72	1	2,483,291
Current Liabilities		14,936	13,65	3	12,693
Current Liab, from Restricted Assets		303,205	286,24	0	285,489
Noncurrent Liabilities		1,697,119	1,669,54	9	1,535,962
Total Liabilities		2,015,260	1,969,44	2	1,834,144
Deferred Inflow of Resources		92,233	82,29	3	82,233
Total Liabilities and Deferred Outflows	$\equiv$	2,107,493	2,051,73	5	1,916,377
invested in Capital Assets, net		475,580	418,78	4	365,225
Restricted, net		155,121	148,45	1	136,939
Unrestricted		(45,631)	(18,24	9)	64,750
Total Net Position	-	585,070	548,98	6	566,914
Total Liab, Deferred Inflow & Net Position	\$	2,692,563	\$ 2,600,72	1 \$	2,483,291

### Results of Operations

### Revenues:

- Total Operating Revenues as of June 30, 2015 were \$229.9 million compared to \$216.6 million for the same period last year and \$210.0 million in FY 2013. An increase of \$13.2 million, or 6.1%, and \$6.6 million, or 3.1%, respectively. This increase in operating revenues is primarily driven by Board-approved rate increases of 5.5% in FY 2014 and 5.8% in FY 2013.
- Wastewater Service Charges totaled \$173.9 million as of June 30, 2015. This represents
  an increase of \$8.3 million or 5.0% from a year ago. Wastewater Services charges for FY
  2014 and FY 2013 were \$165.6 million and \$159.8 million respectively. The majority of
  MSD's wastewater customers are billed based on the volume of water used. Because
  substantially all of MSD's customers are also customers of the Louisville Water Company,
  this charge is billed and collected by the Louisville Water Company on behalf of MSD.
- Stormwater Service Charges were \$51.6 million as of June 30, 2015. This represents an increase of \$3.1 million, or 6.4%, from the same period one year ago. Stormwater service charges for FY 2014 and FY 2013 were \$48.5 million and \$45.4 million respectively.
- Other Operating Income was \$4.4 million in FY 2015, which is \$1.8 million more than FY 2014. FY 2014 and FY 2013 were \$2.6 million and \$4.8 million respectively.
- Free Services: In FY 2007, MSD began offering free wastewater and stormwater service to the Louisville Metro Government. This free service amounted to \$5.8 million in FY 2015, \$6.3 million in FY 2014 and \$6.3 million in FY 2013.

		TABLE 2		
Conden	sed Sta	tements of Rev	venues,	
Expenses	, and (	Changes in Net	Position	
		(000's)		
		127.2	Restated	
		FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
Service Charges	\$	225,462 \$	214,056	\$ 205,222
Other Operating Income		4,407	2,576	4,823
Total Operating Revenues		229,869	216,632	210,045
Investment Income		17,623	20,330	16,301
Total Revenues		247,492	236,962	226,346
Depreciation & Amortization Expense		63,321	63,516	60,335
Other Operating Expenses, net		76,118	75,246	74,931
Nonoperating Expenses		71,334	71,128	76,172
Change in Fair Value - Swaps		5,240	1,222	(36,286)
Total Expenses		216,013	211,112	175,152
Net Income (Loss) before Contributions		31,479	25,850	51,194
Contributions		4,605	8,103	7.134
Change in Net Position		36,084	33,953	58,328
Beginning Net Position		548,986	515,033	508,586
Ending Net Position	\$	585,070 \$	548,986	\$ 566,914

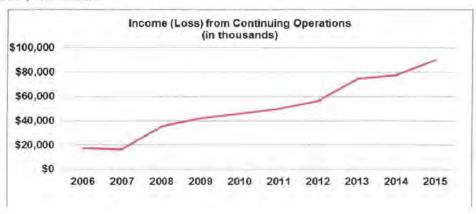
### Expenses:

Table 3 shows the composition of gross service and administrative costs by major classification of expense for the past three fiscal years. Gross service and administrative costs decreased by \$0.2.6 million in FY 2015 from FY 2014 level and decreased by \$.7 million in FY 2014 from FY 2013 level. MSD's employee count, including vacant positions, decreased from 660 in FY 2014 to 591 full-time equivalent positions in FY 2015. Labor cost was 51% of gross service and administrative costs in FY 2015, 52% in FY 2014 and 51 % in FY 2013.

			TABLE 3						
	Gros	s Service	and Admi	nistra	ative Costs				
			(000's)						
	_	2015	%		2014	%	-	2013	%
Service and administrative costs:									
Labor	\$	54,251	51%	*\$	57,249	52%	\$	55,028	51%
Utilities		13,817	13%		14,563	13%		12,821	12%
Materials and supplies		9,706	9%		8,151	7%		8,990	8%
Professional services		2,839	3%		1,932	2%		3,942	4%
Maintenance and repairs		7,915	7%		9,096	8%		10,866	10%
Billing and collections		4,327	4%		4,095	4%		4,904	5%
Chemicals		3,681	3%		3,306	3%		4,082	4%
Fuel		1,616	2%		1,837	2%		1,825	2%
Biosolids disposal		1,967	2%		1,795	2%		1,709	2%
All other		6,520	6%		7,238	7%		4,369	4%
Gross service and admin. costs	\$	106,639	100%	\$	109,262	100%	\$	108,536	100%

### Income from Operations:

MSD recorded a net operating income of \$90.4 million in FY 2015 compared to \$77.9 million in FY 2014, an increase of \$12.5 million or 16.1%. Increases in revenues of \$13.2 million from FY 2014 accounted for the majority of this change. Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$12.6 million from \$140.0 million in FY 2014 to \$152.6 million in FY 2015. The increase from FY 2013 to FY 2014 was \$12.1 million.



### Capital Assets:

MSD's total gross capital assets (additions) increased by \$24.0 million in FY 2015. Major additions include:

- \$8.73.6 million completion of sewer line installations,
- \$20.5 million in capitalized interest expense.

Readers are encouraged to review the Comparative Schedules of Plant, Lines, and Other Facilities that are contained in the Statistical Section of the CAFR and Note 5 for additional information regarding changes to capital assets.

Depreciation expense was \$62.0 million, or \$0.2 million more than FY 2014. These expenses are expected to increase in future years as MSD adds additional capital assets to its wastewater and stormwater systems.

### Short-term and Long-term Debt:

Significant debt transactions included the following:

- On November 4, 2014, MSD issued \$80,000 of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A. Proceeds of the 2014A bonds, net of issuance cost were used to pay the cost of improvements to MSD's sewer and drainage system.
- On November 4, 2014 MSD issued \$226,340 of Sewer and Drainage System Subordinated Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2013A Notes with an interest rate of 2.00%. The proceeds of the notes were used to refinance the 2013A Notes. The 2014A Notes mature on November 24, 2015.

Net interest expense totaled \$71.3 million in FY 2015, an increase of \$0.2 million from \$71.1 million in FY 2014. Additional information on MSD long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 38-42 of this report.

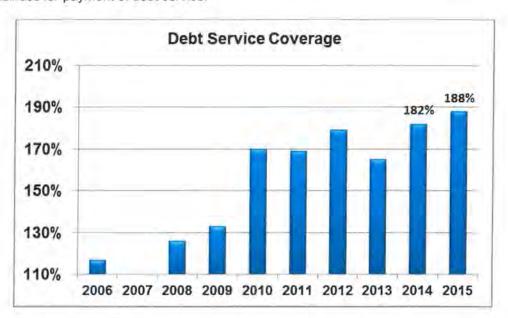
### Debt Service Ratio:

Although net operating income is the most significant component of determining MSD's debt service coverage ratio, other sources, including investment income and current period payments of property owner assessments also are included in "available revenues" and "net revenues" for purposes of demonstrating MSD's compliance with debt service ratio tests of the 1993 Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution (the Resolution). MSD's debt service coverage, calculated on the foregoing basis, was 188% in 2015 and 182% in 2014. Key aspects include:

- The 1993 Resolution and its supplements require MSD to provide "available revenues," sufficient to pay 110% of each year's "aggregate net debt service" on Revenue Bonds and 100% of "operating expenses." "Available revenues," as used only for purposes of the Resolution, means all revenues and other amounts received by MSD and pledged as security for payment of bonds issued pursuant to the Resolution, but exclude any interest income which is capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- "Operating expenses" include all reasonable, ordinary, usual or necessary current expenses of maintenance, repair and operation determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the enterprise basis of accounting. "Operating expenses" do not include reserves for extraordinary maintenance and repair, or administrative and engineering expenses of MSD which are necessary or incidental to

capital improvements for which debt has been issued and which may be paid from proceeds of such debt.

"Aggregate net debt service" is aggregate debt service on all bonds issued pursuant to the Resolution, excluding (i) interest expense which, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, is capitalized and which may be paid from the proceeds of debt and (ii) other amounts, if any, available or expected to be available in the ordinary course of business for payment of debt service.



The formula authorized by the Louisville Metro Government to calculate allowable rate increases does not allow for the inclusion of depreciation expense. The applicable rate ordinances allow MSD to increase rates to maintain the 100% revenue coverage of service and administrative costs and 110% coverage of aggregate net principal and interest requirements on Revenue Bonds that MSD covenants in the Revenue Bond Resolution.

### Other Significant Matters:

Consent Decree: In April 2009, MSD agreed to enter into an Amended Consent Decree with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet ("KEPPC") and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"). The agreement calls for MSD to design and implement projects within specified deadlines that will eliminate sewer overflows in its service area. The cost of the projects is estimated to be \$850 million over the next two decades. MSD has submitted plans to finance the projects through additional bonds and future rate increases. In a letter dated June 6, 2014, MSD requested approval from the KEPPC and the EPA for the IOAP 2012 Modifications, dated May 2014. The IOAP 2012 Modifications represents a revision to 28 separate projects set forth in the original IOAP, dated September 30, 2009. The IOAP Modifications were approved and will supersede and replace the 2009 IOAP. To date, MSD has complied with all submittals and reports requirements contained in the Amended Consent Decree (see Note 13 to the financial statements.)

One Water Initiative: In January 2012, Mayor Greg Fischer formed The Louisville Utility and Public Works Advisory Group (Advisory Group) to examine the operations of MSD, LWC and Louisville Metro Department of Public Works and Assets (DWP). The Advisory Group was tasked to determine whether synergies existed between the entities that would allow for improved service or reduced costs. The evaluation was intended to consider an array of potential business scenarios ranging from current state where the entities essentially operate separately to a full consolidation. The Advisory Group found that there were potential cost savings from pursuing Inter-local Agreements (ILA) to a full consolidation of the two agencies. However, the findings had not included consideration of consolidation structures allowable under current law based on the statutory governance structure of each entity. MSD is a not-for-profit political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and governed under state statutes, while LWC is a private for-profit company of which Metro Louisville owns 100% of the stock.

In April 2013, the Boards of MSD and LWC signed a Letter of Intent to pursue a thorough due diligence evaluation of various consolidation structures. This effort was in response to the Advisory Group and the Mayor's recommendation that a complete legal, financial and environmental analysis be undertaken to determine the full risk and opportunity of a potential consolidation. As a result, both MSD and LWC formed a due diligence team consisting of internal senior management from both entities, with the assistance of outside experts when needed.

The due diligence analysis recommended pursuing a Comprehensive ILA approach and implementation began in mid-February, 2014 after the Mayor and both Boards approved the recommendation. One Water is the initiative outlined in the Comprehensive ILA which was approved by the Kentucky Attorney General on April 2014. The administration of the various service agreements will be the key to successfully providing consolidated services to both LWC and MSD. The goal of the Comprehensive ILA is to create coordinated teams of employees from both companies with the capability of delivering superior customer service at lower costs than the existing two corporate entities combined.

The Original ILA, effective through June 30, 2033 (unless earlier terminated by either party on six months' notice), provided for, among other items, the joint and/or cooperative development, provision, sharing and management of certain back-office, administrative and/or support services to include one or more of the following ("One Water"):

- Information Technology Services;
- Business Development Services;
- Engineering Services;
- Internal/External Communications Services;
- Finance Services;
- Risk Management Services;
- Human Resources; and
- Operations.

On August 24, 2015, the District and the Board of Waterworks of the Louisville Water Company entered into an Amended and Restated Inter-local Cooperation Agreement (the "Amended ILA," and together with the Original ILA, the "ILA"), as approved by the Kentucky Attorney General on September 17, 2015, in order to provide for more efficient implementation and expansion of the services provided in the Original ILA. The ILA, as so amended, is now effective through June 30, 2035 (unless earlier terminated by either party on 180 days' notice).

Phase I of the ILA was implemented in May 2014 with the establishment of a joint services steering committee comprised of an equal number of staff from the District and the Louisville Water Company. The Joint Services Steering Committee is responsible for the oversight of the operation, administration and maintenance of the services pending the formation of a collaborative administrative body known as "One Water" comprised of two members appointed by the District's Board from among its members, and two appointed by the Board of Waterworks from among its members, along with a designee of the Mayor of Louisville and Jefferson County Metro Government. The administration of the various service agreements will be the key to successfully providing consolidated services to both Louisville Water Company and the District. The goal of the ILA is to create coordinated teams of employees from both entities with the capability of delivering superior customer service at lower costs than the existing two entities combined.

The first phase entails the sharing of services in five functional groups plus one specialty area of focus. The five functional groups addressed in this phase include Procurement, Fleet, Human Resources, Information Technology, and Customer Service. The specialty area that will be evaluated will focus on energy savings as highlighted in the Black and Veatch report. It is anticipated that work on Phase I will continue through 2016 and that Phase II will begin in the fourth quarter of 2015. That phase will include the consolidation of additional back office functions and may also include operational areas as well. The effort of identifying and prioritizing these subsequent functions will be performed during Phase I and a detailed plan will be developed prior to starting that work.

At a joint board meeting of the District and the Board of Waterworks of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government held on August 18, 2015, it was announced the One Water initiative will produce over \$1 million in savings for 2015. The savings come from sharing resources and consolidating jobs. Louisville Water Company and the District recently hired a joint fleet manager and now utilize one fuel bid and a joint contract for parts and supplies. For Information Technology (IT), Louisville Water Company and the District are hiring a Chief Information Officer to oversee the IT efforts at both organizations. Louisville Water Company and the District have also found savings with joint purchases in other areas of the organization and sharing resources for the customer call centers. The savings for employment come through attrition. The organizations also realized a one-time savings of \$10 million through a partnership with a new customer billing system.

### Requests for Additional Information

This report is intended to provide readers with a general overview of MSD's finances and to provide information regarding the receipts and uses of funds. If you need clarification regarding a statement(s) made in the report or need additional information, please contact the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District, 700 West Liberty Street, Louisville Kentucky 40203. You can also submit a request for additional information via MSD's website, <a href="https://www.msdlouky.org">www.msdlouky.org</a>

### LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015 and 2014

		RESTATED
	2015	2014
Current Assets:		
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 63,013	\$ 84,780
Unrestricted investments	100	100
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	34,958	39,507
Restricted investments	120,164	121,216
Accounts receivable, less allowance for	2261137	100,100
doubtful accounts of \$913 (2015), \$1,029 (2014)	23,787	21,809
Inventories	3,981	3,808
Accrued interest receivable	1,193	1,199
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,687	1,437
Total current assets	248,883	273,856
		210,00
Noncurrent Assets:	2072.000	
Capital Assets - Plant, lines and other facilities, net	2,392,466	2,270,502
Other Non-current assets	30,807	33,501
Total noncurrent assets	2,423,273	2,304,003
Total Assets	\$ 2,672,156	\$ 2,577,859
Defended Outflow of Passaures		
Deferred Outflow of Resources:  Deferred outflow - pension contributions	4,576	5,051
Unamortized loss on refunding	15.831	
Total deferred outflow of resources	20,407	17,811
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 2,692,563	\$ 2,600,721
Current Liabilities:		
Current liabilities (payable from unrestricted assets):		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 14,936	\$ 13,653
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (capital)		
includes contractor retainage of \$8,893 (2015), \$6,169 (2014)	30,607	14,712
Accrued interest payable	13,036	12,834
Refundable deposits	1,639	1,568
Subordinated Debt	228,508	228,601
Current maturities of bonds payable	29,415	28,525
Total current liabilities	318,141	299,893
Non-current Liabilities:		
Bonds payable, net	1,644,187	1,609,963
Net pension liability	51,988	58,825
Other long term liabilities	944	761
Total non-current liabilities	1,697,119	1,669,549
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,015,260	\$ 1,969,442
Deferred Inflow of Resources:	20.000	24.27
Interest rate swaps	78,880	73,640
Deferred inflow - pension liability	5,803	
Other deferred inflows	7,550	8,653
Total deferred inflow of resources	92,233	82,293
otal Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ 2,107,493	\$ 2,051,735
let Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 475,580	\$ 418,784
Restricted for payment of bond principal and interest	155,121	148,451
Unrestricted	(45,631)	(18,249)
Total net position	585,070	548,986
otal Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Net Position	\$ 2,692,563	\$ 2,600,721

## LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		RESTATED
	2015	2014
Operating Revenues		
Service charges	\$ 225,462	\$ 214,056
Other operating income	4,407	2,576
Total operating revenues	229,869	216,632
Operating Expenses		
Service and administrative costs	76,118	75,246
Depreciation and amortization	63,321	63,516
Total operating expenses	139,439	138,762
Income from Operations	90,430	77,870
Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)		
Investment income	7,527	10,234
Build America Bond refund	10,096	10,096
Interest expense - bonds	(83,404)	(80,613
Interest expense - swaps	(9,737)	(9,733
Interest expense - other	(4,611)	(4,629
Amortization of debt discount / premium	7,887	7,296
Amortization of loss on refunding	(1,980)	(2,552
Capitalized interest	20,511	19,103
Change in fair value - swaps	(5,240)	(1,222
Total non-operating revenue (expenses) - net	(58,951)	(52,020
Income before capital contributions	31,479	25,850
Capital contributions:	4,605	8,103
ncrease in net position	36,084	33,953
Net position, beginning of year	548,986	515,033
Net position, end of year	\$ 585,070	\$ 548,986

## LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 227,976	\$ 213,215
Cash paid to suppliers	(37,077)	(34,446)
Cash paid to employees	(38,309)	(38,729)
Net cash provided by operating activities	152,590	140,040
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds	80,000	100,000
Proceeds from subordinated debt	226,340	226,340
Build America Bond refund	10,096	10,096
Assessments receivable proceeds	2,050	1,695
Interest received - assessments	340	687
Principal payments on revenue bonds	(45,420)	(27,035)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(87,813)	(91,719)
Subordinated debt principal payments	(226,433)	(226,430)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(147,714)	(121,237)
Capital contributions	4,605	8,103
Acquisition of non-operating property	(247)	(211)
Net cash, provided by / (used in), capital and related financing		
activities	(184,196)	(119,711)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Change in restricted investments	1,052	(30,642)
Income received on investments	13,975	15,708
Interest payments - swap agreements	(9,737)	(9,733)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	5,290	(24,667)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(26,316)	(4,338)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	124,287	128,625
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 97,971	\$ 124,287

## LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2015	2014
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activi	ties:		
Income from operations	\$	90,430	\$ 77,870
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash			
provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		63,321	63,516
Accounts receivable		(1,964)	(3,848)
Inventories		(173)	(229)
Prepaid expense		(250)	(553)
Accounts payable		1,117	1,076
Customer deposits		71	431
Accrued liabilities		1,931	1,777
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	154,483	\$ 140,040
Non-cash capital financing and investing activities:			
Contribution of plant, lines and other facilities			
by developers and property owners	\$	4,605	\$ 8,103
Construction costs in accounts payable	\$	30,607	\$ 14,712
Change in fair value of investments	\$	979	\$ 3,201
Decrease in interest rate swap deferred revenue	\$	932	\$ 972
Change in fair value - swap agreements	\$	(5,240)	\$ (1,222)

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District ('MSD"), a component unit of the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government, are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. MSD follows GASB Pronouncements as codified under GASB 62, including electing to report as a regulated operation. MSD uses proprietary fund accounting (enterprise fund). Due to the election as a regulated operation under GASB 62, to meet industry accounting standards and follow transactional intent, MSD uses, as applicable, ASC 980, Regulated Accounting.

Beginning July 1, 2014, MSD adopted the following GASB pronouncements:

- Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions"
- Statement No. 69, "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations"
- Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees
- Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date"

With the implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 71, MSD was required to report a net pension liability on the Statement of Net Position as a retroactive prior period adjustment for the beginning net pension liability. Any annual changes in the net pension liability will be recorded in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The other pronouncements did not have an impact on financial reporting.

The following GASB Pronouncements are being evaluated for future year implementation:

- Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" (FY2016)
- Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That
  Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of
  GASB Statements 67 and 68 (FY2018)
- Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (FY2017)
- Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (FY2018)
- Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments (FY2016)
- Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures (FY2017)

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### A. Reporting Entity

MSD is a public body corporate, and political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. MSD was created in 1946 pursuant to Chapter 76 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, in the interest of the public health and for the purpose of providing adequate sewer and drainage facilities in the urbanized area of the Louisville Metropolitan Area. Pursuant to Chapter 76, MSD is governed by a Board which consists of eight members who are appointed by the Mayor of the Louisville Metro government, subject to approval of the Louisville Metro Council. Not more than five Board members may be of the same political party. However, there is not a continuing supervisory relationship exercised by the Louisville Metro Government over MSD with respect to MSD's statutory public functions.

Chapter 76 authorizes MSD to provide sewer and drainage facilities and services. MSD is further authorized by the statute to establish and collect service charges and to budget there from for operations and maintenance, capital outlays and debt service on obligations it is authorized by the statute to incur. No special financing relationship exists between the Louisville Metro government and MSD, nor is the Louisville Metro government empowered by law or custom to approve MSD operating or capital budgets; nor are they responsible for financing deficits or disposing of surplus funds.

MSD has complete control, possession and supervision of the sewer and drainage system in large portions of Jefferson County, and has statutory authority to construct additions, betterments and extensions within its service area. Additionally, MSD has statutory responsibility for approval of the design and proper construction of sewer and drainage facilities within the County's boundaries. There are cities within the County that, by statute, have the option of using MSD sewer services on a contractual basis. Third and fourth class cities also have the option of obtaining drainage services from MSD. MSD's enterprise business activities are managed by its Board, which has statutory authority to elect officers, enact bylaws and enter into agreements and contracts for the management and regulation of MSD's affairs.

MSD's revenue is derived from sewer and drainage service charges which are collected from residential, commercial and industrial customers. MSD controls the collection of all revenue, disbursement of payables and title to all sewer and drainage assets. Sewer service charges are distributed among customer classes on the basis of actual costs incurred to collect and treat wastewater. Drainage service charges are distributed among customer classes on the basis of actual costs of drainage services per equivalent unit of impervious surface.

Changes in MSD's service charges are implemented by MSD's Board, but no change in the service charge schedule is final within the Louisville Metro area until approval by the Louisville Metro Council. However, the statute provides that such approval may not be arbitrarily withheld and that the schedule shall be sufficient to provide revenues for the operation and maintenance of the system and for debt service. By ordinance, the Louisville Metro Government has provided that MSD's Board may amend its service charge schedule to maintain a debt service ratio of 1.10 for MSD's sewer and drainage revenue bonds, and that such Amendments will be effective within the Metropolitan area when adopted by MSD's Board, so long as the amended rates do not generate additional revenue from service charges in excess of 7% during the twelve months succeeding the period in which the deficiency was identified.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Chapter 76 permits MSD to finance sewer and drainage system construction, acquisition and other capital improvements through the issuance of its revenue bonds and with the proceeds of governmental grants, property owner contributions in aid of construction and bonds and loans for which pledge of repayment is subordinated to the pledge of revenues given by MSD for the security of its revenue bond holders. MSD indebtedness does not constitute indebtedness of the Louisville Metro government or the Commonwealth, but the Louisville Metro government must authorize by ordinance the issuance by MSD of revenue bonds to finance projects within the Metropolitan area.

### B. Basis of Accounting

The sewer and drainage system owned and operated by MSD is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the system are included on the statement of net position. Total net position is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for payment of bond principal and interest and unrestricted. Operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position. MSD utilizes the accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liability is incurred.

### C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, MSD includes repurchase agreements and other investments with an original maturity of three months or less in cash and cash equivalents.

### D. Restricted and Unrestricted Funds

Restricted funds are reserved for the purpose of bond debt service, funding of capital construction, cost of issuance, and debt service reserves. Unrestricted funds, generated from service fees and other operating income, are used to pay for operating expenses. When an expense or outlay is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, it is MSD's practice is to use revenue from operations to finance construction, then to reimburse from net position restricted for construction as it is needed.

### E. Investment Securities

Investments are stated at fair value. Investment income consists of interest income and the change in fair value of investments. Investment income is reduced by estimated federal arbitrage liability.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### F. Operating/Non-Operating Revenues, Expenses & Receivables

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of MSD. These revenues are wastewater and stormwater service charges. The Louisville Water Company is responsible for billing and collection of these charges on behalf of MSD on a monthly basis. Operating expenses are expenses incurred through the activities of operating and maintaining MSD facilities.

Non-operating revenues and expenses are comprised of investment and financing earnings and costs, changes in the fair value of derivatives, as well as contributions from outside sources.

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances, Balances are considered past due 30 days from the invoice date. Management provides an allowance for probable uncollectible amounts based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the allowance and a credit to accounts receivable.

Assessment receivables represent amounts billed to residents to have sewer lines installed in their neighborhood. Assessment receivables are considered past due once the balance is 90 days in arrears. Management considers all amounts collectible on the basis that liens are placed on properties at the time of assessment.

### G. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (principally weighted average cost) or market. They consist of supplies and parts used in the operation of MSD's treatment plants and for the maintenance of sewers, fleet vehicles and other related equipment.

### H. Contributed Capital and Construction Grants

Construction and acquisition of sewer and drainage plant, lines and other facilities are financed in part by governmental grants and contributions in aid of construction from property owners and developers. Governmental grants in aid of construction represent the estimated portion of construction costs incurred for which grants are expected to be paid to MSD by the governmental grantor. These amounts are recorded as a receivable and revenues from contributions at the time the related expenditures are incurred. The revenues from contributions are part of the change in net position.

### I. Capital Assets - Plant, Lines and Other Facilities

Plant, lines and other facilities are recorded at historical cost or, if contributed, at fair value as determined by engineering estimates on the date the contribution is received. Capital assets are defined by MSD as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$20 or renewal and replacement cost of a component of existing assets with a cost of more than \$20, which extends the life of an asset beyond its original useful life. It is MSD's policy to depreciate the costs of these assets over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Estimated useful lives on depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings and other structures	30 - 50 years
Land improvements	10 - 30 years
Miscellaneous machinery	10 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 12 years
Equipment, heavy	15 - 30 years
Equipment, light	5 - 15 years
Sewer lines and drainage channels	80 years

Costs incurred for capital construction and acquisition are carried in construction in progress until disposition or completion of the related projects. The major components of construction in progress are sewer lines, wastewater treatment and stormwater facilities. Costs relating to projects not pursued are expensed, while costs relating to completed projects are capitalized as plant, lines and other facilities.

### J. Capitalized Interest

Interest capitalized on projects funded from bond proceeds is recorded as the difference between the interest costs of the borrowing less interest earned on undisbursed invested proceeds during the construction period. Interest is not capitalized on project costs that are reimbursed by contributions of capital from government, property owners and developers.

### K. Impairment of Capital Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries," management evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. Such events or changes in circumstances that may be indicative of impairment include evidence of physical damage, enactment or approval of laws or regulations, other changes in environmental factors, technology changes or evidence of obsolescence, changes in the manor of duration of use of a capital asset, and construction stoppage. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. No impairment losses were recognized in the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

### L. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable are recorded at the principal amount outstanding, net of any applicable premium or discount.

Refunding: Bonds outstanding, which have been refunded and economically defeased, are not included in long-term debt. The related assets are not included in investments. The loss on refunding, which is the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, is deferred outflow of resources and amortized as a component of interest expense over the average remaining life of the old debt.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Derivatives</u>: MSD enters into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on outstanding debt. MSD records the net interest expenditures resulting from these agreements and amortizes gains/losses resulting from the termination of these agreements until the original termination date of the agreement. Derivative instruments are reported at fair value as deferred inflow of resources. Changes in fair value of derivative instruments are reported in non-operating revenue (expenses) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

<u>Bond Issuance Costs</u>: Bond issue costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the respective bond issue using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, pursuant to the election of regulatory operation under GASB 62, as they are deemed recoverable through future rates.

<u>Original Issue Discount/Premium</u>: Original issue discounts and premiums on bonds are amortized as a component of interest expense using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the lives of the bonds to which they relate.

### M. Compensated Absences

Vacation and personal pay benefits are accrued as accumulated and vested by MSD employees.

### N. Allocation of Overhead

MSD allocates overhead costs to its core business processes which are: operations and maintenance (service and administrative costs); design, construction and acquisition of plant lines and other facilities; and subsidiary business enterprises.

### O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make assumptions and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### P. Income Tax Status

MSD is exempt from federal income tax under the Internal Revenue Code as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

### Q. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2014 financial statements to conform to those used in 2015.

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### R. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2014, MSD adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". Statement 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability, to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual cost of pension benefits. Cost-sharing government employers, such as MSD, are required to report a net pension liability, pension expense and pension related deferred inflows & outflows of resources based on the employer's proportionate share of the collective amount for all employers in the plan.

MSD's beginning net position for fiscal year 2014 has been restated to reflect the inclusion of the pension liability required by GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

The June 30, 2014 Statement of Net Position has been restated as follows:

Statement of Net Position	Previously orted FY 2014	_ (	Changes	A	FY 2014 s Restated
Deferred outflow - CERS contributions	\$ -	\$	5,051	\$	5,051
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$ 17,811	\$	5,051	\$	22,862
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 2,595,670	\$	5,051	\$	2,600,721
Net Pension Liability	\$	\$	58,825	\$	58,825
Total Non-current Liabilities	\$ 1,610,724	\$	58,825	\$	1,669,549
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,910,617	\$	58,825	\$	1,969,442
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 1,992,910	\$	58,825	\$	2,051,735
Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 85,963	\$	(53,774)	s	32,189
Total Net Position	\$ 602,760	\$	(53,774)	\$	548,986
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Net Position	\$ 2,595,670	\$	5,051	\$	2,600,721

Information was not available to allow the restatement of the 2013 financial statements at the time of their initial publication as KRS had not yet measured the June 30, 2013 pension liability of the participants.

### NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A comparative statement of cash, cash equivalents and investments held in MSD's portfolio follows:

Investment Type	Investment Type Fair Value		Weighted Average Maturity in Years	Credit Rating
	-	***	2.44	
U S Agency Discount Notes	\$	22,751	0.38	1 425
U S Agency Securities		5,211	2.45	Aaa
Municipal Bonds		92,202	23.42	Aa
Money Market Funds		69,938	0.11	Aaa
Commercial Paper		19,996	0.10	A-1 / P-1
Repurchase Agreement/Cash		8,037		
Certificate of Deposit	-	100		
Total		218,235	10.43	
Accrued interest		1,193		
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	219,428		
June 30, 2014			Weighted Average	Credit
		219,428	Weighted Average Maturity in Years	Credit Rating
June 30, 2014 Investment Type				2,22,00
June 30, 2014  Investment Type  J S Agency Securities	F	air Value	Maturity in Years	Rating
June 30, 2014	F	air Value 27,953	Maturity in Years 0.95	Rating
Investment Type  J S Agency Securities  Vunicipal Bonds  Money Market Funds	F	27,953 93,263	Maturity in Years 0.95 24.44	Aaa Aa Aaa
Investment Type  J S Agency Securities  Municipal Bonds  Money Market Funds  Commercial Paper	F	27,953 93,263 68,256	0.95 24.44 0.13	Rating Aaa Aa
Investment Type  U.S. Agency Securities  Municipal Bonds  Money Market Funds  Commercial Paper  Repurchase Agreement/Cash	F	27,953 93,263 68,256 29,993	0.95 24.44 0.13	Aaa Aa Aaa
June 30, 2014  Investment Type  J S Agency Securities  Municipal Bonds	F	27,953 93,263 68,256 29,993 26,038	0.95 24.44 0.13	Aaa Aa Aaa
Investment Type  U.S. Agency Securities  Municipal Bonds  Money Market Funds  Commercial Paper  Repurchase Agreement/Cash  Certificate of Deposit	F	27,953 93,263 68,256 29,993 26,038 100	0.95 24.44 0.13 0.14	Aaa Aa Aaa

Section 66.480 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes and the District's bond resolutions authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in, among other securities, (i) obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations subject to repurchase agreements, (ii) certificates of deposit or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or, to the extent not so insured, collateralized by obligations described in clause (i) above, (iii) securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in either of the two highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency, and (iv) money-market mutual funds investing in any of the securities described above. MSD bond resolutions and covenants contain similar restrictions.

