Official Statement Dated January 26, 2016

NEW MONEY ISSUE

MOODY'S RATING: Aa2

(See "Ratings" herein)

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, rendered in reliance upon and assuming the accuracy of and continuing compliance with certain representations and covenants relating to the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), under existing law, interest on the Bonds (as defined herein) and the Notes (as defined herein) is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) subject to the federal alternative minimum tax, such interest is taken into account in computing the federal alternative minimum tax.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes and regulations, interest on the Bonds and Notes is excludable from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any other tax consequences related to the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds. (See "Tax Matters" herein.)

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT

\$14,300,000

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, ISSUE OF 2016 BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: February 1, 2019-2036, as shown herein

The Bonds will be general obligations of the Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Town") and the Town will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and the interest on the Bonds when due. (See "Security and Remedies" herein).

The Bonds will bear interest payable on August 1, 2016 and semiannually thereafter on February 1 and August 1 in each year until maturity.

The Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity as described herein. (See "Optional Redemption" herein).

MOODY'S RATING: MIG 1

(See "Ratings" herein)

\$14,000,000

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

Dated: February 9, 2016 Due: February 8, 2017

The Notes will be general obligations of the Town and the Town will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and interest on the Notes when due. (See "Security and Remedies" herein).

The Notes are \underline{NOT} subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The Bonds and Notes will be issuable only as fully registered bonds, without coupons, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as Bondowner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds and the Notes. Purchases of the Bonds and the Notes will be made in book-entry form, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their ownership in the Bonds and the Notes. So long as Cede & Co. is the Bondowner or Noteowner, as nominee of DTC, reference herein to the Bondowner, Noteowner or owners shall mean Cede & Co. as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners (as described herein) of the Bonds and the Notes. (See "Book-Entry Transfer System" herein).

This Official Statement is in a form "deemed final" by the Town for the purpose of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12.

The Registrar, Certifying, Transfer and Paying Agent for the Bonds and Notes will be U.S. Bank National Association, Hartford, Connecticut.

The Bonds and Notes are offered for delivery when, as and if issued, subject to the final approving opinion of Pullman & Comley, LLC of Hartford and Bridgeport, Connecticut, Bond Counsel. It is expected that delivery of the Bonds and Notes in bookentry form will be made on or about February 9, 2016.

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT

\$14,300,000

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, ISSUE OF 2016 BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: Serially, February 1, as shown below

MATURITY SCHEDULE AND AMOUNTS

Maturity	Amount	Coupon	Yield	CUSIP (1)	Maturity	Amount	Coupon	Yield	CUSIP (1)
2019	\$ 590,000	5.000%	0.800%	187360PQ9	2028	\$ 815,000	2.250%	2.250%	187360PZ9
2020	590,000	5.000	0.950	187360PR7	2029	815,000	2.375	2.400	187360QA3
2021	665,000	5.000	1.050	187360PS5	2030	815,000	2.500	2.550	187360QB1
2022	815,000	5.000	1.200	187360PT3	2031	820,000	2.625	2.700	187360QC9
2023	815,000	2.000	1.400*	187360PU0	2032	820,000	3.000	2.700*	187360QD7
2024	815,000	2.000	1.650*	187360PV8	2033	870,000	3.000	2.800*	187360QE5
2025	815,000	2.000	1.800*	187360PW6	2034	870,000	3.000	2.900*	187360QF2
2026	815,000	2.000	2.000	187360PX4	2035	870,000	3.000	3.000	187360QG0
2027	815,000	2.000	2.100	187360PY2	2036	870,000	3.000	3.030	187360QH8

^{*} Priced assuming redemption on February 1, 2022; however any such redemption is at the election of the Town. (See "Optional Redemption" herein).

Citigroup

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT

\$14,000,000

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

Dated: February 9, 2016 Due: February 8, 2017

Coupon	Yield	CUSIP (1)
2.000%	0.480%	187360PP1

⁽¹⁾ Copyright, American Bankers Association. CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Town and are included solely for the convenience of the holders of the Bonds and the Notes. The Town is not responsible for the selection or use of these CUSIP numbers, does not undertake any responsibility for their accuracy, and makes no representation as to their correctness on the Bonds and the Notes or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds and the Notes as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds and the Notes.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Town"), to give any information or to make any representation, other than those contained in this Official Statement; and if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Town. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds and the Notes by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. The information set forth herein has been obtained by the Town from sources which are believed to be reliable but it is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement, nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Town since the date of this Official Statement.

Other than as to matters expressly set forth in Appendix A – "Audited Financial Statements" herein, the independent auditors for the Town are not passing on and do not assume any responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of the statements made in this Official Statement and make no representation that they have independently verified the same. The auditors have not been asked nor have they given permission for the audited financial statements to be included in this Official Statement.

Other than as to matters expressly set forth in Appendices B-1 and B-2 – Legal Opinion of Bond Counsel, Bond Counsel is not passing on and does not assume any responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of the statements made in this Official Statement and makes no representation that it has independently verified the same.

Independent Bond and Investment Consultants LLC, the Town's Financial Advisor, has assisted the Town in the preparation of this Official Statement from information supplied by Town officials and other sources. Independent Bond and Investment Consultants LLC does not assume responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of the statements made herein and makes no representation that it has independently verified the same.

The Town deems this Official Statement to be "final" for purposes of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), but it is subject to revision or amendment.

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, with respect to the Bonds the Town will agree to provide, or cause to be provided (i) annual financial information and operating data within eight months of the end of the fiscal year, (ii) a notice of the occurrence of certain events within 10 business days of the occurrence of such events, and (iii) timely notice of a failure by the Town to provide the required annual financial information on or before the date specified in the Continuing Disclosure Agreements. With respect to the Notes, the Town will agree to provide, or cause to be provided a notice of the occurrence of certain events within 10 business days of the occurrence of such events. The Continuing Disclosure Agreements for the Bonds and the Notes shall be executed in substantially the forms attached as Appendices C and D, respectively, to this Official Statement. The winning bidder's obligation to purchase the Bonds or the Notes shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds or Notes, an executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Agreements for the Bonds or Notes.

BOND COUNSEL
PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC

INDEPENDENT FINANCIAL ADVISOR
INDEPENDENT BOND AND
INVESTMENT CONSULTANTS LLC

Hartford and Bridgeport, Connecticut (860) 424-4337

Madison, Connecticut (203) 245-8715

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BOND SALE SUMMARY

The information in this Bond Sale Summary is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. The Official Statement speaks only as of its date and the information herein is subject to change.

Date of Sale: Tuesday, January 26, 2016, until 11:30 A.M. (E.S.T).

Location of Sale: Clinton Town Hall, First Selectman's Office, 54, East Main Street, Clinton, Connecticut 06413.

Issuer: Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Town").

Issue: \$14,300,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2016 (the "Bonds").

Dated Date: February 9, 2016.

Principal Due: Serially February 1, 2019 - 2036.

Interest Due: February 1 and August 1 in each year of maturity, commencing August 1, 2016.

Purpose: The Bonds are being issued to finance the construction of a new high school and various capital

projects of the Town and authorized by bond resolutions approved at referendum. (See

"Authorization and Use of Proceeds of the Bonds and Notes" herein).

Redemption: The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. (See "Optional Redemption" herein).

Security: The Bonds will be general obligations of the Town of Clinton, Connecticut, and the Town will

pledge its full faith and credit to the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due.

Credit Rating: The Bonds have been rated "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). The rating on

the Town's outstanding general obligation bonds has recently been affirmed "Aa2" by Moody's.

(See "Ratings" herein).

Basis of Award: Lowest True Interest Cost ("TIC") as of the dated date.

Tax Exemption: See "Tax Matters" herein.

Continuing Disclosure: In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the Securities and

Exchange Commission, the Town will agree to provide, or cause to be provided, annual financial information and notices of material events with respect to the Bonds pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed by the Town substantially in the form attached as Appendix

C to this Official Statement.

Bank Qualification: The Bonds shall NOT be designated by the Town as qualified tax exempt obligations under the

provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the

deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Bonds.

Certifying Bank Registrar, Transfer

and Paying Agent: U.S. Bank, N.A., Hartford, Connecticut.

Legal Opinion: Pullman & Comley, LLC of Hartford and Bridgeport, Connecticut will act as Bond Counsel.

Delivery and Payment: It is expected that delivery of the Bonds in book-entry form will be made on or about

February 9, 2016, against payment in Federal funds.

Issuer Official: Questions concerning the Town and this Official Statement should be addressed to: Bruce Farmer,

First Selectman, 54 East Main Street, Clinton, Connecticut 06413; Telephone (860) 669-9333.

NOTE SALE SUMMARY

The information in this Note Sale Summary is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. The Official Statement speaks only as of its date and the information herein is subject to change.

Date of Sale: Tuesday, January 26, 2016, until 11:00 A.M. (E.S.T).

Location of Sale: Clinton Town Hall, First Selectman's Office, 54, East Main Street, Clinton, Connecticut 06413.

Issuer: Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Town").

Issue: \$14,000,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes (the "Notes").

Dated Date: February 9, 2016.

Principal Due: At maturity – February 8, 2017.

Interest Due: At maturity – February 8, 2017.

Purpose: The Notes are being issued to finance the construction of a new high school authorized by a bond

resolution approved at referendum. (See "Authorization and Use of Proceeds of the Bonds and

Notes" herein).

Redemption: The Notes are NOT subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Security: The Notes will be general obligations of the Town of Clinton, Connecticut, and the Town will pledge

its full faith and credit to the payment of the principal of and interest on the Notes when due.

Credit Rating: The Notes have been rated "MIG 1" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). The rating on

the Town's outstanding general obligation bonds have recently been affirmed "Aa2" by Moody's.

(See "Ratings" herein).

Basis of Award: Lowest Net Interest Cost ("NIC") as of the dated date.

Tax Exemption: See "Tax Matters" herein.

Continuing Disclosure: In accordance with the requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) promulgated by the Securities and

Exchange Commission, the Town will agree to provide, or cause to be provided, notices of material events with respect to the Notes pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed by

the Town substantially in the form attached as Appendix D to this Official Statement.

Bank Qualification: The Notes shall NOT be designated by the Town as qualified tax exempt obligations under the

provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the

deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Notes.

Certifying Bank Registrar, Transfer

and Paying Agent: U.S. Bank, N.A., Hartford, Connecticut.

Legal Opinion: Pullman & Comley, LLC of Hartford and Bridgeport, Connecticut will act as Bond Counsel.

Delivery and Payment: It is expected that delivery of the Notes in book-entry form will be made on or about

February 9, 2016, against payment in Federal funds.

Issuer Official: Questions concerning the Town and this Official Statement should be addressed to: Bruce Farmer,

First Selectman, 54 East Main Street, Clinton, Connecticut 06413; Telephone (860) 669-9333.

SECTION I - SECURITIES OFFERED

Introduction

This Official Statement, including the cover page, inside cover and appendices thereto, has been prepared by the Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Town") with assistance of its financial advisor in connection with the issuance and sale of \$14,300,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2016 (the "Bonds") and \$14,000,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes (the "Notes").

All quotations from and summaries and explanations of provisions of statutes, charters, or other laws and acts and proceedings of the Town contained herein do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the original official documents; and all references to the Bonds and the Notes and the proceedings of the Town relating thereto are qualified in their entirety by reference to the definitive form of the Bonds and the Notes and such proceedings.

The presentation of information is intended to show recent historical trends and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial or other positions of the Town. Except for information expressly attributed to other sources, all financial and other information presented herein has been provided by the Town.

Description of the Bonds

The Bonds will be dated the date of delivery and will mature in annual installments on February 1 in the years and in the principal amounts set forth on the inside cover of this Official Statement. The Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Interest on the Bonds will be payable August 1, 2016 and semiannually thereafter on February 1 and August 1 in each year until maturity. Interest on the Bonds will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months and will be payable to the registered owners of the Bonds as of the close of business on the fifteenth day of January and July in each year, or the preceding day if such fifteenth day is not a business day. A book-entry system will be employed evidencing ownership of the Bonds with transfers of ownership effected on the records of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), and its participants pursuant to rules and procedures established by DTC and its participants. (See "Book-Entry Transfer System" herein). The Registrar, Certifying, Transfer and Paying Agent for the Bonds will be U.S. Bank National Association, of Hartford, Connecticut. The legal opinion on the Bonds will be rendered by Pullman & Comley LLC, of Bridgeport and Hartford, Connecticut. (See Appendix B - "Form of Legal Opinion of Bond Counsel" herein.) The Bonds shall NOT be designated by the Town as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Bonds. **The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity.** (See "Optional Redemption" herein.)

Optional Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or before February 1, 2022 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing on February 1, 2023 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Town, on or after February 1, 2022, at any time, in whole or in part, and by lot within a maturity, in such amounts and in such order of maturity as the Town may determine at the following redemption price (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of Bonds to be redeemed) plus accrued interest to the redemption date:

Redemption DatesRedemption PriceFebruary 1, 2022 and thereafter100%

Notice of Redemption

Notice of redemption shall be given by the Town or its agent by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by first-class mail at least thirty days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of the Bonds designated for redemption in whole or in part at the address of such registered owner as the same shall last appear on the registration books for the Bonds. Failure to give such notice by mailing to any registered owner, or any defect therein, shall not affect the validity of the redemption of any other Bonds. Upon the giving of such notice, if such funds available solely for redemption are on deposit with the Paying Agent, the Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption will cease to bear interest after the specified redemption date.

If less than all the Bonds of any one maturity shall be called for redemption, the particular Bonds or portions of Bonds of such maturity to be redeemed shall be selected by lot in such manner as the Town in its discretion may determine; provided, however, that the portion of any Bond to be redeemed shall be in the principal amount of \$5,000 or some multiple thereof and that, in selecting Bonds for redemption, each Bond shall be considered as representing that number of Bonds which is obtained by dividing the principal amount of such bond by \$5,000.

The Town, so long as a book-entry system is used for the Bonds being called for redemption, will send any notice of redemption only to DTC (or a successor securities depository) or its nominee. Any failure of DTC to advise any DTC Participant or of any DTC Participant or Indirect Participant to notify any Indirect Participant or Beneficial Owner, of any such notice and its content or effect will not affect the validity of the redemption of such Bonds called for redemption. Redemption of portions of the Bonds of any maturity by the Town will reduce the outstanding principal amount of Bonds held by DTC. In such event it is the current practice of DTC to allocate by lot, through its book-entry system, among the interest held by DTC Participants in the Bonds to be redeemed, the interest to be reduced by such redemptions in accordance with its own rules or other agreements with DTC Participants. The DTC Participants and Indirect Participants may allocate reductions of the interests in the Bonds to be redeemed held by the Beneficial Owners. Any such allocation of interests in the Bonds to be redeemed will not be governed by the determination of the Town authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and will not be conducted by the Town, the Registrar or Paying Agent.

Description of the Notes

The Notes will be dated February 9, 2016 and principal and interest on the Notes are due at maturity on February 9, 2016. The Notes are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months at the rate or rates per annum specified by the successful bidder. A book-entry system will be employed evidencing ownership of the Notes in principal amounts of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof, with transfers of ownership effected on the records of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, ("DTC"), and its participants pursuant to rules and procedures established by DTC and its participants. (See "Book-Entry Transfer System" herein). The Registrar, Certifying, Transfer and Paying Agent for the Bonds will be U.S. Bank National Association, of Hartford, Connecticut. The legal opinion on the Bonds will be rendered by Pullman & Comley LLC, of Bridgeport and Hartford, Connecticut. (See Appendix B - "Form of Legal Opinion of Bond Counsel" herein.) The Notes shall NOT be designated by the Town as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and described herein.

Authorization and Use of Proceeds of the Bonds and the Notes

Authorization. The Bonds and Notes are issued pursuant to the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended, the Charter of the Town of Clinton and resolutions recommended and adopted by the Board of Selectmen, the Board of Finance and approved at a town wide referendum.

Use of Proceeds. Proceeds of the Bonds and Notes will be used to finance the following capital project:

	Original Amount	Prior Bonds	Amount of Notes	Additions	The Bonds	The Notes
Projects	Authorized	Issued	Outstanding	(Reductions)	_(This Issue)	(This Issue)
New Morgan High School	\$ 64,750,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 26,000,000	\$ -	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 14,000,000
2015 Various Infrastrure Improvement Projects						
Police Department HVAC	250,000	-	-	-	-	-
Bulkhead Supplemental	200,000	-	-	-	-	-
Road Projects	3,450,000	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Streetscape Phase III	300,000			300,000	300,000	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 68,950,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 14,300,000	\$ 14,000,000

Ratings

The Bonds have been rated "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"). The Notes have been rated "MIG 1" by Moody's. The rating on the Town's outstanding general obligation bonds has recently been affirmed "Aa2" by Moody's. Such rating reflects only the views of such rating agency and any explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same, at the following address: Moody's Investors Service, Inc., 7 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance such rating will continue for any given period of time or that such rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in the judgment of such rating agency, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Town's bonds and notes, including the Bonds and Notes.

Tax Matters

Opinion of Bond Counsel

Federal Taxes. In the opinion of Pullman & Comley, LLC, Bond Counsel, under existing law, interest on the Bonds and Notes (a) is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations; however, with respect to certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) subject to the federal alternative minimum tax, such interest may be taken into account in computing the federal alternative minimum tax.

Bond Counsel's opinion with respect to the Bonds and Notes will be rendered in reliance upon and assuming the accuracy of and continuing compliance by the Town with its representations and covenants relating to certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Code and regulations promulgated thereunder establish certain requirements which must be satisfied at and subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds and Notes in order that interest on the Bonds and Notes be and remain excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds and Notes to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds and Notes, as the case may be, irrespective of the date on which such noncompliance occurs. In the Tax Compliance Agreement, which will be delivered concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds and Notes, the Town will covenant to comply with certain provisions of the Code and will make certain representations designed to assure compliance with such requirements of the Code including, but not limited to, investment restrictions, periodic payments of arbitrage profits to the United States, requirements regarding the proper use of Bond or Note proceeds and certain other matters. The opinion of Bond Counsel delivered on the date of issuance of the Bonds and Notes is conditioned upon compliance by the Town with such requirements.

No other opinion is expressed by Bond Counsel regarding the federal tax consequences of the ownership of, or the receipt or accrual of interest on, the Bonds and Notes.

Original Issue Discount. The initial public offering price of the Bonds and Notes may be less than the stated principal amount. Under existing law, the difference between the stated principal amount and the initial offering price of the Bonds and Notes will constitute original issue discount. The offering price relating to the yield set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement for the Bonds and Notes is expected to be the initial offering price to the public (excluding bond houses and brokers) at which a substantial amount of the Bonds and Notes are sold. Under existing law, original issue discount on the Bonds and Notes accrued and properly allocable to the owners thereof under the Code is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes if interest on the Bonds and Notes is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Under the Code, for purposes of determining an owner's adjusted basis in a Bond or Note purchased at an original issue discount, original issue discount is treated as having accrued while the owner holds such Bond or Note and will be added to the owner's basis. Original issue discount will accrue on a constant-yield-to-maturity method based on regular compounding. The owner's adjusted basis will be used to determine taxable gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition (including redemption or payment at maturity) of such a Bond or Note. For certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes), a portion of the original issue discount that accrues in each year to such Bond or Note will be included in the calculation of the corporation's federal alternative minimum tax liability. As a result, ownership of such a Bond or Note by such a corporation may result in an alternative minimum tax liability even though such owner has not received a corresponding cash payment.

Prospective purchasers of Bonds and Notes at an original issue discount should consult their own tax advisors as to the calculation of accrued original issue discount, the accrual of original issue discount in the case of owners purchasing such Bonds and Notes after the initial offering and sale, and the state and local tax consequences of owning or disposing of such Bonds and Notes.

Original Issue Premium. The initial public offering price of the Bonds and Notes may be more than their stated principal amount. An owner who purchases a Bond or Note at a premium to its principal amount must amortize the original issue premium as provided in the applicable Treasury Regulations, and amortized premium reduces the owner's basis in the Bond or Note for federal income tax purposes. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds and Notes should consult their tax advisors regarding the amortization of premium and the effect upon basis.

Other Federal Tax Matters. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds and Notes should be aware that ownership of the Bonds and Notes may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, financial institutions, certain insurance companies, recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, certain S corporations, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers eligible for the earned income credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations. Bond Counsel does not express any opinion regarding such collateral tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds and Notes should consult their tax advisors regarding collateral federal income tax consequences.

State Taxes. In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, interest on the Bonds and Notes is excludable from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excludable from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax.

Interest on the Bonds and Notes is included in gross income for purposes of the Connecticut corporation business tax.

Accrued original issue discount on a Bond or Note is also excluded from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates and is excluded from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax.

Owners of the Bonds and Notes should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for state and local income tax purposes of original issue discount or original issue premium accrued upon sale or redemption thereof, and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning or disposing of such Bonds and Notes.

Owners of the Bonds and Notes should consult their tax advisors with respect to other applicable state and local tax consequences of ownership of the Bonds and Notes and the disposition thereof.

Proposed Legislation and Other Matters. Tax legislation and administrative actions taken by tax authorities (whether currently proposed, proposed in the future, or enacted) and court decisions, whether at the federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds and Notes under federal or state law or otherwise prevent beneficial owners of the Bonds and Notes from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of such interest. In addition, such legislation, actions or decisions could affect the market price for, or the marketability of, the Bonds and Notes. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds and Notes should consult their own tax advisers regarding the foregoing matters.

General. The opinion of Bond Counsel is rendered as of its date, and Bond Counsel assumes no obligation to update or supplement their opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may come to their attention or any changes in law that may occur after the date of their opinion. Bond Counsel's opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on factual representations made to Bond Counsel as of the date of issuance. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinions are not a guarantee of a particular result, and are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or the courts; rather, such opinions represent Bond Counsel's professional judgment based on its review of existing law, and in reliance on the representations and covenants that it deems relevant to such opinions.

The discussion above does not purport to deal with all aspects of federal or state or local taxation that may be relevant to a particular owner of the Bonds and Notes. Prospective owners of the Bonds and Notes, particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the federal, state and local tax consequences of owning and disposing of the Bonds and Notes.

Security and Remedies

The Bonds and the Notes will be general obligations of the Town and the Town will pledge its full faith and credit to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and the Notes when due. Unless paid from other sources, the Bonds and the Notes are payable from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property in the Town without limitation as to rate or amount, except as to certain classified property, such as certified forest lands taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts. On the last completed Grand List of the Town there were no acres certified as forest land. Under existing statutes, the State of Connecticut is obligated to pay the Town the amount of tax revenue which the Town would have received except for the limitation on its power to tax such dwelling houses.

Payment of the Bonds and the Notes is not limited to property tax revenues or any other revenue source, but certain revenues of the Town may be restricted as to use and therefore may not be available to pay debt service on the Bonds and the Notes.

There are no statutory provisions for priorities in the payment of general obligations of the Town. There are no statutory provisions for a lien on any portion of the tax levy or other revenues to secure the Bonds and the Notes, or judgments thereon, in priority to other claims.

The Town is subject to suit on its general obligation debt and a court of competent jurisdiction has the power in appropriate proceedings to render a judgment against the Town. Courts of competent jurisdiction have the power in appropriate proceedings to order payment of a judgment on such debt from funds lawfully available therefor or, in the absence thereof, to order the Town to take all lawful action to obtain the same, including the raising of the required amount in the next tax levy. In exercising their discretion as to whether to enter such an order, the courts may take into account all relevant factors including the current operating needs of the Town and the availability and adequacy of other remedies. Enforcement of a claim for payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds and the Notes would also be subject to the applicable provisions of federal bankruptcy laws and to provisions of other statutes, if any, hereafter enacted by the Congress or the Connecticut General Assembly extending the time for payment or imposing other constraints upon enforcement insofar as the same may be constitutionally applied. Section 7-566 of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended, provides that no Connecticut municipality shall file a petition in bankruptcy without the express prior written consent of the Governor.

THE TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT HAS NEVER DEFAULTED IN THE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST ON ITS BONDS OR NOTES.

Qualification for Financial Institutions

The Bonds and the Notes shall NOT be designated as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Bonds and the Notes.

Book-Entry Transfer System

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds and Notes. The Bonds and Notes will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each interest rate of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such interest rate, and will be deposited with DTC. One fully-registered Note certificate will be issued for each interest rate of the Notes, in the aggregate principal amount of such interest rate, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its registered subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC is rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the Bonds and Notes under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds and Notes on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds and Notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds and Notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds and Notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds and Notes deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds and Notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds and Notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds and Notes are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds and Notes within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds and Notes unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Town as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds and Notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds and Notes will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Town or the Paying Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent, or the Town, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Town or Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of DTC and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds and Notes at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Town or Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates and Note certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The Town may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates and Note certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been provided by DTC. The Town takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Replacement Bonds and Notes

The determination of the Town authorizing the Bonds and the Notes provides for issuance of fully registered Bond certificates and Note certificates directly to Beneficial Owners of the Bonds and the Notes or their nominees in the event that: (a) DTC determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the Bonds and the Notes, and the Town fails to identify another qualified securities depository for the Bonds and the Notes to replace DTC; or (b) the Town determines to discontinue the book-entry system of evidence and transfer of ownership of the Bonds and the Notes. A Beneficial Owner of the Bonds and the Notes, upon registration of certificates held in such Beneficial Owner's name, will become the registered owner of the Bonds and the Notes.

DTC Practices

The Town can make no assurances that DTC, Direct Participants, Indirect Participants or other nominees of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds and the Notes will act in a manner described in this Official Statement. DTC is required to act according to rules and procedures established by DTC and its participants which are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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SECTION II - THE ISSUER

Description of the Town

The Town of Clinton was incorporated as Connecticut's 137th town in May, 1838. The Town is located seventeen miles east of New Haven, adjacent to Madison to the west, Westbrook to the east, Long Island Sound to the south and Killingworth to the north. The Town is located approximately 100 miles east of New York City, 40 miles south of Hartford, Connecticut and 120 miles southwest of Boston. The Town encompasses approximately 17.2 square miles within Middlesex County.