Investments are made based upon prevailing market conditions at the time of the transaction with the intent to hold the instrument until maturity. With this strategy, investments would be expected to reach maturity with limited realized gains or losses. If the yield of the portfolio can be improved upon by the sale of an investment, prior to its maturity, with the reinvestment of the proceeds, then this provision is also allowed.

### NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Concentration of Credit Risk:

MSD's Investment Policy ("The Policy") requires that investments be divided to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. Section VIII of The Policy outlines the permitted investments and identifies the limitations placed on the types of investments to minimize the risk.

### Interest Rate Risk:

The Policy also requires that all investments have among the highest category of ratings by the nationally recognized rating agencies. The credit ratings are shown in the preceding table. Where applicable, all of the above investments have such ratings. The weighted average maturity in years represents the interest rate risk for MSD.

### Custodial Credit Risk:

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, MSD would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The collateral provided by financial institutions is considered adequate to cover all balances in excess of limits set forth by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. All of MSD's investments are held by MSD or in the name of MSD by a Trustee.

### Foreign Currency Risk:

This risk relates to any potential adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. MSD did not hold any foreign currency as of June 30, 2015 and 2014.

A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and investments as shown on the Comparative Statement of Net Position for MSD is as follows:

	Classification	Jur	ne 30, 2015	Jur	ne 30, 2014
Cash and cash	equivalents - unrestricted	\$	63,013	\$	84,780
Investments - u	inrestricted		100		100
Cash and cash	equivalents - restricted		34,958		39,507
Investments - r	estricted		120,164		121,216
		\$	218,235	\$	245,603

### NOTE 3 RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

MSD's revenue bond resolution provides that MSD shall maintain in a Debt Service Reserve Account a balance equal to the maximum annual aggregate gross principal and interest due on all outstanding revenue bonds; or, in lieu of cash and investments in that amount, a letter of credit or policy of bond insurance payable in that amount. Cash, cash equivalents and investments segregated as accounts restricted for authorized construction include proceeds from issuance of MSD bonds.

	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014	
Payment of bond / BAN principal				
and interest and reserves	\$	155, 121	\$	148,451
Authorized construction		-		12,272
Total restricted cash, cash				
equivalents and investments	\$	155,121	\$	160,723

### NOTE 4 SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

A comparative schedule of net position follows:

Net Position Classifications	2015	Restated 2014
Net investment in capital assets:		
Plant, lines and other facilities, net	\$ 2,392,466	\$ 2,270,502
Outstanding debt that applies to		
plant, lines and other facilities	(1,902,110)	(1,867,089)
Contractor retainage payable and AP	(30,607)	(14,712)
Deferred outflows and inflows	15,831	17,811
Unspent bond proceeds		12,272
Net investment in capital assets	475,580	418,784
Restricted:		
Funds held in bank	155,121	160,723
less: Unspent bond proceeds		(12,272)
Restricted net position	155,121	148,451
Unrestricted net position	(45,631)	(18,249)
Total net position	\$ 585,070	\$ 548,986

#### NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS - PLANT, LINES AND OTHER FACILITIES

A comparative schedule of plant, lines and other facilities for the years 2015 and 2014 follows:

#### Year ended June 30, 2015

1000 0000 0000 000	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements / Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Capital assets:				
Sewer lines	\$ 1,274,180	\$ 3,565	\$ -	\$ 1,277,745
Wastewater treatment facilities	489,289	4	(1)	489,292
Stormwater drainage facilities	448,899	8	(46)	448,853
Pumping and lift stations	96,819	8	(7)	96,812
Administrative facilities	49,342	7	8	49,342
Maintenance facilities	8,037	9.1	2	8,037
Machinery and equipment	58,335			58,335
Miscellaneous	27,060	4.0	-	27,060
Capitalized interest	301,800	20,512		322,312
Total capital assets	2,753,761	24,081	(54)	2,777,788
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Sewer lines	(271,417)	(15,669)		(287,086)
Wastewater treatment facilities	(326,465)	(20,161)		(346,626)
Stormwater drainage facilities	(119,717)	(5,125)		(124,842)
Pumping and lift stations	(46,148)	(4,680)	-	(50,828)
Administrative facilities	(32,216)	(1,746)		(33,962)
Maintenance facilities	(5,724)	(195)	4	(5,919)
Machinery and equipment	(52,415)	(3,281)		(55,696)
Miscellaneous	(17,310)	(3,632)	3	(20,942)
Capitalized interest	(75,014)	(7,588)	- 4	(82,602)
Total accumulated depreciation	(946,426)	(62,077)	17	(1,008,503)
Construction in progress	463,167	159,960	54	623,181
	\$ 2,270,502	\$ 121,964	\$ -	\$ 2,392,466

Capital assets include non-depreciable assets for land related to the facilities, and pumping and lift stations. The carrying value was \$14,854 and \$14,889 at June 30, 2015 and 2014.

#### NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS - PLANT, LINES AND OTHER FACILITIES (Continued)

#### Year ended June 30, 2014

tear ended June 30, 2014					
	Beginning		Retirements /	Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance	
Capital assets:					
Sewer lines	\$ 1,265,437	\$ 4,596	\$ 4,147	\$ 1,274,180	
Wastewater treatment facilities	479,998	143	9,148	489,289	
Stormwater drainage facilities	443,577	2,503	2,819	448,899	
Pumping and lift stations	89,503	769	6,547	96,819	
Administrative facilities	49,317	30	(5)	49,342	
Maintenance facilities	8,037		10.20	8,037	
Machinery and equipment	56,840	4	1,491	58,335	
Miscellaneous	27,042	21	(3)	27,060	
Capitalized interest	282,697	19,103	-	301,800	
Total capital assets	2,702,448	27,169	24,144	2,753,761	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Sewer lines	(255,797)	(15,620)	5	(271,417)	
Wastewater treatment facilities	(306, 365)	(20,100)	-	(326,465)	
Stormwater drainage facilities	(114,582)	(5,135)	5.0	(119,717)	
Pumping and lift stations	(41,809)	(4,339)	4	(46, 148)	
Administrative facilities	(30,457)	(1,759)	-	(32,216)	
Maintenance facilities	(5,480)	(244)	<€ 1	(5,724)	
Machinery and equipment	(48,472)	(3,943)	-	(52,415)	
Miscellaneous	(13,330)	(3,980)	-	(17,310)	
Capitalized interest	(67,907)	(7,107)		(75,014)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(884,199)	(62,227)		(946,426)	
Construction in progress	371,816	115,495	(24,144)	463,167	
	\$ 2,190,065	\$ 80,437	\$ -	\$ 2,270,502	

#### NOTE 6 CAPITALIZED INTEREST

A comparative schedule of net interest cost capitalized and net interest expense reported in nonoperating revenues in 2015 and 2014 follows:

Year ended June 30, 2015	Ca	pitalized		ncluded in Non- perating		Total
Investment earnings	\$	(20,511)	\$	17,623 (71,334)	\$	17,623 (91,845)
Net interest	\$	(20,511)	\$	(53,711)	\$	(74,222)
Year ended June 30, 2014	Ca	pitalized	i	ncluded n Non- perating	1	Total
Investment earnings	\$	4.8.4	\$	20,330	\$	20,330
Interest cost		(19, 103)		(71, 129)		(90,232)
		(,				(++1)

#### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

A comparative schedule of long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	Original		Final Payment	Outstandi	ng as of:
Revenue Bonds	Issue Amount	Interest Rates	ln	2015	2014
2005 Sewer and Drainage					
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2005A	64,740	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	-	18,82
2006 Sewer and Drainage	0.900	212212 23122 19			10100
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2006A	100,000	4.00% - 5.00%	2038	87,290	89,32
2007 Sewer and Drainage	2.0333			12,422.3	7-04-3
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2007A	61,125	4.00% - 5.00%	2025	45,815	48,08
008 Sewer and Drainage	6,0,000	5,44,15,80,00014	-2000	25000	
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2008A	105,000	4.00% - 5.00%	2038	99,850	100,86
009A Sewer and Drainage	0.001000	-Applie Grande	2001	10710071	022497
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2009A	76,275	5.00%	2022	47,280	52,72
009B Sewer and Drainage	7 -121/2	43494	30.190/4	20142000	
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2009B	225,770	2.00% - 5.00%	2023	150,900	164,78
009C Sewer and Drainage	2291.19	2,0070 0,0070		,	
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2009C	180,000	5.98%	2040	180,000	180,00
010A Sewer and Drainage	100,000	0.0079	20.10	1001000	100,00
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2010A	330,000	6.25%	2043	330,000	330,00
011A Sewer and Drainage	000,000	0,20,0	2010	200,000	200,00
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2011A	263,360	3.00% - 5.00%	2034	256,490	258,33
013A Sewer and Drainage	200,000	0.0070	2004	1,00,100	200,00
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2013A	115,790	4%	2036	115,790	115,79
013B Sewer and Drainage	110,700	470	2000	110,100	110,70
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2013B	119,515	4.00% - 5.00%	2038	119,515	119,51
013C Sewer and Drainage	(10,010	4,0070 0,0070	2000	. 10,010	1 (5,0)
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2013C	100,000	3.00% - 5.00%	2044	99,875	100,00
014A Sewer and Drainage	700,000	0.0010 0.0010	2017	00,010	100,00
System Revenue Bonds					
Series 2014A	100,000	4.00% - 5.00%	2045	80,000	- 8
otal Long-Term Debt				1,612,805	1,578,22
ess: Current Maturities				(29,415)	(28,52
dd: Unamortized Premium/Discoun				60,797	60.26
du . Unamonized Fremium/Discoun			P	00,737	00,20
otal Long-Term Debt, net				\$ 1,644,187	\$ 1,609.96

#### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

A schedule of future debt service requirements after June 30, 2015 follows:

			R	evenue Bonds			
		Principal	Interest		Total		
Year Ending June 30,			-				
2016	\$	29,415	\$	82,749	\$	112,164	
2017		31,050		81,302		112,352	
2018		32,790		79,772		112,562	
2019		34,640		78,135		112,775	
2020		36,590		76,406		112,996	
2021-2025		202,970		352,848		555,818	
2026-2030		223,230		298,824		522,054	
2031-2035		200,795		255,638		456,433	
2036-2040		458,020		180,920		638,940	
2041-2045	-	363,305	_	47,656	_	410,961	
	\$	1,612,805	\$	1,534,250	\$	3,147,055	

A comparative summary of current and long-term revenue bond activity for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	_	2015	_	2014
Revenue Bonds - beginning of year, net	\$	1,578,225	\$	1,505,260
Bonds issued		80,000		100,000
Principal paid on bonds		(45, 420)		(27,035)
Revenue Bonds - end of year, net	\$	1,612,805	\$	1,578,225

MSD long-term debt is issued to provide sufficient funding for sewer and drainage projects approved for construction. MSD has arbitrage calculations performed as needed by an independent third party to comply with federal regulations.

A summary of significant debt transactions follows:

On November 4, 2014, MSD issued \$80,000 of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A. Proceeds of the 2014A bonds, net of issuance cost were used to pay the cost of improvements to MSD's sewer and drainage system.

On November 6, 2013, MSD issued \$100,000 of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013C. Proceeds of the 2013C bonds, net of issuance cost were used to pay the cost of improvements to MSD's sewer and drainage system.

#### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Covenant:</u> A debt service coverage ratio covenant has been established under the 1993 Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Master Bond Resolution. MSD was in compliance with the ratio covenant as of June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Swap Terminations: MSD enters into swaps and other derivative contracts to lock in long term rates in advance of issuing long term debt to create and manage variable rate exposure in its debt portfolio and to take advantage of market opportunities that hedge embedded interest rate and tax regulation risk that exists on its statement of net position.

Upon a termination of a swap, any termination receipt or payment is amortized into income or expense until the original expiration date of that swap. Any unamortized portion of the receipt or payment is recorded as a deferred debit or credit in long-term liabilities. MSD has swap agreement terminations with outstanding balances accreting to non-operating revenue as follows:

- On January 24, 2001, MSD terminated a nineteen-year interest rate swap agreement for \$100,000 of its fixed-rate 1999 Series Sewer and Drainage Revenue Bonds. The termination of this swap agreement resulted in the receipt of a payment in the amount of \$7,935. This payment will be amortized annually into income until 2019, the original termination date on the agreement.
- In April 2006, MSD entered into a swap agreement with Deutsche Bank AG for an initial notional amount of \$171,405 which provided that beginning May 15, 2006, a net payment will be made based on MSD paying 78.78% of the 3-month LIBOR Index on the notional amount and receiving 73.45% of the 5-year LIBOR Index on the notional amount. On January 23, 2008, MSD terminated this swap agreement and received a termination payment of \$4,170 that will be amortized until 2023, the original termination date of the agreement.
- On January 25, 2008, MSD terminated a twenty-seven year Floating to Floating (Basis) Interest Rate Swap agreement with a notional amount of \$282,165. MSD entered into this agreement with Morgan Stanley in April 2006 and paid 67% of the 1-Month LIBOR index and received 62.2% of the 5-Year LIBOR Index. The termination of this Swap agreement resulted in the receipt of a payment in the amount of \$5,756. This payment will be amortized annually into income until 2033, the original termination date of the agreement.
- In May and June of 2013, MSD terminated two Floating to Fixed Interest Rate swap agreements, two Basis swap agreements and three Reversal swap agreements. Additionally, MSD partially terminated two Floating to Fixed Interest Rate swap agreements. The termination value of all swap agreements resulted in a net payment by MSD of \$152. This action will result in a savings of \$13.5 million over the next ten years.

(Dollars in thousands)

#### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

#### Derivatives:

At June 30, 2015 MSD had the following derivative instruments outstanding:

ltem	Counter-Party	Initial Notional Amount	Current Notional Amount	Payment Start Date	Termination Date	MSD Payment Terms	MSD Receipt Terms	6/30/2015 Fair Value	6/30/2014 Fair Value	Change in Fair Value
Α	Wells Fargo	\$ 180,716	\$ 180,716	11/15/2009	5/15/2033	4.4215%	67% of 30-day LIBOR	\$ (63,086)	\$ (58,897)	\$ (4,189)
В	Bank of America	56,433	45,284	11/15/2009	5/15/2033	4.4215%	67% of 30-day LIBOR	(15,794)	(14,743)	(1,051)
	Total	\$ 237,149	\$226,000					\$ (78,880)	\$ (73,640)	\$ (5,240)

LIBOR = London Interbank Offering Rate

SIFMA = Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association

A comparative summary of the change in fair value of swaps for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	-	2015	-	2014	
Fair value - beginning of year	\$	(73,640)	\$	(72,418)	
Change in fair value		(5,240)		(1,222)	
Fair value - end of year	\$	(78,880)	\$	(73,640)	

MSD originally entered into interest rate swaps as a hedging derivative instrument. The interest rate swaps were found to be ineffective as of June 30, 2010, based on evaluation and consideration of consistent critical terms and quantitative methods. The total of investment derivatives are reported as interest rate swaps on the Statement of Net Position. All changes in fair value of the derivatives are recorded as a separate component of non-operating revenue (expense). MSD's outstanding swaps consist of two Floating-to-Fixed swaps described as follows:

Floating-to-Fixed Swaps are structured so that the notional amount of the swap decreases over time corresponding to the maturity and sinking fund schedule of the actual or expected bond issue being hedged. The Floating-to-Fixed swaps have been done on a forward basis with the swap payments starting at a future date when MSD anticipates refunding outstanding debt, which can be issued as variable rate bonds or short-term notes. In 2001, MSD entered into two swaps (A and B) for a synthetic advance refunding of its Series 1999A Bonds. In 2002, MSD entered into two swaps (C and D) for a synthetic advance refunding of its Series 1993 Bonds, and subsequently issued variable-rate Series 2003 Bonds to complete the refunding.

#### Credit Risk:

MSD has implemented steps to safeguard it against the risks associated with the aforementioned swap transactions. If the counter-party does not maintain A1/A+ ratings from Moody's and Standard and Poor's, the swaps contain provisions that require them to be marked to market weekly with monthly statements sent to MSD and the value will be collateralized with U.S. Treasury and Agency securities with the securities held by a tri-party custodian approved by MSD.

#### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

All costs of collateralization will be borne by the downgraded party who must post the collateral. In addition, the October 2002 (A and B) swaps were awarded to multiple firms to further mitigate the credit risk associated with the transactions. The credit ratings as of 6/30/2015 for the counter-parties are as follows:

	Credit Ratings				
Rating Agency	Moody's	Standard & Poor's			
Bank of America	A2	A			
Wells Fargo	Aa3	AA -			

The agreements also provide for automatic termination if MSD's unenhanced bond rating is downgraded below BBB/Baa. MSD's obligations under all of its outstanding swap agreements are unsecured and subordinate to all bonds issued and outstanding. The positive and negative fair values of the swap agreements were provided by a third-party financial advisor. The net swap payments made in FY 2015 and FY 2014 were \$9,737 and \$9,733 respectively.

#### Arbitrage Rebate Liability:

Federal tax regulations generally require the periodic payment to the U.S. Treasury of investment earnings on the proceeds of an issue of tax-exempt municipal bonds to the extent those earnings exceed the yield on the bonds. Such payments, known as arbitrage rebate, are normally payable every fifth year following the issuance of a series of bonds and upon the retirement of the bond issue. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, MSD's accrued liability for arbitrage rebate was \$0 and \$0 respectively.

#### NOTE 8 SHORT TERM DEBT

A summary of short term debt activity is provided below:

- On November 4, 2014 MSD issued \$226,340 of Sewer and Drainage System Subordinated Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2014A Notes with an interest rate of 2.00%. The proceeds of the notes were used to refinance the 2013A Notes. The 2014A Notes mature on November 24, 2015.
- On November 6, 2013 MSD issued \$226,340 of Sewer and Drainage System Subordinated Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2013A Notes with an interest rate of 2.00%. The proceeds of the notes were used to refinance the 2012A Notes. The 2013A Notes matured on November 24, 2014.

A comparative summary of short term debt for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

Jur	ne 30, 2015	Jur	ne 30, 2014
\$	228,601	\$	228,691
	226,340		226,340
	(226,433)		(226, 430)
\$	228,508	\$	228,601
	Jur \$	\$ 228,601 226,340 (226,433)	\$ 228,601 \$ 226,340 (226,433)

#### NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

**Plan Description:** MSD contributes to the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (The Plan) administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The CERS provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.520, the Board of Trustees (the Board) of KRS administers CERS, Kentucky Employee Retirement System, and State Police Retirement System. Although the assets of the systems are invested as a whole, each system's assets are used only for the payment of benefits to members of that plan, and a pro rata share of administrative costs. Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.701, the Board of KRS also administers the Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance Fund. The statues provide for a single insurance fund to provide group hospital and medical benefits to retirees drawing a benefit from the three pension funds administered by KRS. The assets of the insurance fund are invested as a whole.

KRS and the Commonwealth have statutory authority to determine Plan benefits and employer contributions for the pension and insurance plan. Administrative costs of KRS are financed through employer contributions and investments earnings.

The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or it may be found at the KRS website at <a href="https://www.kyret.ky.gov">www.kyret.ky.gov</a>.

Basis of Accounting: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of CERS and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefits Provided: Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Kentucky General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. MSD employees fall under the nonhazardous normal retirement employee category for benefits. The information below summarizes the major retirement benefit provisions of CERS-Nonhazardous. It is not intended to be, nor should it be interpreted as, a complete statement of all benefit provisions:

#### Members whose participation began before 8/1/2004:

Age and Service Requirement: Age 65 with at least one month of Nonhazardous duty service credit, or at any age with 27 or more years of service credit.

Benefit:

If a member has at least 48 months of service, the monthly benefit is 2.20% times final average compensation times years of service depending on participation and retirement dates. Final compensation is calculated by taking the average of the highest five (5) fiscal years of salary. If the number of months of service credit during the five (5) year period is less than forty-eight (48), one (1) or more additional fiscal years shall be used. If a member has less than 48 months of service, the monthly benefit is the actuarial equivalent of two times the member's contributions with interest.

#### NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### Members whose participation began on or after 8/1/2004, but before 9/1/2008:

Age and Service Requirement: Age 65 with at least one month of Nonhazardous duty service credit, or at any age with 27 or more years of service credit.

Benefit:

If a member has at least 48 months of service, the monthly benefit is 2.00% multiplied by final average compensation, multiplied by years of service. Final compensation is calculated by taking the average of the highest five (5) fiscal years of salary. If the number of months of service credit during the five (5) year period is less than forty-eight (48), one (1) or more additional fiscal years shall be used. If a member has less than 48 months of service, the monthly benefit is the actuarial equivalent of two times the member's contributions with interest.

#### Members whose participation began on or after 9/1/2008 but before 1/1/2014:

Age and Service Requirement: Age 65 with 60 months of Nonhazardous duty service credit, or age 57 if age plus service equals at least 87.

Benefit:

The monthly benefit is the following benefit factor based on service credit at retirement plus 2.00% for each year of service greater than 30 years, multiplied by final average compensation, multiplied by years of service.

Service Credit	Benefit Factor
10 years or less	1.10%
10+ - 20 years	1.30%
20+ - 26 years	1.50%
26+ - 30 years	1.75%

Final compensation is calculated by taking the average of the last (not highest) five (5) complete fiscal years of salary. Each fiscal year used to determine final compensation must contain twelve (12) months of service credit.

#### Members whose participation began on or after 1/1/2014:

Age and Service Requirement: Age 65 with 60 months of Nonhazardous duty service credit, or age 57 if age plus service equals at least 87.

Benefit:

Each year that a member is an active contributing member to the System, the member contributes 5% of creditable compensation, and the member's employer contributes 4.00% of creditable compensation, which is a portion of the total employer contribution, into a hypothetical account. The hypothetical account will earn interest annually on both the member's and employer's contribution at a minimum rate of 4%. If the System's geometric average net investment return for the previous five years exceeds 4%, then the hypothetical account will be credited with an additional amount of interest equal to 75% of the amount of the return which exceeds 4%. All interest credits will be applied to the hypothetical account balance on June 30 based on the account balance as of June 30 of the previous year. Upon retirement the hypothetical account which includes member contributions, employer contributions and interest credits can be withdrawn from the System as a lump sum or annuitized into a single life annuity option.

#### NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Contributions: MSD was required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate determined by Statute. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33) normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the KRS Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The KRS Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS Board.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, participating employers contributed 17.67%, 18.89% and 19.55% as set by KRS, respectively, of each Nonhazardous employee's creditable compensation. These percentages are inclusive of both pension and insurance payments for employers.

MSD's pension portion contributions to the CERS for the years ending June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$4,576 and \$5,051 respectively, equal to 100% of the statutorily required contributions for each year.

#### Members whose participation began before 9/1/2008:

Nonhazardous contributions equal 5% of all creditable compensation. Interest paid on the members' accounts is currently 2.5%; and per statute shall not be less than 2.0%. Member entitled to a full refund of contributions with interest.

#### Members whose participation began on or after 9/1/2008:

Nonhazardous contributions equal to 6% of all creditable compensation, with 5% being credited to the member's account and 1% deposited to the KRS 401(h) Account. Interest paid on the members' accounts will be set at 2.5%. Member entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest in their individual account, however, the 1% contributed to the insurance fund is non-refundable.

#### Members whose participation on or after 1/1/2014

Nonhazardous contribution equal to 6% of all creditable compensation, with 5% being credited to the member's account and 1% deposited to the KRS 401(h) Account. Members entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest on the member's portion of the hypothetical account, however, the 1% contributed to the insurance fund is non-refundable.

Healthcare Plan: The Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance Fund ("Fund") was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for members receiving benefits from CERS, the Kentucky Employees Retirement System and the State Police Retirement System. The Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, insurance premiums withheld from benefit payments for members of CERS were approximately \$24,206 and \$27,804 respectively.

#### NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>Total Pension Liability:</u> The total pension liability ("TPL") was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.5 percent

Salary increases 4.5 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

The rates of mortality for the period after service retirement are according to the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006 and the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all other members. The Group Annuity Mortality Table set forward 5 years is used for the period after disability retirement. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2008.

#### Discount rate assumptions:

- (a) Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%.
- (b) Projected cash flows: The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the local employers and plan members would contribute the statutorily determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 29 year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The statutorily determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period.
- Long term rate of return: The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of (c) the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the System. The most recent analysis prepared as of June 30, 2008, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2005 through 2008, is outlined in a report dated August 25, 2009. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.
- (d) Municipal bond rate: The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.
- (e) Periods of projected benefit payments: Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2116.

#### NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

(f) Assumed Asset Allocation: The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	30.00%	8.45%
International equity	22.00%	8.85%
Emerging market equity	5.00%	10.50%
Private equity	7.00%	11.25%
Real estate	5.00%	7.00%
Core U.S. fixed income	10.00%	5.25%
High-Yield U.S. fixed income	5.00%	7.25%
Non-U.S. fixed income	5.00%	5.50%
Commodities	5.00%	7.75%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities	5.00%	5.00%
Cash	1.00%	3.25%
Total	100.00%	

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was established by the KRS Board of Trustees at 7.75% based on a blending of the factors described above.

(g) Sensitivity Analysis: This paragraph requires disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Authority's allocated portion of the net pension liability ("NPL") of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Authority's allocated portion of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	19	6 Increase (8.75%)	Dis	Current count Rate (7.75%)	10/1973	Decrease 6.75%)	
Authority's net position liability - Nonhazardous	\$	37,476	\$	51,988	\$	68,413	

Employer's portion of the collective Net Pension Liability: MSD's proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability is \$51,988. MSD's proportionated share of the CERS plan was approximately 1.602% for Nonhazardous service employees. The liability was distributed based on 2014 actual employer contributions to the plan.

Measurement date: June 30, 2014 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total pension liability is based. No update procedures were used to determine the total pension liability. An expected total pension liability is determined as of July 1, 2013 using standard roll back techniques. The roll back calculation subtracts the annual normal cost (also called the service costs), adds the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. The procedure was used to determine the total pension liability as of July 1, 2013, is shown in the GASB 67 report for CERS submitted on November 17, 2014.

#### NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>Changes in assumptions and benefit terms</u>: There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

<u>Changes since measurement date</u>: There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and the employer's reporting date.

<u>Pension expense</u>: The Authority's proportionated share of Plan pension expense was \$4,161 for Nonhazardous service employees.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows</u>: Since certain expense items are amortized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense they are labeled as deferred inflows. If they will increase pension expense they are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average remaining service life of the active and inactive System members at the beginning of the fiscal year.

The table below provides a summary of the deferred inflows and outflows as of the Measurement Date.

Ou	tflow of	In	eferred flow of sources
\$	3	\$	5,803
	4,576		
\$	4,576	\$	5,803
	Out Res	4,576	Outflow of Resources Res

Deferred inflows of resources resulting from the differences between projected and actual investment earnings on Plan investments are amortized over a 5 year period. Deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Deferred inflows of resource amortization is shown below:

1,100
1,160
1,160
1,161
1,161
1,161

#### NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

MSD is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to MSD's employees. These risks are provided for through various programs.

MSD participates in the Louisville Area Governmental Self-Insurance Trust ("The Trust"). The Trust, which is certified by the Kentucky Department of Insurance to practice as a "group liability self-insurance trust," was created on January 1, 1987. Trust members currently include the Louisville Metro Government, six smaller cities, and six government agencies. The Trust was formed to provide better risk protection and lower cost liability insurance by sharing the risk with all of its members. MSD's payments to the Trust are reflected on the financial statements as an expense. The Trust provides, after a \$300 deductible various liability coverage up to \$5,000 per occurrence. Excess insurance may provide an additional \$2,000 of coverage, above the Trust \$5 million, to MSD. The amount of coverage available to MSD could be limited by the total assets of the Trust. For fiscal year 2015, the LAGIT Trust did not make any MSD claim payments.

MSD has chosen to self-insure the basic worker's compensation insurance. Claims administration is handled by a third-party administrator and includes claims monitoring, check issuance, settlement negotiations and loss control services. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. A separate insurance policy provides coverage in excess of \$300 for catastrophic injury claims by an employee or several employees as a result of a single occurrence.

A roll forward of for worker's compensation claims follows:

	June	e 30, 2015	June	30, 2014	June	e 30, 2013
Liability - beginning of year	\$	1,728	\$	1,832	\$	1,757
Claims and changes in estimates		1,063		760		1,433
Payments		(1,036)		(864)		(1,358)
Liability - end of year	\$	1,755	\$	1,728	\$	1,832

MSD joined the Louisville Area Governmental General Insurance Trust ("Property Self-Insurance Trust") in September 2002. The Property Self-Insurance Trust was created to provide lower cost to participants and broader coverage for property risks.

MSD is responsible for covered property damage up to \$100, except for flood and vehicle collision coverage, which have separate deductibles. The Property Self-Insurance Trust provides coverage for the next \$900 per occurrence, except for Flood Zone A locations. An excess insurance policy with a third-party carrier covers claims in excess of \$1,000.

In the past three fiscal years (2013-2015), the LAGIT Trust has paid a total of \$10 on one MSD liability claim and the LAGGIT Trust paid \$602 on one MSD property claim, \$112 on another MSD hail claim and \$1,000 on a lightning/flood claim, all of which exceeded MSD's deductibles under the Trusts. There have been no changes in MSD's self-insurance coverage from the prior year.

#### NOTE 11 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

MSD offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Sections 401(k) and 457. These plans, available to all MSD employees, permit them to defer the payment of a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in these plans is voluntary and MSD makes no contributions to these plans on behalf of the employee. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred, including the investments and earnings thereon, vest with the employee and are not subject to the claims of MSD's general creditors.

#### NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Sale of Sewer Assessments:

MSD has entered into agreements to sell sanitary sewer assessments to a local bank. These assessments reflect the portion of the cost that residents pay to have sewer lines installed in their neighborhood. Residents are given the opportunity to pay the assessment in full or to finance it over a twenty-year period at 7% interest per annum. The original agreement called for the bank to accept up to \$25,000 of outstanding assessments and for MSD to receive 104% of the face value of the assessments.

The subsequent agreement allows an additional \$5,000 of assessments to be sold to the bank at face value. These agreements give the bank the option to place the assessments back to MSD if the payments of the property owner are ninety days in arrears or the property owner does not respond to the bank's demand for payment within a ninety day period after the issuance of the assessment. Sales to the bank are net of any subsequent repurchases of warrants by MSD. The unpaid principal balance of loans held by the bank at June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$2,064 and \$2,544, respectively.

#### **EPA Consent Decree:**

In April 2005, MSD agreed to enter into a Consent Decree with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet ("The Cabinet") and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA").

The Consent Decree calls for MSD to submit a final Long-Term Control Plan ("LTCP") to The Cabinet/EPA for review and joint approval by December 31, 2008, which was completed. The final LTCP includes schedules, deadlines, and timetables for projects to be completed by December 31, 2020. In addition, a Sanitary Sewer Discharge Plan ("SSDP") was due by December 31, 2008, which was completed. The SSDP includes schedules and deadlines for capital projects to be completed by the end of 2024. The cost of the projects is estimated to be \$850,000.

Also, MSD agreed to pay a civil penalty to the Commonwealth of Kentucky in the amount of one million dollars (\$1,000) to resolve the violations alleged in the Cabinet's and EPA's complaints up through the date of entry of the Consent Decree. The agreement also calls for MSD to perform supplemental environmental projects (SEPS) at an amount of not less than \$2,250. MSD neither admitted nor denied the alleged violations but acknowledged that discharges occurred and accepted the obligations imposed in the Consent Decree. The Consent Decree, as negotiated, was entered by the U.S. District Court Judge on August 12, 2005. In April 2009, MSD agreed to enter into an Amended Consent Decree with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet and the EPA. The agreement called for MSD to design and implement projects within specified deadlines that will eliminate sewer overflows in its service area. In a letter dated June 6, 2014, MSD requested approval from the

#### NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

KEPPC and the EPA for the IOAP 2012 Modifications, dated May 2014. The IOAP 2012 Modifications represents a revision to 28 separate projects set forth in the original IOAP, dated September 30, 2009. The IOAP Modifications were approved and will supersede and replace the 2009 IOAP. To date, MSD has complied with all submittals and reports requirements contained in the Amended Consent Decree. The enforcement actions initiated by the EPA are not unique in the wastewater treatment industry. Several wastewater utilities have signed, or are in the process of signing, Consent Decrees. In the opinion of MSD, the resolution of any violations will not result in material adverse effect on the operation, property or finances of MSD.

#### Other Matters:

MSD is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the MSD's management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements of MSD.

The value of construction contracts signed, where work has not yet been performed at June 30, 2015, amounted to \$169,112, and was \$108,823 at June 30, 2014.

#### NOTE 13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management reported the following subsequent event disclosures:

- On July 27, 2015, the Board unanimously approved an employment agreement with Mr. James Parrott to serve as Executive Director of the District effective September 14, 2015 through September 13, 2018. Mr. Parrott replaces Greg Heitzman who retired effective September 30, 2015. Mr. Chad Collier and Ms. Angela Akridge similarly have employment agreements each effective through September 30, 2016.
- On August 1, 2015, MSD's rates for wastewater and stormwater charges increased by 5.8%.
- In October 2015, MSD entered into a \$25,000 line of credit facility with a financial institution.
- In October 2015, MSD plans to issue \$175,000 of Revenue Bonds (Series 2015A) to fund capital projects and also issue \$87,485 of Revenue Refunding Bonds (Series 2015B) to refund in advance of maturity the outstanding principal amount of the Series 2006A Bonds maturing on or after May 15, 2017.
- In November 2015, MSD plans to issue \$226,340 of Bond Anticipation Notes to refinance the 2014A Bond Anticipation Notes.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM June 30, 2015

(Dollars in thousands)

	No	nhazardous	3
MSD's proportion of the net pension liability		1.602%	
MSD's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	51,988	
MSD's covered employee payroll	\$	37,900	
MSD's proportion of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		137.2%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		66.80%	

#### Notes:

- 1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior year end.
- 2) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years, which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM June 30, 2015

(Dollars in thousands)

	Nonhazardous
Statutorily required contribution for pension	\$ 4,576
MSD contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(4,576)
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>
MSD contributions as a percentage of statutorily required contribution for pension	100.00%
MSD covered employee payroll	\$ 37,900
Contributions as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	12.07%

#### Notes:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years.
 However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years, which information is available.

### STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District's (MSD) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a supplement to the information presented in the financial statements and note disclosures to assist readers in assessing MSD's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Debt Service Coverage	54
This schedule presents information to help readers assess MSD's debt burden and MSD's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Financial Trends	55
These schedules contain trend information to help readers understand how MSD's financial performance and position have changed over time. The information presented includes changes in net assets, an analysis of revenues and expenses and a comparative statement of cash flows	
Revenue Capacity	59
This schedule contains information to help readers assess MSD's most significant revenue sources.	
Operating Information	60
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in MSD's financial report relates to the services that it provides.	
Demographic and Economic Information	63
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help readers understand the environment within which MSD operates.	

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (\$ in thousands)

	2015		2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	20	09		2008	20	007	2006
Revenues:		R	estated		7777 7.17									0.00
Service charges	\$ 225,462	\$	214,056 \$	205,222	\$ 190,482 \$	183,297	\$ 168,610 \$	1	63,004	\$	156,889 \$	1	26,490	\$ 122,643
Other operating income	4,407		2,576	4,823	1,756	2,379	2,980		4,552		4,394		5,966	7,122
Assessments	1,901		2,129	2,392	2,405	2,740	7,093		4,387		2,251		8,237	6,796
Investment income	17,623		20,330	20,119	40,687	33,700	36,045	13	25,568		6,085		8,417	5,558
Less: capitalized investment income	-		7.5	(3,817)	(1,851)	(12,134)	(5,990)				(1,190)		(3,747)	(1,594)
Total revenues	249,393		239,091	228,739	233,479	209,982	208,738	1	97,511		168,429	1	145,363	140,525
Operating expenses:														
Service and administrative costs	106,174		108,814	108,041	108,325	107,307	101,068		93,935		96,845		89,194	86,433
Less: capitalized project costs	(30,056)		(33,568)	(33,110)	(33,200)	(30,308)	(28,129)	(	25,257)		(26,510)	1	(25,715)	(25,387)
Total operating expenses	76,118		75,246	74,931	75,125	76,999	72,939		68,678		70,335		63,479	61,046
Net revenues	173,275		163,845	153,808	158,354	132,983	135,799	*	28,833		98,094		81,884	79,479
Aggregate debt service:														
Current maturities of long-term debt	29,415		28,525	27,035	25,740	24,840	23,785		23,105		21,255		18,190	17,250
Interest expense	83,404		80,613	92,616	89,243	78,954	69,949		72,776		66,918		70,548	66,162
Less: capitalized interest expense	(20,511)		(19,103)	(26,358)	(26,384)	(25,195)	(13,910)		114		(10,530)		(14,140)	(15,758)
Aggregate net debt service	\$ 92,308	\$	90,035 \$	93,293	\$ 88,599	\$ 78,599	\$ 79,824 \$		95,881	S	77,643	3	74,598	\$ 67,654
Debt service coverage ratio	188%		182%	165%	179%	169%	170%		134%	2	126%		110%	117%

This table has been prepared using the definitions of revenue, expense and debt service contained in MSD's 1993 Sewer & Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution.

The 1993 Resolution and its supplements require MSD to provide "Available Revenues", as defined in the Resolution, sufficient to pay 110% of each fiscal year's "Aggregate Net Debt Service" on Revenue Bonds and 100% of "Operating Expenses". "Available Revenues", as used only for purposes of the Resolution, means all revenues and other amounts received by MSD and pledged as security for payment of Bonds issued pursuant to the Resolution, but excludes any interest income which is capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. "Operating Expenses" includes all reasonable, ordinary, usual or necessary current expenses of maintenance, repair and operation determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the enterprise basis of accounting. "Operating Expenses" does not include reserves for extraordinary maintenance and repair, nor does it include administrative and engineering expenses of MSD which are necessary or incidental to capital improvements for which dobt has been issued and which may be paid from the proceeds of such debt. "Aggregate Net Debt Service" is aggregate current principal and interest expense, which in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, is capitalized and which may be paid from the proceeds of debt, and (ii) other amounts, if any, available, or expected to become available in the ordinary course for payment of principal and interest, and not included in "Available Revenues"

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES JUNE 30 (In thousands)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
1 0/ 10 /		Restated								
Current Assets:										
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 63,013	\$ 84,780	\$ 66,376	\$ 12,040	\$ 34,508	\$ 24,700	\$ 22,552	\$ 10,524	\$ 1,912	\$ 17,198
Unrestricted investments	100	100	100	100	100	100	7,733	14,379	24,935	18,645
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	34,958	39,507	62,249	227,327	112,559	58,923	35,988	105,299	3,133	24
Restricted investments	120,164	121,216	90,574	94,639	294,868	394,880	61,303	27,202	73,801	134,850
Accounts receivable	23,787	21,809	18,465	16,666	17,789	15,779	18,065	16,732	15,398	17,401
Inventories	3,981	3,808	3,579	3,484	3,435	3,110	3,027	3,020	3,091	2,874
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,880	2,636	2,110	1,862	2,841	2,513	1,965	2,020	1,181	1,359
Total current assets	248,883	273,856	243,453	356,118	466,100	500,005	150,633	179,176	123,451	192,351
Plant, Lines and Other facilities:										
Completed projects	2,777,788	2,753,762	2,702,448	2,560,403	2,498,355	2,445,755	2,314,406	2,281,413	2.149,779	2,049,762
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,008.503)	(946,427)	(884,199)	(825,205)	(768,423)	(734,552)	(680,380)	(628,296)	(578,643)	(527,799
Less. Accombiates appreciation	1,769,285	1,807,335	1,818,249	1,735,198	1,729,932	1,711,203	1,634,026	1,653,117	1,571,136	1,521,963
Construction in progress	623,181	463,167	371,816	370,350	272,850	140,134	182,711	136,695	193,420	211,761
Net plant, lines and other facilities	2,392,466	2,270,502	2,190,065	2,105,548	2,002,782	1,851,337	1,816,737	1,789,812	1,764,556	1,733,724
Other Non-current assets	30,807	33,501	36,262	35,876	36,611	35,945	99,623	59,039	28,749	27,778
Total non-current assets	2,423,273	2,304,003	2,226,327	2,141,424	2,039,393	1,887,282	1,916,360	1,848,851	1,793,305	1,761,502
Total assets	\$ 2,672,156	\$ 2,577,859	\$ 2,469,780	\$ 2,497,542	\$ 2,505,493	\$ 2,387,287	\$ 2,066,993	\$ 2,028,027	\$ 1,916,756	\$ 1,953,853
Deferred outflow of resources	20,407	22,862	13,511	15,176	16,842	18,507	14,743	16,020	19,859	21,779
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 2,692,563	\$ 2,600,721	\$ 2,483,291	\$ 2,512,718	\$ 2.522.335	\$ 2,405,794	\$ 2,081,736	\$ 2,044,047	\$ 1,936,615	\$ 1.975.63

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#### LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION
JUNE 30
(in (housends)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Mary Co.		Restated								
Liabilities:										
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):	E. Carlo	35 55,556	THE KELLY	0 - 30 00 1	G 00-53	B 1337030	a Licitari	Charles and		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 14,936	\$ 13,653	\$ 12,693	\$ 16,470	\$ 15,732	\$ 11,141	\$ 11,035	10,548	\$ 16,639	22,619
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	14,936	13,653	12,693	16,470	15,732	11,141	11,035	10,548	16,639	22,619
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	30,607	14,712	16,168	12,656	15,105	13,692	7,735	5,250	4,239	1,072
Accrued Interest	13,036	12,834	12,458	13,959	12,360	14,701	8,143	8,597	10,824	10,456
Subordinated Debt	228,508	228,601	228,691	226,340	226,340	452,680				
Current maturities of bonds payable	29,415	28,525	27,035	25,740	24,840	23,785	23,105	21,255	18,190	17,250
Refundable Deposits	1,639	1,568	1,137	1.013	1,341	1,622	3,478	4,209		-014000
Total Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	303,205	286,240	285,489	279,708	279,986	506,480	42,461	39,311	33,253	28,778
Non-current liabilities:										
Bonds payable	1,583,390	1,549,700	1,478,225	1,536,770	1,591,670	1,302,000	1,385,185	1,421,825	1,327,095	1,345,785
Unamortized debt premium/discount	60,797	60,263	56,764	45,841	25,646	9,562	8.912	16,685	14,312	14,975
Net Pension Liability	51,988	58,825								
Other long-term liabilities	944	761	973	5,663	5,561	1,630	2,114	2,375	2,632	2,890
Total long-term debt	1,697,119	1,669,549	1,535,962	1,588,274	1,622,877	1,313,192	1,396,211	1,440,885	1,344,039	1,363,650
Total liabilities	2,015,260	1,969,442	1,834,144	1,884,452	1,918,595	1,830,813	1,449,707	1,490,744	1,393,931	1,415,047
Deferred inflow of resources	92,233	82,293	82,233	119,680	67,948	82,185	74,942	2,784	(8,690)	(8,878
Net position:										
Invested in plant, lines, & other facilities, net of related debt	475,580	418,784	365,225	313,575	363,334	450,753	470,445	478.833	479,305	489,973
Restricted for payment of bond principal & Interest	155,121	148,451	136,939	157,002	141,217	334,186	100,225	135,537	7,034	8,92
Unrestricted	(45,631)	(18,249)	177-17-17	38,009	31,241	(292,143)		(63,851)		70,56
Total net assets	585,070	548,986	566,914	508,586	535,792	492,796	557,087	550,519	551,374	569,463
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 2,692,563	\$ 2,600,721	\$ 2,483,291	\$ 2,512,718	\$ 2,522,335	\$ 2,405,794	\$ 2,081,736	\$ 2,044,047	\$ 1,936,615	\$ 1,975,632

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (in lihousands)

	2	015	_ 3	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010	200	9		2008		2007		2006
			Re	stated																-
Operating revenue:																				
Wastewater service charges	\$ -	173,895	\$	165,599	\$	159,791	\$	149,626 3	5	145,880	\$	133,853 \$	130	0,661	\$	125,782 \$	5	96,594	\$	93,907
Stormwater service charges		51,567	76	48,457	7	45,431		40,856		37,417	4	34,757		2,343	-	31,107		29,896		28,736
Other operating income		4,407		2,578		4,823		1,756		2,379		2,980		4,552		4,394		5,956		7,122
Total operating revenue		229,869		216,632		210,045		192,238		185,676		171,590	16	7,556		161,283		132,446		129,765
Operating expenses:																				
Service and administrative costs	1	106,174		108.814		108,041		108,326		107,307		101,068	9	3,935		96,845		90,157		86,433
Capitalization/recovery of cost		(30,056)		(33,568)		(32,200)		(30,860)		(30,472)		(28,129)	(2	4.401)		(26,510)		(26,678)		(25,387)
Capitalized overhead (over) under applied				160		(910)		(2,340)		164		(2,988)	-	(856)				ALCOHOL:		200
Depreciation and amortization		63,321		63,516		60,335		60,527		58,741		58,513	5	6,727		55,363		52,177		51,174
Total operating expenses		139,439		138,762		135,266		135,653		135,740		128,464	12	5,405		125,698		115,656		112,220
Income (loss) from operations		90,430		77,870		74,779	7.3	56,585		49,936		43,126	4	2,151		35,585		16,790		17,545
Non-operating revenue (expense):																				
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets						45		(19)		194		200		(64)		(122)		×		
Investment Income		17,623		20,330		16,301		40,687		33,700		36,045	2	5,568		4,895		4,670		3,964
Interest expense - bonds		(83,404)		(80,613)		(92,616)		(89,243)		(78,954)		(69,949)	(6	9,893)		(56,388)		(56,408)		(50,404
Interest expense - swaps		(9,737)		(9,733)		(10,200)		(11,235)		(11,627)		(8,815)	(	(2,883)		4				
Interest expense - other		1,296		115		241		437		(1,833)		(3,723)		-		4		-		
Capitalized Interest		20,511		19,103		26,358		26,384		25,195		13,910				140		24		
Decrease upon hedge termination		- 14		100				-		11.00		(58,556)								
Change in fair values - swaps		(5,240)		(1,222)		36,286		(52,897)		22,638		(19,889)		-		7		- 5		
Total non-operating revenue (expenses), net		(58,951)		(52,020)		(23,585)		(85,886)		(10,687)		(110,977)	(4	17,272)		(51,615)		(51,738)		(46,440
Net income / (loss) before contributions		31,479		25,850		51,194		(29,301)		39,249		(67,851)	0	(5,121)		(16,030)		(34,948)		(28,895
Contributions																				
Property owner assessments				-				0.00		334		(545)		2,239		164		7,634		4,862
All other		4,605		8,103		7.134		2,095		3,413		4,105		9,450		15,011		9,225		15,221
Increase (decrease) in net position		36,084		33,953		58,328		(27,206)		42,996		(64,291)		6,568		(855)		(18,089)		(8,81)
Net position, beginning of year	_	548,986	Ų	515,033	_	508,586		535,792		492,796	_	557,087	5	50,519		551,374		569,463	_	578,275
Net position, and of year	\$	585,070	\$	548,986	\$	566,914	\$	508,586	\$	535.792	5	492,796 \$	5	57.087	5	550,519	\$	551,374	\$	569,463

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#### LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (In thousands)

	_	2015	2014		2013		2012		2011	2010	2009		2008	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:															
Cash received from customers	\$	227,976	213	215 \$	207,905	5	193,446	\$	182,976 \$	171,641	\$ 166,12	3 \$	159,539	134,160 \$	125,918
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(75,386)	(73	175)	(79,926)		(76,077)		(72,566)	(72,426)	(66,29	(7)	(72,227)	(69,536)	(56,548
Net cash provided by operating activities		152,590	140	040	127,979		117,369		110,410	99,215	99,82	26	87,312	64,624	69,370
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:															
Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds		80,000	100	000	115,790		263,360		330,000	405,770	70,2	75	166,125	-	100,000
Proceeds from subordinated debt		226,340	226	340	228,735		226,340		226,340	452,680			10 AC	10.5	20.00
Capital contributed by governments, property owners & developers		4,605	8	103	7,134		2,095		3,747	3,560	11,6	39	15,174	16,861	1,460
Build America Bond Interest Income		10,098	10	,096	10,986		10,986		7,978	2,260					
Assessments receivable		2,050	1	695	1,833		1,930		1,676	2,998	5	57	2,703	(645)	8,621
Interest income - assessments		340		687	731		852		994	1,588	1,4	71	1,405	1,670	
Principal paid on revenue bonds		(45,420)	(27	,035)	(173,040		(317,360)		(39,275)	(488, 275)	(95,0	45)	(84,350)	(17,250)	(16,815
Interest paid on revenue bonds		(87,813)	(91	,719)	(98,944		(94,240)		(86,191)	(70,192)	(69,0		(69,145)	(70,180)	(65,474
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(147,714)	(121	(237)	(113,144		(119,988)		(167,816)	(86,590)	(75,9	70)	(80,614)	(65,702)	(87,035
Acquisition of non-operating property		(247)	-70.7	(211)	(223		(213)		(221)	(484)	(2	61)	(257)	(258)	
Principal paid on subordinated debt		(226,433)	(226	(430)	(226,384		(226,340)		(452,680)					12.77	-
Net cash (used in) provided from capital and related financing activities		(184,196)	(119	,711)	(246,526		(252,578)		(175,448)	223,315	(150,3	47)	(48,959)	(135,504)	(39,243
Cash flows from Investing activities:															
Restricted Investments		1,052	(30	(642)	4.064		200,229		100,012	(333,577)	(34,1	01)	45,656	65,108	(126,657
Unrestricted Investments		100		-	100		2.52			7,633	6,6	46	10,555	100	William
Income received on investments		13,975	-15	,708	13,941		38,515		40,097	37,329	24,8	59	16,214	7,642	5,55
Interest expense - swap agreements		(9,737)	(9	,733)	(10,200	)	(11,235)	k.	(11,627)	(8,832)	(4,1	66)		2	
Net cash (used in) provided from investing activities		5,290	(24	,667)	7,805	=	227,509		128,482	(297,447)	(6,7	62)	72,425	7,642	5,55
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(26,316)	- (	,338)	(110,742	)	92,300		63,444	25,083	(57,2	(83)	110,778	(63,238)	35,678
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		124,287	12	3,625	239,367		147,067		83,623	58,540	115,8	23	5,045	3,176	94,15
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	97,971	\$ 12	\$,287	\$ 128,625	\$	239,367	\$	147,067 \$	83,623	\$ 58,5	140	\$ 115,823	\$ (60,063) \$	129,83

#### COMPARATIVE SUMMARIES OF OPERATING REVENUE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (in thousands)

		2015	7	2014	7	2013	To Y	2012	- 2	2011		2010	- 1	2009	- 3	2008	13	2007	20	006
Service charges:																				
Wastewater service charges:																				
Residential	S	96,563	S	89.691	\$	86,409	\$	80,779 \$	5	78,552	\$	73,228	\$	71,159	\$	64,978	S	48,338 \$		47,555
Commercial	3.7	62,257		58,812	91	57,192		53,116	٠.	46,598		42,741		42,312		38,935		28,892		27,619
Industrial		17,605		19,738		19,536		18,063		21,498		18,948		18,216		21,324		18,431		17,279
Other - net		2,806		2,611		2,267		2,219		1,847		1,756		1,601		2,382		1,993		1,454
Free sewer to Metro Government		(5,336)		(5,253)		(5,613)		(4,551)		(2,615)		(2,820)		(2,627)		(1,837)		(1,060)		7,100
Total wastewater service charges		173,895		165,599		159,791		149,626		145,880		133,853		130,661		125,782		96,594		93,907
Stormwater service charges:																				
Residential		20,090		18,522		17,372		15,907		14,776		13,613		12,709		12,198		11,617		11,205
Commercial		28,936		27,910		26,123		23,017		20,862		19,433		18,012		17,276		16,741		15,683
Industrial		3,030		3,112		2,956		2,575		2,351		2,189		2,064		1,988		1,930		1,848
Free drainage to Metro Government		(489)		(1.087)		(1,020)		(643)		(572)		(478)		(442)		(355)		(392)		
Total stormwater service charges		51,567		48,457		45,431		40,856		37,417		34,757		32,343		31,107		29,896		28,736
Total service charges		225,462		214,056		205,222		190,482		183,297		168,610		163,004		156,889		126,490	- 1	22,643
Other operating income:																				
Capacity charges		2,667		1,620		1,624		335		446		564		820		2,521		2,538		4,772
Connection fees		379		133		93		64		71		68		47		172		146		220
Regional facilities fees		34				164		-						-				(11)		357
Reserve capacity charges		10.8		AY		64		100		0.00		. 11		28		37		5		22
Wastewater miscellaneous		1,327		823		2,984		1,299		1,804		2,279		3,599		1,606		3,220		1,693
Stormwater miscellaneous		~				58		58		58		58		58		58		58		58
Total other operating income		4,407		2,576		4,823		1,756		2,379		2,980		4,552		4,394		5,956		7,122
Total operating revenue	\$	229,869	\$	216,632	\$	210,045	\$	192,238	\$	185,676	S	171,590	\$	167,556	\$	161,283	\$	132,446	\$	129,76

## COMPARATIVE SUMMARIES OF SERVICE AND ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30 (in thousands)

	2015	_	2014	2013		2012	 2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007	- 1	2006
Service and administrative costs:																	
Labor	\$ 54,251	\$	57,249	\$ 55,028	\$	55,010	\$ 56,358	\$	52,945	\$	49,354	\$	49,431	\$	47,079	\$	42,287
Utilities	13,817		14,563	12,821		14,555	13,853		11,879		10,818		12,989		10,976		12,518
Materials and supplies	9,706		8,151	8,990		8,972	9,043		9,031		8,742		8,707		8,197		7,745
Professional services	2,839		1,932	3,942		2,416	2,624		2,363		2,730		3,126		2,797		2,543
Maintenance and repairs	7,915		9,096	10,866		11,090	10,054		8,847		9,675		8,926		8,035		7,762
Billing and collections	4,327		4,095	4,904		4,309	4,318		4,461		3,623		5,319		2,889		3,869
Chemicals and fuel	5,297		5,143	5,907		5,714	5,702		6,099		5,687		5,148		4,825		5,088
Blosolids disposal	1,967		1,795	1,709		1,759	2,035		2,186		2,063		1,661		1,412		1,554
All other	6,520		7,238	4,369		4,901	3,694		3,638		2,817		2,800		3,947		3,067
Gross service and administrative costs	106,639		109,262	108,536		108,726	107,681		101,449		95,509		98,107		90,157		86,433
Less: Recovery of cost																	
Capitalized project cost	(30,056)		(33,568)	(33,110)	-	(33,200)	(30,472)	)	(28, 129)	6.1	(24,401)		(26,510)	)	(25,715)		(24,450
Revenue recoveries	(465)		(448)	(495)		(400)	(374)	)	(381)		(1,574)		(1,262)	)	(963)		(937
Recovery of cost	(30,521)		(34,016)	(33,605)		(33,600)	(30,846	)	(28,510)	the second	(25,975)		(27,772	)	(26,678)		(25,387
Net service and administrative costs	\$ 76,118	\$	75,246	\$ 74,931	\$	75,126	\$ 76,835	\$	72,939	\$	69,534	\$	70,335	\$	63,479	\$	61,046

### COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF PLANT, LINES AND OTHER FACILITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30

(in thousands)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Completed projects										
Sewer lines	\$ 1,277,745	\$ 1,274,180	\$ 1,265,437	\$ 1,179,685	\$ 1,159,437	\$ 1,134,637	\$ 1,042,742	\$ 1,022,859	\$ 963,798	\$ 915,527
Wastewater treatment facilities	489,292	489,289	479,998	479,226	471,190	470,527	459,238	456,955	422,483	418,997
Stormwater drainage facilities	448,853	448,899	443,577	437,139	434,943	427,431	400,118	390,699	366,745	337,039
Pumping and lift stations	96,812	96,819	89,503	73,023	71,122	70,643	69,301	66,990	60,877	55,407
Administrative facilities	49,342	49,342	49,317	46,068	46,078	45,561	45,561	45,561	45,347	45,347
Maintenance facilities	8,037	8,037	8,037	8,037	8,037	7,827	7,827	7,833	7,313	7,470
Machinery, equipment and other	85,395	85,395	83,882	77,068	71,923	93,240	74,975	75,872	62,526	58,613
Capitalized interest	322,312	301,800	282,697	260,157	235,624	222,564	214,644	214,644	220,690	211,362
Total completed projects	2,777,788	2,753,761	2,702,448	2,560,403	2,498,354	2,472,430	2,314,406	2,281,413	2,149,779	2,049,762
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,008,503)	(946,426)	(884,199)	(825,205)	(768,423)	(734,552)	(680,380)	(628,296)	(578,643)	(527,799
Total completed projects - net	1,769,285	1,807,335	1,818,249	1,735,198	1,729,931	1,737,878	1,634,026	1,653,117	1,571,136	1,521,963
Total construction in progress	623,181	463,167	371,816	370,350	272,850	140,134	182,711	136,695	193,420	211,761
Total net plant, lines and other facilities	\$ 2,392,466	\$ 2,270,502	\$ 2,190,065	\$ 2,105,548	\$ 2,002,781	\$ 1,878,012	\$ 1,816,737	\$ 1,789,812	\$ 1,764,556	\$ 1,733,724

#### LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT CAPACITY 2015

	Design Capacity	Avg Daily Flow	Eventual Capacity		Customer	Base		Year	
Plant	MGD	MGD	MGD	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Total	Built	Treatment Process
Morris Forman	120.0	92.9	120,0	130,176	16,031	357	146,564	1958	Secondary added in 1972.
Derek R. Guthrie*	30.0	34.9	45.0	64,571	4,142	21	68,734	1986	Secondary
Jeffersantown	4.0	3.2	1 O'e	6,024	936	9	6,969	1956	Secondary
Hite Creek	6.0	4.3	8.0	7,724	595	7	8,326	1970	Tertiary: sand filter
Cedar Creek	7.5	4.0	7.5	11,054	326	A.0	11,380	1995	Tertiary: sand filter
Floyd's Fork	6.5	2.8	9.8	7,586	390		7,976	2001	Tertiary: sand filter
10 Small WQTC**	2.6	1.0	9	3,369	144	-	3,513	Most 1970s	Various: developer-built package plants
Total treatment system	176,6	143.1	190.3	230,504	22,564	394	253,462		

Source: MSD Engineering Department

<sup>\*</sup> Formerly known as the West County WTP
\*\* Glenview Bluff and Chenoweth WQTC eliminated
\*\* Lake Forest / Chenoweth Run WQTC eliminated in July 2012

### 03

#### LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT GREATER LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY / INDIANA EMPLOYERS OF 1,000 EMPLOYEES OR MORE

Employera	2015 Rank	Employees	2014 Rank	Employees	2013 Rank	Employees	2012 Rank	Employees	2011 Rank	Employees	2010 Rank	Employees	2009 Rank	Employees	2008 Rank	Employees	2007 Rank	Employees	2006 Rank	Employees	Type of business
United Parcel Service, Inc.	1	22,189	1	20,931	1	20,047	9	20,117	1	20,388	1	20,125	1	20,513	4	20,560	1	20.674	1	18.398	P Air cargo transport and distribution
Jefferson County, KY Public Schools	2	14,719	2	14,678	2	14,269	2	14,366	2	13,840	2	13,964	2	13,326	2	13,917	2	13,593	2	13,281	G Primary and secondary education
Humana, Inc.	3	12,900	3	12,371	3	11,235	3	11,000	3	10,017	3	9,400	3	10,096	3	9.854	3	8,775	5	7,458	P Group health insurance/HMOs
Norton Healthcare (formerly Alliant Health)	4	10,739	4	10,245	4	9,666	-4	9,658	4	9,421	4	8,698	4	8,142	4	7,978	4	7,690	4	7,783	N Hospital and health care facilities
Ford Motor Company	5	9,028	5	8,987	6	6,512	5	8,696	11	3,847	9	5,397	В	5,624	6	5,929	5	7,588	3	8,745	P Vehicle manufacturing
University of Louisville	8	6,264	7	6,161	7	6,187	6	6,273	8	5,746	5	6,352	6	6,135	7	5,866	7	5,763	8	5,563	G Higher education
General Electric Company	7	6,000	6	6,230	8	6,000	9	5,000	10	3,988	11	4,100	- 11	4,000	9	5,000	9	5,000	10	5.000	P Appliance manufacturing
Kentucky One Health Inc (formerly Jewish Hosp	7	6,000	9	5,602	5	8,893	7	5,898	5	5,819	6	5,782	5	6,500	5	6,203	6	6,229		5,907	N Hospital and health care facilities
Amazon.com	7	6,000	NR	1				2636		3.0		2612		-						0.00	P Logistics & Customer Service
Louisville-Jefferson County Metro Government	8	5,584	8	5,654	g	5,651	8	5,689	7	5,706	7	5,765	7	5,811	8	5,639	8	5,698	6	5,993	G City/County Government
Baptist Healthcare System	9	5,116	11	5,339	11	4,854	11	4.219	12	3,752	12	3.889	12	3,305	12	3,089	12	3,536		3,140	N Hospital and health care (acilities
The Kroger Company	10	4,892	10	5.417	10	5,152	n/a	nla	100	1243 14		15046-	100	33,0	3.00	20777	3.4	7,545		and the	P Grocery Retailer
Commonwealth of Kentucky	11	3,794	12	4.042	12	4,161	10	4,232	9	4,488	10	4,361	10	4,253	11	4,498	11	4,535	11	4,700	G General purpose government
U.S. Postal Service	12	2,401	13	2,546	13	2,509	n/a	17/4	14	2.653	18	1,991	14	2,626	14	2.651	15	2,653		2.674	G Mall distribution
Manna Inc	13	2,400	16	2,250	NR:	2,000		1112	-	2,020	1,00	1,00	1,4	2,020	1,4	2,00		2,000		2,014	P Food service provider
U.S. Federal Government	14	2,397	15	2,252	15	2,191	12	2,676	13	2,855	13	3,575	13	2.985	13	2,853	14	2,822	13	2,826	G General purpose government.
Oldham County Public Schools	15	2,300	23	1,576	22	1,602	19	1,690	21	1,689	28	1,500		1,568	25	1,519	28	1.448		1,407	G Primary and secondary education
Kindred Healthcare (formerly Vencor Inc.)	16	2,300	17	2,249	17	2,130	15	2,252	18	2,297	16	2,224		2,153	19	2,079		3.033		2,349	
			14	2,260	14	2,345	13		15	2,416	17			2,343							P Long-term health care, facilities
Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Louisville	17	2,237					7.7	2,352			777	2,142			1.3	2,351	17	2,34	15	2,437	N Religious, educational, social services
LG&E and KU Energy (formerly EON)	18	1,993	18	2,178		2,131	16	2,066	19	1,976	19	1,976		1,902							P Ges & Electric Utility
Robley Rex VA Medical Center	19	1,800	20	1,703		1,799	18	1,728	22	1,671	24	1,596		10.002	100					17444	N Hospital and health care facilities
Floyd Memorial Hospital & Health Services	20	1,756	19	1,769		1,711	20	1,612	24	1,546	29	1,473	32	1,338	33	1,316	30	1,401	9 29	1,337	and the second s
Bullitt County Public Schools	21	1,671	22	1,633		1,629		n/a													G Primary and secondary education
New Albany - Floyd County Schools	22	1,622	21	1,648	20	1,640	n/a	n/a													G Primary and secondary education
PNC Bank	23	1,569	NR	1000		W 10 10 10		202		-0.00	- 32	5,359						-30			P Financial Services
Greater Clark County, IN School Corp.	24	1,447	24	1,303		1,357		1,346		1,364	30	1,395		1,409		1,491		1,60		1,598	
Publishers Printing Company	25	1,413	28	1,432		1,516		1,450		1,367	27	1,500		1,600		1,860		1,68		1,702	P Trade, professional, special printing
Anthem, Inc.	26	1,350	32	1,139		1,100		1,122		1,150		1,276		1,358		1,381	29	1,43	8 23	1,575	
Securitas Security Services USA Inc.	27	1,328	26	1,476		1,476	21	1,598	33	1,191	41	1,150	35	1,150	1						P Security Services
ResCare Inc	28	1,312		1,054																	P Health care provider
Horseshoe Southern IN (formerly Caesars')	29	1,303		1,404		1,418		1,437		1,244	26	1,540	22	1,697	21	1,858	19	1,89	5 19	1,942	P Gaming and entertainment resort
Papa John's International	30	1,279	25	1,503		1,143		918													P Quick service restaurant
Brown-Forman Corp.	31	1,266	31	1,256	32	1,244	31	1,196	34	1,184	37	1,240	37	1,08	35	1,256	34	1.31	7 33	1.264	P Distilled spirits manufacturing
Yuml Brands Inc. (formerly Tricon)	32	1,226	30	1,270	23	1,544	22	1,558	23	1,640	21	1.75	7 19	2,070	18	2,243	18	2.21	6 18	2,123	P Food service provider
Clark Memorial Hospital	33	1,225		1,270				11500		745.57				2400		-				240	P Health care provider
Seven Countles Services	34	1.168		1,129		1.11	30	1,215	32	1,202	40	1.18	7 36	1,11	40	1,110	39	1,10	0 37	1.137	
Charter Communications	35	1.131	7.5	1.200		11.0	7.0	· Jan		1,2246	- 10	1,00	30		- 4	4.14		1,110	- 31	1,100	P Call Center
American Commercial Lines	36	1.100	100	1,20																	P Marine Transportation Service
Al J Schneider Co	37	1,000		1,050	NR.																P Hotel / Reslaurants
		155,163	3	144,20	5	136,22	3	121,364	C	114,457	7	115,35	5	114,10	9	112,50		114,05	50	110,339	7