The Town is traversed by the Connecticut Turnpike (Interstate 95), the Boston Post Road (Route 1), and Routes 81 and 145. Metro-North/Shoreline East and Amtrak also provide rail service to New Haven, Boston or New York. In addition, Tweed New Haven Airport, located in New Haven, is a major commuter center with direct flights to Philadelphia and Chicago. The Town is served by the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation that operates buses on multiple routes that include New Haven, East Haven, Guilford, Madison and Old Saybrook.

Clinton is a balanced community of residential, waterfront and rural areas, retail and commercial development and major manufacturing plants. Tower Laboratories, Clinton Instrument Company and Clinton Nurseries are the major industries in Town. The Clinton Crossing Premium Factory Outlet Center which opened in 1996 employs approximately 1,000 part and full time employees in 65 stores.

The Clinton public school system provides a balanced curriculum for approximately 1,900 students. There are several vocational training facilities, colleges and universities, including Yale University, located in the New Haven region which offers a variety of educational programs available to the Town.

The Town's location on Long Island Sound provides residents with 1 public beach, 6 marinas that provide approximately two hundred moorings, seven hundred boat slips and 2 public launch ramps. The Town beach includes a pavilion and recreation facilities. In addition, the Town maintains a second smaller beach facility as well as docking for approximately 59 boats.

The Town has two major recreational complexes that provide athletic facilities including basketball, baseball and soccer fields, a football field, a finished running track, tennis courts, a skateboard park, as well as picnicking and playground facilities.

The majority of Town government offices are housed in historic Andrews Memorial Town Hall. Because of its character and magnificent setting overlooking Long Island Sound and located on Route 1, this building is utilized by theatrical, musical and cultural groups on an ongoing basis.

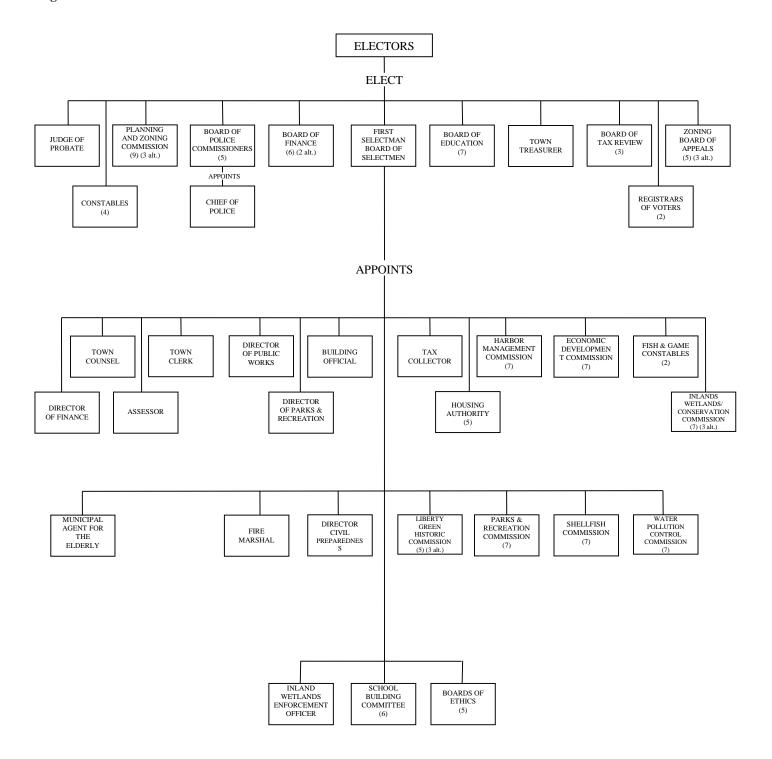
In addition to the above mentioned Town-owned facilities, Clinton is the home of the Clinton Country Club, a private 18 hole golf course.

Form of Government

The Town of Clinton is organized and has operated since 1839 under the Town Charter that utilizes the Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance, and Town Meeting form of government. The First Selectman is the elected full-time Chief Executive Officer of the Town who is responsible for supervising and coordinating all matters pertaining to the delivery of Town programs and services. The Town Meeting is the legislative body of the Town. The Board of Finance, consisting of six members, is made up of three persons of each political party elected for terms of four years. The five person Board of Selectmen are elected biennially for two year terms.

The voters of the Town at referendum must approve the annual budget, supplemental appropriations and bond authorizations exceeding certain amounts. Refunding bond authorizations are approved solely by the Board of Selectmen. (See "Legal Requirements for Approval of Borrowing" herein).

Organizational Chart



Municipal Officials

		Length
Position	Term	of Service
First Selectman	2 Years Elected	< 1.0 year
Selectman	2 Years Elected	4.0 years
Selectman	2 Years Elected	4.0 years
Selectman	2 Years Elected	10.0 years
Selectman	2 Years Elected	6.0 years
Treasurer	2 Years Elected	2.0 years
Finance Director	Appointed - Indefinite	1.0 year
Town Clerk	Hired - Indefinite	1.0 year
Tax Collector	Hired - Indefinite	18.0 years
Town Assessor	Appointed - Indefinite	6.0 years
Superintendent of Schools	Appointed - Indefinite	7.0 years
Chairman - Board of Finance	6 Years Elected	1.0 year
Town Attorney	Appointed - Indefinite	20.0 years
	First Selectman Selectman Selectman Selectman Selectman Treasurer Finance Director Town Clerk Tax Collector Town Assessor Superintendent of Schools Chairman - Board of Finance	First Selectman Selected Selected Selectman Selected Sel

Summary of Municipal Services

The Town of Clinton operates under a management structure consisting of the following divisions: Public Safety, Administration, Finance, Parks and Recreation, Public Works, Health and Well Being. All areas report to the First Selectman or Board of Selectmen.

Administration: This division consists of numerous departments; the First Selectman's Office, Town Clerk, Town Attorney, Registrar of Voters, Police Commission, Board of Education, Planning and Zoning as well as the Office of the Judge of Probate. The division provides administrative support services to the general public, the Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance and most departments.

Finance: This division consists of five areas; financial administration, accounting, purchasing, tax assessment and tax collection. The Finance division, under the direction of the Director of Finance, is responsible for overall supervision of the Town's financial management, including the Town pension fund and debt management program.

Health and Well Being: The Health and Well Being division provides health and environmental services as well as social services for Town residents and emergency financial support where needed. The public library functions as a multi-purpose informational and cultural center funded primarily by separate Town appropriations.

Public Works: The Department of Public Works (the "Department") is responsible for the design, developing, construction and maintenance of approximately 77 miles of roads along with 17.5 miles of sidewalks. The Department is also responsible for the exterior maintenance of all Town buildings including public schools as well as all parks, athletic complexes and passive recreational facilities. The Department provides construction services, project consulting to other Town agencies as well as construction management services for Town projects.

Transfer Facility – Land Fill operations: The Department operates the Town Transfer Facility and Land Fill operation with a strong emphasis on recycling and pollution avoidance. The Transfer Station and Land Fill operations are located on a ten acre site adjacent to the Department of Public Works at 117 Nod Road. This facility accepts garbage and accepts bulky waste items from Town residents. With the exception of green waste (brush, stumps other organic waste) all bulky waste is transported off site to licensed facilities. Green waste is handled within the facility by reduction, recycling or land filling. Leaves are composted and distributed at no cost to Town residents on a yearly basis. Construction materials soil, rocks, concrete and asphalt are recycled and used by the Town for construction projects.

Recycling Program: The Town encourages recycling and provides a single stream recycling program which allows residents to dispose of all recycled items in one location eliminating the need to separate items. All electronics, including all battery types and fluorescent bulbs are accepted at no charge along with a variety of other items with the emphasis on pollution prevention, reduction and conservation of resources. Recycled items are accepted at no charge by Connecticut Resource Recovery Authority or are picked up by an approved licensed recycling company.

Service Contract - Solid Waste Disposal: The Town has executed a Service Contract (the "Service Contract") with Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority (the "Authority") for disposal of solid waste through the Mid-Connecticut System (the "System"). The Service Contract became effective upon execution and will remain in effect for 15 years from signing or, June 30, 2027. An OPT out option is included in this agreement with penalties based on an agreed upon formula.

Each municipality signing a Service Contract, including the Town, has agreed to cause to be delivered to the System all of the solid waste under the legal control of the municipality. The Authority is required to accept and dispose of solid waste in accordance with the Service Contract and with acceptable business standards. Each municipality retains the responsibility for the collection, disposal and treatment of solid waste which does not meet the requirements of or which the Authority refuses or is unable to accept under the Service Contract.

All municipalities, including the Town, pledge their full faith and credit for the payments of all Service Payments and any delayed-payment charges and costs and expenses of the Authority and its representatives in collecting overdue Service Payments. Each municipality agrees that its obligation to make any such Service Payments and other such payments, in the amounts and at the time specified in the Service Contract, whether to the Authority or the trustee, shall be absolute and unconditional, shall not be subject to any setoff, counterclaim, recoupment, defense (other than payment itself) or other right which the municipality may have against the Authority, the trustee or any other person for any reason whatsoever, shall not be affected by any defect in title, compliance with the plans and specifications, condition, design, fitness for use of or damage to or loss or destruction of, the System or any part thereof and so long as the Authority shall accept solid waste delivered by the municipality pursuant to the Service Contract, shall not be affected by any interruption or cessation in the possession, uses or operation of the System or any part thereof by the Authority or the operator of the System or any reason whatever.

To the extent that a municipality does not make provisions or appropriations necessary to provide for and authorize the payment by such municipality to the Authority of the payments required to be made by it under the Service Contract, the remaining municipalities, including the Town, must levy and collect such general or special taxes or cost sharing or other assessments as may be necessary to make such payments in full when due thereunder.

In the event of any disputes as to any portion of any bill, the disputing municipality will nevertheless pay the full amount of the disputed charges when due and will within 30 days from the date of the disputed bill, give written notice of the dispute to the Authority. The dispute will then be resolved under the dispute resolution provisions of the Service Contract.

The Tier 1 Long-Term Service Contract estimated disposal fee for fiscal year 2015-2016 is \$63.00 per ton. The minimum tonnage requirement has been eliminated and there is no tonnage cap. The Town has the opportunity to opt out of the contract yearly if the price exceeds \$61.00 per ton without a penalty.

Public Safety: This division consists of four departments; Police, Fire and Emergency Medical Services and Animal Control. This division is responsible for the security and safety of the community. The police service has 25 members and operates a 24 hour public safety dispatch center which coordinates responses by all safety services. Besides vehicle patrol, the police have a twenty-five foot Almar boat that patrols the harbors and waterfront areas of Town. Numerous grants help fund community based police programs, particularly in the drug and substance abuse area. The Clinton Volunteer Fire Department maintains an aggressive fire and rescue delivery system and an extensive fire prevention program. The department has over one hundred thirty members broken down into two engine companies, a marine division and an ambulance division. The Emergency Medical Services Program has up to forty-five individuals to call upon with over forty trained as EMT's.

Parks and Recreation: The Town operates the Peters Recreational Complex consisting of fifty acres of active and passive recreation facilities that include five ball fields, one of which is lighted, one football/soccer field, a four hundred meter track, five lighted tennis courts, one wall-ball court, one lighted basketball court, a skateboard park, two horse-shoe pits, two picnic areas and a concession stand. The Indian River Recreation Park encompasses 47 acres that include athletic fields (two lighted), hiking trails, open space nature areas and a community building. In addition a new turf field was opened in the fall of 2011 and is used for soccer, lacrosse and field hockey. A beach area with a pavilion, play areas and concession stand utilizes the Town's shoreline location. Also, Heser's Pond provides three acres of ice skating during the winter.

Harbor Management Commission: The Harbor Management Commission is responsible for the management and maintenance of Town water facilities. The Commission recommends rates for services to the Board of Selectmen, collects fees, and acts as the regulatory authority for waterfront activities. The Town Dock provides for 45 boat slips, a two-hundred foot tie-up for transient boats along with 21 moorings and stakes off the dock in Clinton Harbor. The Commission also manages and levies fees for the Grove Street dock, the Cedar Island dock and the Town boat launch. The Commission is also responsible for dredging the boat basin, the launch area and the approach to Cedar Island.

Waste Water Management: The Town was formerly in negotiations and discussions with the Towns of Westbrook and Old Saybrook to establish a tri-town agreement for a common sewer system. Because of the Connecticut Supreme Court decision to eliminate the previously projected tri-town agreement, the Town is presently re-evaluating its long range plan. The Town is currently under contract with Camp, Dresser, McKee & Smith to evaluate and propose a long term solution.

It is expected that the Town will finance \$23,000,000 for a waste water solution by participating in the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund Program which provides financial assistance through a combination of grants and loans bearing an interest rate of 2% per annum. All participating municipalities receive a grant of 20% and a loan of 80% of total eligible costs. The remaining projects are expected to be funded by a combination of the following: the general fund, capital projects fund, grants and bonding.

Until a long term solution can be instituted the Town will continue to maintain its well organized and documented sewer avoidance program. The sewer avoidance program is an ordinance that requires property owners to pump out their septic systems at least once every five years, and the Town to maintain a database, to distribute reminders and to hire personnel to physically inspect for problem areas.

Clinton Housing Authority: The Clinton Housing Authority presently owns and operates 30 dwelling units located in its Glenhaven facility. The Authority is presently investigating the possibility of either expanding the existing facility or acquiring an additional location. The Housing Authority Commissioners are appointed by the Board of Selectmen to five year terms.

Water: Water is supplied to approximately 2,950 residential and business customers by the Connecticut Water Company, headquartered in Clinton. All other water users maintain their own wells.

Electricity: Electricity is furnished by Eversource.

Telephone Service: Telephone service is furnished by Frontier.

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Educational System

The Town's elementary school system consists of one school for pupils in grades pre-K through 3; one school for grades 4-5, one school for grades 6-8 and one school for grades 9-12. The schools are governed by a seven-member Board of Education.

Educational Facilities

				Enrollment	
School	Grades	Occupied	Renovation	10/01/15	Capacity
Lewin G. Joel Elementary	Pre K-3	1963	1966, 1971, 1986, 2000	522	860
Abraham Pieson Elementary	4 - 5	1932	1952, 1957, 2002	312	450
Jared Eliot Middle School	6 - 8	1960	1965, 1971, 1984	455	775
The Morgan High School	9 - 12	1950	1957, 1964, 1967	551	1,020
Total				1,840	3,105

Source: Superintendent of Schools.

Educational Enrollment History and Projections

Actual (1)

School Year	Pre K - 3	4 - 5	6 - 8	9 - 12	Total	
2004-05	686	300	512	638	2,136	
2005-06	676	337	476	669	2,158	
2006-07	664	338	455	665	2,122	
2007-08	667	338	463	637	2,105	
2008-09	689	313	492	581	2,075	
2009-10	671	300	497	571	2,039	
2010-11	683	304	492	557	2,036	
2011-12	659	315	466	579	2,019	
2012-13	645	312	446	591	1,994	
2013-14	638	296	462	571	1,967	
2014-15	556	317	462	565	1,900	
2015-16	522	312	455	551	1,840	
		Projecte	d			
2016-17	495	276	468	547	1,786	
2017-18	467	270	461	542	1,740	
2018-19	454	244	456	538	1,692	
2019-20	467	216	414	563	1,660	

(1) As of October 1.

Source: Superintendent of Schools.

Municipal Employment

The following table shows the Town of Clinton's employment for the current fiscal year and the prior nine years ending June 30.

Fiscal Year	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government	81	80	77	75	74	75	81	83	83	82
Board of Education	338	344	348	336	340	330	325	325	325	323
Total	419	424	425	411	414	405	406	408	408	405

Source: Town Officials.

Municipal Employees by Category

The following is a breakdown by category of Town employees for fiscal year 2015-16:

Department	Employees
General Government	
General Administration	20
Public Safety	36
Public Works	14
Planning and Development	5
Parks and Recreation	2
Health and Well Being	4
Total General Government	81
Board of Education	
Certified Behavior Analyst	1
Computer Technicians	2
Administration and Principals	11
Teachers	194
Secretaries	20
Paraprofessionals	67
Custodial/Maintenance	22
Cafeteria Workers	17
Athletic Director	1
Food Services Director	1
Supervisor of Buildings and Grounds	1
Director of Information Technology	1
Total Board of Education	338
Grand Total	419

Source: Town Officials.

Municipal Employees Bargaining Organizations

The following table sets forth a breakdown of employee representation by collective bargaining agent and the dates of expiration of the various collective bargaining agreements:

Employees	Organization	Number of Employees	Current Contract Expiration Date
	General Government		
Police	International Brotherhood of Police Officers, Local 360	25	6/30/16
Public Works	AFSCME - AFL-CIO, Local 1303-008	12	6/30/18
Clerical	AFSCME - AFL-CIO, Local 1303-199, Administrative,		
	Technical and Clerical Employees	21	6/30/18
Supervisors	AFCME - AFL-CIO, Local 818, Supervisors	7	6/30/18
Dispatchers / Animal Control	CT Independent Labor Union, Local 59	7	6/30/18
	Non-Bargaining Employees	9	
Sub-total - General Governm	nent	81	
	Board of Education		
Teachers	Clinton Education Association	194	6/30/17
Administrators	Clinton Administrators Assciation	9	6/30/18
Clinton Association and Administrative Education			
Secretaries	Municicpal Employees' Union, Independent MEUI	15	6/30/16
Paraprofessionals	AFL-CIO, Local 506 Municipal Employees Union		
_	Independent SEIU	67	6/30/15 (1)
	Non-Bargaining Employees	53	
Sub-total - Board of Education	on	338	
Total		419	

(1) Currently in negotiations.

Connecticut General Statutes Sections 7-473c, 7-474 and 10-153a through 10-153n provide for a procedure for binding arbitration of collective bargaining agreements between municipal employers and organizations representing municipal employees, including certified teachers and certain other employees. The legislative body of a municipal entity may reject an arbitration panel's decision by a two-thirds majority vote. The State of Connecticut and the employee organization must be advised in writing of the reasons for rejection. The State then appoints a new panel of either one or three arbitrators to review the decisions on each of the rejected issues. The panel must accept the last best offer of either party. In reaching its determination, the arbitration panel gives priority to the public interest and the financial capability of the municipal employer, including consideration of other demands on the financial capability of the municipal employer. For binding arbitration of teachers' contracts, in assessing the financial capabilities of a municipality, there is an irrefutable presumption that a budget reserve of 5% or less is not available for the payment of any item subject to arbitration. In light of the employer's financial capability, the panel considers prior negotiations between the parties, the interests and welfare of the employee group, changes in the cost of living, existing employment conditions, and wages, salaries, fringe benefits, and other conditions of employment prevailing in the labor market, including developments in private sector wages and benefits.

Economic Development

The 1990's saw great success in drawing in the new retail mall. It has become the Town's number one tax payer and employer. However, the new realities of the failing economy have Clinton redirecting its economic development strategy. With the completion of the Clinton Crossing retail mall, by the main Interstate 95 exit, the community has turned its attention back to its traditional commercial center. The Clinton Downtown Revitalization Committee was formed to develop plans for infrastructure improvements in the downtown area that will enhance its ability to draw more patrons and commercial enterprises. The first phase of this project was completed in summer of 2013 with the help of a \$400,000 STEAP grant. A \$500,000 STEAP grant was approved for phase II which was completed in the spring of 2014. In addition through local funding and State grants, the old police station adjacent to Town Hall, which has been vacant since 2004, was renovated into a community center as well as home for our Human Services Department. The Streetscape Project has been completed in downtown situated along the U.S. Route 1. The Planning and Zoning Commission has recently produced Clinton's Plan of Conservation and Development. A key element in drawing new economic activity is to draw residents, not only those who have the means to be patrons, but those who will make up the workforce. With the construction of a new high school on a new site, which is expected to open in September of 2016 a great opportunity for development has presented itself at the site of the existing school. This is a 28 acre property at the I-95 exit 63 interchange across from Clinton Crossing. The Interchange Development Committee has selected a developer for this site. The development of this site, which includes retail, housing, hotel and chain restaurant, is expected to bring in nearly \$500,000 in additional tax revenue to the Town.

The economic base of the Town is presently diverse. In the current tax period, retail is in the lead with the Clinton Crossing Outlets bringing an estimated \$1,000,000 in revenues. Connecticut Water Company utility brings in \$388,443. These top tax payers are examples of the mix of economic enterprises in Town. Also within the top ten is Cedar Island Marina, which pays an estimated \$135,209 in property taxes. Among the top taxpayers is also agriculture with the Clinton Nurseries which is part of the Richards Farms Company. The estimated \$53,682 Clinton Nurseries provides is greater than most Connecticut towns receive from any one tax payer in that sector.

The newly energized Economic Development Commission is implementing strategies to engage the Town's merchants and the business community. They recently held a successful seminar on municipal economic development. The commission is coordinating efforts of various boards and commissions in concert with the Clinton's Chamber of Commerce to welcome and support economic development for the future while protecting the Town's quality of life, safety and environment.

During the past year, several new retail establishments have moved to Clinton generating \$35,600 with more to follow shortly.

Retail and other business office opportunities are opening up along the route 1 corridor from the town's eastern boarder through downtown and on to the western boarder of Clinton. These are exciting times for our town.

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SECTION III - ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

Population Trends

Year	Town of Clinton	Middlesex County_	State of Connecticut
1980	11,195	129,017	3,107,576
1990	12,767	143,196	3,287,116
2000	13,094	155,071	3,405,565
2010	13,260	165,676	3,574,097
2014	13,188	165,534	3,592,053

Source: U.S. Census Bureau and 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

Age Characteristics of Population

	Town of Clinton		wn of Clinton Middlesex County		State of Connecticut	
Age	<u>Number</u>	Percent	<u>Number</u>	Percent	<u>Number</u>	Percent
Under 5	579	4.4	7,709	4.7	194,338	5.4
5 - 19	2,429	18.4	30,096	18.2	707,656	19.7
20 - 24	555	4.2	9,348	5.6	234,482	6.5
25 - 44	3,155	23.9	38,519	23.3	892,275	24.8
45 - 64	4,391	33.3	52,454	31.7	1,032,223	28.7
65 and over	2,079	15.8	27,408	16.6	531,079	14.8
Total	13,188	100.0	165,534	100.0	3,592,053	100.0

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

Selected Wealth and Income Indicators

	Median Family	Median Family	Per Capita	Per Capita	
	Income (2000)	Income (2000) Income (2014)		Income (2014)	
Town of Clinton	\$ 71,403	\$ 84,328	\$ 26,080	\$ 37,449	
Middles ex County	71,319	100,452	28,251	40,589	
Connecticut	65,521	88,217	28,766	38,480	
United States	49,600	65,443	21,690	28,555	

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 and 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

Income Distribution

	Town of Clinton		Middlesex County		State of Connection	
	<u>Families</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Families</u>	Percent	<u>Families</u>	Percent
\$ -0- to 9,999	97	2.7	915	2.1	30,584	3.4
10,000 to 14,999	49	1.3	557	1.3	18,591	2.1
15,000 to 24,999	157	4.3	1,466	3.4	46,537	5.2
25,000 to 34,999	149	4.1	2,337	5.4	56,473	6.3
35,000 to 49,999	336	9.2	3,594	8.3	85,206	9.5
50,000 to 74,999	671	18.3	6,553	15.0	140,776	15.6
75,000 to 99,999	671	18.3	6,224	14.3	129,656	14.4
100,000 to 149,999	869	23.7	11,381	26.1	184,327	20.5
150,000 to 199,999	396	10.8	5,175	11.9	93,100	10.3
200,000 or more	265	7.2	5,361	12.3	114,307	12.7
	3,660	100.0	43,563	100.0	899,557	100.0

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

Educational Attainment Years of School Completed, Age 25 & Older

	Town of Clinton		Middlese	Middlesex County		necticut
Educational Attainment Group	<u>Number</u>	Percent	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Number</u>	Percent
Less than 9th grade	145	1.5	2,525	2.1	106,784	4.3
9th to 12th grade	427	4.4	4,860	4.1	150,227	6.1
High School graduate	2,989	31.1	32,737	27.7	677,887	27.6
Some college - no degree	2,042	21.2	21,360	18.0	431,807	17.6
Associates degree	666	6.9	9,845	8.3	180,321	7.3
Bachelor's degree	1,849	19.2	25,901	21.9	506,662	20.6
Graduate or professional degree	1,507	15.7	21,153	17.9	401,889	16.4
Totals	9,625	100.0	118,381	100.0	2,455,577	100.0
Percentage of High School Graduates		94.1%		93.8%		89.5%
Percentage of College Graduates or Highe	er	34.9%		39.7%		37.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

Employment by Industry

	Town of Clinton		Middlesex	Middles ex County		nnecticut
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Agriculture, forestry, fisheries	122	1.8	370	0.4	7,413	0.4
Construction	397	5.8	5,203	6.0	97,974	5.5
Manufacturing	777	11.4	10,319	11.8	191,057	10.8
Wholesale trade	237	3.5	2,275	2.6	44,195	2.5
Retail trade	869	12.7	9,189	10.5	191,267	10.8
Transportation & warehousing,						
and utilities	382	5.6	3,017	3.5	65,068	3.7
Information	134	2.0	2,321	2.7	41,905	2.4
Finance, insurance, real estate	448	6.6	7,994	9.2	161,926	9.2
Professional, scientific, management,						
administrative, and waste						
management services	684	10.0	9,620	11.0	197,880	11.2
Educational, health & social services	1,699	24.8	23,009	26.3	467,574	26.5
Arts, entertainment, recreation,						
accommodation and food services	661	9.7	6,576	7.5	154,005	8.7
Other professional services	263	3.8	3,820	4.4	80,179	4.5
Public Administration	165	2.4	3,638	4.2	66,491	3.8
TOTAL	6,838	100.0	87,351	100.0	1,766,934	100.0

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

Major Employers

	Estimated Number
Nature of Entity	of Employees
Discount Shopping Mall	1,000
Local Government and Board of Education	419
Supermarket	130
Water Utility	118
Supermarket	110
Nursery Supplier	90
Marina	35
Clothing	34
	Discount Shopping Mall Local Government and Board of Education Supermarket Water Utility Supermarket Nursery Supplier Marina

⁽¹⁾ Includes seasonal employees.

Source: Town of Clinton

Unemployment Rate Statistics

	Town of	New Haven	State of	United
Yearly	Clinton	Labor Market	Connecticut	States
Average	%	<u></u> %	<u></u>	%
2005	4.1	5.0	4.9	5.1
2006	3.5	4.5	4.3	4.6
2007	3.8	4.8	4.6	4.6
2008	4.8	6.0	5.8	5.8
2009	6.7	7.9	8.0	9.3
2010	7.5	9.2	9.0	9.6
2011	6.5	9.3	8.8	9.0
2012	7.0	8.7	8.3	8.1
2013	6.6	8.2	7.9	7.4
2014	5.6	6.9	6.7	6.2
		2015 Monthly		
		2013 Monthly		
January	5.9	6.7	6.8	6.1
February	6.3	6.8	6.9	5.8
March	5.9	6.4	6.5	5.6
April	4.7	5.8	5.8	5.1
May	4.3	5.7	5.6	5.3
June	4.1	5.5	5.4	5.5
July	4.7	5.8	5.6	5.6
August	4.5	5.7	5.5	5.2
September	4.1	5.2	5.1	4.9
October	3.9	4.8	4.8	4.8
November	3.9	4.9	4.8	4.8

Source: State of Connecticut, Department of Labor; United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Number and Value of Building Permits

Fiscal Year		
Ending 6/30	_Number_	Value
2015	877	\$ 124,633,795 (1)
2014	1,034	13,005,210
2013	1,037	18,261,061
2012	958	12,836,719
2011	736	10,429,311
2010	643	9,224,854
2009	606	11,022,346
2008	884	13,832,208
2007	645	11,235,904
2006	706	18,720,278

⁽¹⁾ Includes permits for the New High School construction.

Source: Town of Clinton, Office of Building Inspections.

Number of Dwelling Units

				% Increase	% Increase	% Increase
2014	2010	2000	1990	1990-2010	2000-2010	2010-2014
6.001	6.065	5,757	5,361	11.9%	4.2%	-1.1%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau and 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

Characteristics of Housing Units

	Town of C	Clinton	Middlesex	ex County State of Co		nnecticut	
Sales Price Category	<u>Number</u>	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
\$ 0 to \$50,000	177	4.1	1,231	2.5	24,122	2.6	
50,000 to 99,999	50	1.2	971	1.9	26,438	2.9	
100,000 to 149,999	184	4.3	2,823	5.6	72,756	8.0	
150,000 to 199,999	397	9.2	5,893	11.8	137,797	15.1	
200,000 to 299,999	1,769	41.2	15,943	31.9	257,364	28.2	
300,000 to 499,999	1,255	29.2	17,071	34.1	243,882	26.7	
500,000 to 999,999	328	7.6	4,953	9.9	109,918	12.0	
1,000,000 and over	137	3.2	1,119	2.2	40,766	4.5	
Total	4,297	100.0	50,004	100.0	913,043	100.0	
Median Value	\$280,600		\$292,000		\$274,500		

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

Age Distribution of Housing

	Town o	Town of Clinton		Middlesex County		onnecticut
Year Built	<u>Units</u>	Percent	<u>Units</u>	Percent	<u>Units</u>	Percent
1939 or earlier	828	13.8	14,773	19.7	334,290	22.4
1940 - 1949	420	7.0	4,041	5.4	104,523	7.0
1950 - 1959	689	11.5	8,700	11.6	232,682	15.6
1960 - 1969	1,562	26.0	9,240	12.3	199,413	13.4
1970 - 1979	714	11.9	11,031	14.7	200,288	13.4
1980 - 1989	924	15.4	11,799	15.7	193,794	13.0
1990 - 1999	496	8.3	8,180	10.9	113,875	7.6
2000 - 2009	308	5.1	7,010	9.3	104,093	7.0
2010 or later	60	1.0	307	0.4	7,423	0.5
Total Housing	6,001	100.0	75,081	100.0	1,490,381	100.0

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

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SECTION IV - INDEBTEDNESS

Computation of Statutory Debt Limit (1)

As of February 9, 2016 (Pro Forma)

Total Fiscal Year 2015 tax collections (including interest and lien fees)									
State Reimbursement for Revenue Loss on:									
Loca	al Property tax reli	ef for elderly				2,000			
Base for Establ	ishing Debt Limit					\$ 39,537,414			
Debt Limit (1)					Unfunded				
Debt Limit (1)	General			Urban	Pension	Total			
	Purpose	School	Sewer	Renewal	Obligation	Debt			
(2.25 times base)	\$ 88,959,182	School	Sewei	Reliewai	Obligation	Deut			
(4.50 times base)	\$ 66,939,162	\$ 177,918,363							
,		\$ 177,918,303	¢ 149 265 202						
(3.75 times base)			\$ 148,265,303	Ф 12 0 406 7 06					
(3.25 times base)				\$ 128,496,596	ф.1.10.<1 2.2.12				
(3.00 times base)					\$ 118,612,242	*			
(7.00 times base)						\$ 276,761,898			
Indebtedness (Including th	e Bonds and Note	s)							
Bonds Payable	\$ 15,797,000	\$ 13,918,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,715,000			
The Bonds (This Issue)	2,300,000	12,000,000	-	-	-	14,300,000			
The Notes (This Issue)	-	14,000,000	-	-	-	14,000,000			
Authorized but						-			
Unissued Debt	3,159,000	13,358,144	-	-	-	16,517,144			
Total Indebtedness	21,256,000	53,276,144				74,532,144			
Grants Receivable (2)	=	(11,043,539)	-	-	-	(11,043,539)			
Total Net Indebtedness	21,256,000	42,232,605				63,488,605			
Excess of Limit Over		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Outstanding and									
Authorized Debt	\$ 67,703,182	\$ 135,685,758	\$ 148,265,303	\$ 128,496,596	\$ 118,612,242	\$ 213,273,293			

⁽¹⁾ Under Connecticut General Statutes, total indebtedness for all classes cannot exceed seven times the base, or \$276,761,898.

Source: Town Officials.

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⁽²⁾ It is estimated that the Town will receive State of Connecticut School Construction grant progress payments in the amount of \$27,211,395 during the construction of the project. As of February 9, 2016, the Town has received progress payments in the amount of \$16,167,856. (See "School Projects" and "Authorized but Unissued Debt" herein).

Calculation of Net Direct Indebtedness

As of February 9, 2016 (Pro Forma)

Long-Term Indebtedness (1)	
The Bonds (This Issue)	\$ 14,300,000
General Purpose	15,797,000
Schools	 13,918,000
Total Long-Term Indebtedness	44,015,000
Short-Term Indebtedness	
The Notes (This Issue)	 14,000,000
Total Direct Indebtedness	58,015,000
Exclusions:	
(State School Building Grants Receivable)	
Total Net Direct Indebtedness	\$ 58,015,000

⁽¹⁾ Does not include authorized but unissued debt of \$16,517,144. (See "Authorized but Unissued Debt" herein.)

Current Debt Ratios

As of February 9, 2016 (Pro Forma)

Total Direct Indebtedness	\$ 58,015,000
Total Net Direct Indebtedness	\$ 58,015,000
Population (1)	13,188
Net Taxable Grand List (10/1/14)	\$ 1,509,658,837
Estimated Full Value	\$ 2,156,655,481
Equalized Net Taxable Grand List (2013) (2)	\$ 2,114,190,882
Per Capita Income (2013) (3)	\$37,449
Total Direct Indebtedness:	
Per Capita	\$4,399.07
To Net Taxable Grand List	3.84%
To Estimated Full Value	2.69%
To Equalized Net Taxable Grand List	2.74%
Per Capita to Per Capita Income	11.75%
Total Net Direct Indebtedness:	
Per Capita	\$4,399.07
To Net Taxable Grand List	3.84%
To Estimated Full Value	2.69%
To Equalized Net Taxable Grand List	2.74%
Per Capita to Per Capita Income	11.75%
U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.	

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.

⁽²⁾ Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut

Historical Debt Statement

	 2014-15	 2013-14	 2012-13	2011-12	2010-11
Population (1)	13,188	13,188	13,188	13,188	13,188
Net taxable grand list	\$ 1,505,482,578	\$ 1,499,396,462	\$ 1,496,831,086	\$ 1,490,408,085	\$ 1,657,196,850
Estimated full value	\$ 2,150,689,397	\$ 2,141,994,946	\$ 2,138,330,123	\$ 2,129,154,407	\$ 2,367,424,071
Equalized net taxable grand list (2)	\$ 2,114,190,882	\$ 2,143,157,440	\$ 2,096,939,873	\$ 2,130,140,264	\$ 2,222,717,758
Per capita income (2014) (1)	\$ 37,449	\$ 37,449	\$ 37,449	\$ 37,449	\$ 37,449
Short-term debt	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 17,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 3,700,000	\$ -
Long-term debt	 31,195,000	 27,510,000	 21,800,000	 17,115,000	 18,465,000
Total Direct Indebtedness	\$ 57,195,000	\$ 44,510,000	\$ 26,800,000	\$ 20,815,000	\$ 18,465,000
Net Direct Indebtedness	\$ 57,195,000	\$ 44,510,000	\$ 26,800,000	\$ 20,815,000	\$ 18,418,490

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey.
- (2) Office of Policy and Management, State of Connecticut

Historical Debt Ratios

	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11
Total Direct Indebtedness:			_		_
Per capita	\$4,336.90	\$3,375.04	\$2,032.15	\$1,578.33	\$1,400.14
To net taxable grand list	3.80%	2.97%	1.79%	1.40%	1.11%
To estimated full value	2.66%	2.08%	1.25%	0.98%	0.78%
To equalized net taxable					
grand list	2.71%	2.08%	1.28%	0.98%	0.83%
Debt per capita to per capita					
income	11.43%	8.90%	5.36%	4.16%	3.69%
Net Direct Indebtedness:					
Per capita	\$4,336.90	\$3,375.04	\$2,032.15	\$1,578.33	\$1,396.61
To net taxable grand list	3.80%	2.97%	1.79%	1.40%	1.11%
To estimated full value	2.66%	2.08%	1.25%	0.98%	0.78%
To equalized net taxable					
grand list	2.71%	2.08%	1.28%	0.98%	0.83%
Debt per capita to per capita					
income	11.58%	9.01%	5.43%	4.21%	3.73%

Outstanding Short-Term Indebtedness

The Town will have \$14,000,000 outstanding in short-term bond anticipation notes with this issue.

Overlapping and Underlying Indebtedness

Within the Town are numerous improvement districts and beach associations that have authority to issue tax-exempt debt which constitutes underlying debt of the Town. Currently such jurisdictions report no underlying debt.

Capital Leases

As of June 30, 2015, the Town had no outstanding lease obligations.

Legal Requirements for Approval of Borrowing

The Town has the power to incur indebtedness by issuing its bonds or notes as authorized by the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended, subject to statutory debt limitations and the requirements of the Town Charter for the authorization of indebtedness. Upon vote of the Board of Selectmen after recommendation by the Board of Finance, and after approval by voters at a Town Meeting, the Town may issue bonds pursuant to the General Statutes for the purposes and amounts authorized by the Town but to the limit allowed by the General Statutes. A referendum is required if such bond resolutions equal five percent or more of the current tax levy. In accordance with Section 7-370c of the Connecticut General Statutes, the issuance of refunding bonds may be authorized by resolution of the Board of Selectmen.

Temporary Financing

When general obligation bonds have been authorized, bond anticipation notes may be issued. Bond anticipation notes may be renewed up to ten years from their original date of issue as long as all project grant payments are applied toward payment of project costs or such notes when they become due and payable, and the legislative body schedules principal reductions by the end of the third year and for each subsequent year during which such notes remain outstanding, in an amount equal to a minimum of $1/20^{th}$ ($1/30^{th}$ for sewer projects and certain school projects) of the estimated net project cost (CGS Sec. 7-378a). The maximum term of the bond issue is reduced by the amount of time temporary financing exceeds two years.

All temporary notes must be permanently funded no later than ten years from their initial borrowing date, except sewer notes issued in anticipation of State and/or Federal grants. If written commitment exists, the municipality may renew the sewer notes from time to time in terms not to exceed six months until such time that the final grant payments are received (CGS Sec. 7-378b).

Temporary notes issued to finance the operation of a waterworks system (CGS Sec. 7-244a) or a sewage system (CGS Sec. 7-264a) may be issued for up to 15 years. In the first year following the completion of the project(s), or in the sixth year following the original date of issue (whichever is sooner), and in each year thereafter, such notes must be reduced by 1/15th of the total amount of the notes issued by funds derived from sources of payment specified by statute. Temporary notes may be issued in one-year maturities for up to 15 years in anticipation of sewer assessments receivable, such notes to be reduced annually by the amount of assessments received during the preceding year (CGS Sec. 7-269a).

School Projects

Pursuant to Section 10-287i of the Connecticut General Statutes, the State of Connecticut will provide proportional progress payments for eligible school construction expenses on projects approved after July 1, 1996. State grants will be paid directly to the municipality after it submits its request for progress payments, and accordingly, the municipality will issue its bonds only for the net share of project costs. Under the current program, the State of Connecticut will make proportional progress payments for eligible construction costs during certain phases of construction.

The following project is being reimbursed at the estimated reimbursement rate shown below:

	Amount of	Estimated	Estimated		
	Total	Non-reimbursable	Eligible Cost	Reimbursement	Estimated
Project	Authorization	Costs	For Reimbursement	Rate % (1)	Grants (1)
New Morgan High School	\$ 64,750,000	\$ 2,765,046	\$ 61,984,954	43.90	\$ 27,211,395

(1) Estimated grants for total project. Eligible costs to be determined upon completion of the project audit, and are likely to change.

Authorized but Unissued Debt

	Original	Revised					
	Amount	Amount	Prior	Paydowns/	The Bonds	The Notes	Authorized
Projects	Authorized	Authorized	Bonds Issued	Grants	(This Issue)	(This Issue)	But Unissued
2011 Various Infrastructure Improvement							
Roads, Sidewalks & Drainage	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
WSAM Restoration	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-	-	-
IRRC Artificial Turf	985,000	1,001,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000 (1)
Beach Building	120,000	109,000	-	-	-	-	109,000 (1)
Bulkheads and Uplands	900,000	900,000	900,000	-	-	-	-
Various School Projects	775,000	775,000	-	-	-	-	775,000 (1)
Fiber Optics	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000 (1)
Salt Shed	600,000	600,000	600,000	-	-	-	-
Old Police Department	1,500,000	1,495,000	1,495,000	-	-	-	-
New Morgan High School	64,750,000	64,750,000	10,000,000	(16,167,856)	12,000,000	14,000,000	12,582,144 (2)
Fire Department Breathing Apparatus	650,000	650,000	-	-	-	-	650,000
2015 Various Infrastrure Improvement Projects							
Police Department HVAC	250,000	250,000	-	-	-		250,000
Bulkhead Supplemental	200,000	200,000	-	-	-		200,000
Road Projects	3,450,000	3,450,000	-	-	2,000,000		1,450,000
Streetscape Phase III	300,000	300,000			300,000		
Total	\$ 78,980,000	\$ 78,980,000	\$ 17,995,000	\$ (16,167,856)	\$ 14,300,000	\$ 14,000,000	\$ 16,517,144

- (1) It is expected that the Town will cash fund these balances with previously unexpended bond proceeds.
- (2) It is estimated that the Town will receive State of Connecticut School Construction grant progress payments in the amount of \$27,211,395 during the construction of the project. The grants received will reduce the authorized but unissued debt by a similar amount. (See "School Projects" herein).

Capital Improvement Program

The Board of Selectmen annually submits an updated five-year capital improvement program (the "Plan") to the Board of Finance. The Plan is a systematic program to add or replace capital items for each department within the General Government and Board of Education. The 2016-2021 Plan projects a total of \$38,977,762 in projects. A copy of the most recent Plan is available from the office of the Director of Finance.

It is expected that the Town will finance \$23,000,000 for a waste water solution by participating in the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund Program which provides financial assistance through a combination of grants and loans bearing an interest rate of 2% per annum. All participating municipalities receive a grant of 20% and a loan of 80% of total eligible costs. The remaining projects are expected to be funded by a combination of the following: the general fund, capital projects fund, grants and bonding.

Combined Schedule of Long Term Debt through Maturity – General Fund As of February 9, 2016 (Pro Forma)

Fiscal	Principal	Interest	Total	The Bonds	Principal	
Year	Payments (1)	Payments	Debt Service (1)	(This Issue)	All Issues (1)	
2015-16	\$ 1,480,000	\$ 977,099	\$ 2,457,099	\$ -	\$ 1,480,000	
2016-17	1,780,000	929,781	2,709,781	-	1,780,000	
2017-18	2,150,000	865,856	3,015,856	-	2,150,000	
2018-19	2,170,000	798,006	2,968,006	590,000	2,760,000	
2019-20	2,125,000	714,769	2,839,769	590,000	2,715,000	
2020-21	2,110,000	650,994	2,760,994	665,000	2,775,000	
2021-22	2,100,000	584,594	2,684,594	815,000	2,915,000	
2022-23	2,115,000	525,194	2,640,194	815,000	2,930,000	
2023-24	2,150,000	463,300	2,613,300	815,000	2,965,000	
2024-25	1,375,000	414,838	1,789,838	815,000	2,190,000	
2025-26	1,375,000	377,088	1,752,088	815,000	2,190,000	
2026-27	1,375,000	337,838	1,712,838	815,000	2,190,000	
2027-28	1,400,000	297,213	1,697,213	815,000	2,215,000	
2028-29	1,400,000	251,994	1,651,994	815,000	2,215,000	
2029-30	1,400,000	205,213	1,605,213	815,000	2,215,000	
2030-31	1,395,000	157,525	1,552,525	820,000	2,215,000	
2031-32	1,125,000	110,050	1,235,050	820,000	1,945,000	
2032-33	1,125,000	72,925	1,197,925	870,000	1,995,000	
2033-34	745,000	35,800	780,800	870,000	1,615,000	
2034-35	300,000	9,000	309,000	870,000	1,170,000	
2035-36				870,000	870,000	
	\$ 31,195,000	\$ 8,779,077	\$ 39,974,077	\$ 14,300,000	\$ 45,495,000	

⁽¹⁾ Does not reflect principal payments of \$1,480,000 made by the Town as of February 9, 2016.

Source: Town Officials.

SECTION V - FINANCIAL DATA

Accounting Policies

The Town's accounting policies are summarized in Note 1 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Basis of Accounting

See Note 1 "Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation" in the Notes to Financial Statements ("Appendix A").

Audit

Pursuant to the provisions as delineated in the Municipal Auditing Act (Chapter 111 of the Connecticut General Statutes), the Town is obligated to undergo an annual examination by an independent certified public accountant. The firm of Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C. ("Blum"), of West Hartford, Connecticut, is the auditor, and is required to conduct an examination under the guidelines issued by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy & Management, which receives a copy of said audit report when completed.

The most recent audited report covers the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Included in this Official Statement and made a part hereof as "Appendix A" are the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Town's Basic Financial Statements and Notes to the Financial Statements, together with the report of the independent auditor as prepared by Blum. The information contained in "Appendix A" is not the entire audit report. A copy of the complete report is available upon request to the Director of Finance, Town of Clinton.

Budgetary Procedures

The Town follows the following procedure in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds financial statements. Financial controls are provided under a six member Board of Finance responsible for approving annual budgets, all other Town appropriations, and determining of the tax rate. The annual budget making process for the Town is outlined in the Town Charter. The timetable is established annually but all actions must be completed at least 30 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year based upon a budget submitted by the Board of Selectmen. The budget making process is detailed below:

On or About	Action				
The first week in December	Departments, offices, boards, commissions submit estimates of receipts and expenditures to the Board of Selectmen.				
January	The Board of Selectmen makes changes and recommendations to the Board of Finance.				
February	The Board of Finance reviews and adjusts budget requests.				
Not less than fourteen days prior to the Annual Budget Meeting	The Board of Finance holds a public hearing on the proposed budget.				
The first Wednesday in May	Town Meeting (Annual Budget Meeting) acts on proposed budget.				

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except those for the Capital Projects Fund and certain special revenue grants. Appropriations for Capital Projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

Employee Pension Systems

The Town of Clinton Police Pension Plan, a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System ("PERS") was established and is administered by the Town to provide pension benefits to its police employees. As of the latest actuary report dated July 1, 2014, the Plan had 44 participants. For further details of the Plan and its funding status as of July 1, 2014, see Appendix A, page A-34.

The Town has implemented Government Accounting Standards Board's ("GASB") Statement No. 67 effective Fiscal Year 2014. Net position is based on fair market value as of June 30, 2015 and the Total Pension Liability is based on the actuarial assumptions as of the prior valuation date updated to July 1, 2014. The date of the Town's most recent actuarial valuation was July 1, 2014.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, the components of the net pension liability of the Town's – Police Plan as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Town - Police			
	Plan			
Total pension liability	\$	18,458,582		
Plan fiduciary net postion	11,432,956			
	Φ.	5.005.c0c		
Net pension liability	\$	7,025,626		
Plan fiduciary net position as a %				
of total pension liability		61.94%		

The following represents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.8%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.8%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.8%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease 6.80%	Discount Rate 7.80%	1% Increase 8.80%					
Town - Police Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,137,325	\$ 7,025,626	\$ 5,265,953					

The Town of Clinton Board of Education is the administrator of a single-employer PERS established and administered by the Board of Education to provide pension benefits to the noncertified employees of the Board of Education. As of the latest actuary report dated July 1, 2014, the Plan had 110 participants. For further details of the Plan and its funding status as of July 1, 2014, see Appendix A, page A-38.

		rd of Education rtified Employees		
	Plan			
Total pension liability	\$	7,033,927		
Plan fiduciary net postion		5,011,436		
Net pension liability	\$	2,022,491		
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		71.25%		

The following represents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	Current						
-	1% Decrease 6.00%		count Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%			
Board of Education - Noncertified Employees	\$ 2,770,845	\$	2,022,491	\$	1,381,810		

Based on the July 1, 2015 and July 1, 2014 actuarial valuations, the actuarial value of assets and actuarial liabilities for the Town-Police and Board of Education-Noncertified Employee Plans, respectively, were as follows:

Schedule of Funding Progress (Town - Police Plan)

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Funded (Unfunded)	%
Actuarial	Value	Liability	AAL	Funded
Valuation	of Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio
July 1	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(a) / (b)
2011	\$ 8,874,787	\$ 15,030,673	\$ (6,155,886)	59.0
2012	8,658,132	15,950,658	(7,292,526)	54.3
2013	9,139,686	17,224,240	(8,084,554)	53.1
2014	10,226,990	17,866,208	(7,639,218)	57.2
2015	11,357,812	18,879,034	(7,521,222)	60.2

(Board of Education - Noncertified Employees Plan)

		Actuarial	Funded	
	Actuarial	Accrued	(Unfunded)	%
Actuarial	Value	Liability	AAL	Funded
Valuation	of Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio
July 1	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(a) / (b)
2010	\$ 3,417,014	\$ 5,023,710	\$ (1,606,696)	68.0
2011	3,683,914	5,312,837	(1,628,923)	69.3
2012	3,828,021	5,540,420	(1,712,399)	69.1
2013	4,213,406	5,855,673	(1,642,267)	72.0
2014	4,766,096	6,473,544	(1,707,448)	73.6

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Schedule of Employer Contributions (Town - Police Plan)

	Actuarial		
	Required	Actual	Percentage
Fiscal Year	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed
2012	\$ 700,749	\$ 700,749	100.0
2013	836,845	836,845	100.0
2014	969,323	969,323	100.0
2015	1,023,233	975,000	95.3
2016(1)	904,253	904,253	100.0

(Board of Education - Noncertified Employees Plan)

	Actuarial		
	Required	Actual	Percentage
Fiscal Year	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed
2012	\$ 295,245	\$ 300,000	101.6
2013	305,861	305,861	100.0
2014	320,033	320,033	100.0
2015	330,777	330,777	100.0
2016(1)	348,370	348,370	100.0

⁽¹⁾ As budgeted for fiscal year 2015-16.

All full-time employees of the Town of Clinton, except the Board of Education and police department personnel, participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System ("MERS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system ("PERS") established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. See Appendix A, page A-44 for further details of the plan.

The following represents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.0%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	6 Decrease 7.00%		8.00%		Increase 9.00%
Town's proportionate share of the MERS net pension liability	\$	2,526,213	\$	1,244,011	\$	158,519

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the State of Connecticut Teachers Retirement System ("CTRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system ("PERS") administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. The Town does not contribute to CTRS, which is State administered as required by State statutes. See Appendix A, page A-48 for further details on the Plan and its funding status.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing medical benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The Post-Retirement Medical Program ("RMP") covers Town and Board of Education employees. Eligible retirees and their spouses can receive medical and life insurance in accordance with the plan documents. The percentage contribution and eligibility of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed within the Town's various bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this program.