P=for-profit organization N=not-for-profit organization G=governmental organization Source: Business First of Louisville, KY

#### LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT Louisville- Jefferson County Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Employer	Employees	2015 Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employer	Employees	2006 Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
United Parcel Service, Inc.	22,189	4	3.68%	United Parcel Service, Inc.	18,398	1	3.22%
Jefferson County, KY Public Schools	14,719	2	2.44%	Jefferson County, KY Public Schools	13,281	2	2.32%
Humana, Inc.	12,900	3	2.14%	Ford Motor Company	8,745	3	1.53%
Norton Healthcare (formerly Alliant Health)	10,739	4	1.78%	Norton Healthcare (formerly Alliant Health)	7,783	4	1.36%
Ford Motor Company	9,028	5	1.50%	Louisville-Jefferson County Metro Government	7,458	5	1.30%
University of Louisville	6,264	6	1.04%	Jewish Hospital	5,993	6	1.05%
General Electric Company	6,000	7	1.00%	University of Louisville	5,907	7	1.03%
Kentucky One Health Inc (formerly Jewish Hosp)	6,000	8	1.00%	Kroger	5,563	8	0.97%
Amazon.com	6,000	9	1.00%	General Electric Company	5,177	9	0.91%
Louisville-Jefferson County Metro Government	5,584	10	0.93%	Commonwealth of Kentucky	5,000	10	0.87%
Total	99,423		16.49%		83,305		14.56%
Total Employment (MSA) Louisville, KY-IN	602,845			Total Employment (MSA) Louisville, KY-IN	572,010		

Source: Business First of Louisville Workforce Kentucky

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### Ratio of Outstanding Debt and Misc. Demographic Information (dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal	Revenue		Personal	Percentage of Personal	Unemployment	# of MSD	# of MSD Service	Miles of
	Year	Bond	Population	Income	Income	Rate	<b>Employees</b>	Connections	Sewer Line
	2006	1,363,035	715,149	28,754,463	4.74%	5.7%	612	222,698	3,099
	2007	1,345,285	723,040	29,594,360	4.55%	5.1%	614	224,654	3,133
	2008	1,443,080	730,194	30,196,557	4.78%	6.4%	625	226,430	3,200
	2009	1,408,290	736,705	29,191,601	4.82%	10.4%	633	226,711	3,197
	2010	1,325,785	742,324	29,921,911	4.43%	9.8%	651	228,580	3,207
65	2011	1,616,510	746,372	31,154,544	5.19%	9.9%	655	230,240	3,200
	2012	1,562,510	750,828	32,592,092	4.79%	8.4%	666	235,136	3,232
	2013	1,505,260	756,832	33,314,513	4.52%	8.2%	649	239,334	3,240
	2014	1,578,225	760,026	N/A	N/A	6.4%	606	240,174	3,263
	2015	1,612,805	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.9%	591	253,462	3,288

Source: U.S. Census Bureau (census.gov)

Source: Workforce Kentucky Website (www.workforcekentucky.ky.gov)

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis website (www.bea.gov)

#### LOUISVILLE AND JEFFERSON COUNTY METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT TOP 10 WASTEWATER AND STORMWATER CUSTOMERS

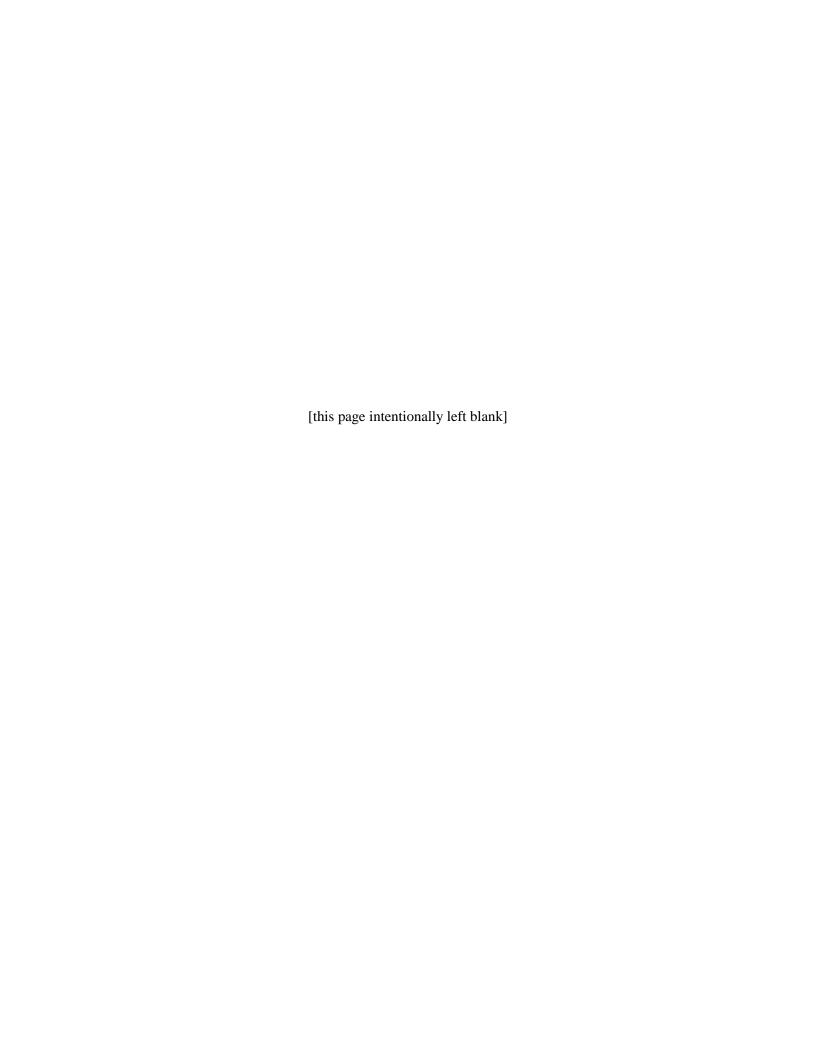
Rank	Customer Name	FY"	15 Wastewater Billed	Percent Total Wastewater Revenue	Customer Name	FY'0	6 Wastewater Billed	Percent Total Wastewater Revenue
1	Lubrizol Advanced Material***	\$	2,403,315	1.38%	Solae LLC (Protein Technologies)	\$	2,554,270	2.72%
2	Early Times Distillery	\$	1,993,992	1.15%	Opta Food	\$	1,295,917	1.38%
3	Swift & Company	\$	1,671,739	0.96%	OXY Vinal	\$	1,258,354	1.34%
4	Heaven Hill Distilleries	\$	1,479,429	0.85%	Swift & Company	\$	1,230,182	1.31%
5	Ford Motor Co.	\$	1,448,638	0.83%	E.I. Dupont	\$	1,145,665	1.22%
6	Louisville Metro Housing Authority	\$	1,297,997	0.75%	Brown Forman Corp.	\$	1,126,884	1.20%
7	UPS Air District	\$	1,108,602	0.64%	Jefferson Co. Bd. of Educ.	\$	1,051,758	1.12%
8	Sunopta Ingredients Group	\$	957,081	0.55%	Heaven Hill Distilleries	\$	741,865	0.79%
9	General Electric	\$	824,136	0.47%	Rohm & Haas	\$	657,349	0.70%
10	BYK Additives Inc	\$	444,961	0.26%	Lou. Metro Housing Auth.	\$	582,223	0.62%
	Total	\$	13,629,890	7.84%	Total	\$	11,644,468	12.40%
	Total FY '15 Wastewater Revenue:	\$	173,895,000		Total FY '06 Wastewater Revenue:	\$	93,907,000	

Rank	Customer Name	FY '15 Stormwater Billed		Percent Total Stormwater Revenue	Customer Name	FY'(	06 Stormwater Billed	Percent Total Stormwater Revenue
4.	Regional Airport Authority	\$	1,152,439	2.23%	Regional Airport Authority	\$	747,136	2.60%
2	United Parcel Service	\$	611,250	1.19%	United Parcel Service	\$	491,386	1.71%
3	Jeff Co Board of Education	\$	498,098	0.97%	Jefferson Co. Bd. of Educ.	\$	261,498	0.91%
4	Ford Motor Company	\$	397,235	0.77%	Ford Motor Company	\$	258,624	0.90%
5	KY State Fair Board	\$	248,975	0.48%	LIT Industrial Limited	\$	192,531	0.67%
6	Churchill Downs	\$	226,679	0.44%	Churchill Downs	\$	149,427	0.52%
7	LIT Industrial Limited Partnership**	\$	200,558	0.39%	KY State Fair Board	\$	126,438	0.44%
8	U of L Belknap Campus	\$	179,562	0.35%	Norfolk Southern Corp.	\$	123,565	0.43%
9	Seaboard Syst RR-00822	\$	168,402	0.33%	Louisville Gas & Electric	3	120,691	0.42%
10	Lou/Jeff Cty Redev Auth	\$	165,284	0.32%	University of Louisville	\$	114,944	0.40%
	Total	\$	3,848,482	7.46%	Total	\$	2,586,240	9.00%
	Total FY '15 Stormwater Revenue:	\$	51,567,000		Total FY '06 Stormwater Revenue:	\$	28,736,000	

<sup>\*\*</sup> LIT Industrial Limited was formerly known as Trammell Crow Co.
\*\*\*Lubrizol Advanced Material was formerly known as Oxy Vinyls

### APPENDIX C

### UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



#### Statement of Revenues, Expense and Changes in Net Position

		2016		2015
Sewer Charges				
Residential	\$	101,405,158	\$	96,562,778
Commercial		58,343,073		62,257,211
Industrial		19,878,343		17,605,740
Other		8,185,898		2,805,972
Free Sewer Charges		(4,220,359)		(5,336,221)
Total Sewer Charges		183,592,113		173,895,480
Drainage Charges		54,888,331		51,566,795
Total Service Charges		238,480,444		225,462,275
Other Operating Income		4,809,912		4,406,376
Total Operating Revenues	\$	243,290,356	\$	229,868,651
Operating Expenses				
Salaries & Wages	\$	40,221,621	\$	38,447,243
Labor Related Overhead		14,422,506		15,803,686
Utilities		18,256,027		13,817,280
Materials & Supplies		4,151,516		9,706,108
Contractual Services		28,041,045		20,942,688
Chemicals		4,371,507		3,681,147
Fuel		1,325,816		1,616,411
Insurance Premiums & Claims		1,315,922		1,505,003
Bad Debt		2,602,781		2,067,878
Other Operating Expense		939,132		1,052,099
Mapping & Insurance Recovery		(928,097)		(2,465,137)
Capitalized Overhead		(31,829,521)		(30,056,239)
Capital Expenses (over)/under applied		-		-
Total Service and Administrative Costs		82,890,254		76,118,167
Depreciation		60,021,761		62,011,731
Amortization		1,280,405		1,309,397
Total Depreciation/Amortization		61,302,166	-	63,321,127
1	\$	144,192,421	\$	139,439,294
Total Operating Expenses	Ф	144,192,421	Ф	139,439,294
Net Operating Income	\$	99,097,936	\$	90,429,357
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)				
Gain/Loss Disposal of Assets		-		-
Investment Income	\$	17,277,657	\$	17,622,612
Interest Expense		(75,502,053)		(71,333,758)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		(58,224,396)		(53,711,146)
Contributions		-		4,605,389
Change in Net Position before change in Swaps		40,873,539		41,323,599
Change in Fair Value of Swaps		(22,951,372)		(5,240,061)
Change in Net Position after change in Swaps	\$	17,922,168	\$	36,083,537
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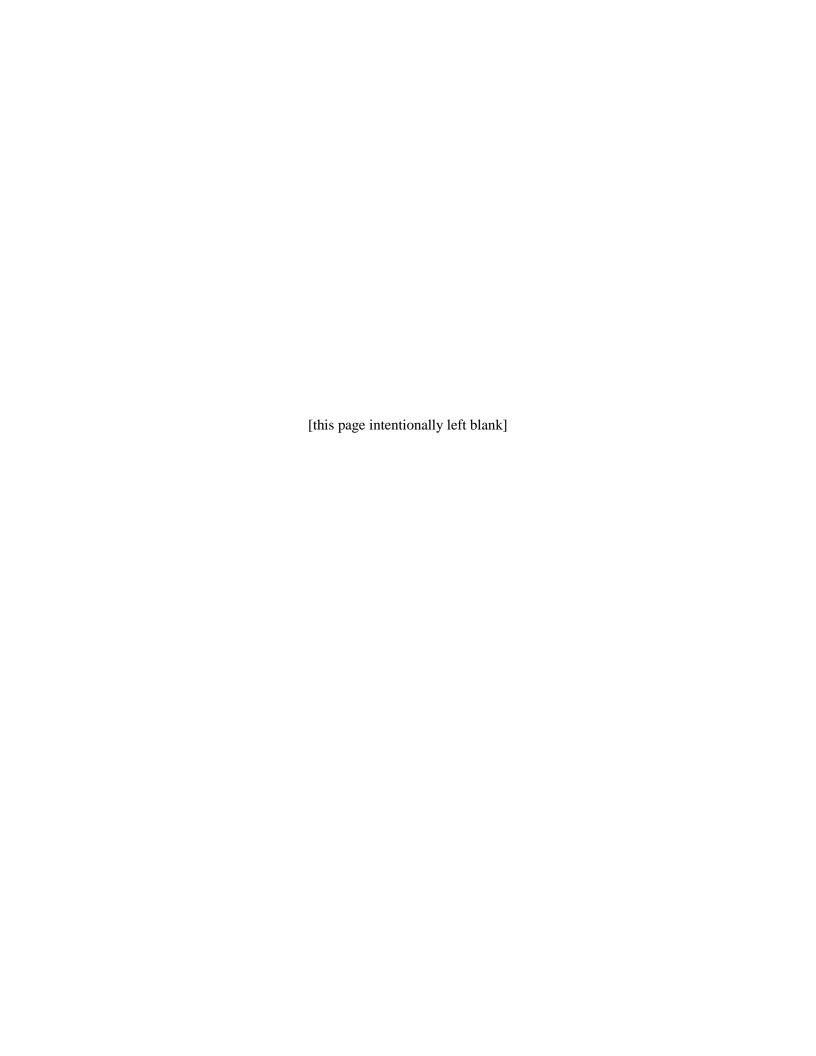
Source: Louisville/Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District

#### **Statement of Net Position**

	2016	2015
Current Assets	2010	2015
Unrestricted Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 69,557,726	\$ 63,113,412
Sewer & Drainage Receivable	17,814,339	19,858,843
Assessment Warrants Receivable	910,100	1,844,418
Miscellaneous Receivables	7,354,246	2,083,886
Inventories	4,210,049	3,980,739
Prepaid Expenses	1,990,868	1,687,472
Restricted Funds	169,825,008	155,121,442
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,193,228	1,193,228
Total Current Assets	272,855,563	248,883,439
Non-Current Assets		
Utility Plant in Service	2,851,101,730	2,777,788,489
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,068,590,568)	(1,008,503,475)
Construction in Progress	787,305,422	623,181,354
Net Fixed Assets	2,569,816,584	2,392,466,367
Non-Current Receivables	29,326,631	30,806,604
Total Assets	2,871,998,778	2,672,156,410
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	14,472,452	20,406,269
Total Assets & Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 2,886,471,230	\$ 2,692,562,679
Current Liabilities		
Miscellaneous Accounts Payable	\$ 8,169,688	\$ 9,613,078
Accounts Payable - Construction	17,252,510	21,714,274
Contract Retainage	14,249,365	8,892,995
Accrued Interest Payable	17,532,814	13,035,917
Current Maturities of Bonds Payable	31,825,000	29,415,000
Bond Anticipation Notes	228,411,815	228,507,615
Deposits Payable	2,557,426	1,639,499
Accrued Salaries & Wages	2,750,705	1,443,160
Accrued Workers' Comp Insurance	1,270,001	1,755,238
Employee Comp Absences Payable	2,284,836	2,124,417
Total Current Liabilities	326,304,161	318,141,195
Non-Current Liabilities	1 500 545 000	1 502 200 000
Long-Term Debt Payable	1,722,745,000	1,583,390,000
Unamortized Debt Premium	67,462,158	60,796,964
Other Long-Term Liabilities	52,677,408	52,932,381
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,842,884,566	1,697,119,346
Total Liabilities	2,169,188,726	2,015,260,540
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	114,290,890	92,232,693
Total Assets & Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 2,283,479,616	\$ 2,107,493,232
Net Position	\$ 602,991,614	\$ 585,069,446

### APPENDIX D

### FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION



Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Louisville, Kentucky

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as bond counsel in connection with the authorization, sale and issuance by Louisville and Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District (the "District"), a public body corporate and politic and a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, acting by and through its Board as its duly authorized governing body, of \$150,000,000 principal amount of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A (the "Series 2016A Bonds"), \$28,315,000 principal amount of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B Bonds") and \$67,685,000 principal amount of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016C (the "Series 2016C Bonds," and together with the Series 2016A Bonds and Series 2016B Bonds, the "Series 2016 Bonds").

The Series 2016 Bonds have been authorized and issued pursuant to Chapter 76 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Act") and a Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on December 7, 1992, as amended March 4, 1993, June 30, 1993, December 14, 1994, January 25, 1996, and February 24, 2003 (collectively, the "Bond Resolution"), a Twenty-Third Supplemental Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on May 23, 2016 (the "Series 2016A Supplemental Bond Resolution"), and a Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bond Resolution adopted by the District on June 27, 2016 (the "Series 2016B and C Supplemental Bond Resolution," and together with the Series 2016A Supplemental Bond Resolution, the "Supplemental Bond Resolutions"). Pursuant to the Series 2016A Supplemental Bond Resolution, the District has authorized the issuance of the Series 2016A Bonds for the purpose of (i) paying the costs of issuing the Series 2016A Bonds; (ii) making a deposit to the Reserve Account (as defined in the Resolution); and (iii) making a deposit to the Construction and Acquisition Fund to pay the costs of various capital projects to the District's sewer and drainage system (the "System"). Pursuant to the Series 2016B and C Supplemental Bond Resolution, the District has authorized the issuance of the Series 2016B Bonds and Series 2016C Bonds for the purpose of (i) paying the costs of issuing the Series 2016B Bonds and Series 2016C Bonds; (ii) making a deposit to an escrow fund (the "2008A Escrow Fund") to provide funds, with the investment and reinvestment thereof, to refund in advance of maturity the District's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A maturing May 15, 2019 through May 15, 2016, and (iii) making a deposit to an escrow fund (the "2009 Escrow Fund") to provide funds, with the investment and reinvestment thereof, to refund in advance of maturity a portion of the District's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A maturing May 15, 2020 through May 15, 2022 and a portion of the District's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B maturing May 15, 2020 through May 15, 2023. Capitalized terms utilized herein and not defined have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Bond Resolution and Supplemental Bond Resolutions.

We have examined such portions of the Constitution and Statutes of the United States, the Constitution and Statutes of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and such applicable court decisions, regulations, rulings and opinions as we have deemed necessary or relevant for the purposes of the opinions set forth below.

We have also examined records, and the transcript of proceedings relating to the authorization and issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds, including a specimen Series 2016A Bond a specimen Series 2016B Bond and a specimen Series 2016C Bond, and other relevant matters. We have also made such investigation as we have deemed necessary for the purposes of such opinions, and relied upon certificates of officials of the District as to certain factual matters. Based upon the foregoing, we advise you that in our opinion under existing law:

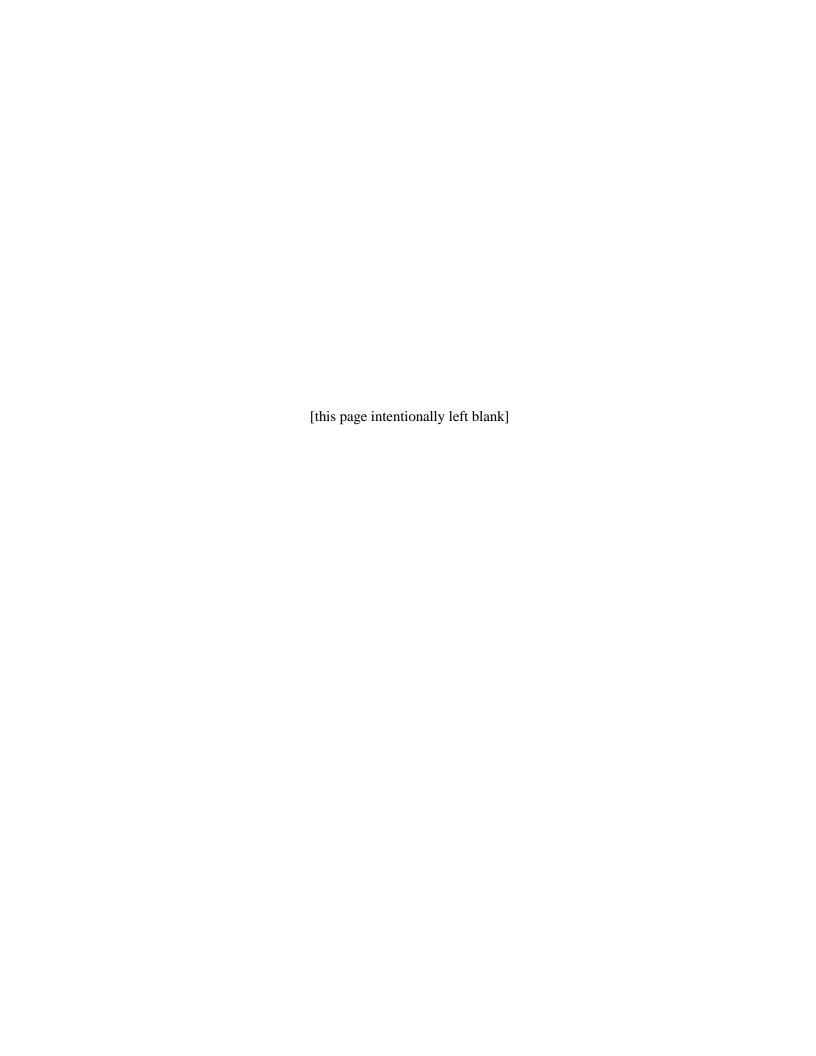
- 1. The District is a public body corporate and politic and a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, validly existing under the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, including the Act, with right and power under the Act to adopt the Bond Resolution and Supplemental Bond Resolutions.
- 2. The Bond Resolution and Supplemental Bond Resolutions have been duly and lawfully adopted by the Board of the District, and constitute valid and binding special limited obligations of the District enforceable in accordance with their respective terms.
- 3. The Series 2016 Bonds have been duly authorized, executed and issued by the District in accordance with the Constitution and Statutes of the Commonwealth, including the Act, and in accordance with the Bond Resolution and Supplemental Bond Resolutions, and constitute valid and binding special obligations of the District, payable as to principal, interest, and premium, if any, from and secured by a pledge of the gross revenues derived from the collection of rates, rentals and charges for the services rendered by the System.
- 4. The Series 2016 Bonds are special and limited revenue obligations of the District and do not constitute a debt, liability or general obligation of the District, the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof, including the Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government and the County of Jefferson, Kentucky, within the meaning of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The District has no taxing power.
- 5. The interest on the Series 2016 Bonds is not subject to taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and the Series 2016 Bonds are not subject to ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky or by any political subdivision thereof.
- 6. Under the laws, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions in effect as of the date hereof, interest on the Series 2016 Bonds is excludible from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Furthermore, interest on the Series 2016 Bonds will not be treated as a specific item of tax preference, under Section 57(a)(5) of the Code, in computing the alternative minimum tax for individuals and corporations, nor be includable in adjusted current earnings, under Section 56(c) of the Code, in computing the alternative minimum tax for corporations. In rendering the opinions in this paragraph, we have assumed continuing compliance with certain covenants designed to meet the requirements of Section 103 of the Code. We express no other opinion as to the federal or state tax consequences of purchasing, holding or disposing of the Series 2016 Bonds.
- 7. The District has **not** designated the Series 2016 Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" with respect to investments by certain financial institutions under Section 265 of the Code.

In rendering this opinion, we have relied upon covenants and certifications of facts, estimates and expectations made by officials of the District and others contained in the transcript which we have not independently verified. It is to be understood that the enforceability of the Bond Resolution, the Supplemental Bond Resolutions, the Series 2016 Bonds and agreements relating thereto may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, insolvency, or other similar laws relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights or by general equitable principles.

Without having undertaken to determine independently or to verify the accuracy or completeness of the statements contained in the Official Statement issued with respect to the Series 2016 Bonds, and expressing no opinion as to the financial statements or any other financial or statistical data contained therein, nothing has come to our attention in the course of our professional engagement as Bond Counsel which would lead us to believe that the Official Statement contains any untrue statement of a material fact or

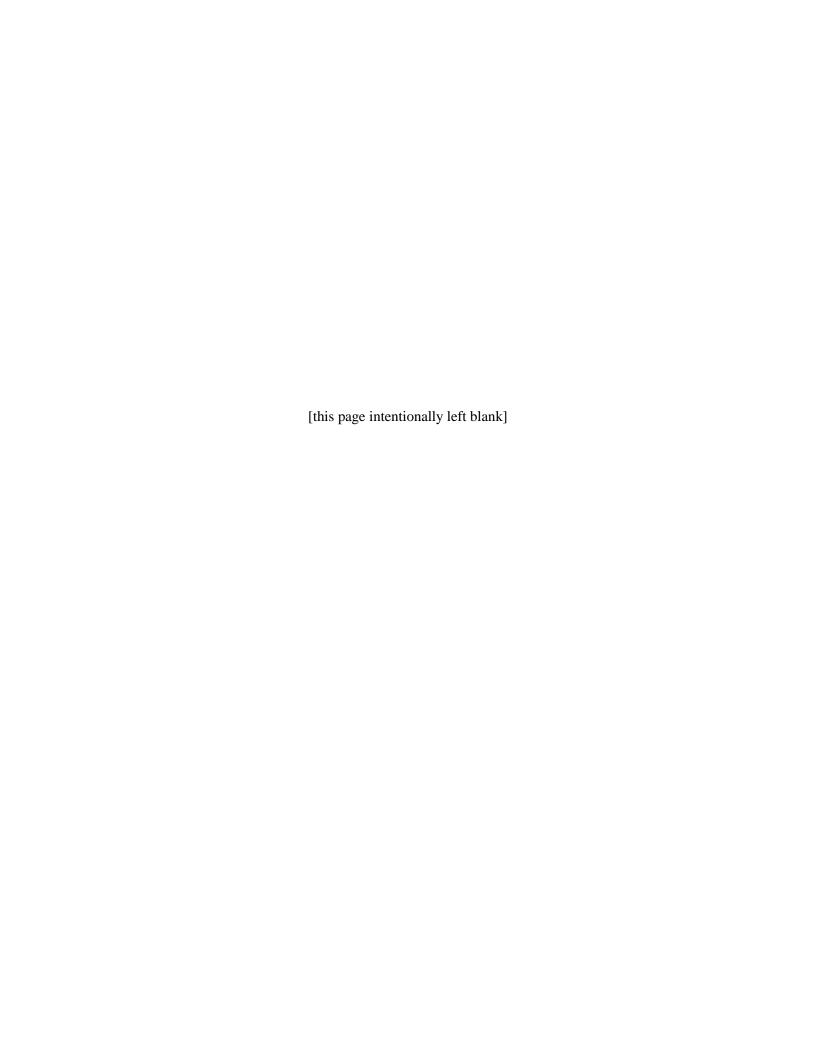
omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements contained therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

Very truly yours, DINSMORE & SHOHL LLP



### APPENDIX E

**BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM** 



#### **BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM**

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Series 2016 Bonds. The Series 2016 Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Series 2016 Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity date of the Series 2016 Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Series 2016 Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Series 2016 Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Series 2016 Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Series 2016 Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Series 2016 Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Series 2016 Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Series 2016 Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Series 2016 Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not affect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Series 2016 Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Series 2016 Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Series 2016 Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Series 2016 Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Series 2016 Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Series 2016 Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Series 2016 Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Series 2016 Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Series 2016 Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Series 2016 Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Series 2016 Bonds will be made to Cede &. Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from The District or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Agent, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Series 2016 Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Series 2016 Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Series 2016 Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

### APPENDIX F

### **CONSULTING ENGINEER'S REPORT**

(To Include Projected Debt Service Coverage)

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# Series 2016 Sewer and Drainage Revenue Bonds Engineer's Report

Prepared for

Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District

August 2, 2016





# Ch2m:



August 2, 2016

Mr. Chad Collier Chief Financial Officer Louisville and Jefferson County MSD 700 West Liberty Street Louisville, KY 40203-1911

Dear Mr. Collier:

Subject: Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District Sewer and Drainage Revenue

Bonds Series 2016 Engineers Report

CH2M HILL Engineers, Inc. (CH2M) in association with Strand Associates is pleased to submit this Engineers Report to be included in the official statement (the "Official Statement") prepared by the Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) in connection with the issuance of approximately \$256 million in aggregate principal amount of Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 (the "Series 2016 Bonds"). The Series 2016 Bonds include 2016A (\$150 million) which will fund wastewater and drainage infrastructure improvements, 2016B (\$30.9 million) which will refund a portion of the outstanding principal for MSD's Series 2008A bonds, and 2016C (\$75.1 million) which will refund a portion of MSD's Series 2009A and 2009B bonds. The purpose of this report is to present the findings of an evaluation of MSD's existing sewer and drainage system and to present financial factors associated with the sale of the Series 2016 Bonds. This report is based on an analysis of MSD's records, reports, and capital improvement program, as well as discussions with MSD personnel. Unless otherwise noted, or unless the context provides otherwise, capitalized terms used in this report shall have the meaning assigned to such terms in the Official Statement.

The evaluation of MSD's sewer and drainage system includes a discussion of the system's history and organization; service area; wastewater collection, transmission, and treatment system; drainage collection, transmission, and treatment system; and capital improvement program. This report also includes a review of historical operating results and presents projected outcomes for Fiscal Year 2016–2017 (FY 2017) through FY 2021, with the projected debt service. Projected debt service includes all of the outstanding bonds, including debt service for the Series 2016 Bonds.

MSD's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) consists of improvements that have been identified in a number of plans that have been developed for MSD, including most recently the 20-Year Comprehensive Facility Plan (Facility Plan) being developed in 2016. These plans include improvements that are needed to comply with regulatory requirements, such as the Consent Decree, and Municipal Separate Storm Sewer (MS4) Program, as well as other improvements that are needed for system expansion, redundancy, resiliency, and improved efficiency.

Mr. Chad Collier Page 2 August 2, 2016

CH2M has been engaged by MSD on numerous wastewater and drainage engineering studies and improvements as well as financial and rate-related studies for more than 35 years. CH2M led the team that developed the Integrated Overflow Abatement Plan in response to MSD's Federal Consent Decree. CH2M is also currently serving as MSD's Consent Decree Program Consultant, and the Project Manager for development of MSD's Facility Plan. As a result of these earlier studies and ongoing program management responsibilities, CH2M has detailed knowledge of and experience with MSD's wastewater collection, transmission, and treatment system (the "Sewer System"); the drainage collection, transmission, and storage system (the "Drainage System"); and collectively the Sewer and Drainage System (the "System"); System operations, finances, and rates, and MSD's operating procedures.

Strand Associates (Strand) has been engaged by MSD since the early 1990s in preparing numerous studies, designs, and reports for MSD's Sewer and Drainage System; has worked extensively on MSD assignments in partnership with CH2M; and is a key member of the Facility Plan team.

Based on CH2M's and Strand's evaluation and analysis and the assumptions stated in the attached report, the following findings are noted:

- 1. MSD's Sewer System and Drainage System is well-maintained, well-managed, and generally in good operating condition. While the System currently operates well, it requires periodic renewal, rehabilitation, and expansion to ensure continued reliable service for their intended purpose. MSD's Facility Plan and current 5-year CIP include improvements to address these needs. MSD is in the process of inspecting the entire sewer system, and defects identified through that process are being addressed. Effective planning policies provide for the inspection, repair, improvement, and replacement of facilities and have enabled MSD to consistently meet state and federal regulations.
- 2. MSD provides drainage and flood protection for all of Jefferson County, except for four communities that operate their own drainage system, but are co-permittees under the MS4 program that MSD administers. Drainage and flood protection service is provided essentially to all of the developed area in the Louisville metro area.
- 3. MSD's drainage system consists of two components, an interior drainage system that collects and conveys stormwater across the County to the Ohio River and the Ohio River Flood Protection System that holds back rising waters in the Ohio River during concurrent flood and rain events, and to pump drainage from the interior of the County into the Ohio River.
- 4. MSD assumed responsibility for the drainage system in Jefferson County in 1987, which included a large backlog of problems and deferred maintenance. MSD has since conducted a number of studies and undertaken nearly \$200 million in stormwater improvements to cost effectively address drainage issues. More recently, the drainage system has been dealing with an increased frequency of extreme storms and a higher percentage of impervious area as the community grows, leading to increased runoff. The Facility Plan has recommended changes in stormwater design and construction standards to mitigate these issues, and help manage the size and frequency of storms anticipated in the future.
- 5. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers completed a Levee Safety Evaluation in 2015 and found that the floodwalls, levees, and flood pumping stations in the Ohio River Flood Protection System met all applicable standards and was acceptable under the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) flood protection and insurance program. MSD has taken a proactive approach to improving its flood pumping stations beyond the minimums required to comply with FEMA requirements. The floodwalls and levees continue to be well-maintained, and are not expected to need to be expanded or raised, as they are already set several feet above the flood elevation of record.

Mr. Chad Collier Page 3 August 2, 2016

- 6. The wastewater flow projections presented herein were based on the projections that were prepared as part of the Facility Plans being prepared for MSD and the Louisville Water Company (LWC). Population projections were prepared by the Urban Studies Institute (USI) of the University of Louisville, and were used in preparing the wastewater flow projections. Current population estimates and projections and anticipated impacts of the projected growth in population on wastewater volumes have been taken into account with regard to the need for and timing of major facility expansions. These revised population and wastewater flow projections have also been considered in the system revenue projections.
- 7. The sewer system extends throughout much of the developed portions of Jefferson County, and through inter-local agreements, MSD also provides these services to portions of Oldham County and small parts of Bullitt County.
- 8. The sewer system, including MSD's five water quality treatment centers (WQTCs), either have the capacity to handle projected flows or will have with the planned capital improvement projects throughout the forecast period (through 2035). Flows from growth areas in southeast Jefferson County are anticipated to be treated in existing WQTCs, though consideration is being given to constructing a new WQTC in the Floyds Fork sub-basin of the Salt River.
- 9. MSD is consistently meeting regulatory requirements for its sewer and drainage system and is planning for regulatory requirements that MSD anticipates may be imposed on the system within the next 20 years. MSD's CIP includes improvements to address these anticipated requirements, and the financial plan presented herein incorporates plans for funding of these improvements. Note that a weather-related electrical failure at the Morris Forman Water Quality Treatment Center caused several permit violations in 2015, but the damage has been corrected and the plant returned to compliance quickly.
- 10. Key staff are well-qualified and capable of managing current responsibilities and are planning for implementation of future improvements.
- 11. In 2012, the Louisville Utility and Public Works Advisory Group (the "Advisory Group") was formed by the Louisville Metro Mayor, and was tasked with examining the operations of the LWC, MSD, and Louisville Metro Department of Public Works and Assets (DPW) to identify whether synergies exist between the entities that would allow for improved service or reduce costs. The Advisory Group found that there were potential savings in consolidating services of MSD and LWC. After a due diligence review conducted by both MSD and LWC, a Comprehensive Inter-Local Agreement (ILA) was developed to create coordinated teams of employees from both agencies with the capability of delivering superior customer service at lower costs than the existing two agencies combined. The ILA, as amended on August 24, 2015, is effective through June 30, 2035.
- 12. The financial model presented in this Feasibility Report uses wastewater sales forecasts based in part on MSD's ongoing financial planning, and independent analyses by CH2M. The financial projections use historical wastewater sales results as the basis for its demand and revenue projections, adjusted for assumed rate adjustments, growth, and elasticity of demand impacts resulting from assumed rate increases.
- 13. The findings herein assume that MSD will continue to adjust its sewer and drainage rates based on its past practice of increasing its wastewater and drainage rates annually to meet operating cost increases and capital needs, and as required to meet other financial needs or commitments. The future rate adjustments (FY 2018 and beyond) presented herein have been discussed with MSD's Board, but must be adopted annually by the Board.

- 14. Under the assumptions described in this report, revenues under the projected rates presented herein will be sufficient to meet operating and other expenses, including debt service payments, bond debt service reserve requirements, and coverage requirements during FY 2017 through FY 2021 (the "Study Period"). The projected rates will also provide sufficient funds for planned capital improvement expenditures that are expected to be funded from current revenues. MSD's current sewer and drainage system rates are well within the range of those charged by many other municipalities in Kentucky, and similarly sized cities throughout the nation.
- 15. The projected expenses of the sewer and drainage system, revenues to be generated by the sewer and drainage system, and the sources of funds projected to be available to fund scheduled or anticipated improvements throughout the Study Period of this Engineers Report are reasonable.
- 16. The financial plan presented herein provides sufficient funding for the MSD's adopted CIP in part through the issuance of bond issues in FY 2018 and beyond. These bond issues have been discussed with MSD's Board, but must be individually approved by both the MSD Board and the Louisville Metro Council.
- 17. A 20-Year Comprehensive Facility Plan, including a comprehensive cost-of-service evaluation, is currently being prepared for MSD's Sewer and Drainage Systems. Preliminary CIP projections for long-term infrastructure needs have been provided to MSD in advance of completion of the Draft Facility Plan. The Draft Facility Plan is scheduled to be complete by September 2016, at which time MSD will begin a program of community outreach to explain the benefits and costs of the long-term CIP recommendations. The intent is to facilitate a broad stakeholder and community dialog on the implementation approach and schedule of the proposed infrastructure improvements.
- 18. The improvements to be made to the sewer and drainage system have been or are expected to be designed in accordance with usual and customary engineering practices and involve proven technology and proven configurations of that technology.
- 19. In the opinion of the firms preparing this Feasibility Report, MSD's issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of approximately \$256 million for the purposes described in this Engineer's Report on the Sewer and Drainage System, is both necessary to sustain MSD's record of regulatory compliance and customer service and financially sound based on anticipated revenues.

Sincerely,

Gary J. Swanson, P.E.

Vice President

CH2M HILL Engineers, Inc.

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## Acronyms and Abbreviations

ADF average daily flow

CIP Capital Improvement Program

CMOM Capacity, Management, Operations and Maintenance

CRS Community Rating System
CSO combined sewer overflow

DPW Louisville Metro Department of Public Works and Assets

DRI Drainage Response Initiative
DSCR debt service coverage ratio

ESU equivalent service unit

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

GIS geographic information system

I&I infiltration and inflowILA Inter-Local Agreement

IOAP Integrated Overflow Abatement Plan

KDEP Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection

KPDES Kentucky Discharge Elimination System

KRS Kentucky Revised Statutes

LWC Louisville Water Company

MS4 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer

MSD Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District

NFIP National Flood Insurance Program

NMC Nine Minimum Controls

O&M operations and maintenance

PDF peak daily flow

SWMP Stormwater Master Plan

UPS United Parcel Service

USI Urban Studies Institute (University of Louisville)

WQTC water quality treatment center

### Introduction

### 1.1 Authorization and Purpose

The Louisville & Jefferson County Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) authorized CH2M, along with Strand Associates (Strand) to prepare this Engineer's Report to analyze the feasibility of MSD issuing approximately \$256 million in Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 (the "Series 2016 Bonds"). MSD is proposing to issue the Series 2016 Bonds to provide funds to pay the cost of issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds, make a deposit to the bond reserve account, provide funds for planned improvements to MSD's sewer and drainage system, refund a portion of MSD's outstanding Series 2008A Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds (the "Refunded 2008A Prior Bonds"), and refund a portion of MSD's outstanding 2009A and 2009B Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds (the "Refunded 2009A and 2009B Prior Bonds"). The purpose of this report is to provide information pertinent to the issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds for inclusion in the Official Statement for the Series 2016 Bonds.

This Engineer's Report describes the organization and management of MSD and the sewer and drainage system's respective service areas, facilities, operations, capital improvement program (CIP), and historical and projected financial performance. MSD's fiscal year (FY) 2017 is from July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2017. Historical operating results are presented for FY 2013 through FY 2015, and projected operating results are presented for the Study Period (FY 2017 through FY 2021). Descriptions of the principal assumptions and limitations of the analysis are also included.

CH2M has been engaged by MSD on numerous wastewater and drainage engineering studies and improvements as well as financial and rate-related studies for more than 35 years. CH2M led the team that developed the Integrated Overflow Abatement Plan (IOAP) in response to MSD's Federal Consent Decree. CH2M is also currently serving as MSD's Consent Decree Program Consultant, and the Project Manager for development of MSD's Facility Plan. As a result of these earlier studies and ongoing program management responsibilities, CH2M has detailed knowledge of and experience with MSD's wastewater collection, transmission, and treatment system (the "Sewer System"); the drainage collection, transmission, and storage system (the "Drainage System"), and collectively the Sewer and Drainage System (or the "System"); System operations, finances, and rates; and MSD's operating procedures.

Strand Associates (Strand) has been engaged by MSD since the early 1990s in preparing numerous studies, designs, and reports for MSD's sewer and drainage System; has worked extensively on MSD assignments in partnership with CH2M; and is a key member of the Facility Plan team.

### 1.2 Study Assumptions

In preparing this report, CH2M and Strand relied on information provided by MSD and others. While offering no assurances with respect to this information, which has not been independently verified, CH2M and Strand believe that this information is valid for the purposes of this report. The following sources of information were used to prepare this report:

- Comprehensive annual financial reports for MSD for FY 2012 through FY 2015;
- Financial reports and work papers for FY 2012 through FY 2016;
- MSD's annual operating budgets for FY 2012 through FY 2017;
- Integrated Overflow Abatement Plan;
- Completed portions of the Comprehensive 20-year Facility Plan;
- Stormwater Drainage Master Plan (1988);
- Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A, Engineer's Report;

- Financial, billing and operating data; and
- Discussions with MSD staff, consultants, and advisers.

This report is based on the following assumptions and information:

- The population and wastewater flow projections for MSD's Wastewater System service area, and population projections for MSD's Drainage Service Area, which are based on the Urban Studies Institute (USI) of the University of Louisville projections, are reasonable for purposes of projecting the financial results of operations;
- FY 2015 Sewer and Drainage billing data and corresponding revenues provided by MSD staff are reasonable for purposes of projecting sewer and drainage revenues;
- Debt service information provided to MSD by its financial advisor for the Series 2016 Bonds is reasonable for the purposes of this report. Existing debt service, based on data provided by MSD, is also included in projected debt service coverage included in this report;
- Historical financial and operating results are reasonable for the purposes of projecting future financial and operating results.

In preparing this report, CH2M and Strand also made assumptions about future conditions; however, actual conditions may differ from those assumed. To the extent that future conditions differ from those assumed, results will vary from those forecasted. The principal assumptions regarding future conditions are as follows:

- The local economy will remain relatively stable, growing moderately in accordance with the projected rate of population growth (approximately 0.5 percent annually) through FY 2021;
- The forecasted annual escalation in the system's cash operating expenses during the 5-year Study
  Period reflects anticipated system growth, inflation, and the anticipated increase in depreciable
  capital assets requiring maintenance and repair. The average annual escalation in system cash
  operating expenses is projected to be 3.0 percent during the Study Period;
- Capital outlays will occur in general accordance with the schedules and cost estimates outlined in the capital improvements section of this report;
- Any future changes in management and/or administration within MSD will provide managerial skills comparable to those of the present MSD staff;
- MSD is making an investment of approximately \$448 million during the 5-year Study Period to complete projects required by the IOAP prepared in response to MSD's Federal Consent Decree. In addition, MSD is planning for an additional investment of more than \$40 million annually for renewal and replacement projects in wastewater, drainage, and support facilities. It is expected that one outcome of these rehabilitation projects is a reduction in infiltration and inflow (I&I) levels in MSD's sewer system. I&I levels have declined as a result of the ambitious sewer rehabilitation program that MSD has undertaken in past periods, and I&I levels are expected to remain at or below these reduced levels;
- Wastewater discharge characteristics of future customers will be comparable to those of existing customers. Wastewater volume sales will be comparable to those observed in FY 2015;
- Uncollected service billings as a percent of total sewer and drainage system service revenue billed will remain at or below historical levels;<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Uncollected service billings were reported to have been approximately 1.0 percent of total sewer utility billings in FY 2015, and 1.5 percent of total drainage utility billings in 2015.

- The projected sources of funding for MSD's CIP will be available in the approximate amounts and terms assumed herein throughout the Study Period;
- MSD will adopt the wastewater and drainage rate adjustments presented herein. Note that the rate
  adjustment shown for FY 2017 has been approved by MSD's Board, while future rate increases are
  projected to be within the MSD Board's authority to authorize without needing approval from
  Louisville Metro Council or any other elected or regulatory body;
- MSD may, in future years, request higher rate increases than those presented herein, for the purpose
  of accelerating the rate of implementation of the recommendations of the Facility Plan. Higher rates
  than those presented herein will require the approval of the Louisville Metro Council. If those higher
  rates are not approved by the Louisville Metro Council the rate of implementation of the Facility
  Plan recommendations will not be accelerated, but will remain generally as presented herein;
- MSD will connect new customers to the sewer and drainage systems in general accordance with the projected system growth forecast herein; and
- MSD will comply with its debt covenants, as set forth in the Resolutions of MSD authorizing the
  issuance of MSD's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, and Proposed Series
  2016 Bonds.

# Metropolitan Sewer District

MSD is responsible for the operation of the sewer and drainage system serving most of Louisville Metro, which encompasses the City of Louisville and all of Jefferson County. MSD is authorized by Chapter 76 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) to construct additions, betterments, and extensions within its service area and to recover the cost of its services in accordance with rate schedules adopted by its Board.

### 2.1 History

Beginning at or around 1850, the initial sewers in Louisville were constructed, with the initial combined storm and sanitary sewers constructed in 1860. MSD was formed in 1946 as a public body corporate and subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the "Commonwealth"). MSD was created to operate and maintain the existing City of Louisville sewer and drainage system, and expand the system throughout Jefferson County.

In 1986, an Inter-local Cooperation Agreement (the "Agreement") was executed between MSD, the City of Louisville, and Jefferson County to improve and enhance flood control and stormwater drainage services in the City of Louisville and Jefferson County. The Agreement transferred all drainage and flood control facilities and property to the custodianship of MSD and mandated MSD to be the responsible agency for providing flood and stormwater drainage services. The Agreement supplemented, as needed, the powers MSD already possessed, pursuant to the provisions of KRS Chapter 76. MSD also has separate agreements with the third-class and some fourth-class cities in Jefferson County to provide drainage services and be charged the same rates as charged to customers in the rest of MSD's drainage service area. These separate agreements are necessary, as KRS 76.172 does not allow MSD to unilaterally annex into its drainage service area, cities of the fourth class or higher.

Under the 1986 Agreement, MSD leases the drainage facilities that were owned by the City of Louisville and Jefferson County. MSD has subsequently added a number of drainage facilities to the drainage system, which MSD owns. The MSD lease of the original facilities is scheduled to expire in 2036. It is expected that the lease of the original facilities will either be extended or ownership of the original facilities will be transferred to MSD, in due course of business.

### 2.2 MSD Board

MSD is directed, managed, and controlled by an eight-member board that is appointed by the Metro Mayor, subject to the approval of the Metro Council. Each board member is appointed for a 3-year term. No more than five of the board members can belong to the same political party. Table 2-1 presents the current board members and the dates their current terms expire. Cindi Caudill currently serves as Chairperson of the Board, and Daniel Arbough, currently serves as Board Vice-Chairperson.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Communities of Anchorage, Jeffersontown, Shively, and St. Matthews own and operate the drainage systems serving their communities. However, MSD continues to provide flood protection services that benefit these communities through the Ohio River Flood Protection System of floodwalls, levees, and flood pump stations. These communities are also co-permittees under the MS4 Program, which the MSD administers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The City of Louisville and Jefferson County have subsequently merged to form Louisville Metro.

Table 2-1. List of Board Members

Board Members	Term Expires
Cyndi Caudill (Chair)	August 31, 2017
Daniel Arbough (Vice-Chair)	June 30, 2018
Andrew Bailey	July 31, 2018
Jason Williams	February 28, 2018
Joyce Horton Mott	August 31, 2017
John Phelps (reappointment pending)	July 31, 2016
J.T. Sims	July 31, 2017
Yvonne Wells-Hatfield (reappointment pending)	June 30, 2016

### 2.3 Organizational Structure

MSD's staff, who are responsible for the day-to-day operations of the District, are organized into seven divisions:

- Executive Offices;
- Legal;
- Human Resources;
- Information Technology;
- Finance;
- · Engineering; and
- Operations.

MSD currently employs approximately 606 personnel, with an additional 75 vacant positions that have been budgeted. More than half of these vacant positions are in the Information Technology, Treatment Facilities, Collections System, and Human Resources Divisions or Departments. MSD is actively pursuing filling these vacant positions.

MSD reorganized in early 2014 to better meet both MSD's strategic objectives as well as its operational requirements. The main changes under this new organizational structure were that engineering activities were placed in a single Engineering Division under the oversight of a Chief Engineer, and the Operations Division was organized into Treatment, Collections, and Drainage and Flood Protection Departments under the direction of a Chief Operator. MSD believes this new alignment will help it:

- Transition from 18 wastewater plants to 5 regional facilities by 2016;
- Optimize its operations;
- Help ensure compliance with its Amended Consent Decree; and
- Provide partnering opportunities with the Louisville Water Company (LWC) under the Mayor's One Water Initiative.

Figure 2-1 provides an overview of the organization of MSD. The divisions and departments composing the divisions are also shown on the chart.

# **Executive Offices Division Executive Offices**

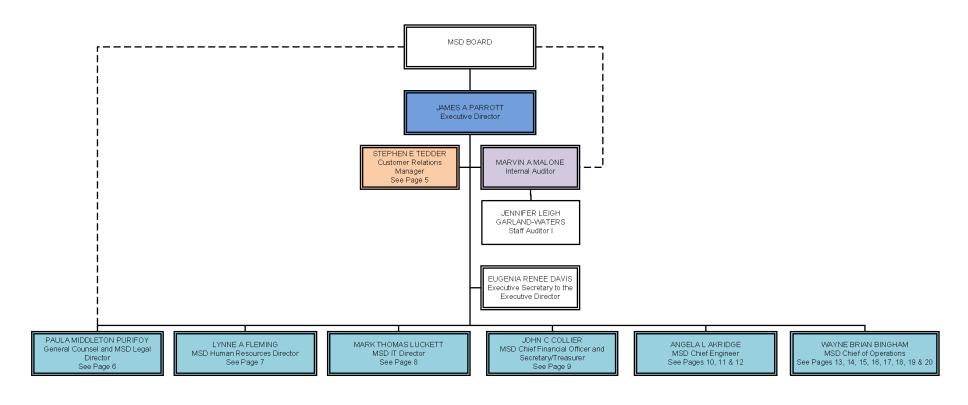




Figure 2-1. MSD Organizational Chart

The current Executive Director of MSD is Mr. James A. "Tony" Parrott. Mr. Parrott has been full time Executive Director of MSD since September 2015. Mr. Parrot has more than 30 years of experience working for public utilities. Prior to directing MSD, Mr. Parrott was Joint Utility Director of the Cincinnati Water Works and Metropolitan Sewer District of Greater Cincinnati for 10 years, and prior to that was Executive Director of the Department of Environmental Services for Butler County Ohio.

Mr. Parrott leads an executive leadership team comprised of each of the Division heads. MSD's seven divisions are described as follows:

- The Executive Offices Division includes the Executive Director and supporting staff, as well as internal auditors; facilities management; health, safety, and security; and customer relations staff. There are currently 32 staff in this Division;
- The Legal Division includes six staff members including the General Counsel and other legal professionals;
- The Human Resources Division consists of 14 staff members involved in training, human relations (including payroll and benefits);
- The 29 staff members in the Information Technology Division are involved in providing technical support for data bases and personal computers, as well as for networks and applications, and for the LOJIC System that MSD manages and maintains. LOJIC is a geographic information system (GIS) mapping cooperative that is made up of MSD, the Louisville Water Company, and Metro to provide accurate data collection and storage of physical assets and attributes within Jefferson County;
- The Finance Division includes departments responsible for coordinating the budget, purchasing, supplier diversity, revenue, the office of the controller, and policy administrator. There are currently 24 staff in the Finance Division;
- The Engineering Division employs 83 MSD staff and is responsible for planning, design, and construction management/inspection of the sewer and drainage system's CIP. The Engineering Division is organized into departments responsible for Technical Services (primarily design and construction); Development and Stormwater; and Administrative, Regulatory Services, and GIS; and
- The Operations Division is responsible for the operations and maintenance (O&M) of the sewer and
  drainage facilities. This division, which employs about 418 personnel, is grouped into departments
  that are responsible for operations administration, operation of the wastewater treatment facilities,
  maintenance of the treatment facilities, sanitary sewer collection systems, drainage and flood
  protection, support services, and performance metrics.

Mr. Parrott, as well as the Chief Financial Officer and Secretary Treasurer (John "Chad" Collier), and the Chief Engineer (Angela Akridge) are appointed by the Metro Mayor, and have employment contracts with the MSD. Mr. Parrott's contract expires in September 2018. Mr. Collier's and Ms. Akridge's appointments are subject to annual renewal for a period of 4 years from initial appointment to the positions.

## 2.4 Service Area Population and Wastewater Flow Projections

In support of the Water and Wastewater Facility Plans being prepared for Louisville Water Company and Louisville MSD, respectively, the USI of the University of Louisville prepared population projections for Louisville Water's and Louisville MSD's service areas (see Table 2-2). Figure 2-2 graphically depicts population change both in terms of number and in percent.

Table 2-2. Population Projections 2010–2040 Louisville Metro and Market Areas

Source: University of Louisville Urban Studies Institute

					Change 2010-2040				
	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	Numeric	Percent
Airport	2,536	2,521	2,503	2,533	2,553	2,608	2,658	122	4.8%
Central Bardstown	78,975	82,536	85,980	89,187	92,069	93,777	95,316	16,341	20.7%
Central Preston	54,027	56,243	58,379	60,202	61,805	63,399	64,880	10,853	20.1%
Central Taylorsville	52,977	55,536	58,016	60,456	62,675	63,839	64,888	11,911	22.5%
Downtown	13,291	13,405	13,501	13,716	13,880	14,120	14,335	1,044	7.9%
East Core	36,092	36,523	36,902	37,925	38,810	40,011	41,142	5,050	14.0%
East Metro	76,833	80,293	83,640	87,250	90,543	93,158	95,606	18,773	24.4%
Iroquois Park	51,891	52,113	52,261	53,412	54,367	55,836	57,204	5,313	10.2%
Jefferson Forest	22,522	23,058	23,560	24,438	25,226	26,162	27,051	4,529	20.1%
McNeely Lake	30,057	33,249	36,394	38,418	40,302	41,545	42,715	12,658	42.1%
North Floyd's Fork	33,806	37,895	41,930	44,078	46,064	47,265	48,382	14,576	43.1%
Northeast Core	15,054	14,955	14,834	14,914	14,938	15,068	15,172	118	0.8%
Northeast Metro	16,305	17,714	19,098	20,119	21,066	21,720	22,335	6,030	37.0%
Northwest Core	32,005	30,725	29,402	28,551	27,596	26,787	25,931	-6,074	-19.0%
Parklands of Floyd's Fork	13,040	15,524	17,985	19,149	20,244	20,940	21,598	8,558	65.6%
Riverport	14,902	15,412	15,899	16,602	17,243	17,855	18,434	3,532	23.7%
South-Central Dixie	54,600	56,643	58,607	60,855	62,882	64,751	66,504	11,904	21.8%
Southeast Core	49,229	48,637	47,976	47,807	47,464	47,457	47,366	-1,863	-3.8%
Southwest Core	44,210	44,333	44,394	45,298	46,036	47,335	48,549	4,339	9.8%
University	20,000	21,218	22,407	22,148	21,809	21,524	21,201	1,201	6.0%
West Core	28,744	29,466	30,147	30,370	30,482	30,751	30,966	2,222	7.7%
Louisville Metro	741,096	768,000	793,817	817,427	838,053	855,909	872,231	131,135	17.7%

Jefferson County is projected to grow by 131,135 people—an 18-percent increase—between 2010 and 2040. During the next 20 years, USI predicted an increase in population within MSD's service area of nearly 12 percent. This translates to an approximate increase in wastewater flows of 7 percent during the next 20 years. Growth is not projected to be uniform across MSD's service area. Population growth outside of the Core market areas (generally defined as the areas surrounding Downtown and the University that made up the main residential and commercial area of the original City of Louisville) is projected to continue at a faster pace than growth inside the Core. The largest numeric growth is expected to be in areas outside the Watterson Expressway and inside the Gene Snyder Freeway, in the East Metro and Central Bardstown market areas. Other large numeric gains (more than 10,000) are forecast in the North Floyd's Fork, McNeely Lake, Central Taylorsville, South-Central Dixie, and Central Preston market areas. The largest population decline is projected in the Northwest Core market area. The Southeast Core market area is also forecast to experience a small population decline.

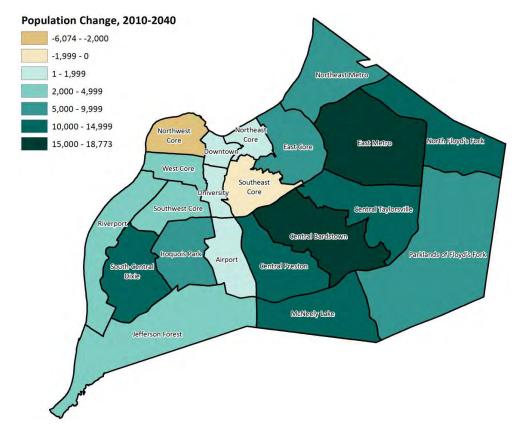
Market areas in eastern Jefferson County outside of the Gene Snyder are projected to see sizeable percentage gains in population. North Floyd's Fork, McNeely Lake, and Northeast Metro are each projected to gain more than 25 percent of their current populations by 2040. With the exception of the East Core, market areas in the Core are forecast to see smaller percentage gains (less than 10 percent) or minor declines in population.

Jefferson County is projected to gain 65,425 households, a 21-percent increase, between 2010 and 2040. Because market areas within the Core are generally projected to have decreasing household sizes, several market areas within the Core are projected to experience a larger percentage change in households than in total population. Regardless, the largest numeric gain of households will be outside of the Core, in the East Metro market area. Other large numeric gains of households (more than 5,000) are projected in the Central Bardstown, North Floyd's Fork, Central Taylorsville, McNeely Lake, South-Central Dixie, and Central Preston market areas, all of which are outside of the Core.

The largest percentage growth in households is expected in the Parklands of Floyd's Fork and North Floyd's Fork, both of which are projected to experience a larger than 50-percent increase in households between 2010 and 2040. The Southeast Core, University, and Northwest Core market areas are projected to experience minor declines in the number of households between 2010 and 2040. Though the University market area is projected to gain population during the coming decades, students living in University housing are classified as residing in group quarters rather than households, and are therefore not reflected in household change.

According the latest published U.S. Census Bureau statistics, the median household income in Jefferson County is \$44,806 (2014 dollars).

Table 2-3 lists total household projections prepared by the University of Louisville USI for Louisville Water's and Louisville MSD's service areas (see). Figure 2-3 graphically depicts the change both in terms of number and in percent.