The Town's funding and payment of postemployment benefits are accounted for in the General Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Town has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines. The Town is currently developing a funding strategy to provide for normal cost and the amortization of the accrued liability. Although a trust fund may not be established in the future to exclusively control the funding and reporting of postemployment benefits, the Town anticipates a commitment to fund normal cost and a long-term approach to the amortization of the actuarial accrued liability. The goal is to absorb, within the budgetary process, the actual cost of benefits in the determination of the costs of providing services to taxpayers. The Town's funding strategy for postemployment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits on two distinct groups of employees established within their respective collective bargaining units and/or contracts and include the following:

- Clinton Board of Education Retirees are required to pay 100% of the health premium for self and spouse, less the \$1,320 annual CT Teachers Retirement Board subsidy, who retire from the school system meeting the following criteria by bargaining group:
 - O Teachers and Administrators are eligible at the earliest of age 60 with 20 years of service, or completion of 35 years of service regardless of age for normal retirement and earliest of age 60 with 10 years of service, any age with 25 years of service, or age 55 with 20 years of service under early retirement.
 - BOE Non-Certified employees are eligible for retirement at age 65 with 10 years of service. Early retirement is age 55 with 10 years of service.
- The Town of Clinton funds 100% of the cost of life insurance and medical insurance for Town Employees who retire meeting the following criteria by bargaining group:
 - Administrative employees at the Town are eligible to receive life insurance at age 55 with 10 years of service and medical insurance only if they retire after age 65 with 10 years of service. Administrators' life insurance is \$10,000.
 - Police employees age 55 with 10 years of continuous service or age 55 and 15 years of noncontinuous service or 25 years of service have access to a Major Medical plan until age 62 at no cost to the retiree.
 - All other Town employees are eligible to receive life insurance at age 55 and 10 years of service and medical insurance only if they retire after age 65 with 10 years of service. Eligible life insurance for these individuals is \$5,000.
 - Only two existing retirees have spouse coverage, and no future retirees are eligible for spouse coverage.

The Town of Clinton's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan for Board of Education employees was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$8,150,872, and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") of approximately \$8,150,872. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was not available. For further details of the Plan and its funding status as of July 1, 2013, see Appendix A, page A-51.

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan for Town employees was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was approximately \$2,254,000 and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") of approximately \$2,254,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,138,900. For further details of the Plan and its funding status as of July 1, 2014, see Appendix A, page A-51.

Schedule of Funding Progress (Town Plan)

			Actuarial	Funded	
	Actu	arial	Accrued	(Unfunded)	%
Actuarial	Val	Value Liability		AAL	Funded
Valuation	of As	sets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio
Date	(a	1)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(a) / (b)
7/1/2008	\$	-	\$ 1,880,100	\$ (1,880,100)	0.0
7/1/2010		-	2,249,400	(2,249,400)	0.0
7/1/2012		-	2,267,000	(2,267,000)	0.0
7/1/2014		-	2,254,800	(2,254,800)	0.0

(Board of Education Plan)

		Actuarial	Funded	
	Actuarial	Accrued	(Unfunded)	%
Actuarial	Value	Liability	AAL	Funded
Valuation	of Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio
Date	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(a) / (b)
6/30/2009	\$	\$ 9,535,000	\$ (9,535,000)	0.0
7/1/2011		8,125,000	(8,125,000)	0.0
7/1/2013		8,150,872	(8,150,872)	0.0

Schedule of Employer Contributions (Town Plan)

	Α	ctuarial			
	R	Required		Actual	
Fiscal Year	Cor	Contribution		ntribution	Contributed
2011	\$	146,600	\$	107,500	73.3
2012		171,700		98,500	57.4
2013		173,400		98,700	56.9
2014		177,600		70,200	39.5
2015		179,500		92,000	51.3

(Board of Education Plan)

	Actuarial Required		A	Actual		
Fiscal Year	Contribution		Contribution		Contribute	d
2011	\$	586,000	\$	320,000	54.6	
2012	(521,000		323,000	52.0	
2013	4	542,000		220,000	40.6	
2014	4	577,000		235,000	40.7	
2015	7	702,599		257,753	36.7	

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation for the Board of Education, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the closed group method. The UAAL is being amortized on a level percent basis with a remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014 of 26 years.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation for the Town employees, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the open group method. The UAAL is being amortized each year over a constant 30-year period, as a level dollar amount.

Investment Policies and Procedures

The Town Charter and Sections 7-400 and 7-402 of the Connecticut General Statutes govern the investments that the Town is permitted to acquire. Generally, the Town may invest in certificates of deposit, municipal notes and bonds, obligations of the United States of America, including joint and several obligations of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, obligations of the United States Postal Service, all the Federal Home Loan Banks, all Federal Land Banks, the Tennessee Valley Authority, or any other agency of the United States government, and certain mutual funds and money market mutual funds.

The Town's investment practices have been to invest in certificates of deposit, the State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund ("STIF") and the Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund ("TEPF"). The Town does not invest in derivative investment products.

Assessment Practices

The Town of Clinton last revalued its real property to be effective on the October 1, 2015 Grand List, for the 2016-17 fiscal year. The next revaluation is scheduled for October 1, 2020. Under Section 12-62 of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Town must revalue all real estate by physical inspection no later than ten years following the preceding physical inspection. The Town must conduct a statistical revaluation no later than five years after the last physical inspection. The maintenance of an equitable tax base and the location and appraisal of all real and personal property within the Town for inclusion on the Grand List is the responsibility of the Assessor. The Grand List represents the total of assessed value for all taxable real and personal property located within the Town as of October 1. A Board of Assessment Appeals determines whether adjustments to the Assessor's list on assessments under appeal are warranted. Assessments are computed at seventy percent (70%) of market value at the time of the last general revaluation.

When a new structure or modification to an existing structure is undertaken, the Assessor's Office receives a copy of the permit issued by the Building Inspector. A physical appraisal is then completed and the structure classified and priced from a schedule developed as of the revaluation. Property depreciation and obsolescence factors are also considered when arriving at an equitable value.

Motor vehicle lists are furnished to the Town by the State of Connecticut and appraisals of motor vehicles are accomplished in accordance with an automotive price schedule as recommended by the State Office of Policy and Management and the Assessor. Section 12-71b of the Connecticut General Statutes provides that motor vehicles which are registered with the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles after the October 1 assessment date but before the next August 1 are subject to a property tax as if the motor vehicle had been included on the October 1 Grand List. The tax is prorated, and the pro-ration is based on the number of months of ownership between October 1 and the following July 31. Cars purchased in August and September are not taxed until the next October 1 Grand list. If the motor vehicle replaces a motor vehicle that was taxed on the October Grand List, the taxpayer is entitled to certain credits.

All business personal property (furniture, fixtures, equipment, machinery and leased equipment) is assessed annually. An assessor's clerk and audit is completed periodically. Assessments for both personal property and motor vehicles are computed at seventy (70%) of present market value.

Section 12-124a of the Connecticut General Statutes permits a municipality, upon approval of its legislative body, to abate property taxes on owner-occupied residences to the extent that the taxes exceed eight percent of the owner's total income, from any source, adjusted for self-employed persons to reflect expenses allowed in determining adjusted gross income. The owner must agree to pay the amount of taxes abated with interest at 6% per annum, or at such rate approved by the legislative body, at such time that the residence is sold or transferred or on the death of the last surviving owner. A lien for such amounts is recorded in the land records but does not take precedence over any mortgage recorded before the lien. The Town has approved the use of this abatement provision.

Tax Collection Procedure

Taxes for the fiscal year are paid on the grand list of the prior October 1, and are due July 1, payable in two installments, one half on July 1 and one half on January 1. Payments not received by August 1 and February 1 become delinquent.

According to the provisions of Public Act No. 82-141, effective July 1, 1982, and applicable to property taxes due on or after said date, delinquent property taxes were subject to interest at the rate of 1.5% per month. Real estate is liened for delinquent taxes within one year after the tax due date.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Fiscal Year Ending 6/30	Net Taxable Grand List (1)	Tax Rate (In Mills)	Total Adjusted Tax Levy	% Collected End of Each FY]	collected Taxes End of ach FY	-	collected Taxes of 6/30/15
2016 (Adopted Budget)	\$ 1,509,658,837	26.77	\$ 40,912,038	In Process	I	n Process	I	n Process
2015	1,505,482,578	26.27	39,363,348	99.3	\$	293,700	\$	293,700
2014	1,499,699,562	25.43	38,153,083	99.1		343,118		138,488
2013	1,496,831,086	25.18	37,573,535	99.3		276,834		122,129
2012	1,490,408,085	24.92	37,085,402	99.2		293,365		84,863
2011	1,657,196,850	22.41	37,002,482	99.5		196,226		48,643
2010	1,653,321,289	21.88	34,561,268	99.3		245,656		29,132
2009	1,652,335,831	20.94	34,582,861	99.8		292,797		15,373
2008	1,641,869,692	20.26	33,226,783	99.3		218,065		13,016
2007	1,629,017,115	19.57	31,781,777	99.5		167,022		12,870

⁽¹⁾ Net Taxable Grand List as of October 1 (Includes Board of Assessment Appeals).

Source: Town Officials.

Taxable Grand List (1)

Grand			Motor	Gross		
List	Real	Personal	Vehicle	Taxable	Less	Net Taxable
Dated	Property	Property	Property	Grand List	Exemptions	Grand List
10/01/14	\$ 1,360,151,926	\$ 64,535,941	\$ 95,916,190	\$ 1,520,604,057	\$ 10,945,220	\$ 1,509,658,837
10/01/13	1,356,992,590	62,414,261	95,216,227	1,514,623,078	9,140,500	1,505,482,578
10/01/12	1,356,770,850	59,830,167	92,309,005	1,508,910,022	9,210,460	1,499,699,562
10/01/11	1,354,309,290	75,786,176	92,342,420	1,522,437,886	25,606,800	1,496,831,086
10/01/10	1,355,274,466	69,350,609	88,269,290	1,512,894,365	22,486,280	1,490,408,085
10/01/09	1,523,293,900	71,210,509	84,523,821	1,679,028,230	21,831,380	1,657,196,850
10/01/08	1,518,625,490	73,111,812	83,353,255	1,675,090,557	21,769,268	1,653,321,289
10/01/07	1,509,458,540	73,144,281	89,311,410	1,671,914,231	19,578,400	1,652,335,831
10/01/06	1,499,881,740	70,547,931	87,440,950	1,657,870,621	16,000,929	1,641,869,692
10/01/05	1,489,568,770	68,844,995	86,483,720	1,644,897,485	15,880,370	1,629,017,115

⁽¹⁾ The Grand List represents the total of assessed value for all taxable real and personal property located within the Town as of October 1 (Includes Board of Assessment Appeals). A Board of Assessment Appeals determines whether adjustments to the Assessor's list on assessments under appeal are warranted. Assessments are computed at seventy percent (70%) of market value at the time of the last revaluation (Grand List of 10/1/15). The next revaluation is scheduled for 10/1/20.

Source: Town of Clinton Assessor's Office.

The following table sets forth the Real Property portion of the Town's taxable grand list by component:

Grand List	Residential	Commercial	Public Utilities/	Industrial	Total
Dated	Property	Property	Vacant Land	Property	Real Property
10/01/14	\$ 1,182,352,773	\$ 137,317,283	\$ 17,056,040	\$ 23,425,830	\$ 1,360,151,926
10/01/13	1,179,612,477	133,438,803	17,481,560	26,459,750	1,356,992,590
10/01/12	1,175,718,507	134,251,003	18,245,240	28,556,100	1,356,770,850
10/01/11	1,167,573,390	138,566,540	18,509,150	29,660,210	1,354,309,290
10/01/10	1,163,222,040	143,666,276	18,915,040	29,471,110	1,355,274,466
10/01/09	1,309,915,530	156,276,340	25,111,510	31,990,520	1,523,293,900
10/01/08	1,304,883,660	156,072,440	26,635,690	32,033,700	1,519,625,490
10/01/07	1,296,592,560	154,338,640	26,790,140	31,737,200	1,509,458,540
10/01/06	1,288,110,535	153,390,365	26,959,340	31,421,500	1,499,881,740
10/01/05	1,269,090,249	160,347,331	28,670,190	31,461,000	1,489,568,770

Source: Town of Clinton Assessor's Office.

Largest Taxpayers

The following table sets forth the ten largest taxpayers in the Town per the Grand List dated October 1, 2014:

		Total
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Operations	As of 10/1/14
Chelsea GCA Realty Partnership LP	Retail Factory Outlet	\$ 38,381,100
Connecticut Water Company	Public Water Supply Co.	16,144,620
Connecticut Light and Power	Utility	8,734,970
JMH Associates	Retail Shopping Plaza	8,782,520
NPNC, LLC	Retail Shopping Plaza	8,304,250
CIM LLC	Real Estate	4,679,000
Chesebrough-Ponds (Including		
Conopco, CTO Assoc. & Unilever)	Cosmetics	4,312,900
The Hammocks Real Estate	Real Estate	3,163,500
MJM	Self Storage	3,013,100
Clinton Country Club	Recreational	2,743,200
Total		\$ 98,259,160 (1)

⁽¹⁾ Represents 6.51% of the October 1, 2014 net taxable grand list of \$1,509,658,837.

Source: Town of Clinton Assessor's Office.

Revenues

The Town derives its revenues from a direct tax levy on property, State and Federal aid, various fees and charges, and certain miscellaneous sources. Town revenues are summarized for fiscal years ended 2011-2015 in "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (GAAP Basis) - General Fund" herein. The prior year's appropriated surplus is also available to support current operating expenditures.

Property Tax Revenues

	General Fund	Property Tax	Property Tax As a %
Fiscal Year	Revenues	Revenues	of General Fund Revenues
2016 (Adopted Budget)	\$ 49,292,818	\$ 39,724,140	80.6
2015	51,449,628	39,563,337	76.9
2014	51,097,320	38,123,058	74.6
2013	50,047,900	37,634,261	75.2
2012	49,723,025	37,169,019	74.8
2011	48,092,673	37,135,422	77.2
2010	47,289,809	36,324,724	76.8
2009	45,547,139	34,605,637	76.0
2008 (1)	53,305,221	33,299,853	62.5
2007	42,707,544	31,819,683	74.5

⁽¹⁾ Includes one-time pass-through state funding for the teachers' retirement system pension liability in the amount of \$10,342,943 an increase of approximately \$8,628,750.

Source: Annual audited financial statements, fiscal year 2015-16 adopted budget.

Intergovernmental Revenues

			Intergovernmental
	General Fund	Intergovernment	Revenues as a %
Fiscal Year	Revenues	Revenues	of General Fund Revenues
2016 (Adopted Budget)	\$ 49,292,818	\$ 8,149,878	16.5
2015	51,449,628	10,931,383	21.2
2014	51,097,320	11,757,984	23.0
2013	50,047,900	11,389,907	22.8
2012	49,723,025	11,674,036	23.5
2011	48,092,673	10,133,578	21.1
2010	47,289,809	10,091,741	21.3
2009	45,547,139	9,965,372	21.9
2008 (1)	53,305,221	18,180,031	34.1
2007	42,707,544	9,340,640	21.9

⁽¹⁾ Includes one-time pass-through state funding for the teachers' retirement system pension liability in the amount of \$10,342,943 an increase of approximately \$8,628,750.

Source: Annual audited financial statements, fiscal year 2015-16 adopted budget.

Expenditures

Fiscal Year	Board of Education %	General Government %	Public Safety %	Debt Service %	Public Works
2016 (Adopted Budget)	65.4	12.7	9.0	5.2	3.6
2015	68.1	12.2	8.2	4.4	3.3
2014	68.9	11.6	8.4	4.1	3.4
2013	68.1	11.9	7.9	3.7	4.8
2012	67.0	11.6	8.4	4.0	5.8
2011	69.8	11.8	7.7	3.8	3.3
2010	69.4	11.5	7.9	4.0	3.3
2009	69.3	11.0	8.2	4.3	3.5
2008 (1)	73.9	9.9	6.7	3.9	2.9
2007	68.7	11.2	8.5	5.1	3.1

⁽¹⁾ Includes one-time pass-through state funding for the teachers' retirement system pension liability in the amount of \$10,342,943 an increase of approximately \$8,628,750.

Source: Annual audited financial statements, fiscal year 2015-16 adopted budget.

Comparative General Fund Operating Statement (Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis)

Final Actual Favorable Adopted Budget Operations (Unfavorable) Budget Property taxes \$39,419,992 \$39,563,337 \$143,345 \$39,724,140 Intergovernmental 7,917,434 7,878,434 (39,000) 8,149,878 Charges for services 733,800 810,660 76,860 1,203,800 Investment income 70,000 39,953 (30,047) 40,000 Miscellaneous 45,000 142,802 97,802 175,000 TOTAL REVENUES 48,186,226 48,435,186 248,960 49,292,818 EXPENDITURES Current: Ceneral government 6,048,585 6,048,585 5 6,085,663 Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 4,140,032 4,132,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 5 1,716,864 Planning and development 327,296 327,296 3 42,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 484,048 484,048 484,049 4740,104 7558,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 7,7447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,			Fiscal Year 2014-1	5	Fiscal Year
REVENUES Budget Operations (Unfavorable) Budget Property taxes \$ 39,419,992 \$ 39,563,337 \$ 143,345 \$ 39,724,140 Intergovernmental 7,917,434 7,878,434 (39,000) 8,149,878 Charges for services 733,800 810,660 76,860 1,203,800 Investment income 70,000 39,953 (30,047) 40,000 Miscellaneous 45,000 142,802 97,802 175,000 TOTAL REVENUES EXPENDITURES Current: Ceneral government 6,048,585 6,048,585 - 6,085,663 Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454					
Property taxes					-
Intergovernmental 7,917,434 7,878,434 (39,000) 8,149,878 Charges for services 733,800 810,660 76,860 1,203,800 Investment income 70,000 39,953 (30,047) 40,000 Miscellaneous 45,000 142,802 97,802 175,000 TOTAL REVENUES 48,186,226 48,435,186 248,960 49,292,818 EXPENDITURES Current: Ceneral government 6,048,585 6,048,585 - 6,085,663 Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 1,683,264 1,683,264 1,832,460 Planning and development 327,296 327,296 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,2497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing Sources over (under) expenditures 6,048,585 (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing Sources over (under) expenditures 4,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing Sources over (under) expenditures 4,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing Sources over (under) expenditures 4,274,650) (1,937,589) (1,268,330					
Charges for services 733,800 810,660 76,860 1,203,800 Investment income 70,000 39,953 (30,047) 40,000 Miscellaneous 45,000 142,802 97,802 175,000 TOTAL REVENUES 48,186,226 48,435,186 248,960 49,292,818 EXPENDITURES Current: 6,048,585 6,048,585 - 6,085,663 Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 75,863 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>					
Investment income 70,000 39,953 (30,047) 40,000 Miscellaneous 45,000 142,802 97,802 175,000 17				1 1 1	
Miscellaneous 45,000 142,802 97,802 175,000 TOTAL REVENUES 48,186,226 48,435,186 248,960 49,292,818 EXPENDITURES Current: Separal government 6,048,585 6,048,585 - 6,085,663 Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 - 1,716,864 Planning and development 327,296 327,296 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 </th <th>9</th> <th>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</th> <th>,</th> <th>*</th> <th></th>	9	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	*	
TOTAL REVENUES		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	` ' '	*
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 6,048,585 6,048,585 - 6,085,663 Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 - 1,716,864 Planning and development 327,296 327,296 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in - 137,441 137,441 - Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	Miscellaneous	45,000	142,802	97,802	175,000
Current: General government 6,048,585 6,048,585 - 6,085,663 Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 - 1,716,864 Planning and development 327,296 327,296 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in - 137,441 137,441 - Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	TOTAL REVENUES	48,186,226	48,435,186	248,960	49,292,818
General government 6,048,585 6,048,585 - 6,085,663 Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 - 1,716,864 Planning and development 327,296 327,296 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES				
Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 - 1,716,864 Planning and development 327,296 327,296 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in - 137,441 137,441 - Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Current:				
Public safety 4,140,032 4,140,032 - 4,332,460 Public works 1,683,264 1,683,264 - 1,716,864 Planning and development 327,296 327,296 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) <td>General government</td> <td>6,048,585</td> <td>6,048,585</td> <td>_</td> <td>6,085,663</td>	General government	6,048,585	6,048,585	_	6,085,663
Planning and development 327,296 327,296 - 342,078 Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330)	-	4,140,032	4,140,032	_	4,332,460
Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OFFINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	Public works	1,683,264	1,683,264	_	1,716,864
Health and welfare 484,048 484,048 - 540,204 Library 740,104 740,104 - 758,638 Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OFFINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	Planning and development	327,296	327,296	_	342,078
Parks and recreation 302,506 302,506 - 333,454 Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 0 (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330)		484,048	484,048	_	540,204
Education 31,135,874 31,058,427 77,447 31,417,588 Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 137,441 137,441 - Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330)	Library	740,104	740,104	-	758,638
Debt service 2,214,104 2,214,104 - 2,497,539 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - 137,441 137,441 - Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	Parks and recreation	302,506	302,506	-	333,454
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 47,075,813 46,998,366 77,447 48,024,488 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in - 137,441 137,441 Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	Education	31,135,874	31,058,427	77,447	31,417,588
Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,110,413 1,436,820 326,407 1,268,330 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in - 137,441 137,441 - Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	Debt service	2,214,104	2,214,104		2,497,539
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out (1,274,650) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	47,075,813	46,998,366	77,447	48,024,488
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - 137,441 (1,274,650) 137,441 (2,075,030) 137,441 (800,380) - 137,441 (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,110,413	1,436,820	326,407	1,268,330
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - 137,441 (1,274,650) 137,441 (2,075,030) 137,441 (800,380) - 137,441 (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers out (1,274,650) (2,075,030) (800,380) (1,268,330) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures		_	137.441	137.441	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	· ·	(1 274 650)			(1.268.330)
SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	operating transfers out	(1,27 1,000)	(2,073,030)	(000,500)	(1,200,330)
SOURCES (USES) (1,274,650) (1,937,589) (662,939) (1,268,330) Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
sources over (under) expenditures		(1,274,650)	(1,937,589)	(662,939)	(1,268,330)
sources over (under) expenditures	December of Joshan C				
	<u>e</u>				
and other mancing (uses) $(164,237)$ $(500,69)$ $(336,532)$ $(336,532)$	and other financing (uses)	\$ (164,237)	\$ (500,769)	\$ (336,532)	\$ -

Source: Annual audited financial statements; fiscal year 2015-16 adopted budget; Town finance office.

Comparative Balance Sheets - General Fund

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,302,203	\$ 10,614,375	\$ 12,051,381	\$ 26,823,050	\$27,444,760
Property taxes	483,059	655,544	689,210	839,241	792,227
Intergovernmental	6,551	1,016,592	231,839	231,839	84,464
Other receivable	607,876	482,244	595,172	585,711	515,128
Due from other funds	450,403	416,654	466,769	576,338	661,031
Other assets	70,044	47,560			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 14,920,136	\$ 13,232,969	\$ 14,034,371	\$ 29,056,179	\$29,497,610
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS O	F RESOURCES	AND FUND BAI	LANCES		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,383,171	\$ 977,438	\$ 1,204,999	\$ 1,196,988	\$ 576,725
Deferred revenue	819,314	780,558	1,265,225	-	-
Due to other funds	4,102,710	3,026,857	3,572,966	18,361,580	20,429,295
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,305,195	4,784,853	6,043,190	19,558,568	21,006,020
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue				1 270 002	1 100 000
Property taxes	-	-	-	1,279,892	1,109,888
Advance property tax collections				491,504	206,757
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	_	_	1,771,396	1,316,645
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	70,044	47,560	-	-	-
Committed	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	418,252
Assigned	844,592	875,545	471,763	363,622	94,867
Unassigned	7,350,305	7,175,011	7,169,418	7,012,593	6,661,826
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	8,614,941	8,448,116	7,991,181	7,726,215	7,174,945
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 14,920,136	\$ 13,232,969	\$ 14,034,371	\$ 29,056,179	\$29,497,610

Source: Town annual audited financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund $(\mbox{\rm GAAP}\mbox{ Basis})$

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 37,135,422	\$ 37,169,019	\$ 37,634,261	\$ 38,123,058	\$39,563,337
Intergovernmental	10,133,578	11,674,036	11,389,907	11,757,984	10,931,383
Charges for services	700,649	701,473	884,191	1,008,847	810,660
Investment income	85,108	63,547	37,196	29,766	39,953
Miscellaneous	37,916	114,950	102,345	177,665	104,295
TOTAL REVENUES	48,092,673	49,723,025	50,047,900	51,097,320	51,449,628
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	5,430,820	5,577,155	5,813,810	5,727,734	6,110,267
Public safety	3,542,306	4,044,058	3,862,360	4,143,421	4,140,324
Public works	1,530,161	2,801,737	2,356,840	1,659,362	1,679,916
Planning and development	238,212	237,807	248,150	328,819	327,300
Health and welfare	414,141	425,500	472,779	451,340	484,049
Culture and recreation	956,247	862,725	997,262	1,021,534	1,038,458
Education	32,137,637	32,273,832	33,124,324	34,066,239	34,191,891
Debt service	1,770,376	1,925,068	1,786,673	2,049,217	2,214,104
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	46,019,900	48,147,882	48,662,198	49,447,666	50,186,309
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	2,072,773	1,575,143	1,385,702	1,649,654	1,263,319
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers in	246,623	198,603	3,049	_	137,441
Operating transfers out	(988,626)	(1,940,571)	(1,845,686)	(1,914,620)	(1,952,030)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	(742,003)	(1,741,968)	(1,842,637)	(1,914,620)	(1,814,589)
Net change in fund balances	1,330,770	(166,825)	(456,935)	(264,966)	(551,270)
Fund Balances - beginning of year	6,934,181	8,614,941 (1)	8,448,116	7,991,181	7,726,215
Fund Balances - end of year	\$ 8,264,951	\$ 8,448,116	\$ 7,991,181	\$ 7,726,215	\$ 7,174,945

⁽¹⁾ As restated.

Source: Town annual audited financial statements.

SECTION VI - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Litigation

The Town of Clinton, its officers, employees, boards and commissions are defendants in various lawsuits. The Town Attorney is of the opinion that all pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in final judgments against the Town which would materially adversely affect its financial position.

Legal Matters

Pullman & Comley, LLC of Hartford and Bridgeport, Connecticut is serving as bond counsel with respect to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds and the Notes and will render its opinion with respect to the Bonds and the Notes in substantially the form included in this Official Statement as Appendices B-1 and B-2, respectively.

Financial Advisor

The Town has retained Independent Bond and Investment Consultants LLC ("IBIC LLC") of Madison, Connecticut, as financial advisor in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds and the Notes. Although IBIC LLC has assisted in the preparation of the Official Statement, IBIC LLC is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification of, nor do they assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information contained in the Official Statement. IBIC LLC is an independent advisory firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal securities or other public securities.