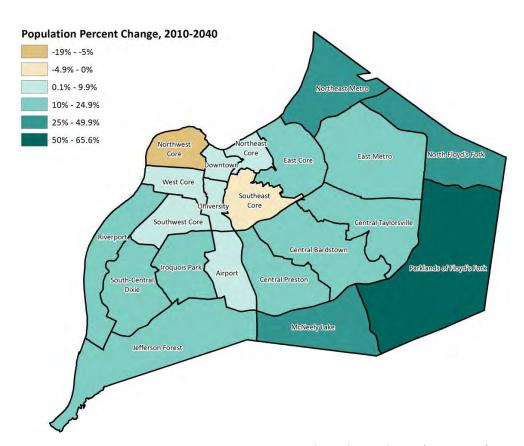
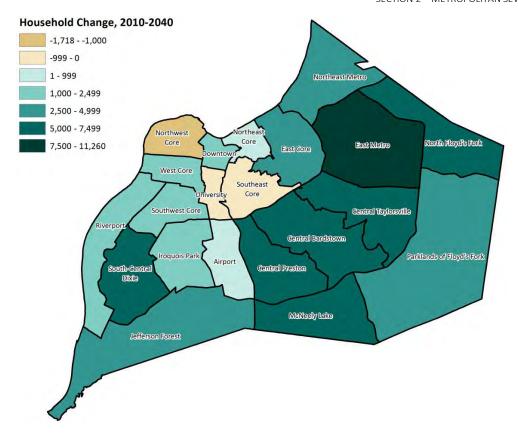


Figure 2-2. Projected Population Change (2010–2040) Louisville Metro Source: University of Louisville Urban Studies Institute

Table 2-3. Projections of Total Households 2010–2040 (Louisville Metro and Market Areas)

Source: University of Louisville Urban Studies Institute

					Change 2010-2040				
	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	Numeric	Percent
Airport	960	967	973	990	1,001	1,031	1,058	98	10.2%
Central Bardstown	32,655	34,421	36,139	37,579	38,791	39,534	40,140	7,485	22.9%
Central Preston	22,124	23,218	24,280	25,169	25,905	26,623	27,249	5,125	23.2%
Central Taylorsville	22,069	23,440	24,778	26,062	27,187	27,749	28,215	6,146	27.8%
Downtown	5,785	6,023	6,252	6,515	6,739	6,994	7,224	1,439	24.9%
East Core	16,666	17,060	17,430	18,065	18,590	19,212	19,767	3,101	18.6%
East Metro	33,790	35,993	38,145	40,272	42,154	43,677	45,050	11,260	33.3%
Iroquois Park	21,031	21,241	21,422	21,940	22,326	22,948	23,490	2,459	11.7%
Jefferson Forest	8,530	8,948	9,353	9,861	10,308	10,774	11,204	2,674	31.3%
McNeely Lake	11,321	12,713	14,088	14,970	15,760	16,321	16,825	5,504	48.6%
North Floyd's Fork	12,996	14,896	16,775	17,815	18,746	19,208	19,604	6,608	50.8%
Northeast Core	7,904	7,929	7,943	8,011	8,029	8,121	8,185	281	3.6%
Northeast Metro	6,364	7,123	7,871	8,385	8,848	9,104	9,328	2,964	46.6%
Northwest Core	12,358	12,153	11,930	11,667	11,332	11,005	10,640	-1,718	-13.9%
Parklands of Floyd's Fork	4,951	6,016	7,072	7,566	8,013	8,224	8,407	3,456	69.8%
Riverport	5,797	6,061	6,316	6,662	6,968	7,209	7,426	1,629	28.1%
South-Central Dixie	21,684	22,705	23,694	24,714	25,583	26,288	26,903	5,219	24.1%
Southeast Core	23,215	23,167	23,086	23,106	22,986	22,988	22,910	-305	-1.3%
Southwest Core	18,132	18,262	18,366	18,758	19,036	19,485	19,867	1,735	9.6%
University	9,884	9,733	9,568	9,474	9,322	9,194	9,035	-849	-8.6%
West Core	10,959	11,119	11,264	11,510	11,686	11,900	12,072	1,113	10.2%
Louisville Metro	309,175	323,189	336,744	349,090	359,312	367,590	374,600	65,425	21.2%



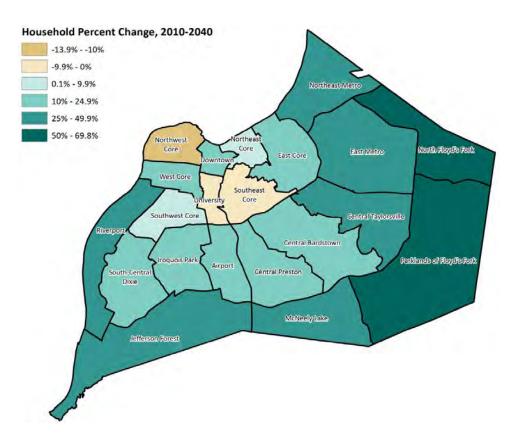


Figure 2-3. Projected Household Change 2010–2040 Source: University of Louisville Urban Studies Institute

## 2.5 Local Economy

The Louisville area experienced significant economic prosperity during the 1990s. Louisville's growth was driven primarily by the manufacturing and service sectors. In the 1990s, Louisville saw major investments at the two Ford Motor plants and at General Electric's Appliance Park. Other notable developments in the 1990s included an expanded airport, several new industrial parks, an expanded convention center, a new football stadium, a large riverboat casino in nearby Harrison County, Indiana, a new minor league baseball stadium, a revived downtown, a redeveloped riverfront, and a thriving real estate market.

While the national trend of economic expansion stalled, local economic investment continued, but at a slower pace than in previous years. Investment in the service sector is still ongoing. The service sector includes healthcare, insurance, restaurants, and the like, and the distribution industry, which may be the single most important economic growth industry in Louisville Metro today and for the foreseeable future. The most notable local example is United Parcel Service (UPS). UPS completed a \$1.1-billion, automated sorting facility, UPS Worldport, at Louisville International Airport in September 2002. Worldport is UPS's all-points, worldwide sorting facility for express mail packages. Continued UPS expansion of Worldport for an additional \$1+ billion was completed in May 2010. This expansion included the addition of two aircraft load/unload "wings" to the hub, followed by the installation of a high-speed conveyor and computer control system, and increased Worldport by 1.2 million square feet to 5.2 million square feet.

The local transportation infrastructure and distribution network continues to attract other businesses to the area. Louisville International Airport ranked third in 2013 among U.S. airports for air cargo volume and seventh worldwide. The airport handled more than 2.29 metric tons of cargo, freight, and mail in 2014, an increase from 2.22 metric tons in 2013.<sup>4</sup>

The following are examples of recent and continuing local development activities and accomplishments:

- In September 2014, the International Trade Administration released its 2014 rankings for U.S. metropolitan area exports. Exports were stable compared to 2013 at \$8.9 million. Louisville ranked 37<sup>th</sup> overall for total exports.<sup>5</sup>
- Greater Louisville, Inc. the Metro Chamber of Commerce, tracks how Louisville Metro is viewed from the outside. Several notable observations are:<sup>6</sup>
  - Louisville ranked 22nd out of 373 metropolitan statistical areas on "Area Development Magazine's" Leading Locations for 2015 list after coming in at 120 the previous year.
  - TIME magazine named Louisville in its top 20 for America's Best Food Cities; Fodor's "2015 Places to Go" listed Louisville; Trivago named Louisville among "America's 50 Best Value Destinations"; National Geographic Traveler named Louisville one of its "Best of the World destinations"; Zagat Restaurant Digest named Louisville's NuLu as one of the "Top 20 Hot Food Neighborhoods."
  - Louisville was ranked in the top 10 cities for first-time homebuyers by Business Insider and 8th in Forbes' 2014 "America's Most Affordable Cities."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Preliminary World Airport Traffic and Rankings 2014. Airports Council International – North America. March 26, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Exports from U.S. Metropolitan Areas. International Trade Association, U.S. Department of Commerce. Accessed August 13, 2015, from http://tse.export.gov/metro/SelectReports.aspx?DATA=Metro

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>http://www.greaterlouisville.com/Templates/ED/ed\_2rows.aspx?pageid=1286

- The State Entrepreneurship Index ranked Kentucky No. 4 for its ability to create new businesses, and Site Selection Magazine placed Kentucky 8<sup>th</sup> in the country in its 2014 Top State Business Climate ranking.
- Rolling Stone Magazine ranked Louisville's KFC Yum! Center as the seventh-best arena or stadium for concerts in America, and Louisville Slugger Field ranked #2 in USA Today Travel's "10 Best Minor League Ballparks in U.S.".
- Six hotel projects have begun or been announced in downtown Louisville in 2014/2015.<sup>7</sup> The largest project is a \$261-million development that includes a 600-room Omni Hotel, 200 apartments, and a grocery store.<sup>8</sup> In July 2014, the Kentucky International Convention Center announced a \$176-million expansion.<sup>9</sup>
- In June 2016, GE announced it would sell its appliance division located in Louisville's Appliance Park
  to Chinese appliance manufacturer Haier. <sup>10</sup> As part of the purchase, Haier pledged to keep the GE
  Appliances headquarters in Louisville and retain the executive leadership team. Haier also
  committed to a 3-year strategic plan to build market share for GE Appliances.

#### 2.5.1 Employment Overview

Employment is cyclical, declining during economic downturns and increasing during economic booms. Jefferson County experienced the normal cyclical employment pattern until the late 1980s, when employment in the county began to grow steadily until the beginning of the 2000s (see Figure 2-4).

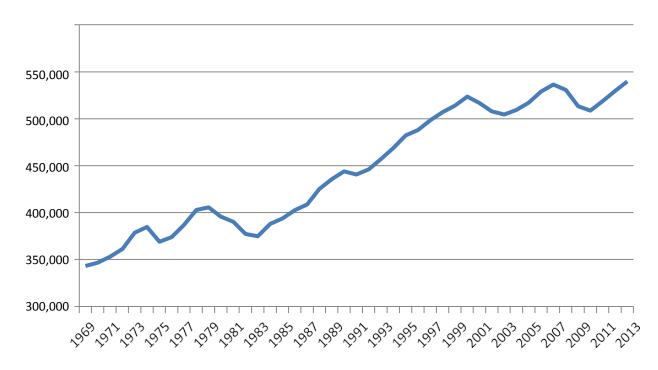


Figure 2-4. Jefferson County Full and Part-Time Employment 1969-2013

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>7&</sup>quot;Louisville Could Be Getting Another Downtown Hotel." Louisville Business First. September 9, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>"Omni Hotel Headlines \$261 Million Downtown Development Project." Louisville Business First. March 6, 2014.

<sup>9&</sup>quot;Tourism Officials Excited About Convention Center Upgrade, Downtown Hotel Developments." Louisville Business First. July 18, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>"GE Announces Sale to Haier." *Louisville Courier-Journal*. June 6, 2016.

#### 2.5.1.1 Employment by Sector

Health care and social assistance is the largest employment sector in Jefferson County, comprising approximately 12 percent of the total non-farm economy.

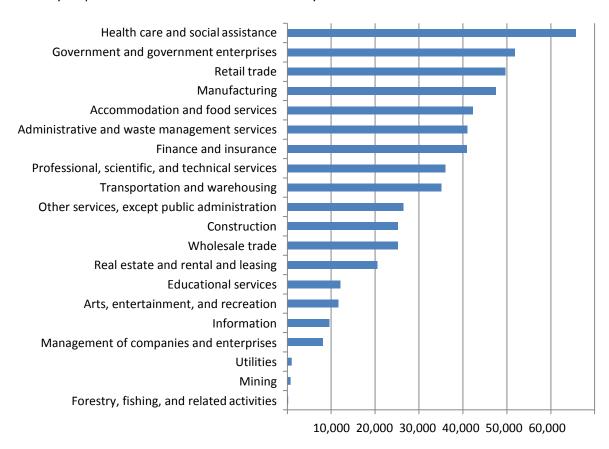


Figure 2-5. Jefferson County Full and Part Time Employment (2014)

Source: University of Louisville Urban Studies Institute (2015)

In 2014, Jefferson County had approximately 156,000 workers in a grouping of industries denoted as "professional" in this report. The sector includes information, finance and insurance, real estate, professional scientific and technical services, management, and administration. It is also a sector subject to undercount based on the number of self-employed or contract workers in the included industries. Presumably, many of the workers in this sector have attained some level of post-secondary education.

Approximately 75,000 workers are employed in the wholesale and retail trade sector—collectively referred to as "trade" in this report. Health care and social assistance is the next-highest employing sector, with approximately 66,000 workers. Of these, approximately 59,000 are in the health care field and another 7,000 in social assistance (which includes emergency assistance programs, housing services and child care). Area hospitals, nursing homes, laboratory services and home health care companies were also significant contributors to employment in this sector.

#### 2.5.1.2 Nonemployers

Nonemployer businesses are firms or establishments that do not have paid employees, but have annual receipts in excess of \$1,000 and pay federal taxes. The U.S. Census Bureau uses the terms "firm" and "establishment" interchangeably. For example, a husband-and-wife team would be considered one establishment or firm. They may have family members that participate in the business, but who not do not appear as paid employees for tax purposes (that is, no one working in the firm is issued a W-2).

#### **Employment Forecast** 2.5.2

The University of Louisville Population Study forecasts that Jefferson County will continue to experience growth in the professional grouping, health care and social assistance, transportation and warehousing, and hospitality sectors (see Table 2-4).11

Table 2-4. Jefferson County Employment Forecasts, 2020–2040

Source: University of Louisville Urban Studies Institute (2015)

	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
Manufacturing	31,767	26,139	20,510	20,000	20,000
Construction	22,178	19,521	16,863	14,206	11,548
Trade	67,621	64,464	61,307	58,150	54,992
Transportation and Warehousing	35,303	35,912	36,521	37,129	37,738
Professional	163,087	172,308	181,530	190,751	199,973
Education	13,909	14,997	16,086	17,174	18,262
Health Care and Social Assistance	75,688	81,813	87,938	94,063	100,188
Hospitality and Tourism	54,835	57,488	60,140	62,793	65,445
Other Private Sector	27,423	26,844	26,266	25,687	25,109
Public Administration	52,078	52,551	53,024	53,497	53,969
Subtotal	543,889	552,037	560,185	573,450	587,224
Nonemployers	57,654	62,129	66,604	71,079	75,553
Total	601,543	614,166	626,789	644,529	662,777

#### 2.6 **Utilities Operations Review**

In 2012, the Louisville Utility and Public Works Advisory Group (the "Advisory Group") was formed by the Louisville Metro Mayor, and was tasked with examining the operations of the LWC, MSD, and Louisville Metro Department of Public Works and Assets (DPW) to identify whether synergies exist between the entities that would allow for improved service or reduce costs. The Advisory Group found that there were potential savings in consolidating services of MSD and LWC. After a due diligence review conducted by both MSD and LWC, a Comprehensive Inter-Local Agreement (ILA) was developed to create coordinated teams of employees from both agencies with the capability of delivering superior customer service at lower costs than the existing two agencies combined. The first phase of ILA implementation focused on procurement, fleet services, human resources, information technology, and customer service. It is estimated that the One Water Initiative produced more than \$1 million in savings in 2015. These savings came through sharing resources and consolidating jobs. For example, LWC and MSD now have a joint Fleet Manager, and a common Chief Information Officer. MSD and LWC now have common contracts for fuel, vehicle parts and supplies, and other consumables common to both agencies. The ILA, as amended on August 24, 2015, is effective through June 30, 2035.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Urban Studies Institute (USI). 2015. Forecasts of Water Customers and Water Demand, 2015-2035 For the 25 County Louisville Economic Area. Prepared for CH2M Hill on behalf of Louisville Water Company. Prepared by The University of Louisville. February 2015.

# **Drainage System**

# 3.1 General Description

Louisville MSD through ILAs with the City of Louisville and Jefferson County assumed responsibility for drainage and flood protection (from the Ohio River) in 1987 for all of Jefferson County, with the exception of the Cities of Anchorage, Jeffersontown, Shively, and St. Matthews. Those cities do not participate in MSD's drainage program except as co-permittees under the Municipal Separate Storm Sewer (MS4) program that MSD administers. MSD is responsible for maintenance and operation of approximately 5,290 miles of drainage system components (for example, ditches, culverts, storm sewers, etc.), 16 flood pumping stations, and 29 miles of floodwalls/levees.

MSD's combined sewer system provides storage, conveyance, and treatment of both sanitary sewage and storm water. During dry weather, the system carries only sanitary sewage to the Morris Forman Water Quality Treatment Center (WQTC) for treatment and discharge. During wet weather events, the combined sewers also convey urban runoff in the same pipe system. Figure 3-1 shows the boundaries of the combined sewer system.

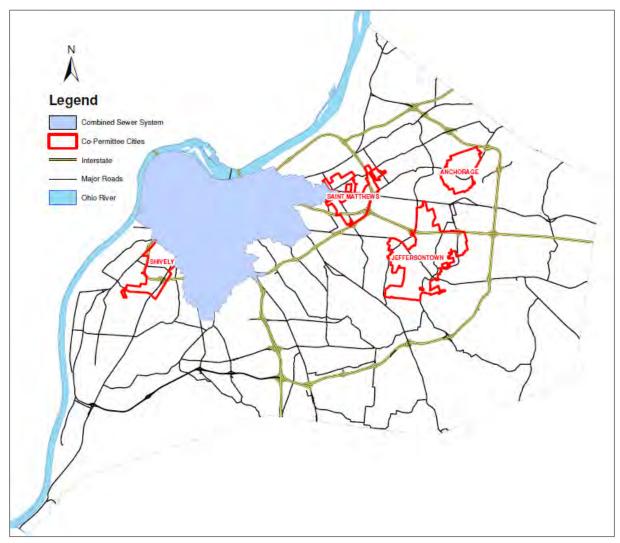


Figure 3-1. Stormwater and MS4 Service Areas

#### 3.1.1 Service Area and Customer Base

Drainage service is provided essentially to all of the developed area in the Louisville metro area (note that the City of Louisville and Jefferson County merged in 2003 and now have the same boundaries). This includes several smaller cities within the service area, as shown in Figure 3-1. Opportunities for growing the service are limited to adding the Cities of Anchorage, Jeffersontown, Shively, and/or St. Matthews fully into MSD's drainage system.

Currently MSD serves a population of approximately 650,000 and bills for stormwater services using equivalent service units (ESUs). The ESU is defined by MSD as 2,500 square feet of impervious area. MSD currently has approximately 524,000 ESUs, in total, from the four classifications it uses: residential, commercial, industrial, and city-owned. These ESUs are spread across approximately 230,000 developed parcels within the service area.

# 3.2 Stormwater Drainage Permitting Requirements

The permit to operate a drainage system and discharge stormwater to waterways of the Commonwealth is administered by the Division of Water of the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection (KDEP). Specifically, the drainage system is regulated through an MS4 permit, which sets out minimum requirements that must be met to protect water quality in the Commonwealth. These conditions apply to the small cities within the County that MSD provides stormwater service to, and also to the four cities that provide their own stormwater system. These communities are co-permittees with MSD, and they pay an annual fee to compensate MSD for a portion of the costs to administer the countywide program.

Plans for drainage improvements must be coordinated with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), if they impact waters of the United States, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or if they may affect floodplains. The Corps of Engineers also has inspection authority for the Ohio River Flood Protection System.

Operation of the combined sewer system and its associated storage and treatment facilities is authorized through the Kentucky Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) permit for the Morris Forman WQTC.

## 3.3 Facility Description and Evaluation

MSD's stormwater system can generally be separated into two components:

- Interior Drainage System This includes the infrastructure to collect and convey drainage across the County via pipes, ditches, streams, and channels to the Ohio River.
- Ohio River Flood Protection System This includes the flood pumping stations, floodwalls, and levees that hold back rising waters from the Ohio River and pump drainage from the interior of the County into the Ohio River when the floodwalls and levees are closed.

The combined sewer system is described as part of the sewer system in Section 4.

#### 3.3.1 Interior Drainage System

The Interior Drainage System is composed a variety of facilities including 1,300 miles of storm sewer pipe (including culverts under roads), 4,600 miles of channels and ditches, and 870 miles of creeks (both natural and improved). Runoff during rain events is collected and either stored, retained, and/or conveyed to sewers, rivers, streams, creeks, channels, ditches, etc. for eventual discharge to the Ohio River, either directly or through one of its tributaries. The system is operated by MSD and maintained through a combination of MSD staff and contractors.

MSD assumed responsibility for the drainage systems in Jefferson County in 1987. When it did, it inherited a large backlog of challenges and deferred maintenance that had been accumulating for

decades. The preparation and execution of the Stormwater Drainage Master Plan and Watershed Master Plan, in 1988, began the process of addressing these issues and raising the level of service throughout the County. Subsequent studies and plans identified additional improvements; and in 2003, MSD initiated the Drainage Response Initiative (DRI) program to review customer service requests, develop solutions, and allocate resources to execute remedies in an efficient manner. Since taking over responsibility for the system, in 1987, MSD has invested nearly \$200 million in stormwater improvements through the DRI program.

More recently, the drainage system has faced increasing challenges as a result of both an elevated frequency of extreme storms, which brings heavier rains more often, and by a greater percentage of impervious area, providing additional stormwater runoff as the community develops and expands. The additional impervious area causes a higher portion of stormwater to collect in the stormwater system rather than being absorbed in the ground. The net results of these factors are flooding and other stormwater issues, such as excessive ponding, erosion of streambanks, and water in homes occurring more often and in areas that had historically not been problematic. To address these issue, in part, MSD began the process of creating the 20-Year Comprehensive Facility Plan (commonly referred to as the "Facility Plan"). While still in development, the Facility Plan has recommended changes in stormwater design and construction standards that will mitigate these issues and prepare Louisville to manage the size and frequency of storms projected in the future. These recommendations are in the process of being considered for adoption and implementation. Additionally, the Facility Plan recommends that MSD develop an updated stormwater-drainage master plan based on Facility Plan recommendations. This plan will develop projects throughout the County to meet the changing needs of the next 20 years, and will include an early-action component made up of projects that can be implemented while the remainder of the Plan is written.

#### 3.3.1.1 Community Rating System

The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Community Rating System (CRS) is a voluntary incentive program encouraging community floodplain management activities that exceed the minimum NFIP requirements. Communities taking part in this program are awarded points for participating in public information, mapping and regulation, flood damage reduction, and flood preparedness.

Through MSD's participation in the program, Louisville Metro was moved from a CRS Class 4 to a Class 3 community. This earns an additional 5 percent in flood insurance savings, granting the community a 35-percent discount on flood insurance premiums. This new level of discount became effective October 2015. The community saves approximately \$2 million each year in flood insurance premiums because it is ranked as a Class 3 community. Besides Louisville, only six communities in the U.S. have a Class 3 CRS rating or better.

#### 3.3.2 Ohio River Flood Protection System

When the elevation level of the Ohio River rises, MSD's service area is protected from flooding through a network of nearly 30 miles of floodwalls and levees. The 185 street crossings, pipe openings, and gates that allow creeks to pass through are sealed and the river is held back. With the creeks and storm sewer system prevented from discharging into the Ohio River, MSD relies on 16 flood pumping stations to pump drainage over the floodwall and levee to prevent stormwater from backing up and causing flooding within the area. It is important to understand that the operation of the flood pumping stations is intermittent and infrequent, only occurring when both the Ohio River is in flood stage and there is a rain event within the drainage system. Many of the pumping stations operate only once every few years.

The USACE completed the *Levee Safety Evaluation* in the summer of 2015. This report evaluated the operations, maintenance, and condition of the entire flood-protection system. It found that the system of floodwalls, levees, and flood pumping stations met all of the applicable standards and was acceptable under the FEMA flood protection and insurance program to reasonably reduce the risk of flooding to the

point where there is a 1-percent chance or less that the flood protection system would be overwhelmed in any given year.

The Ohio River flood-protection portion of the drainage system faces the same challenges of increasing impervious area and more frequent extreme storms. That, plus the age of most of the flood pumping stations (most were built in the 1950s), has led MSD to take a proactive approach to improving the flood pumping stations. The Western Flood Pump Station was rehabilitated in 2010–2013, and several stations are undergoing upgrades to their electrical and control systems. The Facility Plan has outlined a prioritized approach to update technology and increase pumping capacities to continue to protect the community in the future. The floodwalls and levees will continue to be maintained but are not expected to need expansion or raising. They are already set several feet above the flood elevation of record (the Great Flood of 1937).

## 3.4 Ohio River Flood Protection Permitting Requirements

As noted above, the interior drainage system is regulated by MSD's MS4 permit. The Ohio River flood-protection system is not regulated by a single agency or permit, but rather through a series of requirements and standards established by multiple state and federal agencies such as FEMA, USACE, the Code of Federal Regulations, and the Flood Control Act. Currently, there are no anticipated or expected regulatory changes that would affect the Ohio River flood-protection system. However, the MS4 permit requirements are known to be increasing in the coming years. This expansion has been expected for some time now, and MSD has already taken many steps to prepare for this higher level of compliance. In addition, the Facility Plan has forecast budgetary requirement to maintain compliance both for the next 5 years and for the rest of the planning period.

# Sewer System

# 4.1 General Description

MSD's sewer system extends throughout much of the developed portions of Jefferson County. It includes approximately 600 miles of combined sewers (which carry sanitary wastewater during dry weather and a combination of stormwater and sanitary wastewater during wet periods), 2,700 miles of sanitary sewers, more than 260 pumping stations, five regional WQTCs, and an estimated 1,400 miles of lateral connections to buildings. Responsibility for laterals is shared with the property owner; MSD is solely responsible for the laterals within the right-of-way.

#### 4.1.1 Service Area and Customer Base

By Kentucky state statute, MSD is authorized to provide wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal services in Jefferson County. Through inter-local agreements, MSD also provides these services to portions of Oldham County and small parts of Bullitt County, as shown on Figure 4-1. The area includes approximately 270 square miles and serves approximately 254,000 customers.

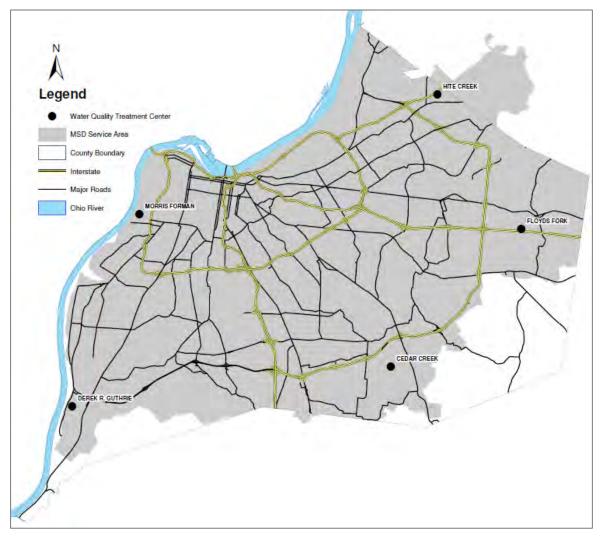


Figure 4-1. Wastewater Service Area

## 4.2 Wastewater Flows

In support of the Facility Plans being prepared for both MSD and LWC, the USI of the University of Louisville developed population projections for LWC's and MSD's service areas. As wastewater flows are closely tied to water consumption, a joint approach that incorporated both organizations' data and inputs was determined to be more effective than developing flow projections independently.

Population projections were prepared for MSD's service area (including portions that are not being served now) and organized into sewersheds for each WQTC. Table 4-1 summarizes flow projections (including residential, commercial, and industrial flows). For planning purposes, flows from Southeastern Jefferson County, which is currently not sewered, but could be in the future, were included in the projections. Overall, an increase in flows of almost 13 percent is expected between 2015 and 2035.

Table 4-1. Annual Average Flow Projections (mgd)

Source: University of Louisville Urban Studies Institute

	Morris	Derek R.				SE Jefferson	
Year	Forman	Guthrie	Hite Creek	Floyds Fork	Cedar Creek	County	Total
2015	109.90	42.36	5.22	4.65	5.62	0.84	168.59
2020	109.76	46.87	5.90	5.47	6.61	0.99	175.6
2025	109.72	53.34	6.37	6.46	7.75	1.21	184.85
2030	108.93	54.14	6.87	7.43	8.88	1.42	187.67
2035	108.53	54.77	7.22	8.59	9.49	1.73	190.33

Note: mgd=million gallons per day

As seen in Table 4-2, MSD's WQTCs either have the capacity to handle the projected 2035 flows or will achieve the required capacity through planned projects. Flows from Southeastern Jefferson County may be treated at a new WQTC that is being discussed as part of long-term development discussion, when or if it is constructed. Currently flows from that area are being handled by onsite systems, such as septic tanks.

Table 4-2. Comparison of Projected Flows to Existing and Planned Capacity in 2035 (mgd)

Source: University of Louisville Urban Studies Institute

WQTC	2035 Projected Flows	Existing Capacity	Planned Capacity in 2035	Percentage of Excess Capacity in 2035
Morris Forman	108.53	120	120	111%
Derek R. Guthrie	54.77	45	60	110%
Hite Creek	7.22	6	9	125%
Floyd's Fork	8.59	6.5	9.75	114%
Cedar Creek	9.49	7.5	11.25	119%

Modeling of MSD's collection and conveyance system has confirmed that the capacity necessary to transport the projected flows exists in the system now or will with the completion of planned projects.

## 4.3 Wastewater Collection and Transmission

MSD wastewater collection and transmission system is comprised of a network of nearly 3,300 miles of mainline pipe, 1,400 miles of laterals, and 264 pump stations. The service area is divided into five

sewersheds that collect and convey wastewater to one of five WQTCs for treatment. Table 4-3 provides a breakdown of the system components by sewershed.

Table 4-3. Summary of Wastewater Collection and Transmission Infrastructure by WQTC Sewershed

WQTC Sewershed	Miles of Gravity Sewer	Number of Pump Stations
Morris Forman	1,751	95
Derek R. Guthrie	948	40
Hite Creek	211	57
Floyd's Fork	178	34
Cedar Creek	190	38

Portions of MSD's collection system date back to the Civil War era and are still in service today. The O&M of such a large and dated system can present challenges because of the condition of assets and the materials with which they were constructed. MSD is currently in the process of inspecting their entire sewer system. Significant defects are being addressed in the system following inspection. The inspection process is nearly complete and will result in a long-term plan to manage the future inspection and renewal of the collections system. MSD has found that many areas, especially where polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe has been used in constructing the sewers, will not need significant attention for decades. Providing a level of service consistent with established MSD targets is still necessary in all areas of the system. Substantial improvements in I/I have already been documented in areas post-rehabilitation to substantiate the efficacy of MSD's efforts. Critical pieces of infrastructure, such as large-diameter interceptor sewers, will continue to be evaluated and renewed as necessary through annual budgets recommended in the Facility Plan CIP.

### 4.4 Wastewater Treatment Facilities

MSD has consolidated its treatment facilities into five regional WQTCs. A brief summary of the five WQTC follows.

#### 4.4.1 Morris Forman WQTC

The Morris Forman WQTC was originally constructed in 1956 for preliminary and primary treatment. It was designed to receive a maximum daily flow of 105 mgd and a maximum hourly flow of 338 mgd. Secondary treatment facilities installed during plant upgrades in 1970s and plant upgrades in the late 1990s and early 2000s improved performance and increased treatment capacity to its current level of 120 mgd. It is the largest WQTC in MSD's system and its most valuable single asset.

In 2015, Morris Forman's power supply was impacted by a voltage surge assumed to be caused by a lightning strike on the incoming power lines. The damage to the electrical equipment was so severe that it impacted the back-up equipment and prevented the plant from running on utility power. At the time of this incident, the Ohio River was at an elevated stage which required pumping the WQTC's effluent to the river. Without power to run the effluent pumps, the WQTC quickly flooded and was submerged until crews could drain the facility. The damage to the facility was extensive and prompted MSD to initiate a comprehensive evaluation of the Morris Forman WQTC and its future for a 50-year period. This study is ongoing and will define long-term plans for the facility.

Prior to the electrical equipment failure, the Morris Forman plant consistently met all regulatory and permit requirements. Damage to the plant has mostly been repaired, and plant performance is returning to compliance with the discharge permit. Ongoing projects will protect the facility from similar incidents.

As a large facility ongoing capital needs are required to keep the WQTC operating at the level of performance required. Equipment renewal and repair budgets have been established for the next 20 years to plan for preventative and predictive repair/replacement. Additionally, MSD is in the process of evaluating its solids-handling process and strategy. Future investment needs for solids will be defined as part of that study. The study, pilot testing and other evaluations necessary to make an informed decision will take approximately five years.

#### 4.4.2 Derek R. Guthrie WQTC

The original facilities at the Derek R. Guthrie WQTC site consisted of a screening chamber and a raw sewage pump station brought online in 1979. The first secondary treatment facilities, collectively termed Phase I, at what was then known as the West County Wastewater Treatment Plant, were brought online in 1986 with a rated hydraulic capacity of 15-mgd average daily flow (ADF) and 30-mgd peak daily flow (PDF). In 2001, the Phase 2 Expansion increased the capacity to 19.5-mgd ADF.