Availability of Continuing Disclosure Information

The Town of Clinton prepares, in accordance with State law, annual independent audited financial statements and files such annual audits with the State Office of Policy and Management on annual basis. The Town provides to Moody's ongoing disclosure in the form of the annual audit report, adopted budgets and other materials relating to its management and financial condition, as may be necessary or requested.

The Town will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the Bonds, substantially in the form attached as Appendix C to this Official Statement (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement – the Bonds"), to provide or cause to be provided, in accordance with the requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12, (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) a notice of the occurrence of certain events within 10 business days of the occurrence of such events, and (iii) timely notice of a failure by the Town to provide the required annual financial information. The Town will undertake in a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the Notes substantially in the form attached as Appendix D to this Official Statement (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement – the Notes"), to provide notice of the occurrence of certain material events within 10 days of the occurrence of such events. The winning bidder's obligation to purchase the Bonds or Notes shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds or Notes, an executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Agreements for the Bonds or Notes. (See Appendices C and D, respectively).

The Town has previously undertaken in Continuing Disclosure Agreements entered into for the benefit of holders of certain of its general obligation bonds and notes to provide certain annual financial information and events of notices pursuant to Rule 15c2-12(b)(5). The Town has not failed to comply in any material respects with the requirements provided in such continuing disclosure agreements for the last five years except for the following. In accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's interpretive letter dated June 23, 1995 to the National Association of Bond Lawyers regarding Rule 15c2-12 and the Town's previous continuing disclosure agreements, as to the filing for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, since audited financial statements were not available by eight months after the close of the fiscal year, February 28, 2011, the Town filed unaudited financial statements on February 28, 2011 and audited financial statements on April 27, 2011, when such audited financial statements were available. For the past five years, although the Town filed its audited financial statements and certain operating data within the required time periods each year, it failed to, in some cases, cross reference or file certain operating data for each of its fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013. In some cases, the operating data was included in the Town's official statements filed in connection with subsequent bond issues. The Town has cross-referenced and filed, as applicable, the operating data information for the fiscal years indicated above with the MSRB on December 10, 2014. The failure to cross reference or provide, as applicable, the operating data information was an unintentional oversight by the Town. The Town has hired its financial advisor to make its annual filings and is implementing procedures to ensure it files all required annual financial information in a timely manner in the future.

Documents Accompanying Delivery of the Bonds and Notes

Upon delivery of the Bonds and Notes, the purchaser(s) will be furnished with the following:

- 1. A signature and no litigation certificate stating that at the time of delivery no litigation is pending or threatened affecting the validity of the Bonds and Notes or the levy or collection of taxes to pay them;
- 2. A certificate on behalf of the Town, signed by the First Selectman and Treasurer, which will be dated the date of delivery and attached to a confirmed copy of the Official Statement, and which will certify to the best of said officials' knowledge and belief, that the descriptions and statements in the Official Statement relating to the Town of Clinton and its finances were true and correct in all material respects and did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, and that there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the Town from that set forth in or contemplated by the Official Statement.
- 3. The approving opinions of Pullman & Comley, LLC, Bond Counsel.
- 4. The Town will provide the winning bidder of the Bonds 50 copies of the Official Statement, and the winning bidder of the Notes 15 copies of the Official Statement, as prepared for this issue at the Town's expense and delivered not later than seven business days after the bid opening. Additional copies may be obtained by a winning bidder at its own expense by arrangement with the printer. If the Issuer's financial advisor is provided with the necessary information from the winning bidders by noon of the day after the bid opening, the copies of the Official Statement will include an additional cover page and other pages, if necessary, indicating the interest rates, rating, yields or reoffering prices, the name of the managing underwriter, and the name of the insurer, if any, of the Bonds and Notes.
- 5. Executed Continuing Disclosure Agreements for the Bonds and Notes in substantially the forms attached to the Official Statement as Appendices C and D, respectively.
- 6. A receipt for the purchase price of the Bonds and Notes.

A record of the proceedings taken by the Town in authorizing the Bonds and the Notes will be kept on file at the office of the Paying Agent, U.S. Bank National Association, Hartford, Connecticut, and may be examined upon reasonable request.

Concluding Statement

Additional information concerning the Town of Clinton and this issue may be obtained upon request from the Finance Office at (203) 699-9465 or from Independent Bond and Investment Consultants LLC at (203) 245-7264.

Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact. No representation is made that any of such statements will be realized. This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the Town and the purchasers or holders of any of the Bonds and Notes.

This Official Statement is submitted only in connection with the sale of the Bonds and Notes by the Town and may not be reproduced or used in whole or part for any other purpose.

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT

BY: _/s/ Todd Pozefsky
TODD POZEFSKY Treasurer

Dated: January 26, 2016

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT

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Appendix A - Financial Statements - is taken from the Annual Financial Report of the Town of Clinton for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2015 as presented by the Auditors and does not include all of the schedules or management letter made in such report. A copy of the complete report is available upon request to the Director of Finance, Town of Clinton, Connecticut.

Tel 860.561.4000 Fax 860.521.9241



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance Town of Clinton, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clinton, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Clinton, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clinton, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. The net position of the Town has been restated to recognize the net pension liability required in implementing GASB No. 68 and GASB No. 71. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages A-3 through A-9, the budgetary comparison information on pages A-58 through A-63 and the pension schedules on pages A-64 through A-71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 21, 2015

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Clinton, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts in this section of the report are reported in thousands.

Financial Highlights

- Net position of our governmental activities increased by \$8,609, or 2.91%.
- During the year, the Town had revenues that were \$8,609 more than the \$63,321 of expenses for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$54,712 with no new programs added this year.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$7,175.
- Restatement of prior year net position due to GASB 68 resulted in a decrease of last year's net position by \$9,720.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities:

• Governmental Activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works, planning and development, parks and recreation and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the landfill closure fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State of Connecticut). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation after each fund financial statement.
- Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the Town charges customers for the services it
 provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally
 reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are
 reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Internal service funds (the
 component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the
 Town's other programs and activities such as the Town's Dental Benefits Fund and Police Heart and
 Hypertension Internal Service Funds.
- Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town's combined net position increased from \$29,563 to \$38,172. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1
NET POSITION

(In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities			
		2015		2014	
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	34,357 86,455 120,812	\$ 	31,195 65,735 96,930	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	_	1,539		624	
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	_	52,751 30,567 83,318	. <u>—</u>	48,498 19,001 67,499	
Deferred Inflow of Resources	_	861	. <u>-</u>	492	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	_	28,461 9,711	. <u>—</u>	20,416 9,147	
Total Net Position	\$	38,172	\$	29,563	

Net position in the Town's governmental activities increased by 2.91%. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from \$9,147 at June 30, 2014 to \$9,711 at the end of this year.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION

(In Thousands)

		rnmental tivities
	2015	2014
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services \$	1,332	\$ 1,381
Operating grants and contributions	12,459	13,371
Capital grants and contributions	9,160	370
General revenues:		
Property taxes	39,393	38,363
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes	548	513
Unrestricted investment earnings	41	30
Other general revenues	388	178
Total revenues	63,321	54,206
Program Expenses:		
General government	6,019	6,392
Public safety	4,537	4,857
Public works	3,325	2,925
Planning and development	350	361
Health and welfare	960	821
Culture and recreation	1,530	1,497
Education	37,134	36,855
Interest on long-term debt	857	1,174
Total program expenses	54,712	54,882
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position \$	8,609	\$ (676)

The Town's total revenues were \$63,321. The total cost of all programs and services was \$54,712. Our analysis below considers the operations of governmental activities.

Property taxes account for 62.21% of all revenues followed by operating grants and contributions 19.68%. Education expenses are 67.88% of total expenses; general government and public safety are 11.00% and 8.30%, respectively.

Governmental Activities

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs - general government, public safety, public works, education, and culture and recreation - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(In Thousands)

		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost o		of Services		
	-	2015	_	2014		2015		2014
General government	\$	6,019	\$	6,392	\$	(5,510)	\$	(5,842)
Public safety		4,537		4,857		(4,173)		(4,646)
Public works		3,325		2,925		(2,053)		(2,171)
Education		37,134		36,855		(16,780)		(24,778)
Culture and recreation		1,530		1,497		(1,241)		(1,216)
All others	_	2,167	_	2,356	_	(2,003)	_	(1,027)
Total	\$_	54,712	\$_	54,882	\$	(31,760)	\$_	(39,680)

Town Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,401, which is an decrease of \$7,874 from last year's total of \$9,275. The fund balance decrease was primarily driven by decreases in the General Fund balance of \$551, Capital Projects Fund of \$7,311 and Nonmajor Governmental Funds of \$12.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund total balance was \$7,175 Of this fund balance, \$418 is committed to the Landfill Closing; \$245 is assigned, of which \$95 is for outstanding encumbrances and \$150 is for the 2015-16 operating budget; and the balance is unassigned in the amount of \$6,512.

The fund balance of the town's General Fund decreased by \$551 during the current year and the unassigned fund balance decreased by \$351. The major factors behind the decrease of \$351 are as follows:

- Intergovernmental revenues were \$39 less than budget.
- Property taxes collected were \$143 higher than budget.
- Charges for goods and services were \$98 higher than budget.
- Income on investments was \$30 lower than budget.
- Miscellaneous revenues were \$98 higher than budget.
- General Fund expenditures were \$77 lower than the amended budget and \$687 higher than the
 original budget. Transfers in excess of \$15 and special appropriations, other than those from
 contingency, must be approved by vote at a Town Meeting. There were supplemental appropriations
 of \$765 during the fiscal year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the Town had \$86,455 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment and roads. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$20,720, or 31.52%, over last year.

TABLE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

(In Thousands)

		Gove Act	rnme tivitie	
		2015	_	2014
Land Buildings	\$	6,068 30,689	\$	6,068 29,227
Improvements other than buildings		2,501		3,004
Machinery and equipment		2,991		2,452
Infrastructure		18,054		18,554
Construction in progress	_	26,152	_	6,430
Total	\$_	86,455	\$_	65,735
year's major additions included (in thousands):				
New Morgan High School (Construction in Progress)	\$	20,159		

This y

New Morgan High School (Construction in Progress)	\$ 20,159
Hurricane Sandy	1,110
Streetscape (Construction in Progress)	472
Fire Truck	233
Heavy Duty Dump Truck	141
Old Police Station	169

The Town's fiscal-year 2015-16 capital budget calls for it to spend another \$1,268 for capital projects, principally for building maintenance, park enhancements, equipment purchases and computers. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2015, the Town had \$31,195 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$27,510 last year - an increase of \$3,685, or 13.40%.

The Town's general obligation bond rating maintains an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this \$276,762 state-imposed limit.

In February 2015, the Town issued a general obligation bond in the amount of \$5,000,000. This bond issue was for the New Morgan High School.

Also in February 2015 the Town issued \$26,000,000 in general obligation bonds anticipation notes with a maturity date of February 9, 2016 to provide temporary funding for the construction of the New Morgan High School.

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Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2015-16 budget tax rates. One of those factors is the economy. The Town's employment growth is flat. The Town's unemployment rate is similar to the State's current rate.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2015-16. The adopted budget is \$49,293 or an increase of \$907 or 1.88% over the 2014-15 budget of \$48,386. The estimated collection rate was set at 98.8%. The town's grand list grew by 0.28% and the mill rate was set at 26.77 for a mill rate increase 0.50 or 1.91%. The revenue increases are \$859 for current property taxes, \$137 for intergovernmental revenue and a decrease of \$401 for town generated fees. Total expenditure increased by \$907. This was comprised of operating increases for town of \$466, education of \$134, debt services \$313 and a decrease in capital improvements of \$6.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, 54 Main Street, Clinton, Connecticut 06413.

	_	Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,379,925
Receivables, net	Ψ	4,959,781
Inventories		18,099
Capital assets not being depreciated		32,219,971
Capital assets being depreciated - net of accumulated depreciation		54,235,420
Total assets	- -	120,813,196
Deferred Outflows on Resources:		
Deferred charge on refunding		199,735
Changes related to pension actuarial experience		90,513
Changes related to pension assumptions		266,303
Changes related to pension contributions made		
subsequent to the measurement date		350,246
Changes related to projected investment earnings		631,717
Total deferred outflows	_	1,538,514
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Due to fiduciary funds Unearned revenue Bond anticipation notes Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities	_	4,400,008 51,547 115,128 26,000,000 2,190,335 50,560,693 83,317,711
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Changes related to the proportionate share of pension investment returns		398,316
Changes related to actuarial experience		256,930
Advance property tax collections		206,757
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	862,003
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	_	28,460,998 9,710,998
Total Net Position	\$_	38,171,996

					Pı	rogram Revenı	ues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Charges For Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions	•	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	6,018,523	\$	359,026	\$	139,203	\$	10,566	\$	(5,509,728)
Public safety		4,536,912		134,440		202,610		26,606		(4,173,256)
Public works		3,324,714		73,816		1,050,359		147,648		(2,052,891)
Planning and development		351,392		78,453		24,092				(248,847)
Health and welfare		959,762		16,137		44,707				(898,918)
Culture and recreation		1,529,955		240,105		13,978		35,318		(1,240,554)
Education		37,134,192		430,314		10,983,937		8,940,038		(16,779,903)
Interest on long-term debt	_	856,679			_		•1			(856,679)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ ₌	54,712,129	\$	1,332,291	\$_	12,458,886	\$	9,160,176	: -	(31,760,776)
	(General revenu								
		Property taxe				1.6				39,393,333
						ed to specific p	rogi	rams		547,791
				stment earning	JS					40,735
		Miscellaneou	-						-	387,954
		Total gener	ai re	evenues					-	40,369,813
		Change in r								8,609,037
	١	Net Position at	Beg	ginning of Year	, as	Restated				29,562,959
	١	Net Position at	End	d of Year					\$	38,171,996

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement•

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	_	General	Capital Projects	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventories	\$	27,444,760 \$ 1,391,819 661,031	2,801,185 19,983,118	\$	798,472 \$ 766,777 364,941 18,099	28,243,232 4,959,781 21,009,090 18,099
Total Assets	\$_	29,497,610 \$	22,784,303	\$	1,948,289	54,230,202
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF F	RES	OURCES AND F	FUND BALAN	IC	ES	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds Bond anticipation notes	\$	576,725 \$ 20,429,295	3,327,333 26,000,000	\$	77,206 \$ 661,031	3,981,264 21,090,326 26,000,000
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	-	21,006,020	29,327,333	-	115,128 853,365	115,128 51,186,718
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,109,888 206,757 1,316,645	-	- -	325,396 325,396	1,109,888 325,396 206,757 1,642,041
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	-	418,252 244,867 6,511,826 7,174,945	(6,543,030) (6,543,030)	_	18,099 510,160 250,919 (9,650) 769,528	18,099 510,160 669,171 244,867 (40,854) 1,401,443
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u>_</u>	29,497,610 \$	22,784,303	\$	1,948,289	

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,401,443

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 140,909,120 Less accumulated depreciation \$ (54,453,729)

Net capital assets 86,455,391

Other long-term assets and deferred outflows or resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Deferred outflows related to changes in pension actuarial experience	90,513
Deferred outflows related to changes in pension assumptions	266,303
Deferred outflows for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	350,246
Deferred outflows related to projected investment earnings	631,717
Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	727,061
Interest receivable on property taxes	382,827
Loans receivable	325,396

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

1,124,582

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Net pension liability	(10,292,128)
Net other post employment benefit obligation	(2,722,774)
Bonds and notes payable	(31,195,000)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(418,744)
Compensated absences	(2,271,061)
Bond premium	(999,128)
Landfill closure liability	(5,229,137)
Deferred inflows related to projected investments earnings	(398,316)
Deferred inflows related to pension actuarial experience	(256,930)
Deferred charges on refunding	199,735

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

\$ 38,171,996

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	_	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	39,563,337 \$	\$	\$	39,563,337
Intergovernmental	•	10,931,383	9,003,222	2,154,394	22,088,999
Charges for services		810,660		547,892	1,358,552
Income on investments		39,953		699	40,652
Miscellaneous		104,295		49,296	153,591
Total revenues		51,449,628	9,003,222	2,752,281	63,205,131
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		6,110,267		20,466	6,130,733
Public safety		4,140,324		67,603	4,207,927
Public works		1,679,916		531,202	2,211,118
Planning and development		327,300		24,092	351,392
Health and welfare		484,049		244,778	728,827
Culture and recreation		1,038,458		272,158	1,310,616
Education		34,191,891		1,406,524	35,598,415
Debt service		2,214,104	231,526		2,445,630
Capital outlay	_		23,451,153		23,451,153
Total expenditures	_	50,186,309	23,682,679	2,566,823	76,435,811
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	_	1,263,319	(14,679,457)	185,458	(13,230,680)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
General obligation bonds issued			5,000,000		5,000,000
Premiums on bonds			72,522		72,522
Premiums on bond anticipation notes			283,660		283,660
Transfers in		137,441	2,149,030	53,000	2,339,471
Transfers out	_	(1,952,030)	(137,431)	(250,010)	(2,339,471)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,814,589)	7,367,781	(197,010)	5,356,182
Net Change in Fund Balances		(551,270)	(7,311,676)	(11,552)	(7,874,498)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	7,726,215	768,646	781,080	9,275,941
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	7,174,945 \$	(6,543,030) \$	769,528 \$	1,401,443

(Continued on next page)

(23,924)

8,609,037

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV) (7,874,498)Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay 22.948.639 Depreciation expense (2,227,925)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities: Property tax receivable - accrual basis change (74,141)Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change (95,863)Loans receivable - accrual basis change 2.297 Amortization of bond premiums 108,493 Change in deferred outflows related to pension actuarial experience 90,513 Change in deferred outflows related to pensions assumptions 266,303 Change in deferred outflows related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date (46,669)Change in deferred outflows related to projected pension investment earnings 631,717 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows: Bond and note principal payments 1,315,000 Issuance of bonds and notes (5,000,000)Premium on bonds issued (72,522)Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Compensated absences (25,366)Accrued interest (39.040)Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (27.028)Change in deferred inflows related to pension actuarial experience (256,930)Change in deferred inflows related to projected investment earnings (398, 316)Change in net pension liability (47,867)Net OPEB expense (543,836)Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net

revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,136,693
Due from other funds	_	53,696
Total assets	- -	1,190,389
Liabilities:		
Due to other funds		24,007
Risk management claims	_	41,800
Total liabilities	-	65,807
Net Position:		
Unrestricted	\$ ₌	1,124,582

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Expenses: Employee benefits	\$_	24,007
Operating Loss		(24,007)
Nonoperating Revenue: Income on investments	_	83
Change in Net Position		(23,924)
Total Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	1,148,506
Total Net Position at End of Year	\$_	1,124,582

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Net cash used in operating activities	\$	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	-	83
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		83
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-	1,136,610
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	1,136,693
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: Operating loss: Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease in claims payable Decrease in accounts receivable	\$	(24,007) 13,200 10,807
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	<u>-</u>

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Pension Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets:	•		•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,585	\$	642,668
Investments - mutual funds		13,475,217		
Investments - bonds		2,881,991		
Due from other funds	_	6,599	_	44,948
Total assets	_	16,444,392	\$_	687,616
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	_		\$_	687,616
Total liabilities	_	-	\$_	687,616
Net Position:				
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ <u>_</u>	16,444,392		

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Additions: Contributions:			
Employer		\$	1,305,777
Plan members Total contributions		-	144,873 1,450,650
Total contributions			1,430,030
Investment income:			
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		,277	
Less investment expense	(155	<u>,864)</u>	
Net investment income			407,413
		_	
Total additions			1,858,063
Deductions:			
Benefits	\$ 1,065	,748	
Administration		351	
T			4 000 000
Total deductions		-	1,066,099
Change in Net Position			791,964
-			
Net Position at Beginning of Year		-	15,652,428
Net Position at End of Year		\$	16,444,392
		*=	

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated under the provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes. The Town operates by charter under the Town Meeting/Selectman form of government and provides the following services: public safety, public works (highway), planning and development, health and welfare, parks and recreation, education, public improvements and general administrative services. An elected sixmember Board of Finance is responsible for providing fiscal annual operating budgets to the Annual Town Meeting. An elected seven-member Board of Education is responsible for the operation of the school system.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for the self-insured activities related to Employee Dental Benefits and Police Heart and Hypertension claims.

The *Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the activities of the Town of Clinton Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Police employees and Board of Education noncertified personnel.

The *Agency Funds* account for various activities held on behalf of others such as student activities and performance bonds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for benefits. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of benefits and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectibles are computed using historical data.

F. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July. Real estate and personal property taxes are payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1. Motor vehicle bills are payable on July 1. Motor vehicle supplemental bills are payable on January 1. Payments not received within one month after the due date become delinquent, with interest charged at the rate of 1-1/2% per month. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of the market value. Unpaid balances at June 30 are liened. An amount of \$37,000 has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes. At June 30, 2015, this represents 4.46% of all property taxes receivable.

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	10-25
Infrastructure	20-70
Improvements other than buildings	5-10
Vehicles	5-25
Machinery and tools	10
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet. The Town also reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which

the revenue is associated. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

J. Compensated Absences

Unused sick leave may be accumulated for certain employees up to a limit ranging from 50 to 240 days, depending upon the contracts in force, until termination, retirement or death, at which time payments will be made.

Liabilities for compensated absences are accrued at current salary rates in force at June 30, 2015. The liability for compensated absences is recorded in the government-wide statement of net position.

K. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

L. Net OPEB Obligations

The net OPEB obligation represents the cumulative difference between the annual OPEB cost and the Town's contributions to the plans. These amounts are calculated on an actuarial basis and are recorded as a noncurrent liability, accordingly, in the government-wide financial statements.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town currently has no assets under restriction.

Unrestricted

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. The Town of Clinton Board of Finance is the highest level of decision making authority for the Town and can commit fund balance through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Board of Finance or Finance Director, which has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The Town's Annual Budget Meeting is held on the first Wednesday in May. Each department, office, board, commission and agency seeking an annual appropriation is required to present itemized estimates of expenditures and revenues for the ensuing year to the Board of Selectmen. The Board of Selectmen makes comments and recommendations and presents the proposed general budget to the Board of Finance. Not less than 14 days prior to the Annual Budget Meeting, the Board of Finance holds a public hearing on the budget proposal. Five days prior to the Annual Budget Meeting, the Board of Finance is required to file its budget recommendation with the Town Clerk.

The Annual Budget Meeting has the power to decrease any appropriation recommended by the Board of Finance, but may not increase any appropriation or create a new appropriation. The Town general government budget and the Board of Education budget are voted on as separate resolutions. The Town Charter provides for procedures to be followed upon defeat of the recommended budget, and in the event of a referendum.

Town management may transfer amounts between line items within a department. The Board of Selectmen, upon approval of the Board of Finance, is authorized to transfer amounts between departmental accounts. The legal level of control is established at the departmental level. Appropriations generally lapse at the end of the fiscal year with the exception of appropriations for capital projects, which are carried forward until the project is completed.

The Board of Selectmen, with the approval of the Board of Finance, is authorized to approve additional appropriations from the contingency account not to exceed \$15,000 per department in any fiscal year. Transfers in excess of \$15,000, and special appropriations other than those from contingency, must be approved by vote of the Town Meeting. There were supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year of \$764,617.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully

collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures, \$12,345,944 of the Town's bank balance of \$13,641,941 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 11,061,335	
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the Town's name	1,284,609	_
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 12,345,944	

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2015, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$15,714,177. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm

B. Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2015 in all funds are as follows:

					ars)				
	Credit		Fair		Less				More
Investment Type	Rating		Value		Than 1	_	1 - 10		Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:									
Government Backed Securities	N/A	\$	167,531	\$		\$		\$	167,531
Government Bonds	AAA	•	2,154,737	*	138,806	*	2,015,931	*	,
Government Bonds	AAA/AA+		85,390		,		85,390		
Corporate Bonds	BAA1/BBB+		37,574				37,574		
Corporate Bonds	AA1/AA+		40,193				40,193		
Corporate Bonds	A1/A		40,056				40,056		
Corporate Bonds	A3/A		39,364				39,364		
Corporate Bonds	A2/A		39,971				39,971		
Corporate Bonds	A3/A		41,500				41,500		
Corporate Bonds	AA2/AA		44,657				44,657		
Corporate Bonds	A1/AA-		56,347				56,347		
Corporate Bonds	A1/AA+		91,605				91,605		
Corporate Bonds	A1/A+		43,066				43,066		
				\$	138,806	\$	2,575,654	\$	167,531
Other investments:				· —		· =	, ,	= ':	
Mutual funds		_	13,475,217						
Total Investments		\$_	16,357,208						

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment options.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy does not specify a limit for an investment in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2015, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General	 Capital Projects	· •	Nonmajor and Other Funds		Total
Receivables:							
Interest	\$	382,827	\$	\$		\$	382,827
Taxes		829,227					829,227
Loans					325,396		325,396
Accounts		132,301					132,301
Intergovernmental		84,464	 2,801,185	_	441,381		3,327,030
Gross receivables	_	1,428,819	2,801,185		766,777		4,996,781
Less allowance for uncollectibles	_	(37,000)					(37,000)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	1,391,819	\$ 2,801,185	\$	766,777	\$_	4,959,781

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
	_			•			
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	6,068,110	\$	\$	\$	\$	6,068,110
Construction in progress	_	6,429,536	22,061,780		(2,339,455)		26,151,861
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	12,497,646	 22,061,780		(2,339,455)		32,219,971
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		56,305,086	2,417,250				58,722,336
Improvements other than buildings		9,805,724					9,805,724
Machinery and equipment		7,852,925	739,218		(141,141)		8,451,002
Infrastructure		31,640,241	69,846				31,710,087
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	105,603,976	 3,226,314		(141,141)		108,689,149
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(27,077,389)	(955,334)				(28,032,723)
Improvements other than buildings		(6,801,699)	(503,406)				(7,305,105)
Machinery and equipment		(5,401,372)	(199,706)		141,141		(5,459,937)
Infrastructure		(13,086,485)	(569,479)				(13,655,964)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(52,366,945)	 (2,227,925)		141,141		(54,453,729)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	53,237,031	 998,389		<u>-</u>	_	54,235,420
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	65,734,677	\$ 23,060,169	\$	(2,339,455)	\$	86,455,391

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	146,036
Public safety		472,965
Public works		674,839
Health and welfare		1,580
Culture and recreation		164,072
Education		768,433
	_	
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	2,227,925

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2015. The project balances are as follows:

Police HVAC	\$	236,245
Bulkheads and Uplands		334,578
Bulkhead Supplemental		191,300
Bond - Road Projects 2015		3,450,000
Streetscape Phase III		290,870
Eliot Wind, Septic, Parking		125,915
School Construction	_	37,984,496
Total	\$	42,613,404

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Receivable Fund		Amount	
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects Internal Service Funds Fiduciary Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund	\$	661,031 364,941 19,983,118 53,696 51,547
Total	General i una	- \$_	21,114,333

Interfund balances represent temporary amounts due that result when one fund pays bills for another fund.

Interfund transfers:

				Transfers In				
	_	General		Capital		Nonmajor		
	_	Fund		Projects		Governmental	_	Total
Transfers out:								
General Fund	\$		\$	1,899,030	\$	53,000	\$	1,952,030
Capital Projects Fund		137,431						137,431
Nonmajor Funds	_	10	_	250,000	_		_	250,010
Total	\$_	137,441	\$_	2,149,030	\$_	53,000	\$_	2,339,471

All transfers are routine in nature and are used to move resources from one fund to another.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Reductions	_	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable Premiums on bonds payable	\$	27,510,000 1,035,099	\$	5,000,000 72,522	\$	1,315,000 108,493	\$	31,195,000 \$ 999,128	1,480,000
Total bonds payable Estimated landfill closure costs		28,545,099 5,229,137		5,072,522		1,423,493		32,194,128 5,229,137	1,480,000
Claims and judgments		55,000				13,200		41,800	13,200
Compensated absences		2,245,695		60,403		35,037		2,271,061	697,135
Net OPEB obligation Net pension liability		2,178,938 10,244,261		543,836 543,194	_	495,327	_	2,722,774 10,292,128	
Total Governmental Activities	•	40.400.400	•		•		•	=0 ==1 000 A	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	48,498,130	\$	6,219,955	\$	1,967,057	¥_	52,751,028 \$	2,190,335

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities in the amount of \$5,000,000.

A schedule of bonds as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	. <u>-</u>	Amount of Original Issue	Interest Rate (%)	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2015
General obligation - Series A	2011	\$	4,231,903	3.00-4.125	\$ 3,635,000
School bonds - Series A	2011		788,097	3.00-4.125	685,000
Refunding general obligation bonds - Series B	2011		3,251,000	3.00-4.00	1,708,000
Refunding school bonds - Series B	2011		1,574,000	3.00-4.00	827,000
Refunding general obligation bonds	2012		1,923,000	3.00	1,923,000
Refunding school bonds	2012		1,052,000	3.00	1,052,000
General obligation	2013		5,000,000	1.25-4.00	5,000,000
School bonds	2013		1,000,000	3.00-4.00	1,000,000
Refunding general obligation bonds	2013		2,996,000	3.00-4.00	2,656,000
Refunding school bonds	2013		804,000	3.00-4.00	714,000
School Bonds	2014		6,995,000	2.00-5.00	6,995,000
School Bonds	2015		5,000,000	2.00-3.00	5,000,000
Total					\$ 31,195,000

The following is a schedule of bond maturities as of June 30, 2015:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2016	\$	1,480,000	\$	977,099	\$	2,457,099
2017		1,780,000		929,781		2,709,781
2018		2,150,000		865,856		3,015,856
2019		2,170,000		798,006		2,968,006
2020		2,125,000		714,769		2,839,769
2021-2025		9,850,000		2,638,919		12,488,919
2026-2030		6,950,000		1,469,344		8,419,344
2031-2035	_	4,690,000	_	385,300	_	5,075,300
	_		_		-	_
	\$_	31,195,000	\$	8,779,074	\$	39,974,074

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit	Net _Indebtedness_	Balance
General Purpose	\$ 88,959,182 \$	16,917,000 \$	72,042,182
Schools	177,918,363	41,356,371	136,561,992
Sewers	148,265,303		148,265,303
Urban renewal	128,496,596		128,496,596
Pension deficit	118,612,242		118,612,242

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, \$276,761,898. It is estimated that the Town will receive State of Connecticut School Construction grant progress payments in the amount of \$26,751,950 for the new high school. Net indebtedness also includes bonds authorized-unissued in the amount of \$27,830,321 for the New Morgan High School Project.

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

A. Police Employees' Retirement Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its police officers. The PERS is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund.

Management of the plans rests with the PERS Board, which consists of three elected members. The members consist of the First Selectman, the Board of Finance Chair and the Police Commission Chair.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. All regular police employees hired who attain the age of 18 are eligible, on the first day of the following plan year, to participate. Benefits vest after ten years of service. Normal retirement is age 55 with 25 years of service. The Police Pension Committee, which consists of the Chairman of the Police Commission, the Chairman of the Board of Finance and the First Selectman, has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions for the plan.

The Town is now offering a "DROP" plan for nonbargaining members. This benefit only provides an additional retirement option and does not increase plan cost.

As of July 1, 2014, PERS membership consisted of:

Retirees, disabled and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	19
Terminated plan members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	1
Current plan members	24
Total	44

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Funding Policy

The Town's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions approximating the actuarially determined recommended contribution. Employees contribute 6% of their compensation to the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings. Contributions are established and may be amended by the Board of Selectmen. The contribution rate for the year beginning July 1, 2014 amounted to 52% of covered payroll.

Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2015:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	_
Large Cap	31.00	%
Mid Cap	8.00	
Small cap	11.00	
International Equity	8.00	
REIT Equity	2.00	
Fixed Income	35.00	
Cash	5.00	_
Total	100.00	%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 3.29%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	18,458,582 11,432,956
Net Pension Liability	\$_	7,025,626
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability	ntage	61.94%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 4.0%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.80%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012-June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap	9.50 %
Mid Cap	10.50
Small cap	11.30
International Equity	10.00
REIT Equity	8.50
Fixed Income	4.50
Cash	3.50

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.80%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

		lı	ncrease (Decrease)	
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2014	\$	17,789,405 \$	10,943,938 \$	6,845,467
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		241,854		241,854
Interest on total pension liability		1,369,272		1,369,272
Differences between expected and actual experience		(302,810)		(302,810)
Changes in assumptions		313,857		313,857
Employer contributions			975,000	(975,000)
Member contributions			110,416	(110,416)
Net investment income			356,949	(356,949)
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	;	(952,996)	(952,996)	-
Administrative expenses			(351)	351
Net changes	•	669,177	489,018	180,159
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$	18,458,582_\$	11,432,956 \$	7,025,626

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.80%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.90%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.90%) than the current rate:

			Current			
	 1% Decrease (6.80%)		Discount Rate (7.80%)		1% Decrease (8.80%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,137,325	\$	7,025,626	\$	5,265,953	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$744,324. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	. <u>-</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	266,303	\$	256,930
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	_	401,462	_	
Total	\$_	667,765	\$_	256,930

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2016	\$ 102,040
2017	102,040
2018	102,040
2019	102,038
2020	1,674
Thereafter	1,003

B. Town of Clinton Board of Education Noncertified Personnel Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Town of Clinton Board of Education is the administrator of a single-employer PERS established and administered by the Board of Education to provide pension benefits to the noncertified employees of the Board of Education. The PERS is considered part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The Board of Education establishes and amends the benefit provisions for the plan.

Management of the plans rests with the PERS Board, which consists of 4 members. The elected members include the Secretary of the Board of Education and the Chair of the Board of Education while the appointed members include the Superintendent of Schools and a representative from the banking institution holding the assets.

Town of Clinton Board of Education Noncertified Personnel Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death benefits and disability benefits. Employees who have attained the age of 20-1/2 are eligible to participate in the plan on July 1, following the completion of six months of employment. Benefits vest after reaching age 65 or the tenth anniversary of entry into the plan. Normal retirement is age 65 with an early retirement option that includes a reduced benefit.

As of July 1, 2014, PERS membership consisted of:

Retirees currently receiving benefits	12
Current employees:	
Vested	17
Not yet vested	81
Total	110

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Funding Policy

The Board of Education's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions approximating the actuarially determined recommended contribution. Employees contribute 1% of their compensation to the plan. Administrative costs are funded from investment earnings. The contribution rate for the year beginning July 1, 2014 amounted to 13.12% of covered payroll. Contributions are established and amended by the Board of Education.

Investments

Investment Policy

The PERS Board meets regularly with their investment advisors to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes and discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. Although the Plan does not have a formal policy at this time the actuaries used investment trends shown within the plan asset portfolio as of June 30, 2015 to target its allocation as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	_
Government Obligations	12.80	%
SEI Conservative Strategy	12.54	
SEI Moderate Strategy	74.66	_
Total	100.00	%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 1.02%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$	7,033,927
Plan fiduciary net position		5,011,436
	_	
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,022,491
		_
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta	ge	
of the total pension liability		71.25%

The Town's net pension liability will be required to be recorded on the government-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	4.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013-June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
Government Obligations	0.49	%			
SEI Conservative Strategy	1.85				
SEI Moderate Strategy	4.24				
Assumed Inflation - Mean	2.75				
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviatio	n 2.00				
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return	3.81				
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return	6.56				
Portfolio Standard Deviation	14.30				

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)			
Balances as of June 30, 2014	\$_	6,367,946 \$	4,708,490 \$	1,659,456			
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		209,221		209,221			
Interest on total pension liability		463,913		463,913			
Differences between expected and actual experience		105,599		105,599			
Employer contributions			330,777	(330,777)			
Member contributions			34,458	(34,458)			
Net investment income			50,463	(50,463)			
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(112,752)	(112,752)	-			
Net changes	_	665,981	302,946	363,035			
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$_	7,033,927 \$	5,011,436 \$	2,022,491			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	 1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Decrease (8.00%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,770,845	\$	2,022,491	\$	1,381,810	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$42,267. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$	90,513
actual earning on pension plan investments	_	230,255
Total	\$_	320,768

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

2016	\$ 72,650
2017	72,650
2018	72,650
2019	72,649
2020	15,086
Thereafter	15,083

Financial Information for the Separate Plans

Statement of Net Position

		Employee Retirement Funds				
	•	Board of Education				
		Police		Noncertified		
		Pension		Personnel		
	_	Fund		Pension Fund		Total
Assets:	•					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,585	\$		\$	80,585
Investments - mutual funds		8,463,781		5,011,436		13,475,217
Investments - bonds		2,881,991				2,881,991
Due from other funds		6,599	_			6,599
Total assets		11,432,956		5,011,436		16,444,392
Net Assets	\$	11,432,956	\$	5,011,436	\$	16,444,392

Statement of Changes in Net Position

		Employee Retirement Funds				
	_	Police Pension Fund	·	Board of Education Noncertified Personnel Pension Fund		Total
Additions: Contributions: Employer Plan members	\$_	975,000 110,416	\$	330,777 34,457	\$	1,305,777 144,873
Total contributions	_	1,085,416	-	365,234	-	1,450,650
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments Less investment expense Net investment income Total additions	- -	484,270 (127,321) 356,949 1,442,365	-	79,007 (28,543) 50,464 415,698	-	563,277 (155,864) 407,413 1,858,063
Deductions: Benefits, annuities and lump-sum distributions Administrative and other expenses Total deductions	<u>-</u>	952,996 351 953,347	-	112,752	-	1,065,748 351 1,066,099
Net increase	_	489,018	_	302,946	_	791,964
Net position at July 1, 2014	_	10,943,938	-	4,708,490	-	15,652,428
Net Position at June 30, 2015	\$_	11,432,956	\$	5,011,436	\$	16,444,392

C. Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

Full-time employees participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the Sate of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service or 25 years of aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members.

Normal Retirement

For members not covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1½% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average of the three highest paid years of service in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The year's breakpoint is defined as \$10,700 increased by 6.0% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

Early Retirement

Members must have 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Benefits are deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

Disability Retirement - Service Connected

This applies to employees who are totally and permanently disabled and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including worker's compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

Disability Retirement - Non-Service Connected

This applies to employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

Death Benefit

This applies to employees who are eligible for service, disability or early retirement and married for at least 12 months preceding death. Benefits are calculated based on the average of the three highest paid years of service and creditable service at date of death, payable to the spouse. Benefit is equal to 50% of the average of the life annuity allowance and reduced 50% joint and survivor allowance.

Contributions

Member

Contributions for members not covered by social security are 5% of compensation; for members covered by social security, 21/4% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5%, if any, in excess of such base.

Employer

Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of MERS not met by member contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the Town reports a liability of \$1,244,011 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the Town's proportion was .403 percent. The increase or decrease in proportion from June 30, 2014 is not available.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$224,601. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Town contributions after the measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	350,246	\$	
on pension plan investments	_		_	398,316
Total	\$_	350,246	\$ <u>_</u>	398,316

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Town contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30		
2016	\$	99,579
2017		99,579
2018		99,579
2019		99,579
	-	
Total	\$	398,316

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increase	4.25-11.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for annuitants and non-annuitants (set forward one year for males and set back one year for females).

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target _Allocation_	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities Developed non-U.S. equities	16.0% 14.0%	5.8% 6.6%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.) Core fixed income	7.0% 8.0%	8.3% 1.3%
Inflation linked bond fund Emerging market bond High yield bonds	5.0% 8.0% 14.0%	1.0% 3.7% 3.9%
Real estate Private equity	7.0% 10.0%	5.9 % 5.1% 7.6%
Alternative investments Liquidity fund	8.0% 3.0%	4.1% .4%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (7.00%)	_	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,526,213	\$	1,244,011	\$ 158,519

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The audited amounts as presented in the State of Connecticut's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 have been adjusted to be in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 67 and 68. The adjustment to the contribution receivable increased the net position as previously reported from \$2,175,433,000 to \$2,262,724,000. The net pension liability at June 30, 2014 has been calculated using the adjusted amounts.

D. Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town

Total \$ 40,690,469

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2015, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,052,949 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increase 3.75-7.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to be an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target _Allocation_	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities Developed non-U.S. equities Emerging markets (non-U.S.) Core fixed income	21.0% 18.0% 9.0% 7.0%	7.3% 7.5% 8.6% 1.7%
Inflation linked bond fund Emerging market bond High yield bonds	7.0% 3.0% 5.0% 5.0%	1.7% 1.3% 4.8% 3.7%
Real estate Private equity Alternative investments	7.0% 11.0% 8.0%	5.9% 10.9% 0.7%
Liquidity fund Total	100.0%	0.0.%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing medical benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The Post-Retirement Medical Program (RMP) is a single-employer defined benefit plan and covers Town and Board of Education employees. Eligible retirees and their spouses can receive medical and life insurance in accordance with the plan documents. The percentage contribution and eligibility of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed within the Town's various bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this program.

Plan membership per their latest actuarial valuation consisted of the following:

	Board of Education	Town
Retired participants and spouses Active plan members	34 283	40 75
Total Participants	317	115
Valuation Date	7/1/13	7/1/14

B. Funding Policy

The Town's funding and payment of postemployment benefits are accounted for in the General Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Town has recently established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines and will begin funding the 2015-16 fiscal year. The Town anticipates a commitment to fund normal cost and a long-term approach to the amortization of the actuarial accrued liability. The goal is to absorb, within the budgetary process, the actual cost of benefits in the determination of the costs of providing services to taxpayers.

The Town's funding strategy for postemployment obligations is based upon characteristics of benefits on two distinct groups of employees established within their respective collective bargaining units and/or contracts and includes the following:

- Clinton Board of Education Retirees are required to pay 100% of the health premium for self and spouse, less the \$1,320 annual Connecticut Teachers Retirement Board subsidy, for those who retire from the school system and meet the following criteria by bargaining group:
 - Teachers and Administrators are eligible at the earliest of age 60 with 20 years of service, or completion of 35 years of service regardless of age for normal retirement and earliest of age 60 with 10 years of service, any age with 25 years of service, or age 55 with 20 years of service under early retirement.
 - BOE Noncertified employees are eligible for retirement at age 65 with 10 years of service. Early retirement is age 55 with 10 years of service.

- The Town funds 100% of the cost of life insurance and medical insurance for Town Employees who retire and meet the following criteria by bargaining group:
 - Administrative employees at the Town are eligible to receive life insurance at age 55 with 10 years of service and medical insurance only if they retire after age 65 with 10 years of service. Administrators' life insurance is \$10,000.
 - Police employees age 55 with 10 years of continuous service or age 55 and 15 years of noncontinuous service or 25 years of service have access to a Major Medical plan until age 62 at no cost to the retiree.
 - All other Town employees are eligible to receive life insurance at age 55 and 10 years of service and medical insurance only if they retire after age 65 with 10 years of service. Eligible life insurance for these individuals is \$5,000.
 - Only two existing retirees have spouse coverage, and no future retirees are eligible for spouse coverage.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

	_	Board of Education		Town	_	Total
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	702,599 72,754 (75,664)	\$	179,500 14,400 (20,000)	\$	882,099 87,154 (95,664)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	-	699,689 237,753		173,900 92,000	_	873,589 329,753
Increase in net OPEB obligation		461,936		81,900		543,836
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	_	1,818,838	!	360,100	_	2,178,938
Net OPEB Obligation at End of Year	\$_	2,280,774	\$	442,000	\$_	2,722,774

The Town and Board of Education's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30 is presented below. The year of transition was June 30, 2009.

Board of Education:

Fiscal Year Ending	_	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	 Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	_	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/13 6/30/14 6/30/15	\$	543,700 577,000 699,689	\$ 220,000 235,000 237,753	40.46 40.73 33.98	\$	1,476,838 1,818,838 2,280,774

Town:

Fiscal Year Ending	_	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	 Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	_	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/13 6/30/14 6/30/15	\$	170,500 173,600 173,900	\$ 98,700 70,200 92,000	58.00 40.00 53.00	\$	256,700 360,100 442,000

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Schedule of Funding Progress - Board of Education

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (AAL)	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	<u>.</u>	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/09	\$	9,535,000	\$ 9,535,000	0%	\$	N/A	N/A
7/01/11		8,125,000	8,125,000	0		2,152,687	377%
7/01/13		8,150,872	8,150,872	0		2,280,768	357%

Schedule of Funding Progress - Town

7,600 2,2	267,600	5,13	•)
7	7,600 2,2	7,600 2,267,600 0	7,600 2,267,600 0 5,13	7,600 2,267,600 0 5,138,900 44

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Board of Education

Year Ended	 Annual Required Contribution	 Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/13 6/30/14 6/30/15	\$ 542,000 577,000 702,599	\$ 220,000 235,000 237,753	40.46 40.73 33.98

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Town

Year Ended	 Annual Required Contribution	_	Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/13	\$ 173,400	\$	98,700	57.00
6/30/14 6/30/15	177,600 179,500		70,200 92,000	40.00 51.00

In the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation for the Board of Education, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the closed group method. The UAAL is being amortized on a level percent basis with a remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014 of 26 years.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation for the Town employees, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.0% investment rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the open group method. The UAAL is being amortized each year over a constant 30-year period, as a level dollar amount.

10. BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES

On February 10, 2015, the Town retired \$17,000,000 in general obligation bonds anticipation notes with a maturity date of February 11, 2015 and an interest rate of 1.00% and reissued \$26,000,000 in general obligation bond anticipation notes with a maturity date of February 9, 2016 with an interest rate of 1.00% to provide temporary funding for the land acquisition for the New Morgan High School.

11. FUND BALANCE COMPONENTS

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

		General	Capital	G	Nonmajor overnmental		
	_	Fund	Projects	_	and Other		Total
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	\$		\$	\$	18,099	\$	18,099
Restricted for:							
General government					15,537		15,537
Education					326,329		326,329
Public safety					43,099		43,099
Public works					36,011		36,011
Health and welfare					63,445		63,445
Culture and recreation					25,739		25,739
Capital projects							-
Committed to:							
Landfill closure		418,252					418,252
Health and welfare					5,228		5,228
Culture and recreation					151,499		151,499
Education					94,192		94,192
Assigned to:							
Public works		3,348					3,348
Culture and recreation		4,152					4,152
Education		87,367					87,367
Subsequent year's budget		150,000	()		()		150,000
Unassigned	_	6,511,826	(6,543,030)	_	(9,650)	-	(40,854)
Total Fund Balances	\$_	7,174,945	\$ (6,543,030)	\$_	769,528	\$	1,401,443

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2015 of \$94,867 are contained in the above table in the assigned categories of the General Fund.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risks for heart/hypertension benefits paid to public safety employees provided by the State of Connecticut Workers' Compensation Act, Section 7-433c. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year in any major category of risk.

The Police Heart and Hypertension Fund is reported as an internal service fund. Contributions to these funds are made by the Town based upon estimates made using historical data. As of June 30, 2015, a claim liability of \$41,800 has been recorded in the Police Heart and Hypertension Fund to reflect estimated claims incurred but not reported. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the fiscal year is as follows:

		Police Heart and Hypertension Fund		
	- -	2015		2014
Unpaid claims, beginning of year Incurred claims (including IBNR)	\$	55,000	\$	68,200
Claim payments	-	(13,200)		(13,200)
Unpaid Claims at End of Year	\$	41,800	\$	55,000

13. LANDFILL CLOSURE

The Town is in the process of closing its municipal landfill in accordance with the requirements of the State of Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection and the Federal Environmental Protection Agency. The revised estimated cost to complete the project as of June 30, 2014 is \$5,229,137. This estimate includes monitoring costs in accordance with the Federal and State requirements. An appropriation of \$350,000 has been established within the General Fund to partially fund the closure. The balance will be funded through appropriations in the annual General Fund operating budget. The actual cost for the closure may be increased due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in laws and regulations. Since none of these costs are expected to be paid from currently available resources, the liability for the postclosure period is recorded in the statement of net position.

14. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND RESTATEMENT

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning of net position of the governmental activities as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

Net position at June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$	39,283,381
Adjustments:		
Eliminate net pension obligation reported per GASB No. 27		247,051
Eliminate net pension assets reported per GASB No. 27		(120,127)
Record deferred outflow of resources related to contributions		
subsequent to the measurement date		396,915
Record net pension liability per GASB No. 68	_	(10,244,261)
Net Position Balance at July 1, 2014, as Restated	\$_	29,562,959

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town is currently a defendant in a number of lawsuits. It is the opinion of Town officials and legal counsel that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgement against the Town that would materially adversely affect its financial position.