In 2012, additional facilities enabled the Derek R. Guthrie WQTC to treat up to 200 mgd of wet weather flow using a modified contact stabilization process. Normal flows continue to be handled by the existing contact stabilization treatment process for flows up to 200 mgd. Further improvements in pumping and flow equalization have been constructed that allow the Derek R. Guthrie WQTC to receive peak elevated flows more than 300 mgd for short durations.

The majority of the mechanical equipment has an average 15 years of useful life remaining, while most of the structures have more than 20 years of useful life remaining. Older treatment process equipment that was not addressed during the expansion has approximately 5 years of useful life remaining. Equipment renewal and repair budgets have been established for the next 20 years to plan for preventative and predictive repair/replacement.

#### 4.4.3 Hite Creek WQTC

The Hite Creek WQTC is currently rated at 6.0-mgd ADF and 16.0-mgd peak hourly flow capacity. Because of the conveyance of wastewater flows from Oldham County to the Hite Creek WQTC, the peak hourly flow capacity is in the process of being increased to 24 mgd to better manage short periods of high flows. The projected wastewater flows will exceed the average treatment capacity by the year 2019, and an expansion to 9-mgd ADF capacity is under design currently, with construction scheduled to begin in 2018. The majority of the equipment has an average 5 to 10 years of useful life remaining, while most of the structures have more than 20 years of useful life remaining. Equipment renewal and repair budgets have been established for the next 20 years to plan for preventative and predictive repair/ replacement.

## 4.4.4 Floyd's Fork WQTC

The Floyds Fork WQTC went through a major expansion in 2012 in which the treatment capacity was increased and sludge holding tanks were added. Through this expansion, many of the plant's mechanical needs were addressed, leaving much of the equipment with an average of 15 to 20 years of useful life remaining and most of the structures more than 20 years of useful life remaining. Equipment renewal and repair budgets have been established for the next 20 years to plan for preventative and predictive repair/replacement.

#### 4.4.5 Cedar Creek WQTC

There are several small projects underway at the Cedar Creek WQTC. However, the majority of the plant has remained untouched since the last expansion in 2005. This has left the plant with many of the mechanical processes with 5 to 10 years of useful life remaining. While many of the structures are 20 years in age, they are still sufficient in providing a level of service consistent with MSD targets,

meeting the facility's needs, and are likely to have an additional 20 years of useful life remaining if maintained in the same manner. Equipment renewal and repair budgets have been established for the next 20 years to plan for preventative and predictive repair/replacement; these identified needs are included in the capital plan detailed in Section 5.

## 4.5 Wastewater Regulatory Impacts

The collection, treatment, and disposal of wastewater is one of the most heavily regulated industries in the U.S. MSD is regulated and monitored by the following agencies: the Commonwealth of Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet; the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; the Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission; and the Louisville Metro Health Department.

Currently, two primary regulatory drivers for investment in the system are the various KPDES permits issued to MSD and the Amended Consent Decree addressing sewer overflows and treatment plant bypassing and recordkeeping.

In the future, several regulatory changes are being considered that could affect MSD. In particular, potential increased nutrient removal standards and modification of the water quality criteria for recreation could impact MSD's operations within the next 20 years (changes to nutrient removal standards are not expected for at least 10 years). MSD has developed plans to meet these and other anticipated changes to continue operating in compliance with minimal disruption. Additionally, MSD has made plans for other potential regulatory changes that are not expected in the next 20 years but that could be costly to comply with if adopted, and would warrant advanced planning further into the future at a point where their adoption is deemed likely. In particular, potential requirements to remove microconstituents, such as pharmaceuticals and personal care by-products, would necessitate substantial expansions of MSD's treatment processes. The removal of micro-constituents from wastewater effluent is not anticipated for at least 20 or more years, giving MSD more than ample time to prepare in the event that such regulations are adopted.

# Capital Improvements

This section discusses the planned and proposed capital improvements included in MSD's CIP for 2016 to 2035, with a focus on improvements planned to be implemented within the next 5 years. MSD's 20-Year Comprehensive Facility Plan scope was developed to identify long-term capital project needs and associated operating programs to improve and sustain the wastewater, stormwater, and Ohio River flood protection system. The projects and programs required by the Consent Decree are to be completed, as are any other projects needed for compliance, with applicable regulations.

Most of the recommendations of the Facility Plan, however, are based on the community's desire for sustained reliability of service and improvements in the level of protection provided for stormwater drainage, floodplain management, and Ohio River flood protection. Implementation of these locally driven projects and programs depend on the community's willingness to fund the improvements. The Facility Plan recommendations represent a road map to achieve a reliable and consistent level of service across the County for all MSD's service offerings. The actual timing of recommended actions will be determined by the availability of funds to complete them.

A summary of key projects planned or already underway is presented in the following subsections.

# 5.1 Drainage and Sewer System Master Plan Update Improvements

#### 5.1.1 Proposed Capital Improvements

Proposed capital improvements are organized into drainage and sewer system sections. Drainage projects include stormwater improvements to reduce nuisance ponding, mitigate flooding, protect against Ohio River and interior flooding, and enhance water quality in Jefferson County. Sewer system projects include projects related to the collection, conveyance, and treatment of sanitary and combined wastewater. Projects related to MSD's Consent Decree are addressed separately in Section 5.2.

#### 5.1.1.1 Proposed Drainage Capital Improvements

As part of the development of the Facility Plan, an extensive review of previous drainage studies and planning was conducted. The conclusion of the planning team was that MSD had successfully executed the vast majority of the projects identified previously and had shifted its focus to resolving smaller, neighborhood- to site-level drainage issues. To respond to changes in land use, development, and extreme storm frequency in a holistic manner, the Facility Plan team recommended a watershed-scale stormwater master plan to address stormwater and drainage needs across Jefferson County. This plan will identify larger-scale improvements to MSD's drainage system that are recommended for completion in the first 5 years of the Facility Plan. Projects have been prioritized for the next 5 years to conform to MSD's cash flow based on a rate increase of 6.9 percent. Drainage capital improvements for the next 5 years total \$42.2 million.

Other recommendations from the Facility Plan include:

• Stormwater Master Plan (SWMP). The current 5-year CIP includes \$4 million to develop a detailed master plan to direct long-term improvements to Louisville's drainage system. The SWMP will develop holistic, watershed-based solutions to address lingering issues and prepare the system for increased frequency of extreme storm events. A total of \$11 million has been budgeted to implement recommendations from the SWMP within the 5-year CIP.

- Drainage Response Initiative. The DRI program was developed to address Louisville's problematic
  drainage areas. This highly successful program has eliminated a significant backlog of issues and
  continues to be a critical component of the overall drainage program. As a mature program, projects
  tend to be smaller and are focused on resolving repeat problem areas. A total of \$14 million has
  been budgeted to continue this program.
- Floodplain Buyout. MSD has been successful at leveraging funding from the federal government, particularly FEMA, to remove homes and businesses from the floodplain. This is often substantially more cost-effective than infrastructure solutions and provides a higher level of protection. A total of \$3 million in the current 5-year CIP has been allocated to support grant coordination/administration, local share contributions, and flood proofing.
- MS4 Program. Discharges from storm sewer systems in metropolitan areas are permitted under the
  MS4 permit. This permit sets requirements that MSD must meet to mitigate pollution of waters from
  stormwater discharges. The requirements of this permit are expected to grow in scope and scale in
  the next 20 years. To meet these anticipated new standards, capital projects in the form of retrofits
  to the existing system, systems to remove pollutants from stormwater, green infrastructure installations, greater public outreach/education, and additional support will be needed. The 5-year CIP
  includes nearly \$8.4 million to support this program.
- Basin Retrofit Projects. These projects will modify existing stormwater basins to infiltrate water into
  the ground and remove pollutants before discharging to community streams. These retrofits will
  improve the functionality of the basins both in runoff flow reduction and runoff water quality. These
  projects are not scheduled to be initiated in the current 5-year CIP but will be addressed in the
  future.
- Viaduct Flooding Solutions. Numerous viaducts in MSD's service area can become inundated during
  heavy rains leading to transportation disruptions and potential dangers to residents. Conceptual
  solutions have been identified to address all the problematic viaducts through improvements to the
  existing drainage system. These projects are not included in the current 5-year CIP and will be
  designed and constructed further in the future.

#### 5.1.1.2 Renewal and Replacements

A key focus of the Facility Plan was to enhance MSD's asset management program by formalizing a proactive renewal and replacement component. Within MSD's drainage system, this is most applicable to the Ohio River flood protection system which in general consists of the floodwalls, levee, and flood pumping stations. Total capital expenditures in the next five years for the Ohio River flood protection system are estimated to be \$18 million.

- Floodwall and Levee Projects. MSD is responsible for the O&M of the 29 miles of floodwall and levee that protect Louisville from flooding from the Ohio River. Maintaining the integrity of this system is critical to preventing a catastrophic loss of life and/or property. The USACE recently evaluated MSD's flood protection system, and found that the floodwalls and levee meet all applicable requirements. As the floodwall and levees have been constructed and are not anticipated to need to be expanded, the focus is on continued renewal and replacement. Annual budget allocations have been developed to keep the system operable and reliable by repairing and/or replacing gates, closures, and panels; keeping the levee free of encroachments and settlement; improving the efficiency of the system; and additional risk assessments to identify critical areas. During the next 5 years, these projects and allocations total \$7.2 million.
- **Flood Pumping Stations.** MSD's 16 flood-pumping stations pump stormwater drainage from the interior of the service area into the Ohio River when the river's elevation requires the floodwall and levees to be sealed. A total of 10 of the 16 stations were constructed in the 1950s and still contain

equipment from the original construction. At the same time, changes in land use, development, and the increased frequency of extreme storms are creating the need for the stations to pump at higher capacities in the future. To prepare for this, projects have been developed to renovate, expand, and/or improve all flood-pumping stations to meet the anticipated needs in 2035. A total of \$10.7 million has been budgeted for the next 5 years to begin the implementation of these projects.

#### 5.1.1.3 Proposed Sewer System Capital Improvements

In response to the 2005 Consent Decree, MSD prepared the Integrated Overflow Abatement Plan. Since the IOAP was approved in 2009, MSD's focus has been on implementing the projects outlined in the IOAP. To continue to meet the level of performance required by the Consent Decree, additional capital improvements will be necessary after the IOAP is completed. At the same time, changes in regulations, opportunities for enhanced efficiencies, and the evolving needs of the community require capital investments that have been documented by the Facility Plan. A summary of key projects planned or already underway include:

- System Expansion. To meet the needs of a growing community, projects have been defined to
  expand sanitary sewers to developed areas without sewers and undeveloped areas that are
  expected to grow. The costs of development related projects would be offset through capacity
  development charges and/or other mechanisms that will recoup expenses over time. This also
  includes land acquisitions to provide space to expand WQTCs as necessary to increase capacity.
- System Redundancy. As the wastewater flows and loads increase over time, the importance of fully
  functional infrastructure increases. To this end, critical pump stations and treatment processes have
  been identified that must maintain a minimum level of performance at all times. To achieve this,
  improvements have been developed to provide secondary power, redundant systems, or backup
  equipment for these key pieces of equipment throughout the service area.
- **System Resiliency.** The increased frequency of extreme storm events puts the functionality of sewer systems at a higher risk of being inundated and thus inoperable or possibly permanently damaged. Assets potentially vulnerable to being impacted by rising floodplains have been determined and budgets established to mitigate the risks to them.
- **System Efficiency.** As part of the extensive review of MSD's sewer system by the Facility Plan team, opportunities to enhance efficiencies were discovered. The elimination of pump stations, replacement of inefficient processes, and installation of automated systems will eventually repay the initial costs in O&M savings.

A total of \$123 million has been included in the current CIP to implement the projects above.

Additionally, needs have been identified that are beyond the 20-year planning horizon of the CIP but have been documented for long-term planning needs. These are primarily related to expected changes in regulations and permits that will require higher levels of nutrient treatment, the removal of microconstituents (personal care chemicals, pharmaceutical traces, etc.), and the eventual replacement or reconfiguration of the Morris Forman WQTC, MSD's largest and most valuable asset. The complete replacement or reconfiguration of the Morris Forman WQTC is not anticipated to be required during the 20-year planning horizon of the Facility Plan, but the road map to stepwise implementation will allow MSD to make short-term improvements that are consistent with the long-term vision for this facility.

#### 5.1.1.4 Renewal and Replacements

A substantial portion of the Facility Plan's sewer system recommendations are focused on the timely, proactive renewal and replacement of assets to allow for the continued operation of the system at a high level of performance. Specific recommendations and budgets have been established to create projects including:

- WQTC Equipment Renewal and Replacement. To plan and implement an orderly renewal and/or
  replacement of equipment at MSD's five regional WQTCs that does not disrupt operations, projects
  have been created to address equipment needs in 5-year intervals. This will allow for a phased approach to minimize stress on the treatment process while making certain that critical assets are
  replaced/renewed before their useful life is exhausted. A total of \$6.5 million has been included in
  the current CIP for these projects.
- Pump Replacement Program. The majority of MSD's pump stations are smaller stations intended to serve a limited area. Rather than allow these pumps to run to failure, guidelines for the proactive replacement of pumps before they exhibit deteriorated performance have been established and a budget determined for implementation. This will remove a substantial maintenance burden on staff to keep aged pumps operating. Funding for this program is included in the current 5-year CIP for a total of \$1.5 million.
- Major Interceptor Rehabilitation. The backbone supports of MSD's wastewater collection system are the larger-diameter sewers that transport wastewater to the five regional WQTCs. Some interceptor that date back to the Civil War period are made of outdated materials, such as dry-laid brick, and are in highly developed, urban areas, which make maintenance activities challenging. MSD has recently completed the internal condition assessment of the major interceptors. A program has been developed to begin systematically rehabilitating this infrastructure over time, using risk-based criteria to prioritize improvements helping to ensure continued operation for the next 100-plus years. Implementation of this program is not currently included in the 5-year CIP but is likely to be addressed in the future.

## 5.2 Consent Decree

In August 2005, MSD entered into a joint Consent Decree agreement with the federal government and the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The Consent Decree created the framework for a 19-year program to manage and mitigate combined sewer overflows (CSOs), and eliminates sanitary sewer overflows (up to a certain storm event). In 2009, the Consent Decree was amended to address recordkeeping and WQTC bypasses and treatment performance.

To meet the requirements of the Consent Decree, MSD developed the IAOP, which has been incorporated into the Facility Plan. Total capital costs for the Consent Decree in the next 5 years are anticipated to be \$444 million. Key capital projects from the IOAP include:

- CSO Storage Basins. Large storage basins are under design or construction at strategic locations in MSD's combined sewer system to temporarily store flows during rain events. When capacity is available, these stored flows will be released back into the collection system for treatment. These basins are a foundation of MSD's CSO control strategy and must be operational by state and federally enforced deadlines.
- **Green Infrastructure Projects.** Green infrastructure works by capturing stormwater flows in natural systems before they can enter the underground pipe network and thus creates additional capacity within the sewer system. Additionally, these systems remove pollutants through natural filtration systems so that any flows that must pass through them carry a reduced pollutant load. MSD is committed to integrating green infrastructure as part of its overflow control strategy, and has implemented an innovative system of cost-sharing with other public agencies and private developers to leverage MSD's investment in green infrastructure to the extent it furthers MSD's service offerings.
- Capacity, Management, Operations and Maintenance (CMOM) Projects. An essential component to the long-term success of the IOAP is an effective CMOM program that makes sure the wastewater collection system operates effectively. Elements of this program include capital investment, sewer

- inspection and cleaning, repair of defects found in sewers, and removal of illicit/illegal connections to the system.
- Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) Projects. Reporting requirements for the NMC program will be
  phased out after the completion of MSD's obligations under the Consent Decree. The NMC
  principles related to optimizing operation of the combined sewer system will remain in full force and
  effect, with the enforcement mechanism shifted from the Consent Decree to the Morris Forman
  WQTC discharge permit. One critical item that will live on after the IOAP is completed is the continued implementation and optimization of MSD's Real Time Control system that maximizes storage
  in the collection system through a series of automated dams and gates.

## 5.3 Total Proposed Capital Improvements

The Facility Plan scope was developed to identify long-term capital project needs and associated operating costs to improve and sustain the sewer, drainage, and Ohio River flood protection systems. The projects and programs required by the Consent Decree are required to be complete, as are any other projects needed for compliance with applicable regulations. Most of the recommendations of the Facility Plan are based on the community's desire for sustained reliability of service and improvements in the level of protection provided for stormwater drainage, floodplain management, and Ohio River flood protection. Implementation of these projects and programs depend on the community's willingness to fund the improvements. The Facility Plan recommendations represent a road map to achieve a reliable and consistent level of service across the County for all MSD's service offerings. The actual timing of recommended actions will be determined by the availability of funds to complete them.

Figure 5-1 provides an overview of the proposed road map of capital expenditures for the next 5 years. Table 5-1 summarizes the planned capital expenditure across each budget category and year for the first 5 years.

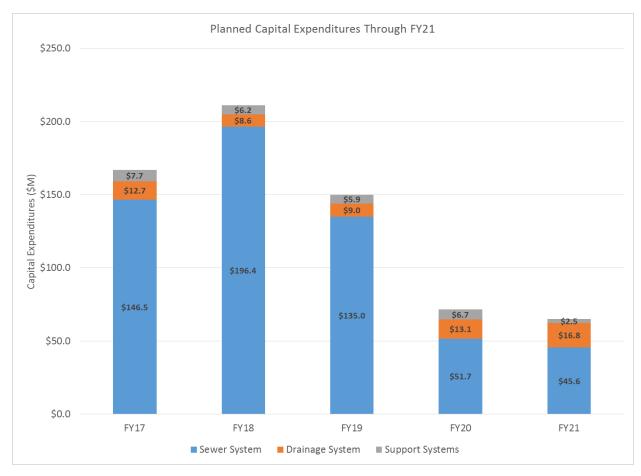


Figure 5-1. Planned Capital Expenditures Through FY21

Table 5-1. MSD FY2017–FY2021 Capital Improvement Plan

	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	Total
Sewer System						
CMOM	\$17.2	\$9.8	\$21.8	\$25.1	\$18.2	\$92.1
Consent Decree (IOAP)	\$112.9	\$181.1	\$109.7	\$23.7	\$17.4	\$444.8
Development	\$2.6	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$3.0
NMC	\$13.7	\$5.4	\$3.4	\$2.8	\$10.0	\$35.3
Total Sewer System Improvements	\$146.5	\$196.4	\$135.0	\$51.7	\$45.6	\$575.2
Drainage System						
Drainage	\$4.1	\$2.8	\$5.8	\$10.2	\$7.8	\$30.7
Floodplain Management	\$1.1	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.1
Ohio River Flood Protection	\$6.2	\$2.5	\$0.9	\$1.2	\$7.3	\$18.0
Stormwater Quality (MS4)	\$1.4	\$2.3	\$1.3	\$1.8	\$1.7	\$8.4
Total Drainage System Improvements	\$12.7	\$8.6	\$9.0	\$13.1	\$16.8	\$60.2
Support Systems						
Capital Equipment	\$1.8	\$1.3	\$2.3	\$2.3	\$0.3	\$8.0
Facilities	\$3.9	\$3.9	\$3.0	\$3.7	\$2.0	\$16.5
IT	\$1.6	\$0.7	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$3.1
LOJIC	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$1.6
Total Support System Improvements	\$7.7	\$6.2	\$5.9	\$6.7	\$2.5	\$28.9

# Financial Analysis

# 6.1 Financial Evaluation of the System

To evaluate the adequacy of planned rate increases in accordance with the requirements identified in the official statement, the bond covenants for the 2016 bonds stipulate that revenues for each fiscal year be at least sufficient:

- To equal 110 percent of the sum of principal and interest due on all issued and outstanding revenue bonds and indebtedness of the district for such fiscal year;
- To pay all operating expenses for such fiscal year; and
- To pay and discharge all charges or liens payable out of revenues of MSD.

Based on the MSD rates effective August 1, 2016, projected rate increases for FY 2018–FY 2021, 2017 operating budget, projected operating expenses assuming 3 percent growth, and debt service on the Series 2016A-C bonds, and anticipated future bond issues to fund the adopted CIP, the debt service coverage ratio (DSCR) for FY 2017 to FY 2021 is greater than the required DSCR of 110 percent. Based on potential rate increases, revenues are expected to meet the projected revenue requirements for debt service coverage. The typical residential combined sewer and drainage bill for FY 2017 is approximately \$52.50 per month. The typical residential sewer bill (excluding drainage) for MSD for FY 2017 is approximately \$43.84 per month.

# 6.2 Customer/Usage Growth

There are 254,758 customers and 302,000 service connections (meters) within MSD's service area. Some customers have more than one meter. Figure 6-1 provides a historical summary for the total number of customer connections. The customer base within MSD's service area is predominately residential. Figure 6-2 shows the breakdown of the number of meters by customer class for FY 2016. Approximately 90 percent of the meters are residential and 10 percent commercial. Less than 1 percent of the meters are industrial. The meters within MSD's service area are predominately less than 1-inch connections. (that is, %-inch, %-inch, or %-inch by %-inch). Figure 6-3 shows the breakdown of the number of meters by connection size for FY 2016. While the number of meters is predominantly residential, water consumption and sewer flows are predominantly from commercial and industrial customers. Figure 6-4 shows the historical trend/breakdown in water consumption from 1985 to 2016. The 10-year (2007 to 2016) trend in water consumption has been a 2.4 percent annual rate of decline. Water consumption patterns for the past 3 years shows a leveling off in the historical rate of decline.

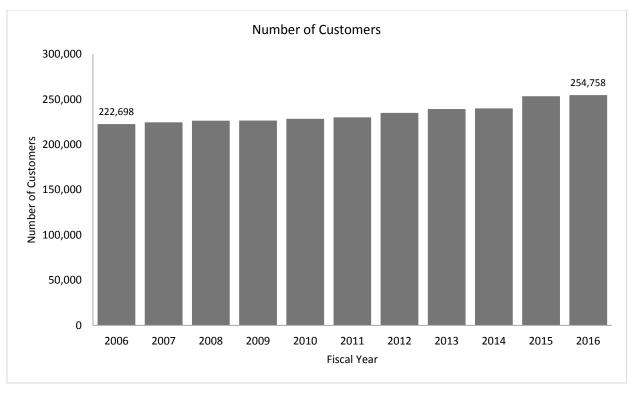


Figure 6-1. Estimated Number of Customers (FY 2006–FY 2016)

Source: FY 2006–FY 2015 from 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (FY 2016 data as of April 2016)

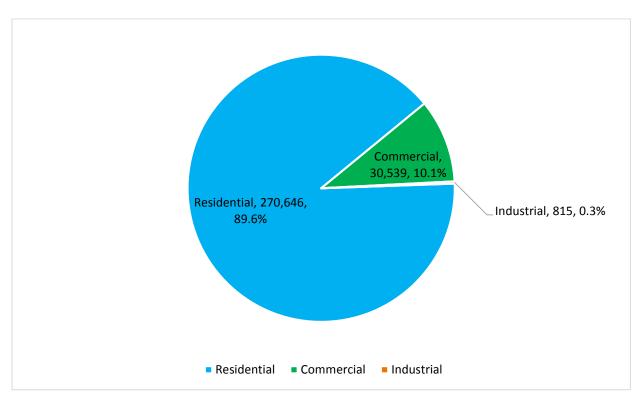


Figure 6-2. Estimated Number of Meters (FY 2016) by Customer Class

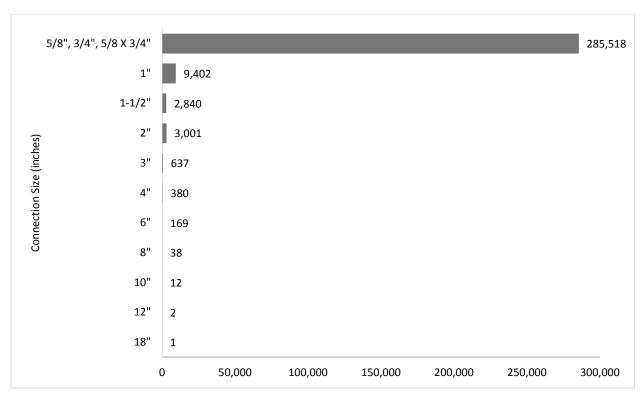


Figure 6-3. Estimated Number of Meters (FY 2016) by Connection Size

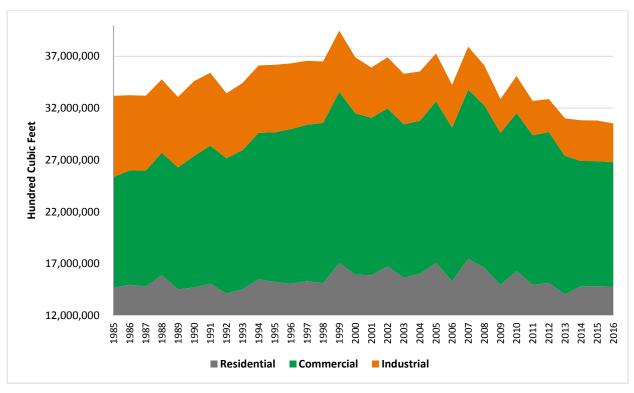


Figure 6-4. Billed Water Consumption (CCF) from 1985–2016

# 6.3 Billing and Collection

Louisville Water Company provides billing and revenue collection services for MSD. LWC bills customers on a monthly or a bimonthly basis. Figure 6-5 shows the breakdown of customers that are bimonthly (89 percent) versus monthly (11 percent). Table 6-1 provides a tabular summary of bill frequency by customer class for FY 2016.

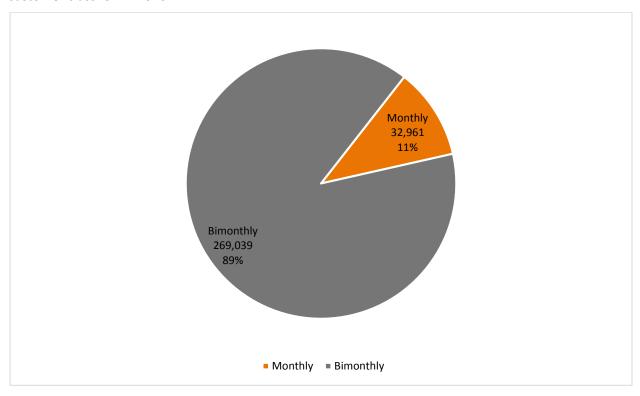


Figure 6-5. Estimated Number of Meters (FY 2016) by Billing Frequency

Table 6-1. Estimated	Number of Meters	by Bill Frequency	hy Customer Cla	ass (FY 2016)
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Customer Class	Monthly	Percent	Bimonthly	Percent	Total
Residential	29,179	11%	241,467	89%	270,646
Commercial	3,346	11%	27,193	89%	30,539
Industrial	436	53%	379	47%	815
Total	32,961	11%	269,039	89%	302,000

# 6.4 Top 10 Customers

Figure 6-6 provides a historical summary of the percent of total billed wastewater service to total sales for the top 10 customers. Since FY 2008, the percentages for wastewater sales to those customers decreased from approximately 12 percent to 7.8 percent. The percentages for drainage (stormwater) sales to the top drainage customers decreased from 9 percent in FY 2008 to 7.5 percent in FY 2015. Table 6-2 provides a list of the top customers for billed wastewater sales. Table 6-3 lists the top customers for billed drainage (stormwater) sales. The top wastewater customers include distilleries, chemical manufacturers, auto manufacturing, and shipping—among others. The top drainage customers

include the Airport Authority, a shipping company, the Jefferson County Board of Education, and an auto manufacturer—among others.

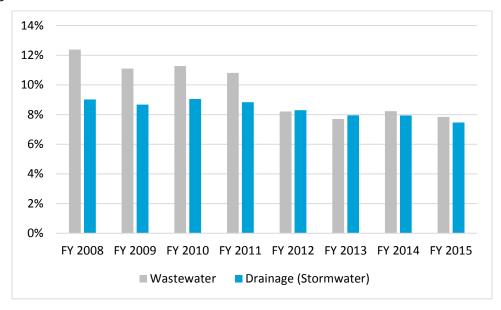


Figure 6-6. Top 10 Customers: Percent of Billed to Total Sales

Table 6-2. Top 10 Billed Wastewater Customers

Customer	FY 2015 Wastewater Billed	Percent of Total
Lubrizol Advanced Material <sup>1</sup>	\$2,403,315	1.38%
Early Times Distillery	\$1,993,992	1.15%
Swift & Company	\$1,671,739	0.96%
Heaven Hill Distilleries	\$1,479,429	0.85%
Ford Motor Co.	\$1,448,638	0.83%
Louisville Metro Housing Authority	\$1,297,997	0.75%
UPS Air District	\$1,108,602	0.64%
Sunopta Ingredients Group	\$957,081	0.55%
General Electric	\$824,136	0.47%
BYK Additives, Inc.	\$444,961	0.26%
Total	\$13,629,890	7.84%

Note:

<sup>1</sup>Formerly known as Oxy Vinyls

Table 6-3. Top 10 Billed Drainage (Stormwater) Customers

Customer	FY 2015 Drainage (Stormwater) Billed	Percent of Total
Regional Airport Authority	\$1,152,439	2.23%
United Parcel Service	\$611,250	1.19%
Jeff Co Board of Education	\$498,098	0.97%

Table 6-3. Top 10 Billed Drainage (Stormwater) Customers

Customer	FY 2015 Drainage (Stormwater) Billed	Percent of Total
Ford Motor Company	\$397,235	0.77%
KY State Fair Board	\$248,975	0.48%
Churchill Downs	\$226,679	0.44%
LIT Industrial Limited Partnership <sup>1</sup>	\$200,558	0.39%
U of L Belknap Campus	\$179,562	0.35%
Seaboard System RR-00822	\$168,402	0.33%
Lou/Jeff County Redevelopment Authority	\$165,284	0.32%
Total	\$3,848,482	7.47%

Note:

## 6.5 Historical and Projected Costs and Revenues

Table 6-4 provides a tabular summary of historical and projected operating costs. The increase in operating costs in FY 2016 is mostly attributed to a flood at the Morris Forman WQTC that resulted in approximately \$9 million in repairs and upgrades to the plant. MSD has or anticipates recovering a total of \$6 million of these costs through insurance. FY 2016 operating costs are expected to total approximately \$115 million after incorporation of insurance recoveries. The FY 2017 operating budget is estimated to be \$115.9 million, which is likely a slight increase above the FY 2016 budget. Note that the \$115.9 million does not include a \$5-million Contingency Reserve that MSD budgets for emergencies. For planning purposes, operating cost projections assume 3 percent annual rate of growth.

Table 6-5 provides a tabular summary of the debt service for senior obligations through FY 2022, prior to refunding obligations as part of the Series 2016 B and C bonds. The debt service amounts for Series 2009C and 2010A bonds excludes BAB refunds, which are accounted for as investment income.

Table 6-6 provides a tabular summary of historical and projected revenues. Available revenues include operating and non-operating revenues.

Table 6-7 provides a tabular summary of operating costs, debt service (after refunding by Series 2016 B & C bonds), and revenues. MSD plans to structure future bond issues to maintain a level aggregate debt service, while maintaining full compliance with MSD's Bond Covenants. The Projected Debt Service estimates in Table 6-5 reflect this strategy. Based on the projected costs and revenues, the debt service coverage ratio is above the 110 percent required by the Bond Covenants stipulated in the bond document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Formerly known as Trammell Crow Co.