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Property taxes:					
Current taxes	38,864,992 \$	38,864,992	\$ 38,780,114	\$ (84,878)	
Prior year's levies	190,000	190,000	263,479	73,479	
Tax interest/liens/fees	150,000	150,000	240,321	90,321	
Supplemental motor vehicle	215,000	215,000	279,423	64,423	
Total property taxes	39,419,992	39,419,992	39,563,337	143,345	
Intergovernmental revenues:					
General Government:					
State of Connecticut and					
Federal Government:					
Town aid road	270,027	270,027	269,158	(869)	
Mashantucket Pequot	36,274	36,274	38,993	2,719	
Totally disabled persons	1,000	1,000	1,052	52	
Elderly tax relief	2,000	2,000	2,000	-	
Property tax relief veterans	15,000	15,000	19,929	4,929	
Miscellaneous	75,000	75,000	122,981	47,981	
Local capital improvement	124,957	124,957	84,464	(40,493)	
Equipment credit	100,000	100,000	180,269	80,269	
State property grant			36,598	36,598	
Hold Harmless Grant	181,979	181,979		(181,979)	
Tax relief	100,000	100,000	116,201	16,201	
Total general government	906,237	906,237	871,645	(34,592)	
Education:					
State of Connecticut and					
Federal Government:					
Education cost sharing	6,570,197	6,570,197	6,582,188	11,991	
Special education	441,000	441,000	424,601	(16,399)	
Total education	7,011,197	7,011,197	7,006,789	(4,408)	
Total intergovernmental revenue	7,917,434	7,917,434	7,878,434	(39,000)	

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TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Charges for services:				
General Government:				
Telephone access lines	30,000 \$	30,000	\$ 29,768	\$ (232)
W.S.A.M. trust	40,000	40,000	44,278	4,278
W.S.A.M. rental	5,500	5,500	7,050	1,550
Boat Moorings/launch pass	100,000	100,000	119,199	19,199
Z.B.A.	3,500	3,500	8,045	4,545
Planning and zoning	20,000	20,000	78,453	58,453
Park and recreation passes	16,500	16,500	19,146	2,646
Real estate conveyance tax	130,000	130,000	134,053	4,053
Building fees	135,000	135,000	116,170	(18,830)
Town property rentals	12,000	12,000	3,900	(8,100)
Transfer station	62,500	62,500	56,484	(6,016)
Sanitation fees			570	570
Dog boarding fees	200	200	300	100
Inland/wetland fees	1,100	1,100	955	(145)
Police miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	8,858	(1,142)
Town Clerk fees	85,000	85,000	76,237	(8,763)
Vitals	10,000	10,000	12,616	2,616
Contracted police services	20,000	20,000	6,083	(13,917)
Refund workers' compensation	35,000	35,000	71,733	36,733
Scrap metal fees	17,500	17,500	16,762	(738)
Total charges for services	733,800	733,800	810,660	76,860
Other revenues:				
Miscellaneous	45,000	45,000	142,802	97,802
Income on investments:				
Investment income	70,000	70,000	39,953	(30,047)
Total revenues	48,186,226	48,186,226	48,435,186	248,960

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgete	d Amounts	i			Variance Positive
	Original	· <u>-</u>	Actual		(Negative)	
Other Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital						
•	\$	\$	\$	137,431	\$	137,431
Transfer from Morgan Scholarship			_	10		10
Total other financing sources	_	-	_	137,441		137,441
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ <u>48,186,226</u>	\$ <u>48,186,226</u>	ı	48,572,627	\$	386,401
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP of State of Connecticut "on-behalf" contributions Teachers' Retirement System for Town teat Under liquidation of prior year encumbrances	ticut State udgeted.		3,052,949			
miscellaneous revenue for budgetary reporting excluded for financial reporting purposes.	rting. This amo	unt is	_	(38,507)	•	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	•	n the				
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exh	ibit IV)		\$_	51,587,069		

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	_	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
General Government:					
First Selectman	\$	166,018 \$	165,905 \$	165,905	\$ -
Finance		232,233	252,272	252,272	-
Elections and Meetings		31,786	30,368	30,368	-
Town Clerk		147,919	142,476	142,476	-
Assessor		150,706	163,730	163,730	-
Tax Collector		141,069	140,497	140,497	-
Probate		4,524	4,524	4,524	-
WSAM Maintenance		178,903	196,916	196,916	-
Technology		180,617	157,716	157,716	-
Social Security		435,000	463,517	463,517	-
Health/Life Insurance		1,300,000	1,304,573	1,304,573	-
Pension Plan Highway		97,000	102,791	102,791	-
Pension Plan Police		975,000	975,000	975,000	-
Pension Plan Other		280,000	311,633	311,633	-
Worker's Compensation Insurance		300,000	312,905	312,905	-
Employee Insurance		1,200	773	773	-
Secretarial for Boards/Commissions		10,000	17,501	17,501	-
Unemployment Compensation		1,000	6,993	6,993	-
Travel Expense		15,000	17,594	17,594	-
Heat/Hot Water		110,000	146,818	146,818	-
Electricity		200,000	194,611	194,611	-
Telephone		100,000	110,801	110,801	-
Legal Ads		25,000	22,981	22,981	-
Town Counsel		57,000	57,000	57,000	-
Other Legal Fees		40,000	121,458	121,458	-
Union Negotiator		40,000	55,777	55,777	-
Legal Settlement			17,238	17,238	-
Insurance		305,000	306,942	306,942	-
Audit and Accounting		42,000	43,500	43,500	-
Annual Town Report		7,500	7,030	7,030	-
Copy Equipment		13,000	14,878	14,878	-
Land Records Index Audit		2,000	1,132	1,132	-
Holiday Activities		500	321	321	-
Board of Assessment Appeal		300	17	17	-

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
General Government (continued):					
Special Events	\$	12,000 \$	7,826 \$	7,826	-
Town Building Emergencies		15,000	9,878	9,878	-
Miscellaneous Administrative		8,500	14,011	14,011	-
Other Services		239,417	148,682	148,682	-
Total general government	-	5,865,192	6,048,585	6,048,585	
Public Safety:					
Fire Department		320,000	295,590	295,590	-
Fire Marshal		48,000	46,426	46,426	-
Communication		554,873	570,018	570,018	-
Police		2,707,043	2,683,391	2,683,390	1
Animal Control		64,179	62,827	62,826	1
Civil Preparedness		5,600	4,550	4,550	-
Water and Hydrants		340,000	375,086	375,086	-
Street Lighting	_	105,000	102,144	102,144	
Total public safety	_	4,144,695	4,140,032	4,140,030	2
Public Works	_	1,729,073	1,683,264	1,683,264	
Planning and Development:					
Economic Development		8,400	5,211	5,211	-
Inland/Wetland		67,722	72,478	72,478	-
Planning and Zoning		122,762	129,039	129,039	-
Zoning Board of Appeals		2,800	2,934	2,934	-
Building Department	_	117,387	117,634	117,634	
Total planning and development	_	319,071	327,296	327,296	
Health and Welfare:					
Water Pollution Control		82,112	60,281	60,281	-
Youth Family		249,560	252,219	252,219	-
Health Department		171,548	171,548	171,548	-
Total health and welfare	-	503,220	484,048	484,048	
Library	_	740,104	740,104	740,104	

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	-	Original	Final	_	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Parks and Recreation:									
Parks and Recreation Department	\$	267,411 \$	255,733	\$	255,733	-			
Harbor Commission	•	42,780	45,428	*	45,428	_			
Shellfish Commission		2,500	1,345		1,345	-			
Total parks and recreation		312,691	302,506		302,506	-			
Debt Service	-	2,214,104	2,214,104	. <u> </u>	2,214,104				
Education	-	31,283,426	31,135,874		31,058,427	77,447			
Total Expenditures	-	47,111,576	47,075,813	. <u>-</u>	46,998,364	77,449			
Other Financing Uses:									
Transfer to Cafeteria Fund			48,000		48,000	-			
Transfer to 75th Police Anniversary			5,000		5,000	-			
Transfer to Revaluation Fund			123,000		123,000	-			
Transfer to Capital Projects	-	1,274,650	1,899,030		1,899,030				
Total other financing uses		1,274,650	2,075,030	. <u> </u>	2,075,030				
Total Expenditures and Other									
Financing Uses	\$	48,386,226 \$	49,150,843	•	49,073,394	77,449			
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures because: State of Connecticut "on-behalf" payments to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted. Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes,									
in the year received for financial reporting Net effect of expenditures for the Revaluati			d		80,248 (68,252)				
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Use Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	s as Cha	s Reported on the anges in		_					
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exh	nibit	IV)		\$_	52,138,339				

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	-	2015	_	2014
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	241,854	\$	175,184
Interest	*	1,369,272	*	1,339,105
Differences between expected and actual experience		(302,810)		, ,
Changes of assumptions		313,857		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(952,996)	_	(982,131)
Net change in total pension liability		669,177	_	532,158
Total pension liability - beginning	_	17,789,405	_	17,257,247
Total pension liability - ending	_	18,458,582	_	17,789,405
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		975,000		969,323
Contributions - member		110,416		99,909
Net investment income		356,949		1,656,511
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(952,996)		(982,131)
Administrative expense		(351)		(122,889)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		489,018		1,620,723
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	10,943,938	_	9,323,215
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	-	11,432,956	-	10,943,938
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	7,025,626	\$_	6,845,467
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of the total pension liability		61.94%		61.52%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,880,000	\$	2,062,000
Net pension liability as a percentage				
of covered-employee payroll		373.70%		331.98%

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS BOARD OF EDUCATION NONCERTIFIED PERSONNEL PENSION PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	-	2015	_	2014
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	209,221	\$	203,970
Interest	•	463,913	•	420,324
Differences between expected and actual experience		105,599		·
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(112,752)		(112,021)
Net change in total pension liability	_	665,981	_	512,273
Total pension liability - beginning	_	6,367,946	_	5,855,673
Total pension liability - ending	_	7,033,927	_	6,367,946
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		330,777		320,033
Contributions - member		34,457		25,247
Net investment income		50,464		326,477
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(112,752)		(112,021)
Administrative expense				(26,488)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		302,946		533,248
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	4,708,490	_	4,175,242
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	5,011,436		4,708,490
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	2,022,491	\$_	1,659,456
	_		_	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of the total pension liability		71.25%		73.94%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,441,982	\$	2,540,000
Net pension liability as a percentage				
of covered-employee payroll		82.82%		65.33%

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 439,851 \$	464,467 \$	459,017 \$	516,402 \$	561,524 \$	681,644 \$	700,749 \$	836,845 \$	969,323 \$ 1,023,233
actuarially determined contribution	571,806	441,244	459,017	459,598	561,524	681,644	700,749	836,845	969,323 975,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (131,955)	23,223 \$	\$	56,804 \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	- \$ 48,233
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,618,553 \$	1,710,989 \$	1,832,707 \$	1,843,169 \$	2,028,254 \$	1,807,100 \$	1,868,000 \$	1,973,000 \$	2,062,000 \$ 1,880,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	35.33%	25.79%	25.05%	24.94%	27.69%	37.72%	37.51%	42.41%	47.01% 51.86%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2013 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 4.5%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.9%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age The later of the attainment of age 50 or the completion of 25 years of service, but no later than age 65

Mortality In the 2013 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were adjusted as a result of adopting the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - BOARD OF EDUCATION NONCERTIFIED PERSONNEL PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 2015	_
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 289,551 \$	289,551 \$	277,579 \$	260,878 \$	272,725 \$	299,083 \$	295,024 \$	305,861 \$	320,033 \$ 330,777	7
actuarially determined contribution	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	305,861	320,033 330,777	<u>7</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$(10,449) \$	(10,449) \$	(22,421) \$	(39,122) \$	(27,275) \$	(917) \$	(4,976) \$	\$	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,790,085 \$	1,790,085 \$	1,927,805 \$	1,993,752 \$	2,147,266 \$	2,133,017 \$	2,152,690 \$	2,292,629 \$	2,539,661 \$ 2,441,982	2
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.76%	16.76%	15.56%	15.05%	13.97%	14.06%	13.94%	13.34%	12.60% 13.55	%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2014 Measurement date: June 30, 2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percent
Remaining amortization period 16 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 4.0%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.00%, predetermination, 6.00% post determination

Retirement age 6

Mortality Combined Healthy Morality Table with generational projection per Scale AA

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - PENSION PLANS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015
Police Pension Plan: Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	15.72%	3.28%
Board of Education Noncertified Personnel Pension Plan: Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	6.75%	1.02%

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FISCAL YEAR

	-	2015
liability		0.00%
pension liability	\$	-
pension liability associated with the Town	-	40,690,469
Total	\$_	40,690,469
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	15,884,701
pension liability employee payroll		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed

rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and

anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of salary, closed

Remaining amortization period 22.4 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FISCAL YEAR

	_	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		1.19%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,224,011
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,923,589
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		41.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.48%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions During 2013, rates of mortality, withdrawal, retirement and

assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System

for the five-year period ended June 30, 2012.

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 27 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	-	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	135,081 \$ 135,081	148,580 \$ 148,580	169,950 \$ 169,950	173,586 \$ 173,586	181,476 \$ 181,476	228,275 \$ 228,275	267,632 \$ 267,632	350,237 \$ 350,237	396,915 \$ 396,915	350,246 350,246
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>							
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,161,296 \$	2,201,185 \$	2,517,778 \$	2,479,800 \$	2,419,680 \$	2,402,895 \$	2,315,156 \$	2,970,628 \$	3,313,147 \$	2,923,589
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		6.25%	6.75%	6.75%	7.00%	7.50%	9.50%	11.56%	11.79%	11.98%	11.98%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: June 30, 2014 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, each biennium for the fiscal years ending two and three years after the valuation date.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 27 years

Asset valuation method 5 years smoothed market (20% write up)

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 4.25% - 11%, including inflation Investment rate of return 8%, net of investment related expense

Changes in assumptions: In 2013, rates of mortality, withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted

to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

APPENDIX B-1 - OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL - THE BONDS

February 9, 2016

Town of Clinton, Connecticut 54 East Main Street Clinton, Connecticut 06413

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as Bond Counsel to the Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Town") in connection with the issuance by the Town of its \$14,300,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2016, dated February 9, 2016 (the "Bonds"). In such capacity, we have examined records of proceedings of the Town authorizing the Bonds, a Tax Compliance Agreement of the Town dated February 9, 2016 (the "Agreement"), such law and such other proceedings, certifications, and documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

As to questions of fact material to our opinion we have relied upon the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

We are of the opinion that when the Bonds are duly certified by U.S. Bank National Association, the Bonds will be valid and legally binding general obligation bonds of the Town payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the Town without limitation as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest lands taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts pursuant to Connecticut statutes. We are further of the opinion that the Agreement is a valid and binding agreement of the Town and was duly authorized by the Town.

The rights of the holders of the Bonds and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), establishes certain requirements that must be satisfied at and subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be excludable from gross income. In the Agreement, the Town has made covenants and representations designed to assure compliance with such requirements of the Code. The Town has covenanted in the Agreement that it will at all times comply with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds to ensure that interest on the Bonds shall not be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds, including covenants regarding, among other matters, the use, expenditure and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds.

In rendering the below opinions regarding the Federal treatment of interest on the Bonds, we have relied upon and assumed (i) the material accuracy of the representations, statements of intention and reasonable expectations, and certifications of fact contained in the Agreement, and (ii) continuing compliance by the Town with the covenants set forth in the Agreement as to such tax matters.

In our opinion, under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes; and (ii) such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations; however, with respect to certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) subject to the federal alternative minimum tax, such interest may be taken into account in computing the federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other Federal income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on the Bonds.

We are further of the opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the Bonds is excludable from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates; and interest on the Bonds is excludable from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other State income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on the Bonds.

We express no opinion herein regarding the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the Official Statement dated January 26, 2016 and other offering material relating to the Bonds.

We have not undertaken to advise whether any events after the date of issuance of the Bonds, including the adoption of Federal tax legislation, may affect the tax status of the Bonds.

Although we have rendered an opinion that interest on the Bonds is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, federal income tax liability may otherwise be affected by the ownership or disposition of the Bonds. We express no opinion regarding any tax consequence caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest income on, the Bonds not specifically described herein.

Respectfully,

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC

APPENDIX B-2 – OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL – THE NOTES

February 9, 2016

Town of Clinton, Connecticut 54 East Main Street Clinton, Connecticut 06413

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as Bond Counsel to the Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Town") in connection with the issuance by the Town of its \$14,000,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, dated February 9, 2016 (the "Notes"). In such capacity, we have examined records of proceedings of the Town authorizing the Notes, a Tax Compliance Agreement of the Town dated February 9, 2016 (the "Agreement"), such law and such other proceedings, certifications, and documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

As to questions of fact material to our opinion we have relied upon the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

We are of the opinion that when the Notes are duly certified by U.S. Bank National Association, the Notes will be valid and legally binding general obligation notes of the Town payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the Town without limitation as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest lands taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts pursuant to Connecticut statutes. We are further of the opinion that the Agreement is a valid and binding agreement of the Town and was duly authorized by the Town.

The rights of the holders of the Notes and the enforceability thereof may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), establishes certain requirements that must be satisfied at and subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the Notes in order that interest on the Notes be excludable from gross income. In the Agreement, the Town has made covenants and representations designed to assure compliance with such requirements of the Code. The Town has covenanted in the Agreement that it will at all times comply with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Notes to ensure that interest on the Notes shall not be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Notes, including covenants regarding, among other matters, the use, expenditure and investment of the proceeds of the Notes.

In rendering the below opinions regarding the Federal treatment of interest on the Notes, we have relied upon and assumed (i) the material accuracy of the representations, statements of intention and reasonable expectations, and certifications of fact contained in the Agreement, and (ii) continuing compliance by the Town with the covenants set forth in the Agreement as to such tax matters.

In our opinion, under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the Notes is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes; and (ii) such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations; however, with respect to certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) subject to the federal alternative minimum tax, such interest may be taken into account in computing the federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other Federal income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on the Notes.

We are further of the opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the Notes is excludable from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates; and interest on the Notes is excludable from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based for individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the Federal alternative minimum tax. We express no opinion regarding other State income tax consequences caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest on the Notes.

We express no opinion herein regarding the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the Official Statement dated January 26, 2016 and other offering material relating to the Notes.

We have not undertaken to advise whether any events after the date of issuance of the Notes, including the adoption of Federal tax legislation, may affect the tax status of the Notes.

Although we have rendered an opinion that interest on the Notes is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, federal income tax liability may otherwise be affected by the ownership or disposition of the Notes. We express no opinion regarding any tax consequence caused by ownership or disposition of, or receipt of interest income on, the Notes not specifically described herein.

Respectfully,

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC

APPENDIX C - FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT – THE BONDS

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

In Connection With The Issuance and Sale of \$14,300,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2016

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement ("Agreement") is executed and delivered as of February 9, 2016, by the Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Issuer") acting by its undersigned officers, duly authorized, in connection with the issuance of its \$14,300,000 General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2016, dated February 9, 2016 (the "Bonds").

Section 1. Definitions. In addition to the terms defined above, the following capitalized terms shall have the meanings ascribed thereto:

"Annual Report" shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Section 2 of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

"EMMA" means the Electronic Municipal Market Access System as described in the 1934 Act Release #59062 and maintained by the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board for the purposes of the Rule and as further described in Section 13 hereof.

"Final Official Statement" means the official statement of the Issuer dated January 26, 2016, prepared in connection with the issuance of the Bonds.

"Fiscal Year End" shall mean the last day of the Issuer's fiscal year, currently June 30.

"Listed Events" shall mean any of the events listed in Section 4 of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

"MSRB" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board established pursuant to Section 15B(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor thereto.

"Rule" means rule 15c2-12 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the date of this Agreement.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States, or any successor thereto.

Section 2. <u>Annual Reports</u>.

- (a) The Issuer shall provide or cause to be provided to the MSRB, in accordance with the provisions of the Rule and of this Agreement, the following annual financial information and operating data regarding the Issuer (commencing with the information and data for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016):
 - (i) Audited financial statements of the Issuer as of and for the year ending on its Fiscal Year End prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board from time to time or mandated state statutory principles as in effect from time to time. As of the date of this Agreement, the Issuer is required to prepare audited financial statements of its various funds and accounts.
 - (ii) To the extent not included in the audited financial statements described in (i) above, financial information and operating data as of and for the year ending on its Fiscal Year End of the following type:
 - (A) the amounts of the gross and net taxable grand list;
 - (B) the percentage and amount of the annual property tax levy collected and uncollected;
 - (C) a listing of the ten largest taxpayers on the grand list, together with each such taxpayer's taxable valuation thereon;
 - (**D**) a schedule of the long-term debt through maturity on outstanding long-term bonded indebtedness;

- (E) a calculation of the total net direct debt, total direct debt, and total overall net debt (reflecting overlapping and underlying debt);
 - (F) the total direct debt, total net direct debt and total overall net debt of the Issuer per capita;
- (G) the ratios of total direct debt and total overall net debt of the Issuer's net taxable grand list;
 - **(H)** a statement of statutory debt limitations and debt margins and;
 - (I) the funding status of the Issuer's pension benefit obligations.
- (b) The above-referenced information is expected to be provided by the filing of and cross reference to the Issuer's audited financial statements. The information may be provided in whole or in part by cross-reference to other documents provided to the MSRB, including official statements of the Issuer which will be available from the MSRB's internet web site or filed with the SEC. All or a portion of the financial information and operating data may be provided in the form of a comprehensive annual financial report or the annual adopted budget.
- (c) Subject to the requirements of Section 8 hereof, the Issuer reserves the right to modify from time to time the specific types of information or data provided or the format of the presentation of such information or data, to the extent necessary or appropriate; provided that the Issuer agrees that any such modification will be done in a manner consistent with the Rule. The Issuer also reserves the right to modify the preparation and presentation of financial statements described herein as may be required to conform with changes in Connecticut law applicable to municipalities or any changes in generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board from time to time.
- **Section 3.** Timing. The Issuer shall provide the information and data referenced in Section 2(a) not later than eight months after each Fiscal Year End for which such information is being provided. The Issuer agrees that if audited information is not available eight months after the close of any Fiscal Year End, it shall submit unaudited information by such time and will submit audited information when available.

Section 4. Event Notices.

- (a) The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided to the MSRB, within ten (10) business days of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, notice of the occurrence of such event:
 - (i) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - (ii) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (iii) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (iv) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - (v) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service or proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB), or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other events affecting the tax status of the security;
 - (vi) tender offers;
 - (vii) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or a similar proceeding by the Issuer;
 - (viii) Bond defeasances: and
 - (iv) rating changes.

- **(b)** The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided to the MSRB, within ten (10) business days of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, notice of the occurrence of such event, if material:
 - (i) non-payment related defaults;
 - (ii) modifications to rights of Bond holders;
 - (iii) Bond calls;
 - (iv) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds;
 - (v) consummation of a merger, consolidation, acquisition involving the Issuer, other than the ordinary course of business, or the sale of all or substantially all the assets of the Issuer, or the entry into a definitive agreement to engage in such a transaction, or a termination of such an agreement, other than in accordance with its terms; and
 - (vi) appointment of a successor or additional trustee, or the change in the name of the trustee.
- **Section 5. Notice of Failure.** The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided, in a timely manner to the MSRB, notice of any failure by the Issuer to provide the annual financial information described in Section 2(a) of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement on or before the date set forth in Section 3 hereof.
- **Section 6.** <u>Termination of Reporting Obligation</u>. The Issuer's obligations under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds.
- **Section 7.** Agent. The Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage an agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such agent, with or without appointing a successor agent.
- Section 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer may amend this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement may be waived, if such amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature or status of the Issuer, and is supported by an opinion of counsel expert in federal securities laws, to the effect that (i) such amendment or waiver would not materially adversely affect the beneficial owners of the Bonds and (ii) the Agreement as so amended would have complied with the requirements of the Rule as of the date of the Agreement, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule as well as any changes in circumstances. A copy of any such amendment will be filed in a timely manner with the MSRB. The annual financial information provided on the first date following adoption of any such amendment will explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating or financial information provided.
- Section 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communications, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Continuing Disclosure Agreement. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.
- Section 10. Enforceability. The Issuer agrees that its undertaking pursuant to the Rule set forth in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement is intended to be for the benefit of and enforceable by the beneficial owners of the Bonds. In the event the Issuer shall fail to perform its duties hereunder, the Issuer shall have the option to cure such failure after its receipt of written notice from any beneficial owner of the Bonds of such failure. The present address of the Issuer is Town of Clinton, 54 East Main Street, Clinton, CT 06413, Attn: First Selectman. In the event the Issuer does not cure such failure, the right of any beneficial owner of the Bonds to enforce the provisions of this undertaking shall be limited to a right to obtain specific enforcement of the Issuer's obligations hereunder. No monetary damages shall arise or be payable hereunder nor shall any failure to comply with this Agreement constitute default of the Issuer with respect to the Bonds.

- **Section 11.** Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Connecticut.
- **Section 12.** Method of Filing. To the extent filings are required to be made to the MSRB under this Agreement, the Issuer shall transmit such filings or notices in an electronic format to the continuing disclosure service portal provided through MSRB's EMMA as provided at http://emma.msrb.org/ or any similar system that is acceptable to the SEC.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Issuer has caused this Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed in its name by its undersigned officers, duly authorized, all as of the date first above written.

TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT	TOWN	OF CL	INTON.	CONNE	CTICUT
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By:	
Bruce N. Farmer, First Selectman	

APPENDIX D - FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT – THE NOTES

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

In Connection With The Issuance and Sale of \$14,000,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, dated February 9, 2016

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement ("Agreement") is executed and delivered as of February 9, 2016, by the Town of Clinton, Connecticut (the "Issuer") acting by its undersigned officers, duly authorized, in connection with the issuance of its \$14,000,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes dated February 9, 2016 (the "Notes").

Section 1. <u>Definitions.</u> In addition to the terms defined above, the following capitalized terms shall have the meanings ascribed thereto:

"EMMA" means the Electronic Municipal Market Access System as described in the 1934 Act Release #59062 and maintained by the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board for the purposes of the Rule and as further described in Section 13 hereof.

"Final Official Statement" means the official statement of the Issuer dated January 26, 2016, prepared in connection with the issuance of the Notes.

"Fiscal Year End" shall mean the last day of the Issuer's fiscal year, currently June 30.

"Listed Events" shall mean any of the events listed in Section 2 of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

"MSRB" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board established pursuant to Section 15B(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any successor thereto.

"Rule" means rule 15c2-12 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the date of this Agreement.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States, or any successor thereto.

Section 2. Event Notices.

- (a) The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided to the MSRB, within ten (10) business days of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Notes, notice of the occurrence of such event:
 - (i) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - (ii) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (iii) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (iv) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
 - (v) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service or proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB), or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Notes, or other events affecting the tax status of the security;
 - (vi) tender offers;
 - (vii) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or a similar proceeding by the Issuer;
 - (viii) Bond defeasances; and
 - (ix) rating changes.

- (b) The Issuer agrees to provide or cause to be provided to the MSRB, within ten (10) business days of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Notes, notice of the occurrence of such event, if material:
 - (i) non-payment related defaults;
 - (ii) modifications to rights of Bond holders;
 - (iii) Bond calls;
 - (iv) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Notes;
 - (v) consummation of a merger, consolidation, acquisition involving the Issuer, other than the ordinary course of business, or the sale of all or substantially all the assets of the Issuer, or the entry into a definitive agreement to engage in such a transaction, or a termination of such an agreement, other than in accordance with its terms; and
 - (vi) appointment of a successor or additional trustee, or the change in the name of the trustee.
- **Section 3.** <u>Termination of Reporting Obligation</u>. The Issuer's obligations under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Notes.
- **Section 4.** Agent. The Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage an agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such agent, with or without appointing a successor agent.
- Section 5. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer may amend this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of this Continuing Disclosure Agreement may be waived, if such amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature or status of the Issuer, and is supported by an opinion of counsel expert in federal securities laws, to the effect that (i) such amendment or waiver would not materially adversely affect the beneficial owners of the Notes and (ii) the Agreement as so amended would have complied with the requirements of the Rule as of the date of the Agreement, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule as well as any changes in circumstances. A copy of any such amendment will be filed in a timely manner with the MSRB. The annual financial information provided on the first date following adoption of any such amendment will explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating or financial information provided.
- Section 6. Additional Information. Nothing in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communications, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Continuing Disclosure Agreement. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Continuing Disclosure Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.
- Section 7. Enforceability. The Issuer agrees that its undertaking pursuant to the Rule set forth in this Continuing Disclosure Agreement is intended to be for the benefit of and enforceable by the beneficial owners of the Notes. In the event the Issuer shall fail to perform its duties hereunder, the Issuer shall have the option to cure such failure after its receipt of written notice from any beneficial owner of the Notes of such failure. The present address of the Issuer is Town of Clinton, 54 East Main Street, Clinton, CT 06413, ATTN: First Selectman. In the event the Issuer does not cure such failure, the right of any beneficial owner of the Notes to enforce the provisions of this undertaking shall be limited to a right to obtain specific enforcement of the Issuer's obligations hereunder. No monetary damages shall arise or be payable hereunder nor shall any failure to comply with this Agreement constitute default of the Issuer with respect to the Notes.

	Section 8.	Governing Law. This Agreemen	nt shall be governed by th	e laws of the State of Connecticu
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Section 9. Method of Filing. To the extent filings are required to be made to the MSRB under this Agreement, the Issuer shall transmit such filings or notices in an electronic format to the continuing disclosure service portal provided through MSRB's EMMA as provided at http://emma.msrb.org/ or any similar system that is acceptable to the SEC.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Issuer has caused this Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be executed in its name by its undersigned officers, duly authorized, all as of the date first above written.