Table 6-4. Historical and Projected Operating Costs (Millions of Dollars)

Operating Expenses	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Forecast	FY 2017 Budget <sup>1</sup>	FY 2018 Projected	FY 2019 Projected	FY 2020 Projected	FY 2021 Projected
Labor	\$55.03	\$57.25	\$54.25	\$59.59	\$57.44	\$59.17	\$60.94	\$62.77	\$64.66
Utilities	\$12.82	\$14.56	\$13.82	\$13.30	\$15.54	\$16.01	\$16.49	\$16.98	\$17.49
Materials and supplies	\$8.99	\$8.15	\$9.71	\$7.82	\$9.31	\$9.59	\$9.87	\$10.17	\$10.48
Professional services	\$3.94	\$1.93	\$2.84	\$4.32	\$3.88	\$4.00	\$4.12	\$4.25	\$4.37
Maintenance and repairs	\$10.87	\$9.10	\$7.92	\$14.37	\$12.59	\$12.97	\$13.36	\$13.76	\$14.17
Billing and collections	\$4.90	\$4.10	\$4.33	\$4.83	\$5.41	\$5.58	\$5.74	\$5.92	\$6.09
Chemicals	\$4.08	\$3.31	\$3.68	\$4.22	\$4.64	\$4.78	\$4.92	\$5.07	\$5.22
Fuel	\$1.83	\$1.84	\$1.62	\$2.56	\$1.37	\$1.41	\$1.45	\$1.50	\$1.54
Biosolids disposal	\$1.71	\$1.80	\$1.97	\$2.26	\$1.83	\$1.88	\$1.94	\$2.00	\$2.06
All other	\$3.87	\$4.88	\$6.05	\$1.82	\$3.92	\$4.04	\$4.17	\$4.29	\$4.42
Total operating expenses	\$108.04	\$106.90	\$106.17	\$115.10	\$115.93	\$119.41	\$123.00	\$126.70	\$130.51
Percent change		0.7%	-2.4%	8.3%	0.8%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%

Note:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Does not include \$5 million Contingency Reserve

Table 6-5. Debt Service for Senior Obligations Prior to Series 2016 Refunding (Millions of Dollars)

Senior Obligations	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Forecast	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2018 Projected	FY 2019 Projected	FY 2020 Projected	FY 2021 Projected
Series 2006A				\$2.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Series 2007A				\$3.7	\$3.7	\$3.7	\$3.8	\$3.7	\$3.7
Series 2008A				\$6.5	\$6.5	\$6.5	\$6.5	\$6.0	\$6.0
Series 2009A				\$8.2	\$8.2	\$8.2	\$8.1	\$8.2	\$8.2
Series 2009B				\$22.3	\$22.5	\$22.8	\$23.0	\$23.7	\$24.0
Series 2009C				\$10.8	\$10.8	\$10.8	\$10.8	\$10.8	\$10.8
Series 2010A				\$20.6	\$20.6	\$20.6	\$20.6	\$20.6	\$20.6
Series 2011A				\$14.6	\$14.6	\$14.6	\$14.6	\$14.5	\$14.5
Series 2013A (Ref '01A)				\$4.6	\$4.6	\$4.6	\$4.6	\$4.6	\$4.6
Series 2013B (Ref '04A & partial '05A)				\$6.3	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$6.3	\$6.3
Series 2013C				\$4.7	\$4.7	\$4.7	\$4.7	\$4.7	\$4.7
Series 2014A				\$3.4	\$3.4	\$3.4	\$3.4	\$3.4	\$3.4
Series 2015A				\$4.0	\$7.8	\$7.6	\$7.4	\$7.2	\$8.0
Series 2015B (Ref '06A)				\$2.3	\$5.6	\$5.6	\$5.6	\$5.6	\$5.6
Total	\$119.7	\$109.1	\$112.1	\$114.4	\$119.4	\$119.4	\$119.5	\$119.5	\$120.5

Table 6-6. Historical and Projected Revenues for FY 2013–FY 2021 (Millions of Dollars)

	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Forecast	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2018 Projected	FY 2019 Projected	FY 2020 Projected	FY 2021 Projected
Rate Increase:	6.5%	5.8%	5.5%	5.5%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%
Operating Revenues									
Wastewater service charges <sup>1</sup>	\$159.8	\$165.6	\$173.9	\$183.0	\$193.7	\$205.1	\$217.1	\$229.8	\$243.3
Stormwater service charges <sup>2</sup>	\$45.4	\$48.5	\$51.6	\$54.8	\$58.5	\$62.5	\$66.7	\$71.2	\$76.0
Other operating income	\$4.8	\$2.6	\$4.4	\$4.2	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$4.0
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$210.0	\$216.6	\$229.9	\$242.0	\$256.2	\$271.6	\$287.8	\$305.0	\$323.3
Percent Change		3.1%	6.1%	5.3%	5.9%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
Non-Operating Revenues (expenses)									
Assessments	\$2.4	\$2.1	\$1.9	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$2.0
Investment Income	\$9.1	\$10.2	\$7.5	\$7.0	\$7.3	\$7.6	\$7.9	\$8.2	\$8.5
BAB Refund	\$11.0	\$10.1	\$10.1	\$10.2	\$10.2	\$11.0	\$11.0	\$11.0	\$11.0
Capitalized Investment Income	(\$3.8)	\$0.0	(\$0.0)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Total Non-Operating Revenues	\$18.7	\$22.5	\$19.5	\$19.2	\$19.5	\$20.6	\$20.9	\$21.2	\$21.5
Total Available Revenues	\$228.74	\$239.10	\$249.33	\$261.20	\$275.73	\$292.19	\$308.69	\$326.19	\$344.79

Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Assumes 85 percent adjustment/elasticity factor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Assumes 98 percent adjustment/elasticity factor.

Table 6-7. Pro Forma Summary for FY 2013–FY 2021 (Millions of Dollars)

	FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Forecast	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2018 Projected	FY 2019 Projected	FY 2020 Projected	FY 2021 Projected
Rate Increase:	6.5%	5.8%	5.5%	5.5%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%
Operating Revenues	\$210.05	\$216.63	\$229.87	\$242.00	\$256.20	\$271.60	\$287.80	\$305.00	\$323.30
Non-Operating Revenues (expenses)	\$18.70	\$22.46	\$19.46	\$19.20	\$19.53	\$20.59	\$20.89	\$21.19	\$21.49
Total Available Revenues	\$228.74	\$239.10	\$249.33	\$261.20	\$275.73	\$292.19	\$308.69	\$326.19	\$344.79
Operating Expenses	\$108.04	\$106.90	\$106.17	\$115.10	\$115.93	\$119.41	\$123.00	\$126.70	\$130.51
Capitalized Cost	(\$33.11)	(\$33.57)	(\$30.06)	(\$31.20)	(\$30.20)	(\$29.90)	(\$29.50)	(\$29.10)	(\$28.70)
Net Operating Expense	\$74.93	\$73.33	\$76.11	\$83.90	\$85.73	\$89.51	\$93.50	\$97.60	\$101.81
Revenues Available for Debt Service and Capital Expenditures	\$153.81	\$165.76	\$173.22	\$177.30	\$190.00	\$202.67	\$215.18	\$228.59	\$242.98
Debt Service (Principal and Interest)									
Existing Senior Obligations <sup>a</sup>	\$120.60	\$109.10	\$112.80	\$77.36	\$82.21	\$81.99	\$81.87	\$81.54	\$82.31
Series 2008A (portion not refunded by 2016B)	-	-	-	\$6.51	\$5.00	\$4.99	\$2.69	\$2.69	\$2.69
Series 2009A (portion not refunded by 2016C	_	_	_	\$8.16	\$7.05	\$7.05	\$6.97	\$0.00	\$0.00
Series 2009B (portion not refunded by 2016C)	-	-	-	\$22.33	\$20.00	\$20.24	\$20.44	\$9.72	\$9.83
Projected Series 2016A (new money)	-	-	-	-	\$4.33	\$6.35	\$6.33	\$6.33	\$6.95
Projected Series 2016B (refunding)	-	-	-	-	\$1.19	\$1.28	\$3.48	\$3.00	\$2.95
Projected Series 2016C (refunding)	-	-	-	-	\$2.65	\$3.21	\$3.21	\$21.31	\$21.49
Projected Debt Service to Fund FY17-FY21 CIPb	-	-	-	-	-	\$3.94	\$10.13	\$13.50	\$15.19
Total Senior Obligations	\$120.60	\$109.10	\$112.80	\$114.36	\$122.42	\$129.05	\$135.11	\$138.08	\$141.41
Subordinate	\$15.00	\$14.30	\$14.30	\$13.70	\$14.00	\$14.00	\$14.00	\$14.00	\$14.00
Capitalized Interest	(\$26.36)	(\$19.10)	(\$20.51)	(\$19.00)	(\$20.50)	(\$19.30)	(\$20.20)	(\$20.60)	(\$20.60)
Total Debt Service	\$109.24	\$104.30	\$106.59	\$109.06	\$115.92	\$123.75	\$128.91	\$131.48	\$134.81
Debt Service Coverage Ratio <sup>c</sup>									
Senior Obligations	1.63	1.84	1.88	1.86	1.86	1.85	1.87	1.95	2.01
Senior and Subordinate Obligations	1.41	1.59	1.63	1.63	1.64	1.64	1.67	1.74	1.80

Table 6-7. Pro Forma Summary for FY 2013-FY 2021 (Millions of Dollars)

		FY 2013 Actual	FY 2014 Actual	FY 2015 Actual	FY 2016 Forecast	FY 2017 Budget	FY 2018 Projected	FY 2019 Projected	FY 2020 Projected	FY 2021 Projected
	Rate Increase:	6.5%	5.8%	5.5%	5.5%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%	6.9%
Revenues Available for Capital Expenditures		\$44.6	\$61.5	\$66.6	\$68.2	\$74.1	\$78.9	\$86.3	\$97.1	\$108.2
Equity Fund CIP		-	-	-	-	\$22.9	\$43.2	\$53.9	\$23.5	\$40.9
Revenues Available AFTER Equity Fund CIP		\$44.6	\$61.5	\$66.6	\$68.2	\$51.2	\$35.8	\$32.4	\$73.6	\$67.2

Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Gross of BAB Refund

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Estimated based on anticipated bond structure strategy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Coverage Ratio calculated in accordance with Bond Covenant approach

# 6.6 Projected Debt Issues and Coverage

## 6.6.1 Prior Bond and Bond Anticipation Note Issues

From its inception, MSD has maintained a schedule of rates, rentals, and charges to produce revenue sufficient to finance the operation, maintenance, repair, and expansion of the System. Revenue bonds were issued in 1949, 1952, 1954, 1956, 1960, and 1965 pursuant to a resolution adopted on July 7, 1949, (the "1949 Bond Resolution") to provide capital for system expansion. Under a resolution adopted on June 7, 1971, (the "1971 Board Resolution"), bonds were issued to finance water quality treatment plant improvements. Two series of bonds were issued in 1989 under the 1971 Bond Resolution ("Bond Resolution") to refund issues outstanding under the 1949 and 1971 Resolutions and to finance both sewer system expansion and drainage improvements.

The purpose of the Bond Resolution was to create one new revenue bond resolution that would provide MSD needed flexibility for funding capital projects associated with wastewater and stormwater drainage services. The Series 1993 Bonds were structured to achieve level debt service during the remaining 26 years of MSD's outstanding debt. MSD had approximately \$158.3 million in bonds and other long-term debt outstanding at the time of issuance of the Series 1993 Bonds. MSD was intent on creating a unified planning, financing, development, and management framework to promote more efficient and effective use of its capital and operating funds. Consolidating all existing non-operating funds created one "Construction and Acquisition Fund." One "Revenue Fund" was created to receive all MSD revenue and income.

MSD has heretofore issued under the Bond Resolution its Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds outstanding in the amounts shown on Table 6-8.

Table 6-8. MSD Outstanding Bonds

Series	Issue Date	Original Principal Amount	Principal Amount Outstanding <sup>1</sup>
Series 2007A	November 15, 2007	\$61,125,000	\$44,425,000
Series 2008A	May 1, 2008	\$105,000,000	\$97,860,000
Series 2009A	May 15, 2009	\$76,275,000	\$41,485,000
Series 2009B	August 15, 2009	\$225,770,000	\$136,115,000
Series 2009C	November 24, 2009	\$180,000,000	\$180,000,000
Series 2010A	November 30, 2010	\$330,000,000	\$330,000,000
Series 2011A	August 24, 2011	\$263,360,000	\$254,590,000
Series 2013A	May 23, 2013	\$115,790,000	\$115,790,000
Series 2013B	May 23, 2013	\$119,515,000	\$118,255,000
Series 2013C	November 27, 2013	\$100,000,000	\$99,750,000
Series 2014A	November 25, 2014	\$80,000,000	\$79,950,000
Series 2015A	October 21, 2015?	\$175,000,000	\$175,000,000
Series 2015B	October 21, 2015	\$81,750,000	\$81,350,000
To	otal	\$1,913,585,000	\$1,754,570,000

Note:

<sup>1</sup>As of July 1, 2016

The purpose of the 2007A Revenue Bonds was to refund certain of MSD's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B.

The purpose of the 2008A Revenue Bonds was to finance MSD's Capital Improvement Program.

The purpose of the 2009A Revenue Bonds was to refund a portion of MSD's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A.

The purpose of the 2009B Revenue Bonds was to refund certain of MSD's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A, Series 2003A, and Series 2003B.

The Series 2009C Revenue Bonds were issued to provide sufficient funds for sewer and drainage projects of MSD approved for construction.

The Series 2010A Revenue Bonds were issued to fund obligations contained in MSD's Amended Consent Decree in addition to other initiatives including Project DRI, the Western Flood Pumping Station rehabilitation, WQTC modifications, sewer assessments, and capital equipment purchases, and to fund a debt service reserve account in an amount not to exceed \$30 million.

The Series 2011A Bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of MSD's outstanding Series 2001A Bonds and Series 1998A Bonds.

The Series 2013A Bonds were issued to currently refund MSD's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001A.

The Series 2013B Bonds were issued to advance refund MSD's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A and certain of MSD's outstanding Sewer and Drainage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A Bonds.

The Series 2013C Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing MSD's capital improvement program.

The Series 2014A Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing MSD's capital improvement program.

The Series 2015 Bonds were used to retire the 2006A bonds, in advance of maturity. Additional proceeds are being used to pay the costs of improvements to the District's sewer and drainage system.

#### 6.6.2 Series 2016 Bonds

The projected debt issuances include three Series, 2016A, 2016B, and 2016C. These are senior obligations and are being issued on parity with other senior obligations outstanding. Series 2016A bond proceeds will be used for improvements to the sewer and drainage system. Series 2016B bond proceeds will be used to refund a portion of the outstanding principal for the Series 2008A bonds maturing from May 15, 2019, through May 15, 2026. Series 2016C bond proceeds will be used to refund a portion of Series 2009A Bonds maturing from May 15, 2020, through May 15, 2022, and Series 2009B Bonds maturing from May 15, 2020, through May 15, 2023. Refunding of the 2008A, 2009A, and 2009B is contingent on the transaction achieving a net present value greater than 6.0 percent. Table 6-9 summarizes the annual debt service for the Series 2016A, 2016B, and 2016C bonds, which are included as line items in Table 6-7.

Based on the assumptions listed above, Table 6-10 summarizes the capital requirements based on the current 5-year CIP (FY 2017–FY 2021), including the projected equity funded portion of the CIP and the projected debt service for the bond funded portion of the CIP. MSD plans to structure future bond issues to maintain a level aggregate debt service while maintaining full compliance with MSD's Bond Covenants. The equity funded CIP and projected debt service are included as line items in Table 6-7.

Table 6-9. Debt Service for the Un-refunded Portions of Series 2008A, 2009A, 2009B, and Series 2016A, 2016B, and 2016C Bonds

Fiscal Year	Item 1 Sum of Current Payments for 2008A, 2009A and 2009B	Item 2 Sum of Future Payments for Un-refunded Portions of 2008A, 2009A, and 2009B	Item 3 Estimated Annual Payments for 2016B	Item 4 Estimated Annual Payments for 2016C	Item 5 Total Annual Payments from Refunding (Items 2 through 4)	Item 6 Projected Annual Savings of Refinancing (Item 1 minus Item 5)	Item 7 Estimated Annual Payments for 2016A
2017	\$37,207,988	\$32,044,738	\$1,186,017	\$2,653,031	\$35,883,786	\$1,324,201	\$4,327,191
2018	\$37,437,488	\$32,274,238	\$1,282,400	\$3,214,750	\$36,771,388	\$666,100	\$6,348,975
2019	\$37,585,738	\$30,102,488	\$3,477,400	\$3,212,750	\$36,792,638	\$793,100	\$6,326,975
2020	\$37,938,238	\$12,409,488	\$3,002,650	\$21,305,750	\$36,717,888	\$1,220,350	\$6,325,475
2021	\$38,186,238	\$12,526,488	\$2,951,150	\$21,489,950	\$36,967,588	\$1,218,650	\$6,948,475
2022	\$38,495,738	\$12,652,738	\$2,947,650	\$21,677,750	\$37,278,138	\$1,217,600	\$6,944,725
2023	\$30,744,488	\$12,871,488	\$2,874,650	\$14,122,500	\$29,868,638	\$875,850	\$6,943,975
2024	\$4,950,988	\$2,691,738	\$1,935,400		\$4,627,138	\$323,850	\$7,005,975
2025	\$9,007,738	\$2,691,738	\$5,993,150		\$8,684,888	\$322,850	\$7,062,475
2026	\$5,688,488	\$2,691,738	\$2,670,150		\$5,361,888	\$326,600	\$7,173,475
2027	\$4,131,738	\$2,691,738	\$1,115,150		\$3,806,888	\$324,850	\$6,205,975
2028	\$4,106,988	\$2,691,738	\$1,092,400		\$3,784,138	\$322,850	\$9,068,475
2029	\$4,091,238	\$2,691,738	\$1,076,600		\$3,768,338	\$322,900	\$9,023,400
2030	\$4,058,988	\$2,691,738	\$1,040,200		\$3,731,938	\$327,050	\$8,983,600
2031	\$4,050,988	\$2,691,738	\$1,034,000		\$3,725,738	\$325,250	\$8,991,400
2032	\$4,045,988	\$2,691,738	\$1,031,800		\$3,723,538	\$322,450	\$8,998,200
2033	\$4,038,738	\$2,691,738	\$1,023,400		\$3,715,138	\$323,600	\$9,058,800
2034	\$4,059,238	\$2,691,738	\$1,044,000		\$3,735,738	\$323,500	\$9,115,800
2035	\$4,295,988	\$2,691,738	\$1,277,400		\$3,969,138	\$326,850	\$9,179,000
2036	\$4,187,988	\$2,691,738	\$1,170,000		\$3,861,738	\$326,250	\$9,137,800

Table 6-9. Debt Service for the Un-refunded Portions of Series 2008A, 2009A, 2009B, and Series 2016A, 2016B, and 2016C Bonds

Fiscal Year	Item 1 Sum of Current Payments for 2008A, 2009A and 2009B	Item 2 Sum of Future Payments for Un-refunded Portions of 2008A, 2009A, and 2009B	Item 3 Estimated Annual Payments for 2016B	Item 4 Estimated Annual Payments for 2016C	Item 5 Total Annual Payments from Refunding (Items 2 through 4)	Item 6 Projected Annual Savings of Refinancing (Item 1 minus Item 5)	Item 7 Estimated Annual Payments for 2016A
2037	\$33,511,738	\$33,511,738			\$33,511,738		\$9,001,000
2038	\$33,896,888	\$33,896,888			\$33,896,888		\$8,972,200
2039							\$9,447,000
2040							\$9,510,000
2041							\$9,466,600
2042							\$9,430,600
2043							\$9,501,400
2044							\$18,019,400
2045							\$17,916,200
2046							\$17,807,600
2047							\$20,488,000
Total	\$385,719,626	\$247,282,875	\$39,225,567	\$87,203,340	\$373,711,782	\$12,007,844	\$292,730,166

Table 6-10. Projected Capital Requirements and Debt Service for Approved CIP 2017-2021

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Consent Decree (IOAP)	\$17.18	\$9.83	\$21.76	\$25.13	\$18.17
Nine Minimum Controls (NMC)	\$112.95	\$181.06	\$109.72	\$23.68	\$17.38
Capacity, Management, Operations and Maintenance (CMOM	\$2.63	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.09
Development	\$13.72	\$5.41	\$3.42	\$2.80	\$10.00
Drainage	\$4.13	\$2.80	\$5.80	\$10.20	\$7.80
Floodplain Management	\$1.10	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Stormwater Quality (MS4)	\$6.16	\$2.50	\$0.90	\$1.15	\$7.29
Ohio River Flood Protection	\$1.36	\$2.26	\$1.26	\$1.76	\$1.73
Capital Equipment	\$1.80	\$1.25	\$2.25	\$2.25	\$0.25
Facilities	\$3.90	\$3.90	\$3.00	\$3.65	\$2.00
IT	\$1.60	\$0.70	\$0.30	\$0.25	\$0.25
Louisville & Jefferson County Information Consortium (LOJIC	\$0.35	\$0.35	\$0.38	\$0.50	\$0.00
Total (2016 Dollars)	\$166.88	\$211.16	\$149.89	\$71.47	\$64.94
Equity Funded (Percent)	13.71%	20.44%	35.95%	32.84%	63.04%
Bond Funded (Percent)	86.29%	79.56%	64.05%	67.16%	36.96%
Equity Funded CIP	\$22.88	\$43.16	\$53.89	\$23.47	\$40.94
Bond Funded CIP	\$144.00	\$168.00	\$96.00	\$48.00	\$24.00
COI 1.0%	\$1.50	\$1.75	\$1.00	\$0.50	\$0.25
Bond Reserve 3.0%	\$4.50	\$5.25	\$3.00	\$1.50	\$0.75
Projected Par Value	\$150.00	\$175.00	\$100.00	\$50.00	\$25.00
Projected Debt Service					
Series 2017 4.5%		\$3.94	\$7.88	\$7.88	\$7.88
Series 2018 4.5%			\$2.25	\$4.50	\$4.50
Series 2019 4.5%				\$1.13	\$2.25
Series 2020 4.5%					\$0.56
Total estimated debt service		\$3.94	\$10.13	\$13.50	\$15.19

Figure 6-7 provides a graphical summary of the debt service coverage ratios including the proposed Series 2016 A–C bonds and projected debt service on future anticipated bonds to fund planned capital expenditures in FY2017 to FY 2021 (based on the 5-year CIP).

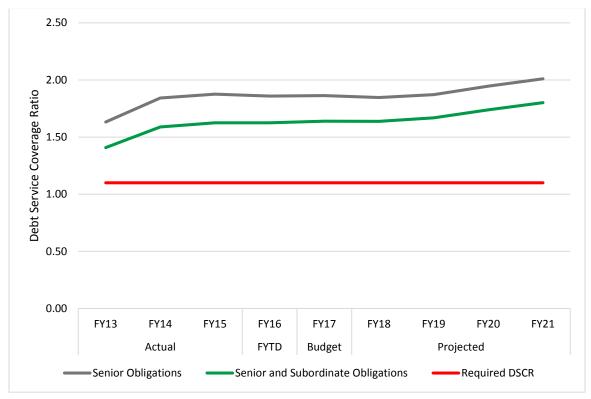


Figure 6-7. Historical and Projected Debt Service Coverage Ratio

Summary of debt service coverage ratios

# 6.7 Drainage and Sewer Rates

The MSD Board has been delegated the responsibility for establishing MSD's rates rentals and charges. The Board has the ability to authorize rate increases of up to 7 percent in any 12-month period. Metro Ordinance Section 50.24, Debt Service Adjustments, requires Metro Council notification for any proposed rate increase greater than 4 percent, and Metro Council approval for any rate increase generating revenues greater than 7 percent. The 6.9-percent rate increase proposed for FY 2017 was presented to the Metro Council Budget Committee on June 15, 2016, in accordance with this ordinance.

MSD's rates, rentals, and charges for wastewater and drainage service recognize several parameters, including the following:

- Connection (meter) size;
- Customer class;
- Regular (domestic strength) flows;
- Optional (clean) flows;
- Excess strength flows;
- Sewer-only service; and
- Impervious area.

Table 6-11 lists the wastewater service charge schedule (effective August 1, 2016) for the MSD service area. The service charge is a monthly or bimonthly charge based on meter size. For meters (that is, flow meters, addition, and subtraction meters) owned by the customer, a meter reading charge of \$92.01 (effective August 1, 2016) is charged for each reading.

Table 6-11. Wastewater Service Charges (Effective 8/1/2016)

Meter Size (inches)	Monthly Billing (\$/bill)	Bimonthly Billing (\$/bill)
Residential		
5% or 3⁄4	\$13.78	\$27.56
1	\$27.68	\$55.35
1.5	\$46.05	\$92.09
2	\$63.15	\$126.30
3	\$140.78	\$281.56
4	\$227.62	\$455.24
Commercial		
5⁄8 Or 3⁄4	\$21.16	\$27.56
1	\$36.89	\$55.35
1.5	\$55.35	\$92.09
2	\$71.08	\$126.30
3	\$150.33	\$281.56
4	\$236.88	\$455.24
6	\$455.16	\$894.54
8	\$684.10	\$1,341.84
10	\$894.54	\$1,762.86
12	\$1,298.73	\$2,597.46
15 or 16	\$1,574.23	\$3,148.38
18 or 20	\$2,066.14	\$4,132.28

MSD maintains volume charges that recognizes categories of wastewater flows. Table 6-12 lists volume charges by customer class.

Table 6-12. Wastewater Volume Charges (Effective 8/1/2016)

Customer Class	Regular (\$/1,000 gallons)	Optional (clean) (\$/1,000 gallons)	Sewer Only (\$/1,000 gallons)	Sewer Only (optional) (\$/1,000 gallons)
Residential	\$3.76	N/A	\$4.34	N/A
Commercial	\$4.35	\$2.58	\$4.86	\$2.76
Industrial	\$4.53	\$2.58	\$4.90	\$2.76

MSD implemented a surcharge that recovers the costs associated with the EPA Consent Decree. Residential customers pay a fixed fee (either monthly or bimonthly). Commercial and industrial customers pay based on the greater value of a fixed fee or volume based fee. Table 6-13 lists surcharges by customer class.

Table 6-13. EPA Consent Decree Surcharges (Effective 8/1/2016)

	Ві	Billing Basis		
<b>Customer Class</b>	Monthly	Bimonthly		
Residential	\$11.26	\$22.52		
	G	Greater of		
	Monthly	\$/1,000 gallons		
Condominium complexes	\$11.26	\$1.88		
Commercial (regular)	\$11.26	\$1.35		
Commercial (sewer only)	\$11.26	\$1.50		
Industrial (regular)	\$11.26	\$1.40		
Industrial (sewer only)	\$11.26	\$1.50		
Optional (clean)	\$11.26	\$0.80		
Optional (sewer only)	\$11.26	\$0.86		

MSD assesses a strength-based charge for flows that exceed normal domestic-strength flows. MSD has two categories of excess strength charges, the first is for regular rate customers (Excess Quality) and the second is for optional rate customers (Total Quality). Table 6-14 shows the excess strength charges effective August 1, 2016.

Table 6-14. Excess Strength Charges (Effective 8/1/2016)

	Excess Quality (regular) (\$/mg/L)	Total Quality (optional) (\$/mg/L)	
BOD Concentration	\$0.003588	\$0.003588	
TSS Concentration	\$0.001478	\$0.001478	

Note:

mg/L=milligram per liter

In addition to wastewater service, MSD also charges for drainage or stormwater services. MSD tracks two classes of properties for the drainage charge. Class A properties are residential customers, which pay a fixed fee for 1 ESU (average imperious area for single family properties). Class B properties are all other properties, which pay based on actual impervious area. Table 6-15 lists the drainage charges by property class.

Table 6-15. Drainage Charges (Effective 8/1/2016)

Property Class	Drainage Charge Rate	
Class A Properties (single family)	\$8.66/month	
Class B Properties (not single family)	\$8.66/ESU	

# 6.8 Impact on Typical User Bills

Table 6-16 summaries the typical residential bill for different levels of bimonthly consumption. Table 6-17 summarizes typical commercial bill for different levels of bimonthly consumption and 10 ESUs (drainage charge).

Table 6-16. Typical Residential Bill Based on MSD Rates Effective 8/1/2016

5%-inch meter, Regular (domestic-strength), Bimonthly billing

Bimonthly Consumption					
(1,000 gallons)	Service Charge	Volume Charge	EPA Surcharge	Drainage Charge	Total
1	\$27.56	\$3.76	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$71.16
2	\$27.56	\$7.52	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$74.92
3	\$27.56	\$11.28	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$78.68
4	\$27.56	\$15.04	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$82.44
5	\$27.56	\$18.80	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$86.20
6	\$27.56	\$22.56	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$89.96
7	\$27.56	\$26.32	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$93.72
8	\$27.56	\$30.08	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$97.48
9	\$27.56	\$33.84	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$101.24
10	\$27.56	\$37.60	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$105.00
15	\$27.56	\$56.40	\$22.52	\$17.32	\$123.80

Table 6-17. Typical Commercial Bill Based on MSD Rates Effective 8/1/2016

%-inch meter, Regular (domestic-strength), Bimonthly billing, 10 ESUs

Bimonthly Consumption	Samiles Charge	Volume Charge	FDA Surebargo	Duningge Chauge	Total
(1,000 gallons)	Service Charge	Volume Charge	EPA Surcharge	Drainage Charge	Total
1	\$27.56	\$4.35	\$22.52	\$86.60	\$141.03
5	\$27.56	\$21.75	\$22.52	\$86.60	\$158.43
10	\$27.56	\$43.50	\$22.52	\$86.60	\$180.18
15	\$27.56	\$65.25	\$22.52	\$86.60	\$201.93
20	\$27.56	\$87.00	\$27.00	\$86.60	\$228.16
25	\$27.56	\$108.75	\$33.75	\$86.60	\$256.66
30	\$27.56	\$130.50	\$40.50	\$86.60	\$285.16
35	\$27.56	\$152.25	\$47.25	\$86.60	\$313.66
40	\$27.56	\$174.00	\$54.00	\$86.60	\$342.16
45	\$27.56	\$195.75	\$60.75	\$86.60	\$370.66

# 6.9 Comparison to Bills in Other Communities

Table 6-18 summarizes the average residential wastewater charge for comparable communities across the U.S. The typical monthly wastewater bill for MSD is \$43.84 (excludes drainage fee). The maximum for the communities evaluated is Atlanta, GA at \$87.37 per month for 5,000 gallons. The U.S. average is \$43.00. Figure 6-8 provides a graphical summary of the average monthly wastewater charges.

Table 6-18. Average Wastewater Charges Based on 5,000 Gallons per Month

Community	2017 Monthly Residential Wastewater Fee based on 5,000 gallons	
Atlanta, GA	\$87.37	
Cincinnati, OH	\$83.05	
Birmingham, AL	\$72.84	
Knoxville, TN	\$71.17	
Bowling Green, KY	\$55.24	
Nashville, TN	\$53.05	
Frankfort, KY	\$50.03	
Northern, KY	\$49.25	
Boston, MA	\$47.29	
St. Louis, MO	\$44.93	
Owensboro, KY	\$44.86	
Indianapolis, MN	\$44.09	
Louisville, KY (MSD)	\$43.84	
U.S. Average	\$43.00	
Columbus, OH	\$38.50	
Lexington, KY	\$33.71	

Source: MSD - projected to 1/1/2017

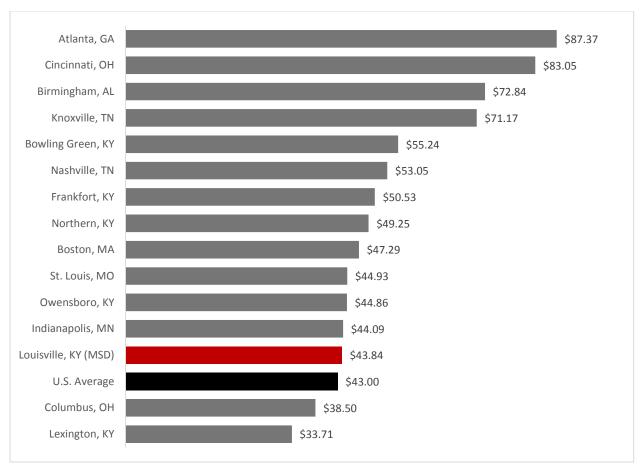


Figure 6-8. Average Wastewater Charges Based on 5,000 Gallons per Month Source: MSD – Projected to 1/1/201