TOWN	\mathbf{OF}	CLINT	ON.	CONN	NECTICUT	٦

By:	
•	Bruce N. Farmer, First Selectman

NOTICE OF SALE TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT

\$14,300,000 General Obligation Bonds Issue of 2016 dated Date of Delivery (the "Bonds")

ELECTRONIC BIDS VIA *PARITY*® will be received by the TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT, (the "Town") at the office of the First Selectman, Town Hall, 54 East Main Street, Clinton, Connecticut 06413, until **11:30 A.M**. (E.S.T.) on **Tuesday**,

January 26, 2016

for the purchase, when issued, at not less than par and accrued interest from the date of the Bonds to the date of delivery, of the whole of

\$14,300,000 General Obligation Bonds Issue of 2016 dated Date of Delivery

The Bonds are payable annually on February 1, in the principal amounts and years as set forth below:

Amount	<u>Due</u>
\$590,000	2019 - 2020
\$665,000	2021
\$815,000	2022 - 2030
\$820,000	2031 - 2032
\$870,000	2033 - 2036

Interest on the Bonds will be payable on August 1, 2016 and semiannually thereafter on the 1st day of February and August in each year until maturity. The Bonds will be issued by means of a book-entry system with no physical distribution of bond certificates made to the public. The Bonds will be issued in registered form and one bond certificate for each maturity will be delivered to The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), registered in the name of its nominee, Cede & Co., and immobilized in its custody. A book-entry system will be employed, evidencing ownership of the Bonds in the principal amount of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof, with transfers of ownership effected on the records of DTC and its participants pursuant to rules and procedures adopted by DTC and its participants. The purchaser, as a condition to delivery of the Bonds, will be required to deposit the bond certificates with DTC, registered in the name of Cede & Co. Principal of, redemption premium (if any) and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the Town to DTC or its nominee as registered owner of the Bonds. Transfer of principal and interest payments to participants of DTC will be the responsibility of DTC; transfer of principal and interest payments to beneficial owners by participants of DTC will be the responsibility of such participants and other nominees of beneficial owners. The Town will not be responsible or liable for payments by DTC to its participants or by DTC participants to beneficial owners or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing the records maintained by DTC, its participants or persons acting through such participants. In the event that (a) DTC determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the Bonds and the Town fails to identify another qualified securities depository to replace DTC, or (b) the Town determines to discontinue the book-entry system of evidence and transfer of ownership of the Bonds, the Town will authenticate and deliver replacement Bonds in the form of fully registered Bond certificates directly to the beneficial owners of the Bonds or their nominees. The record dates for the Bonds will be the fifteenth day of January and July (or the preceding business day if such day is not a business day.) The Bonds will be certified by the Registrar, Transfer Agent and Paying Agent which shall be U.S. Bank National Association, Hartford, Connecticut.

The Bonds maturing on or before February 1, 2022 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Bonds maturing on February 1, 2023 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Town, on or after February 1, 2022, either in whole or in part at any time, in such order of maturity and amount as the Town may determine, and by lot within a maturity, at the respective prices (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount of the Bonds to be redeemed) set forth as follows, plus interest accrued and unpaid to the redemption date:

Period During Which Redeemed

Redemption Price

February 1, 2022 and thereafter

100%

Each proposal must specify the amount bid for the Bonds (which shall be the aggregate par value of the Bonds, and, at the option of the bidder, a premium), and shall specify in a multiple of one-eighth (1/8) or one-twentieth (1/20) of one percent (1%) the rate or rates of interest per annum which the Bonds are to bear, but shall NOT specify (a) more than one interest rate for any Bonds having a like maturity or (b) any interest rate for any Bonds which exceeds the interest rate specified in such proposal for any other Bonds by more than three (3) percentage points. Interest shall be computed on the basis of twelve 30 day months and a 360 day year. In addition to the amount bid for the Bonds, the purchaser must pay an amount equal to the interest on the Bonds accrued to the date of delivery, if any. No bid for less than par and accrued interest will be considered.

Unless all bids are rejected, the Bonds will be awarded to the bidder whose bid will result in the lowest true interest cost ("TIC") to the Town. The TIC will be the annual interest rate, compounded semiannually, which, when used to discount all payments of principal and interest payable on the Bonds to February 9, 2016, the dated date of the Bonds, results in an amount equal to the purchase price for the Bonds, excluding interest accrued to the date of delivery. In the event that two or more bidders offer bids at the same lowest TIC, the Town will determine by lot which of such bidders will be awarded the Bonds. The purchase price must be paid in federal funds.

Electronic bids for the purchase of the Bonds may be submitted through the facilities of *PARITY*® until 11:30 A.M. (E.S.T.) on Tuesday, January 26, 2016. Any prospective bidder must be a subscriber of i-Deal's BiDCOMP competitive bidding system. Further information about *PARITY*®, including any fee charged, may be obtained from *PARITY*®, c/o i-Deal LLC, 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10018, Attention: Customer Support (telephone: (212) 404-8102 - email notice: PARITY@i-Deal.com). The Town neither will confirm any subscription nor be responsible for any failure of a prospective bidder to subscribe.

Once an electronic bid made through the facilities of *PARITY*® is communicated to the Town, it shall constitute an irrevocable offer in response to this Notice of Sale, and shall be binding upon the bidder. By submitting a bid for the Bonds via *PARITY*®, the bidder represents and warrants to the Town that such bidder's bid for the purchase of the Bonds is submitted for and on behalf of such prospective bidder by an officer or agent who is duly authorized to bind the prospective bidder by an irrevocable offer and that acceptance of such bid by the Town will bind the bidder by a legal, valid and enforceable contract, for the purchase of the Bonds on the terms described in this Notice of Sale. The Town shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of the facilities of *PARITY*®, or the inaccuracies of any information, including bid information or worksheets supplied by *PARITY*®, the use of *PARITY*® facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder. Each Bidder is solely responsible for knowing the terms of the sale as set forth herein.

<u>Disclaimer.</u> Each *PARITY*® prospective electronic bidder shall be solely responsible to make necessary arrangements to access *PARITY*® for the purposes of submitting its bid in a timely manner and in compliance with the requirements of this Notice of Sale. Neither the Town nor *PARITY*® shall have any duty or obligation to undertake such arrangements to bid for any prospective bidder or to provide or assure such access to any prospective bidder, and neither the Town nor *PARITY*® shall be responsible for a bidder's failure to make a bid or for proper operation of, or have any liability for any delays or interruptions of, or any damages caused by, *PARITY*®. The Town is using *PARITY*® as a communication mechanism, and not as the Town's agent, to conduct the electronic bidding for the Bonds. The Town is not bound by any advice and determination of *PARITY*® to the effect that any particular bid complies with the terms of this Notice of Sale and in particular the bid requirements herein set forth. All costs and expenses incurred by prospective bidders in connection with their subscription to, arrangements with and submission of bids via *PARITY*® are the sole responsibility of the bidders; and the Town is not responsible, directly or indirectly, for any such costs or expenses. If a prospective bidder encounters any difficulty in arranging to bid or submitting, modifying or withdrawing a bid for the Bonds, the prospective bidder should telephone *PARITY*® at (212) 404-8102. If any provision of this Notice of Sale shall conflict with information provided by *PARITY*®, this Notice of Sale shall control.

The Bonds will be general obligations of the Town payable, unless paid from other sources, from ad valorem taxes which may be levied on all taxable property subject to taxation by the Town without limit as to rate or amount except as to classified property such as certified forest lands taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income or of qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts pursuant to provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes. Under existing statutes the State of Connecticut is obligated to pay to the Town the amount of tax revenue which the Town would have received except for the limitation upon its power to tax such dwelling houses.

At or prior to the delivery of the Bonds the successful bidder shall be furnished, without cost, with the approving opinion of Pullman & Comley, LLC of Hartford, Connecticut, Bond Counsel, substantially in the form set out in Appendix B to the Official Statement. The winning bidder will also be furnished with a receipt of payment for the Bonds, a Signature and No Litigation Certificate dated as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, stating that there is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of the signers thereof, threatened, affecting the validity of the Bonds or the power of the Town to levy and collect taxes to pay them. A signed copy of the Official Statement prepared for this Bond issue will also be furnished together with a certificate of the Town relating to the accuracy and completeness of the Official Statement.

The opinion of Bond Counsel will provide: (i) that the Bonds will be valid general obligations of the Town when duly certified; (ii) that, assuming the accuracy of and continued compliance by the Town with its representations and covenants contained in a certain Tax Compliance Agreement (the "Agreement") relating to certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and other certifications received from the Town, as to which bond counsel has made no independent verification, under existing law interest on the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes pursuant to the Code and although interest on the Bonds is not treated as a preference item for purposes of calculating the federal alternative minimum tax, in the case of certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) subject to the federal alternative minimum tax, such interest may be taken into account in computing the federal alternative minimum tax and, (iii) that interest on the Bonds is excludable from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates; and is excludable from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay the federal alternative minimum tax. In rendering the legal opinion, Pullman & Comley, LLC will rely upon and assume the material accuracy of the representations and statements of expectation contained in the Agreement entered into by the Town for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and further, will assume continuing compliance by the Town with the covenants and procedures set forth in the Agreement. Copies of the opinion will be printed upon each of the Bonds.

The Town has prepared a Preliminary Official Statement dated January 15, 2016 for the Bonds, which is deemed final as of its date for purposes of SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), but is subject to revision or amendment. Bidders must acknowledge in their respective bids that they have received and reviewed such Preliminary Official Statement. The Town will make available to the winning purchaser 100 copies of the Official Statement, to be dated January 26, 2016, as prepared by the Town at the Town's expense. The copies of the Official Statement will be made available to the winning purchaser at the office of the Town's financial advisor, Independent Bond and Investment Consultants, LLC, by the fifth business day after the day bids on the Bonds are received. If the Town's financial advisor is provided with the necessary information from the winning purchaser by noon of the date following the day bids on the Bonds are received, the copies of the Official Statement will include an additional cover page and other pages indicating the interest rates, ratings, yields or reoffering prices, the name of the managing underwriting, the name of the insurer, if any, on the Bonds and any corrections. The purchaser shall arrange with the financial advisor the method of delivery of the copies of the Official Statement to the purchaser. Additional copies of the Official Statement may be obtained by the purchaser at its own expense by arrangement with the printer.

The Town will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the Bonds, substantially in the form attached as Appendix C to the Official Statement (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement"), to provide or cause to be provided, in accordance with the requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12, (i) annual financial information and operating data, (ii) notice of the occurrence of certain events within 10 business days of the occurrence of such events and (iii) timely notice of a failure by the Town to provide the required annual financial information. The winning bidder's obligation to purchase the Bonds shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds, an executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

The Bonds will <u>not</u> be designated by the Town as qualified tax-exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for federal income tax purposes of a portion of interest expense allocable to tax exempt obligations.

It shall be the responsibility of the purchaser to furnish to Pullman & Comley, LLC, Hartford, Connecticut, in writing before delivery of the Bonds the reoffering prices at which a substantial portion of the bonds of each maturity initially was sold. The completed certificate should be delivered to Marie V. Phelan, Esq. Pullman & Comley, LLC, 90 State House Square, Hartford, Connecticut 06103, (860) 424-4337.

The Bonds will be delivered to U.S. Bank National Association as agent for DTC in New York, New York on or about February 9, 2016 against payment in immediately available federal funds. The deposit of the Bonds with DTC under a bookentry system requires the assignment of CUSIP numbers prior to delivery. It shall be the responsibility of the winning purchaser to obtain CUSIP numbers for the Bonds prior to delivery and the Town will not be responsible for any delay occasioned by the inability to deposit the Bonds with DTC due to the failure of the winning purchaser to obtain such numbers and to supply them to the Town in a timely manner.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals and to reject any proposal not complying with this Notice of Sale and to waive any irregularity or informality with respect to any proposal.

For more information regarding this issue and the Town, reference is made to the Preliminary Official Statement dated January 16, 2015. Copies of the Preliminary Official Statement may be obtained from Bruce N. Farmer, First Selectman, Town of Clinton, 54 East Main Street, Clinton, CT 06413, or from Mr. Mark Chapman, Independent Bond and Investment Consultants LLC, (203) 245-8715.

Bruce N. Farmer First Selectman

Todd Pozefsky Treasurer

January 15, 2016

NOTICE OF SALE TOWN OF CLINTON, CONNECTICUT

\$14,000,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES Dated February 9, 2016 : Due February 8, 2017

SEALED BIDS and ELECTRONIC BIDS VIA *PARITY*® will be received by the **TOWN OF CLINTON**, Connecticut (the "Town" or the "Issuer"), at the office of the First Selectman, Town Hall, 54 East Main Street, Clinton, Connecticut 06413, (860) 669-9333 and (860) 664-1111 until **11:00 a.m.** (EST), **Tuesday**

January 26, 2016

for the purchase of the above-captioned TOWN OF CLINTON General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes (the "Notes").

The Notes will be dated February 9, 2016 and will be payable to the registered owners at maturity on February 8, 2017. The Notes will bear interest (computed on a 360-day year, 30-day per month basis) payable at maturity at the rate or rates per annum fixed in the proposal accepted for their purchase, which rates shall be in multiples of 1/100 of 1% per annum.

The Notes will be issued by means of a book-entry system with no physical distribution of note certificates made to the purchasers. The Notes, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as Noteowner and nominee for the Depository Trust Company (DTC), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository for the Notes. Purchases of the Notes will be made in book-entry only form, in the denomination of \$5000 or any integral multiples thereof, with transfers of ownership effected on the records of DTC and its participants pursuant to rules and procedures adopted by DTC and its participants. The successful bidder or bidders, as a condition to delivery of the Notes, will be required to deposit the note certificates with DTC, registered in the name of Cede & Co. Principal of and interest on the Notes will be payable by the Town or its agent in federal funds to DTC or its nominee as registered owner of the Notes. Principal and interest payments to participants of DTC will be the responsibility of DTC; principal and interest payments to beneficial owners by participants of DTC will be the responsibility of such participants and other nominees of beneficial owners. The Town will not be responsible or liable for payments by DTC to its participants or by DTC participants to beneficial owners or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing the records maintained by DTC, its participants or persons acting through such participants.

Except for proposals submitted electronically via *PARITY*® as described below, proposals for the purchase of the Notes shall be in the form of the proposal for purchase furnished herewith. A proposal may be for all or any part of the Notes, but any proposal for a part must be for at least \$100,000 of principal amount or integral multiples of \$5000 in excess thereof. A separate proposal will be required for each part of the Notes for which a separate stated interest rate is bid. The Notes will be awarded on the basis of the lowest net interest cost, computed as to each interest rate stated by adding the total interest which will be paid at such rate and deducting therefrom any premium offered. As between proposals resulting in the same lowest net interest cost, the award will be made on the basis of the highest principal amount of the Notes specified. As between proposals resulting in the same lowest net interest cost for the same principal amount of the Notes, the Town will determine the award of the Notes by lot. No bid to purchase any portion of the Notes for less than the par amount of such portion and accrued interest, if any, will be considered and the Town reserves the right to award to any bidder(s) all or any part of the Notes bid for in its proposal. If a bidder is awarded only a part of the Notes bid for in its proposal, any premium offered in such proposal will be proportionately reduced so that the net interest cost shall be the same as in the bidder's proposal with respect to the amount bid, carried to four places. The purchase price must be paid in federal funds.

SEALED BIDS for the Notes will be received by telephone by Independent Bond & Investment Consultants ("IBIC"), the Town's financial advisor at the office of the First Selectman as noted above, at (860) 669-9333 or (860) 664-1111. IBIC will act as agent for the bidder. Bidders shall recognize that a bid by telephone means that the bidder accepts the terms and conditions of this Notice of Sale and agrees to be bound by such and, further, such bidder recognizes and accepts the risk that its telephone bid may not be received by the Town or may be received later than the time specified as the result of a failure in communications including, but not limited to, a failure in telephonic communications, or the inability to reach the Town by the time required. A bid received after the time specified, as determined in the Town's sole discretion, will not be reviewed or honored by the Town. The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals and to waive any irregularity or informality with respect to any such proposal. All sealed bid proposals must be enclosed in sealed envelopes and addressed to the Town of Clinton, and marked on the outside, in substance, "Proposal for 2016 Clinton Notes."

ELECTRONIC BIDS for the purchase of the Notes must be submitted electronically via *PARITY*®, in accordance with this Notice of Sale, until 11:00 A.M. E.S.T. on January 26, 2016, but no bid will be received after the time for receiving bids specified herein. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in *PARITY*® shall conflict with information in this Notice of Sale, the terms of this Notice of Sale shall control. Further information about *PARITY*®, including any fee charged, may be obtained from *PARITY*®, c/o i-Deal LLC, 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10018, or by telephone: (212) 849-5021. Any prospective bidder must be a subscriber of i-Deal's BiDCOMP competitive bidding system. The Issuer neither will confirm any subscription nor be responsible for any failure of a prospective bidder to subscribe.

Once an electronic bid made through the facilities of *PARITY*® is communicated to the Issuer, it shall constitute an irrevocable offer, in response to this Notice of Sale, and shall be binding upon the bidder as if made by a signed and sealed bid delivered to the Issuer. By submitting a bid for the Notes via *PARITY*®, the bidder represents and warrants to the Issuer that such bidder's bid for the purchase of the Notes is submitted for and on behalf of such prospective bidder by an officer or agent who is duly authorized to bind the prospective bidder by an irrevocable offer and that acceptance of such bid by the Issuer will bind the bidder by a legal, valid and enforceable contract, for the purchase of the Notes on the terms described in this Notice of Sale. The Issuer shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of the facilities of *PARITY*®, or the inaccuracies of any information, including bid information or worksheets supplied by *PARITY*®, the use of *PARITY*® facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder. Each Bidder is solely responsible for knowing the terms of the sale as set forth herein.

<u>Disclaimer</u>. Each **PARITY®** prospective electronic bidder shall be solely responsible to make necessary arrangements to access **PARITY®** for the purposes of submitting its bid in a timely manner and in compliance with the requirements of this Notice of Sale. Neither the Issuer nor **PARITY®** shall have any duty or obligation to undertake such arrangements to bid for any prospective bidder or to provide or assure such access to any prospective bidder, and neither the Issuer nor **PARITY®** shall be responsible for a bidder's failure to make a bid or for proper operation of, or have any liability for any delays or interruptions of, or any damages caused by, **PARITY®**. The Issuer is using **PARITY®** as a communication mechanism, and not as the Issuer's agent, to conduct the electronic bidding for the Notes. The Issuer is not bound by any advice and determination of **PARITY®** to the effect that any particular bid complies with the terms of this Notice of Sale and in particular the bid requirements herein set forth. All costs and expenses incurred by prospective bidders in connection with their subscription to, arrangements with and submission of bids via **PARITY®** are the sole responsibility of the bidders; and the Issuer is not responsible, directly or indirectly, for any such costs or expenses. If a prospective bidder encounters any difficulty in arranging to bid or submitting, modifying or withdrawing a bid for the Notes, the prospective bidder should telephone **PARITY®** at (212) 849-5021.

For the purpose of the sealed proposal process and the electronic bidding process, the time maintained on *PARITY*[®] shall constitute the official time. For information purposes only, bidders are requested to state in their bids the net interest cost to the Issuer, represented by the rate or rates of interest and the bid price specified in their respective bids. All electronic bids shall be deemed to incorporate the provisions of this Notice of Sale.

The full faith and credit of the Town will be pledged for the prompt payment of the principal of and the interest on the Notes. The Notes will be general obligations of the Town payable from ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property in the Town without limitation as to rate or amount except classified property such as certified forest land, taxable at a limited rate and dwelling houses of qualified elderly persons of low income and qualified disabled persons taxable at limited amounts pursuant to Connecticut statutes. The Notes will be certified by U.S. Bank National Association, Hartford, Connecticut and the opinion of Pullman & Comley, LLC, Bond Counsel, approving the legality of the Notes and setting forth that they are valid general obligations of the Town will be furnished the winning bidders without charge. Each winning bidder will also receive a Signature and No Litigation Certificate dated as of the date of delivery of the Notes, stating that there is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of the signers thereof, affecting the validity of the Notes or the power of the Town to buy and collect taxes to pay them, and a receipt of payment.

The legal opinion will state further that, under existing statutes and court decisions (i) interest on the Notes is excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income taxation, (ii) such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations, however, with respect to certain corporations (as defined for federal income tax purposes) subject to the federal alternative minimum tax, such interest may be taken into account in computing the federal alternative minimum tax and (iii) under existing statutes, the interest on the Notes is excludable from Connecticut taxable income for purposes of the Connecticut income tax on individuals, trusts and estates, and is excludable from amounts on which the net Connecticut minimum tax is based in the case of individuals, trusts and estates required to pay federal alternative minimum tax. Bond Counsel will express no opinion regarding other federal or state income tax consequences caused by ownership of, or disposition of the Notes. In rendering its legal opinion, Pullman & Comley, LLC will rely upon and assume the material accuracy of the representations and statements of reasonable expectation and certifications of fact contained in the Tax Compliance Agreement entered into by the Town for the benefit of the owners of the Notes and will assume continuing compliance by the Town with the covenants set forth in such Agreement.

The Notes will NOT be designated by the Town as qualified tax exempt obligations under the provisions of Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for purposes of the deduction by financial institutions for interest expense allocable to the Notes.

The Town has prepared a Preliminary Official Statement dated January 15, 2016 for the Notes, which is deemed final as of its date for purposes of SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), but is subject to revision or amendment. Bidders must acknowledge in their respective bids that they have received and reviewed such Preliminary Official Statement. The Town will make available to the winning purchaser 15 copies of the Official Statement as prepared by the Town at the Town's expense. The copies of the Official Statement will be made available to the winning purchaser at the office of the Town's financial advisor, IBIC, by the fifth business day after the day bids on the Notes are received. If the Town's financial advisor is provided with the necessary information from the winning purchaser by noon of the date following the day bids on the Notes are received, the copies of the Official Statement will include an additional cover page and other pages indicating the interest rates, ratings, yields or reoffering prices, the name of the managing underwriting, the name of the insurer, if any, on the Notes and any corrections. The purchaser shall arrange with the financial advisor the method of delivery of the copies of the Official Statement to the purchaser. Additional copies of the Official Statement may be obtained by the purchaser at its own expense by arrangement with the printer.

The Town will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the Notes, substantially in the form attached as Appendix D to the Official Statement (the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement"), to provide or cause to be provided, in accordance with the requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12, notice of the occurrence of certain events within 10 business days of the occurrence of such event with respect to the Notes. The winning bidder's obligation to purchase the Notes shall be conditioned upon its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Notes, an executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

Simultaneously with or before delivery of the Notes and the receipt of the above-referenced documents, the purchaser shall furnish to the Town a certificate acceptable to Bond Counsel for the Town to the effect that the purchaser has either purchased the Notes at the prices shown on such certificate for investment and not with a view toward distribution or resale and not in the capacity of a bond house, broker or other intermediary or has made a bona fide public offering of the Notes to the public (i) at initial offering prices not greater than, or yields not lower than, the respective prices or yields shown on the certificate, and (ii) a substantial amount of the Notes was sold to the final purchasers thereof (not including bond houses and brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at prices not greater than or yields not lower than, such offering prices or yields. The completed certificate should be delivered to Marie V. Phelan, Esq. Pullman & Comley, LLC, 90 State House Square, Hartford, Connecticut 06103, and (860) 424-4337.

It is anticipated that the Notes will be ready for delivery to DTC in New York City on or about February 9, 2016. The deposit of the Notes with DTC under a book-entry system requires the assignment of CUSIP numbers prior to delivery. It shall be the responsibility of the winning bidder(s) to obtain at its cost CUSIP numbers for the Notes prior to delivery, and the Town will not be responsible for any delay occasioned by the inability to deposit the Notes with DTC due to the failure of the winning bidder(s) to obtain such numbers and to supply them to the Town in a timely manner.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals and to waive any irregularity or informality with respect to any proposal.

Bid forms for sealed bids are attached. For more information about the Notes and the Town reference is made to the Preliminary Official Statement, copies of which may be obtained from Bruce N. Farmer, First Selectman, Town of Clinton, 54 East Main Street, Clinton, CT 06413, at (860) 669-9333 or from Mark Chapman, Independent Bond & Investment Consultants, LLC, at (203) 245-7264.

Bruce N. Farmer First Selectman

Todd Pozefsky Treasurer

January 15, 2016

PROPOSAL FOR TOWN OF CLINTON BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES

January 26, 2016

Town of Clinton 54 East Main Street Clinton, Connecticut 06413

> Re: \$14,000,000 General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes Dated February 9, 2016: Due February 8, 2017

Subject to the provisions of the Notice of Sale dated January 15, 2016, which Notice is made a part of this proposal, we offer to purchase the indicated principal amount of Town of Clinton General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes at the stated interest rate (provided not less than \$100,000 of principal amount per interest rate is bid and the total of all principal amounts bid do not exceed \$14,000,000) plus the premium specified below, if any, and to pay therefor par and accrued interest, if any, to the date of delivery, as stated below. (We provide our computations of net interest cost carried to four decimals made as provided in the Notice of Sale but not constituting any part of the proposal.) We acknowledge that we have received and reviewed the Preliminary Official Statement.

Principal Amount	\$	Principal Amount	\$
Stated interest rate (1/100 of 1%)	_ %	Stated interest rate (1/100 of 1%)	 %
Premium	\$	Premium	\$
Net Interest Cost	 _%	Net Interest Cost	 %
Principal Amount	\$	Principal Amount	\$
Stated interest rate (1/100 of 1%)	_ %	Stated interest rate (1/100 of 1%)	 %
Premium	\$ _	Premium	\$
Net Interest Cost	_ %	Net Interest Cost	%
	(Name	of Bidder)	
(Telephone)	(Its Ag	gent)	

(Mailing Address)